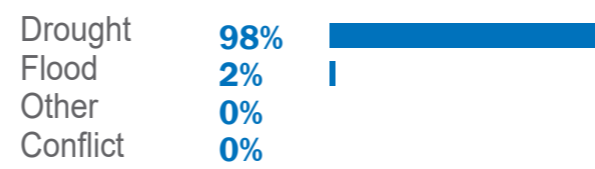
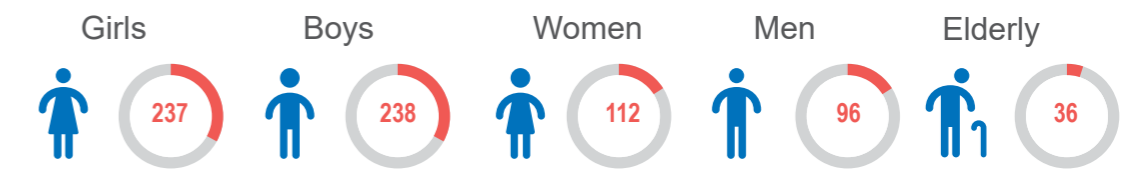


#### TRIGGERS OF DISPLACEMENT (MARCH 2023 IN %)

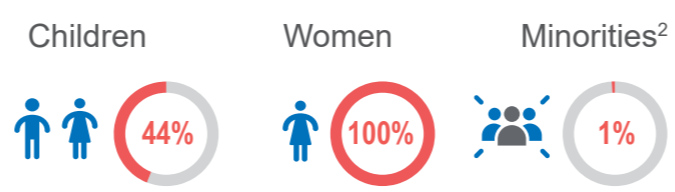


#### DEMOGRAPHIC (MARCH 2023)<sup>3</sup>



<sup>3</sup>Disaggregated data for displaced persons are based on those displacement reports where data has been collected at household level.

#### PROTECTION VIOLATIONS CONCERNING CHILDREN, WOMEN AND MINORITIES (2023 IN %)



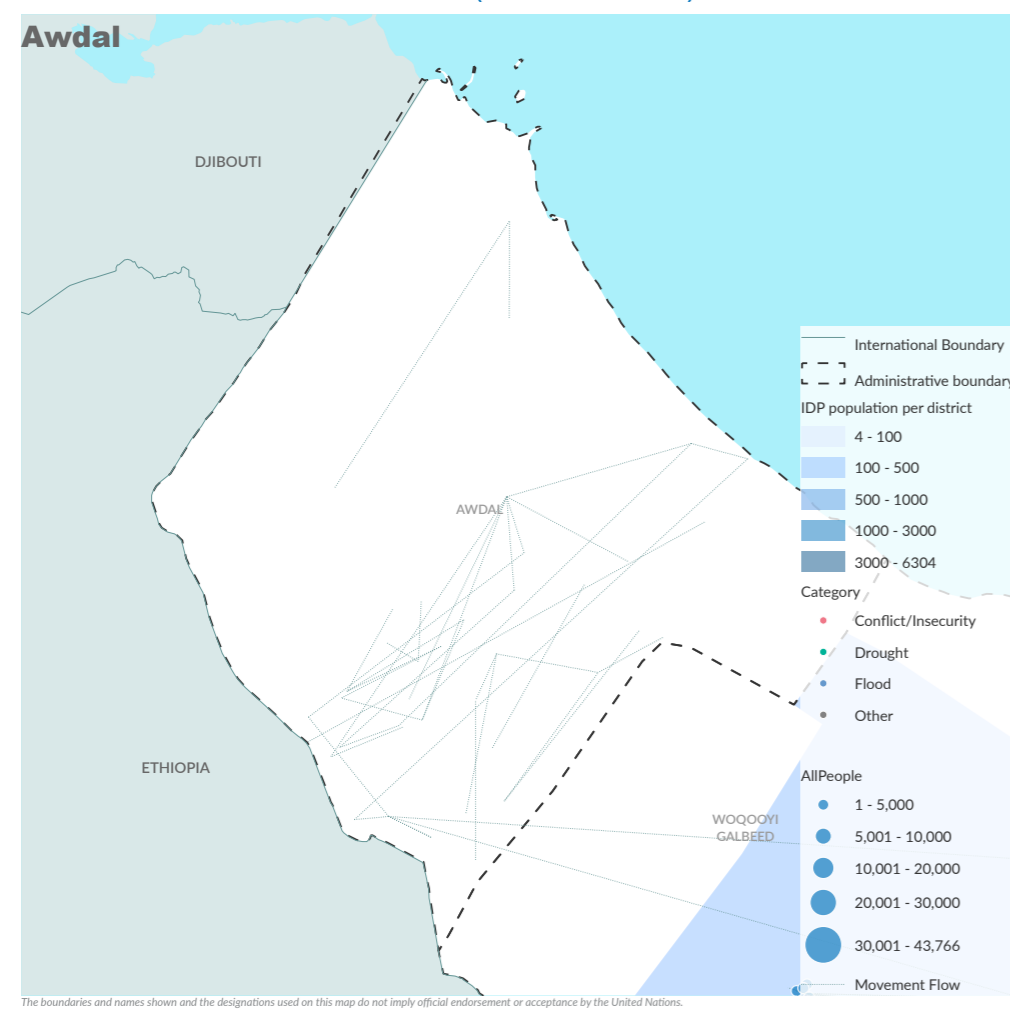
<sup>2</sup>Members of minority clans include the Benadiri, Bantu, Mayle, Barawans, Gardere, Yakabur and Rahanweyne.

#### SPECIFIC NEEDS OF THOSE WHO EXPERIENCED PROTECTION VIOLATIONS (IN 2023)<sup>4</sup>



<sup>4</sup>In March 2023, 9 specific needs were recorded of those individuals who experienced protection violations.  
<sup>5</sup>Others who are at risk include the following categories family unit, specific legal and physical protection needs, unaccompanied or separate child, pregnant or lactating, serious medical condition, single parent, SGBV and torture. Individuals can have multiple vulnerabilities

#### DISPLACEMENT LOCATION (MARCH 2023)



The highest district recorded by displacement incidents in the region was Borama district (375).

In the incident resulting in the largest displacement, 56 individuals moved from Boon settlement due to Drought.

The second highest district recorded by displacement incidents in the region was Lughaye district (239).

In the incident resulting in the second largest displacement, 89 individuals moved from Lughaye settlement due to Drought.

The third highest district recorded by displacement incidents in the region was Baki district (86).

In the incident resulting in the third largest displacement, 46 individuals moved from Garba Dadar settlement due to Drought.

In March 2023, 2% of protection violations across Somalia were recorded in Awdal region.

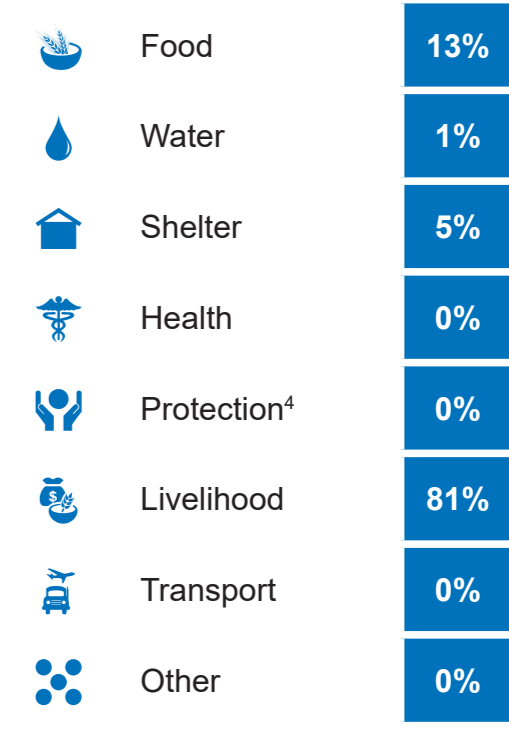
The highest district recorded by protection violation across Awdal region was Borama district (100%).

The highest recorded protection violations in the region from January to March 2023 include the following:

- Attempted rape (59%)
- Domestic Violence (37%).

The highest district recorded by protection violations in the region from January 2016 to March 2023 is Borama district 1,168).

#### PRIORITY NEED ON ARRIVAL (MARCH 2023 IN %)



<sup>6</sup>Protection figures are underreported due to the concerns related to the sensitivity of this topic in the context of Somalia.

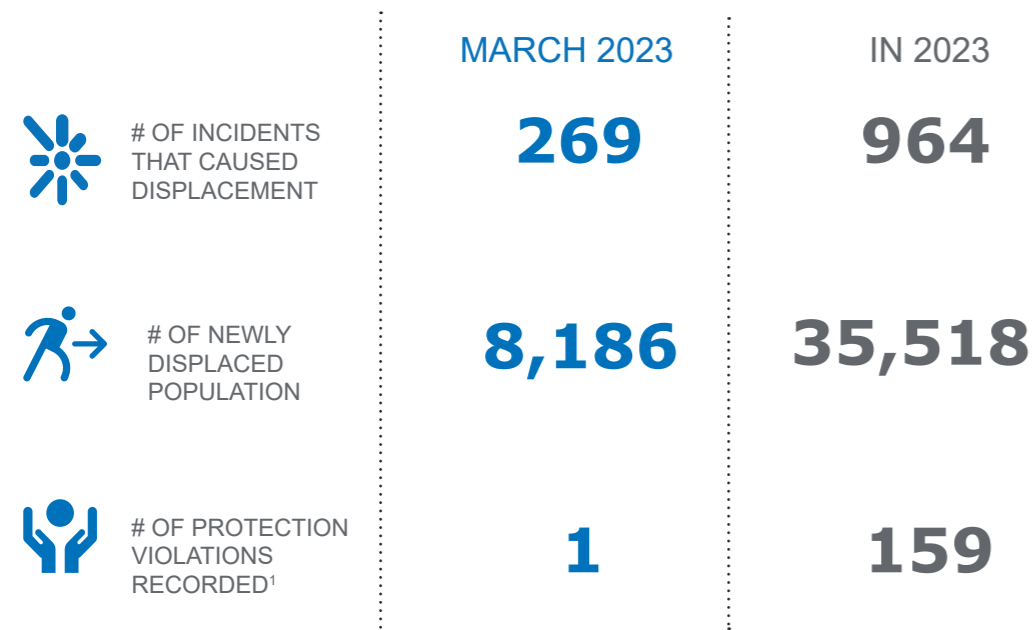
This dashboard should be read in conjunction with the Notes on [PRMN Methodology](#) which outline the approach and certain limitations. More information on Somalia can be found on the [UNHCR Somalia Data Portal](#).

Implemented by:

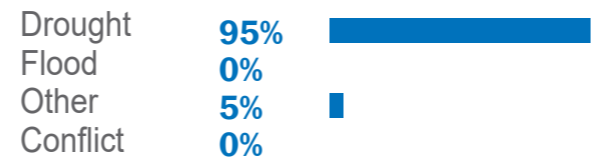


UNHCR is grateful for the generous contributions of donors who have directly contributed to the UNHCR Somalia operation in 2023

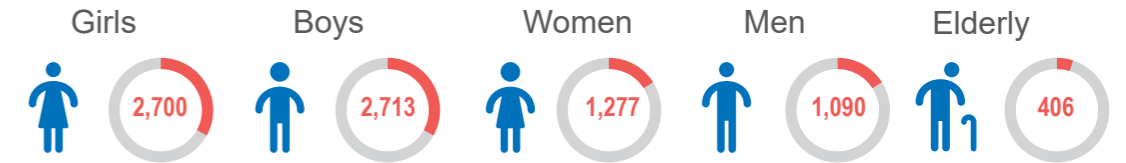




#### TRIGGERS OF DISPLACEMENT (MARCH 2023 IN %)

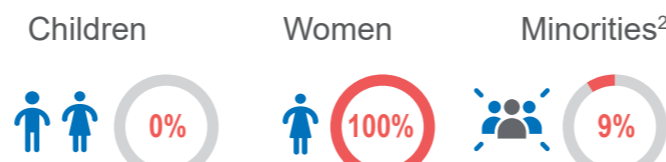


#### DEMOGRAPHIC (MARCH 2023)<sup>3</sup>



<sup>3</sup>Disaggregated data for displaced persons are based on those displacement reports where data has been collected at household level.

#### PROTECTION VIOLATIONS CONCERNING CHILDREN, WOMEN AND MINORITIES (2023 IN %)



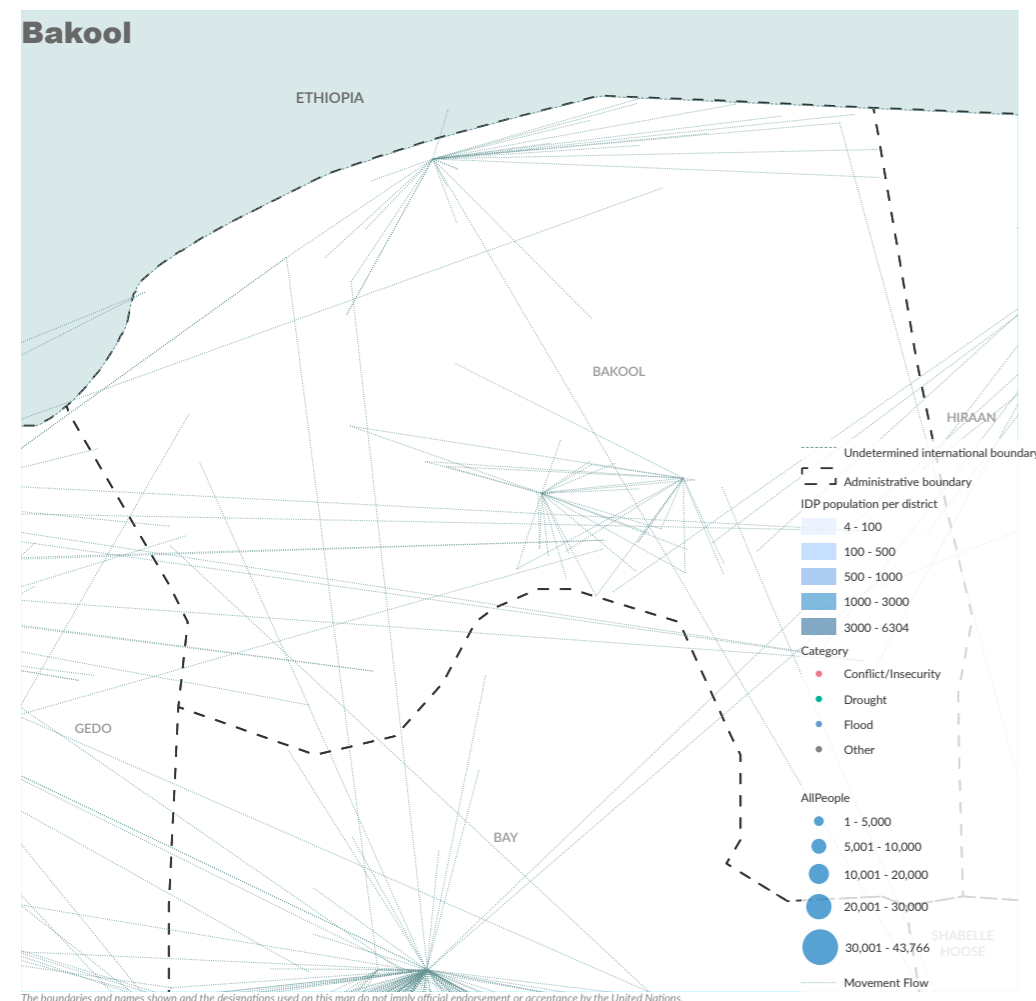
<sup>2</sup>Members of minority clans include the Benadiri, Bantu, Mayle, Barawans, Gardere, Yakabur and Rahanweyne.

#### SPECIFIC NEEDS OF THOSE WHO EXPERIENCED PROTECTION VIOLATIONS (IN 2023)<sup>4</sup>



<sup>4</sup>In March 2023, 1 specific needs were recorded of those individuals who experienced protection violations.  
<sup>5</sup>Others who are at risk include the following categories family unit, specific legal and physical protection needs, unaccompanied or separate child, pregnant or lactating, serious medical condition, single parent, SGBV and torture. Individuals can have multiple vulnerabilities

#### DISPLACEMENT LOCATION (MARCH 2023)



The highest district recorded by displacement incidents in the region was Ceel Barde district (5,183).

In the incident resulting in the largest displacement, 4,757 individuals moved from Ceel Barde settlement due to Drought.

The second highest district recorded by displacement incidents in the region was Xudur district (3,003).

In the incident resulting in the second largest displacement, 2,605 individuals moved from Xudur settlement due to Drought.

The third highest district recorded by displacement incidents in the region was NA district (-).

In the incident resulting in the third largest displacement, 426 individuals moved from Ceel Barde settlement due to Other.

In March 2023, 0% of protection violations across Somalia were recorded in Awdal region.

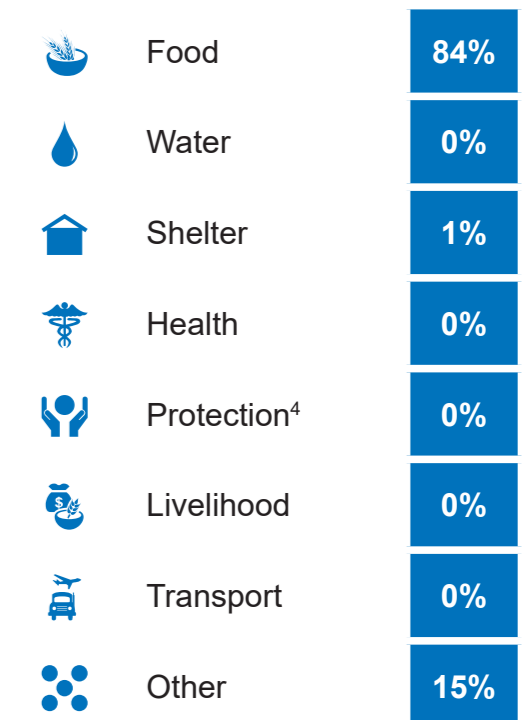
The highest district recorded by protection violation across Awdal region was Xudur district (100%).

The highest recorded protection violations in the region from January to March 2023 include the following:

- Domestic Violence (100%)
- 0 (0%).

The highest district recorded by protection violations in the region from January 2016 to March 2023 is Xudur district (828).

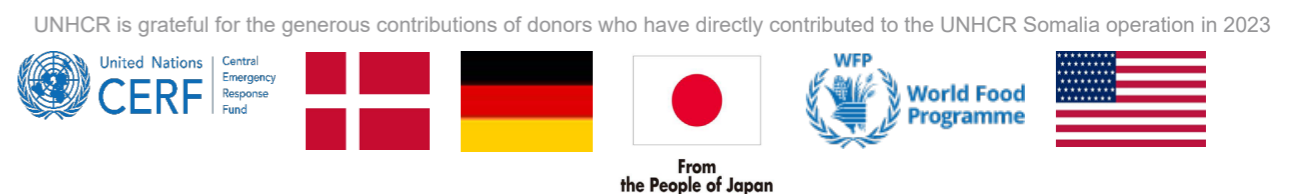
#### PRIORITY NEED ON ARRIVAL (MARCH 2023 IN %)

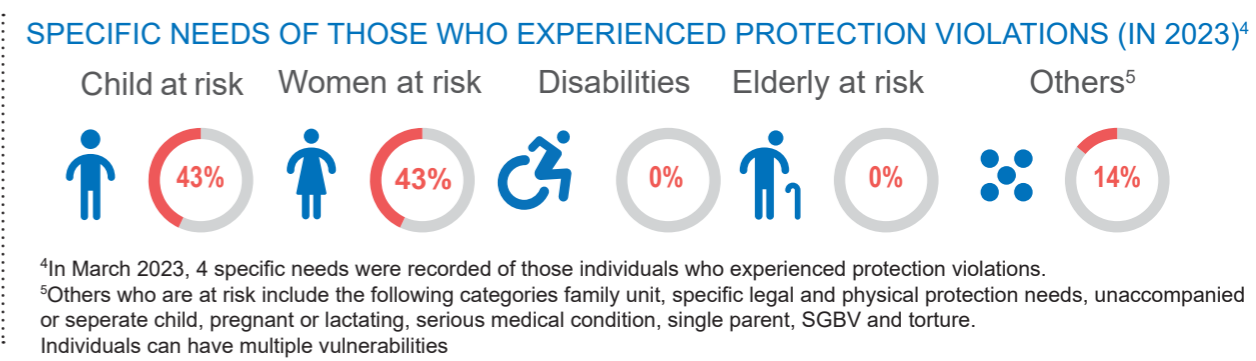
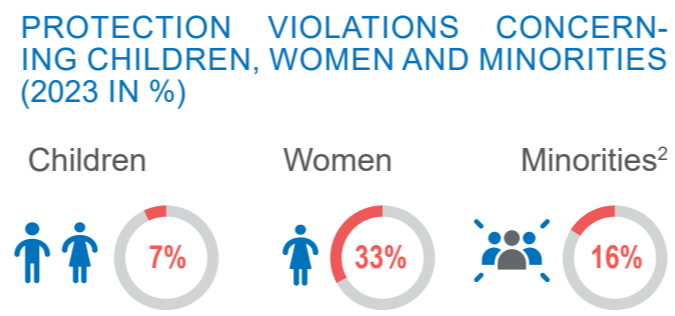
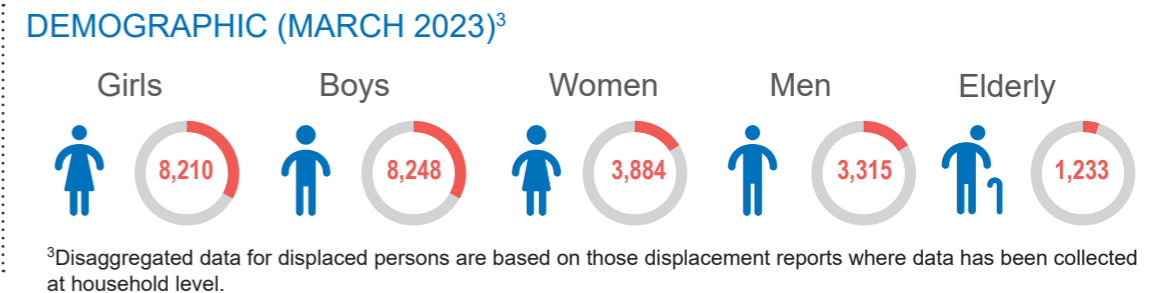
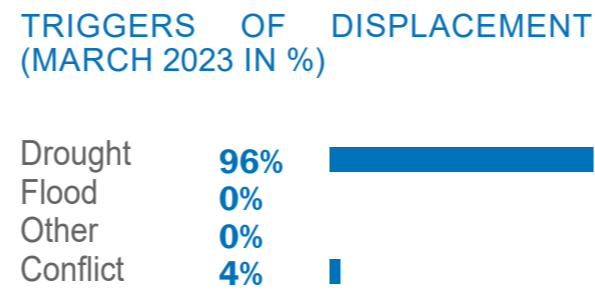
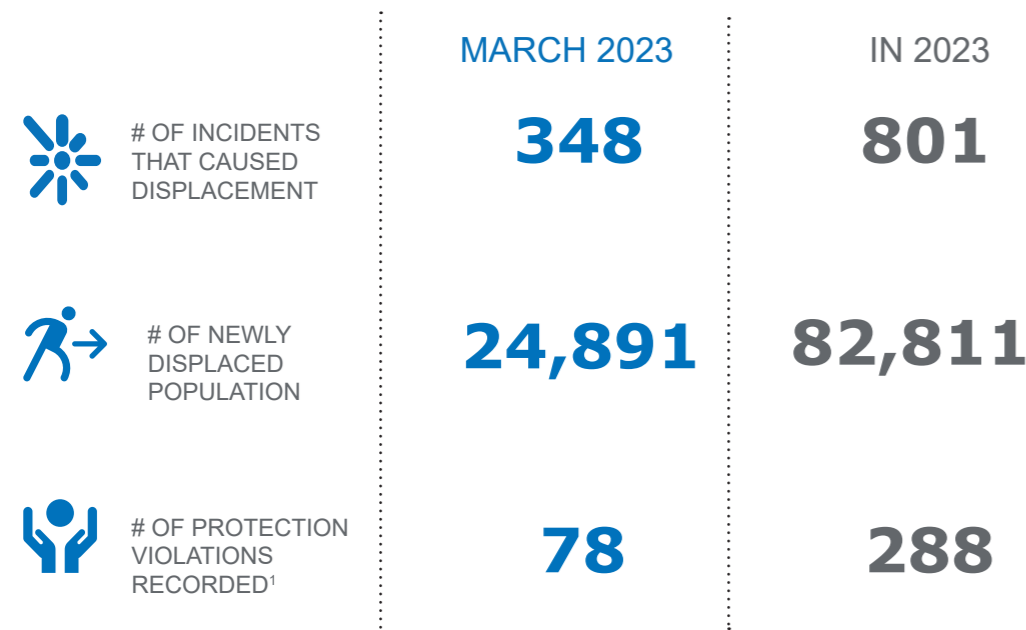


<sup>6</sup>Protection figures are underreported due to the concerns related to the sensitivity of this topic in the context of Somalia.

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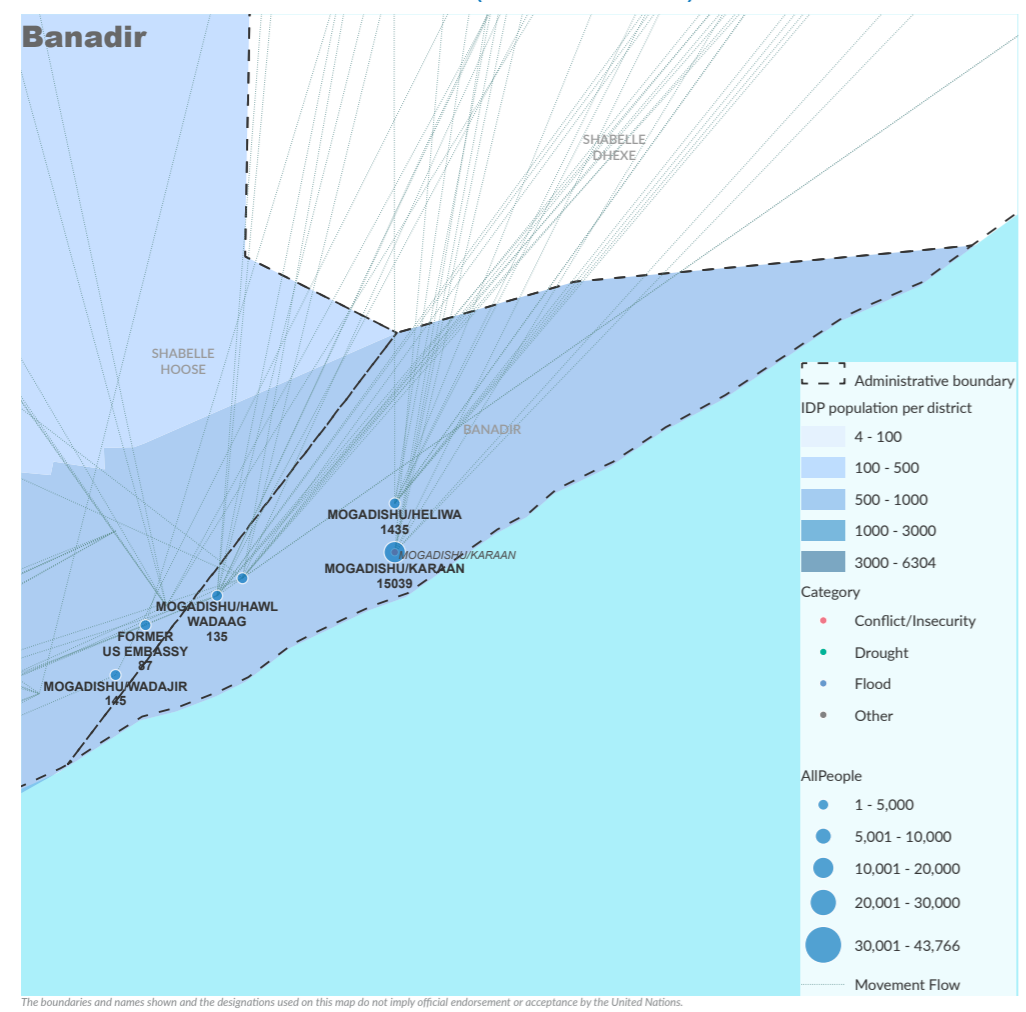
Implemented by:





<sup>1</sup>Some protection violations were not recorded due to security risks in some regions.

### DISPLACEMENT LOCATION (MARCH 2023)



The highest district recorded by displacement incidents in the region was Banadir district **24,891**.

In the incident resulting in the largest displacement, **17,100** individuals moved from **Mogadishu/Daynile** settlement due to **Drought**.

The second highest district recorded by displacement incidents in the region was NA district **(-)**.

In the incident resulting in the second largest displacement, **330** individuals moved from **Kaxda/Mogadishu** settlement due to **Conflict/Insecurity**.

The third highest district recorded by displacement incidents in the region was NA district **(-)**.

In the incident resulting in the third largest displacement, **-** individuals moved from **-** settlement due to **-**.

In March 2023, **13%** of protection violations across Somalia were recorded in Awdal region.

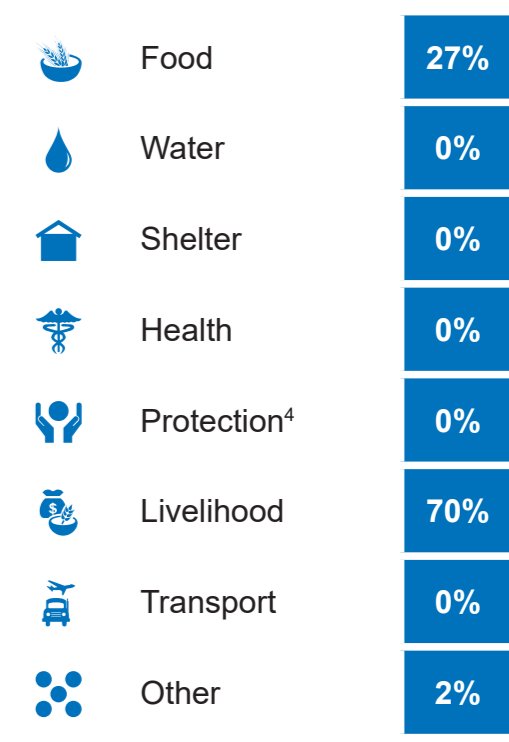
The highest district recorded by protection violation across Awdal region was Banadir district **(100%)**.

The highest recorded protection violations in the region from January to March 2023 include the following:

- Physical Assault/Attack Not Resulting In Death **(38%)**
- Killing/Manslaughter **(32%)**.

The highest district recorded by protection violations in the region from January 2016 to March 2023 is Banadir district **8,527**.

### PRIORITY NEED ON ARRIVAL (MARCH 2023 IN %)

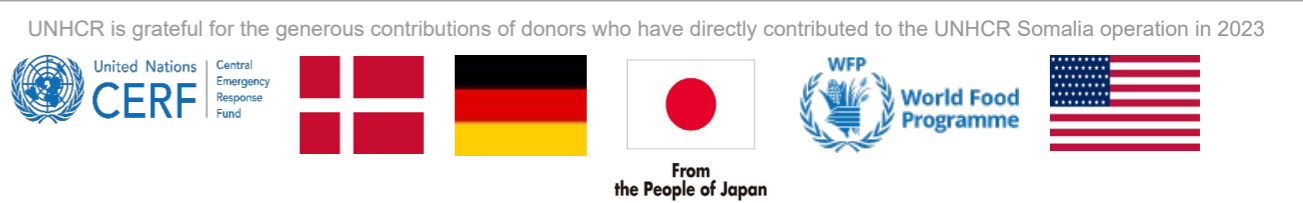


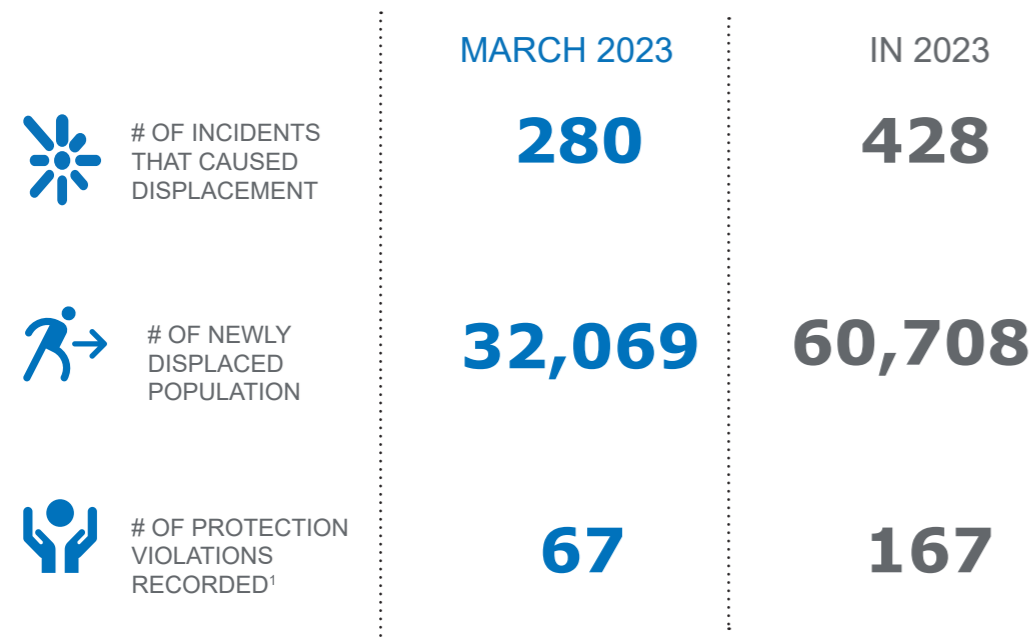
<sup>6</sup>Protection figures are underreported due to the concerns related to the sensitivity of this topic in the context of Somalia.

Implemented by:

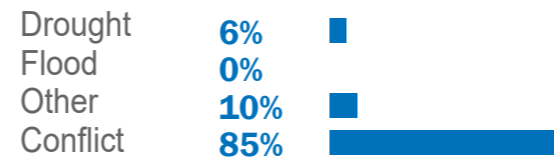


This dashboard should be read in conjunction with the Notes on [PRMN Methodology](#) which outline the approach and certain limitations. More information on Somalia can be found on the [UNHCR Somalia Data Portal](#).

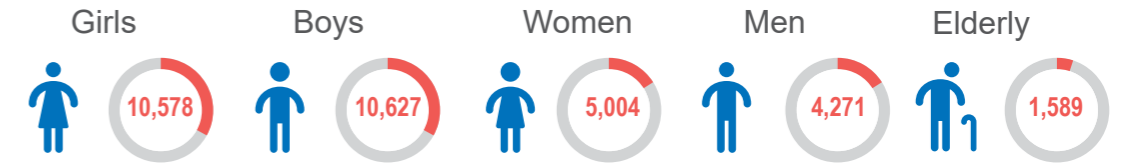




### TRIGGERS OF DISPLACEMENT (MARCH 2023 IN %)

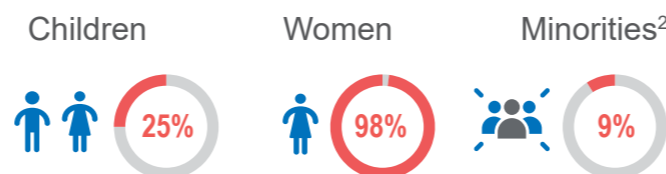


### DEMOGRAPHIC (MARCH 2023)<sup>3</sup>



<sup>3</sup>Disaggregated data for displaced persons are based on those displacement reports where data has been collected at household level.

### PROTECTION VIOLATIONS CONCERNING CHILDREN, WOMEN AND MINORITIES (2023 IN %)



<sup>2</sup>Members of minority clans include the Benadiri, Bantu, Mayle, Barawans, Gardere, Yakabur and Rahanweyne.

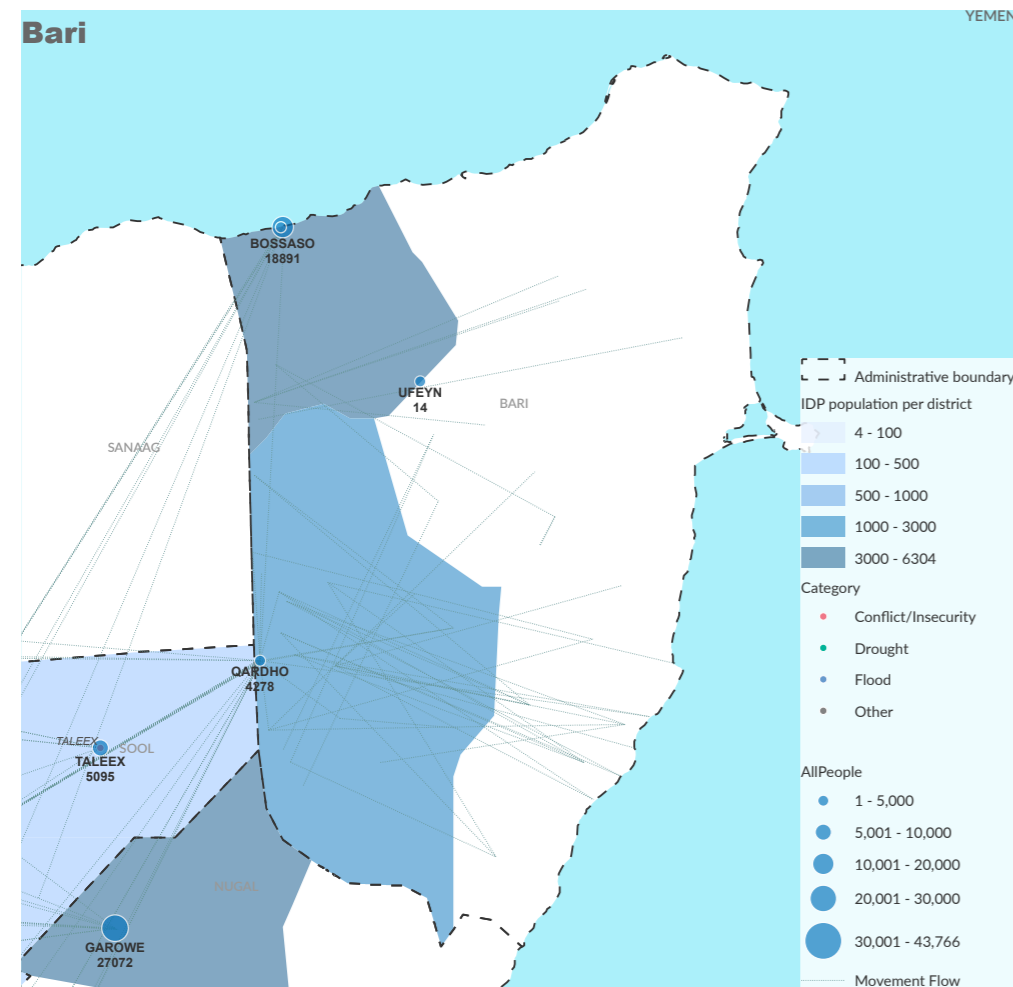
### SPECIFIC NEEDS OF THOSE WHO EXPERIENCED PROTECTION VIOLATIONS (IN 2023)<sup>4</sup>



<sup>4</sup>In March 2023, 5 specific needs were recorded of those individuals who experienced protection violations.

<sup>5</sup>Others who are at risk include the following categories family unit, specific legal and physical protection needs, unaccompanied or separate child, pregnant or lactating, serious medical condition, single parent, SGBV and torture. Individuals can have multiple vulnerabilities

### DISPLACEMENT LOCATION (MARCH 2023)



The highest district recorded by displacement incidents in the region was Bossaso district **26,022**.

In the incident resulting in the largest displacement, **24,894** individuals moved from **Bossaso** settlement due to **Conflict/Insecurity**.

The second highest district recorded by displacement incidents in the region was Qardho district (**2,411**).

In the incident resulting in the second largest displacement, **1,175** individuals moved from **Qardho** settlement due to **Conflict/Insecurity**.

The third highest district recorded by displacement incidents in the region was Iskushuban district (**1,802**).

In the incident resulting in the third largest displacement, **439** individuals moved from **Carmo** settlement due to **Drought**.

In March 2023, **11%** of protection violations across Somalia were recorded in Awdal region.

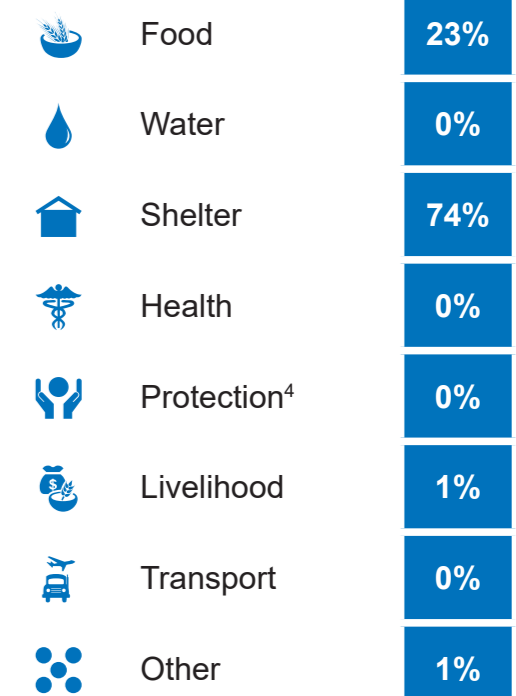
The highest district recorded by protection violation across Awdal region was Bossaso district (**76%**).

The highest recorded protection violations in the region from January to March 2023 include the following:

- Domestic Violence (**54%**)
- Female Genital Mutilation (FGM) (**18%**).

The highest district recorded by protection violations in the region from January 2016 to March 2023 is Bossaso district **1,699**.

### PRIORITY NEED ON ARRIVAL (MARCH 2023 IN %)



<sup>6</sup>Protection figures are underreported due to the concerns related to the sensitivity of this topic in the context of Somalia.

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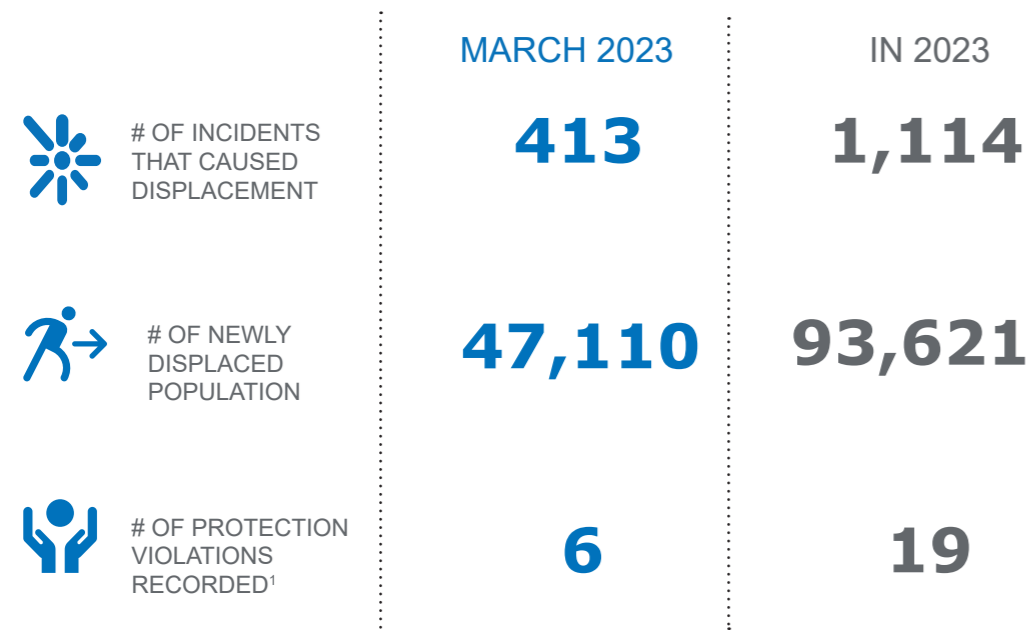
Implemented by:



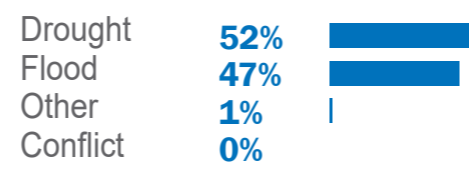
UNHCR is grateful for the generous contributions of donors who have directly contributed to the UNHCR Somalia operation in 2023



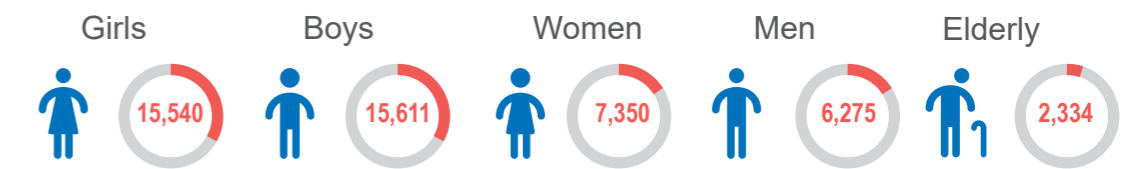
From the People of Japan



**TRIGGERS OF DISPLACEMENT (MARCH 2023 IN %)**

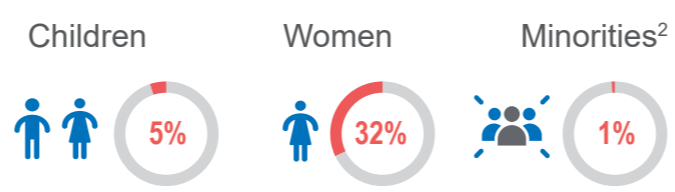


**DEMOGRAPHIC (MARCH 2023)<sup>3</sup>**



<sup>3</sup>Disaggregated data for displaced persons are based on those displacement reports where data has been collected at household level.

**PROTECTION VIOLATIONS CONCERNING CHILDREN, WOMEN AND MINORITIES (2023 IN %)**



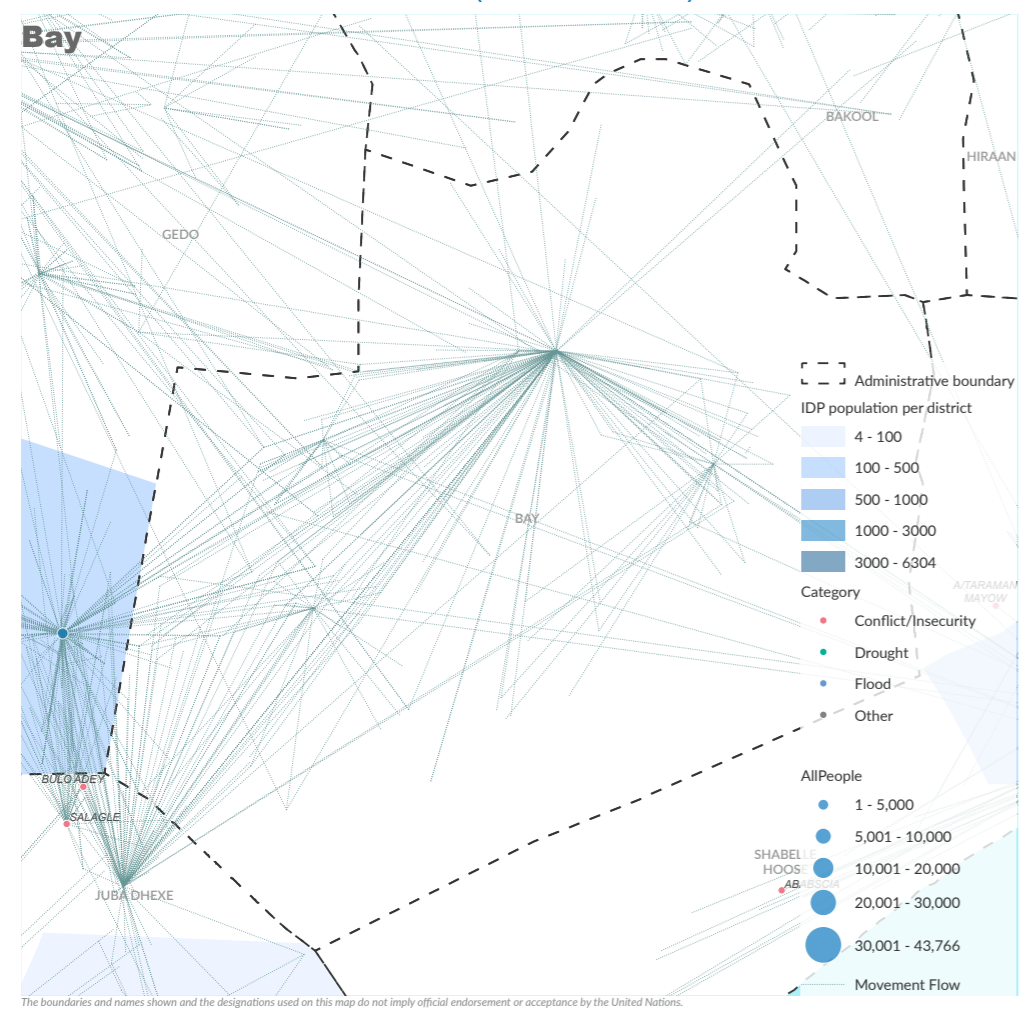
<sup>2</sup>Members of minority clans include the Benadiri, Bantu, Mayle, Barawans, Gardere, Yakabur and Rahanweyne.

**SPECIFIC NEEDS OF THOSE WHO EXPERIENCED PROTECTION VIOLATIONS (IN 2023)<sup>4</sup>**



<sup>4</sup>In March 2023, 6 specific needs were recorded of those individuals who experienced protection violations.  
<sup>5</sup>Others who are at risk include the following categories family unit, specific legal and physical protection needs, unaccompanied or separate child, pregnant or lactating, serious medical condition, single parent, SGBV and torture. Individuals can have multiple vulnerabilities

**DISPLACEMENT LOCATION (MARCH 2023)**



The highest district recorded by displacement incidents in the region was Baidoa district **39,495**.

In the incident resulting in the largest displacement, **13,542** individuals moved from **Baidoa** settlement due to **Flood**.

The second highest district recorded by displacement incidents in the region was Diinsoor district **(3,116)**.

In the incident resulting in the second largest displacement, **11,873** individuals moved from **Baidoa** settlement due to **Drought**.

The third highest district recorded by displacement incidents in the region was Qansax Dheere district **(2,378)**.

In the incident resulting in the third largest displacement, **-** individuals moved from **-** settlement due to **-**.

In March 2023, **1%** of protection violations across Somalia were recorded in Awdal region.

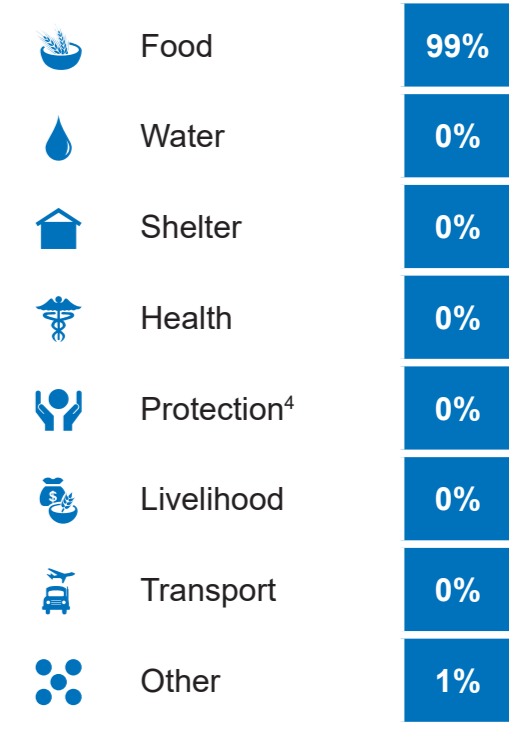
The highest district recorded by protection violation across Awdal region was Diinsoor district **(67%)**.

The highest recorded protection violations in the region from January to March 2023 include the following:

- **Illegal Arrest and Detention (26%)**
- **Physical Assault/Attack Not Resulting In Death (16%)**.

The highest district recorded by protection violations in the region from January 2016 to March 2023 is Baidoa district **3,536**.

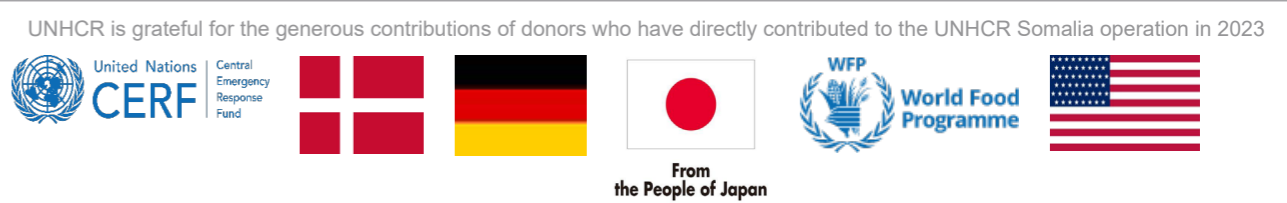
**PRIORITY NEED ON ARRIVAL (MARCH 2023 IN %)**

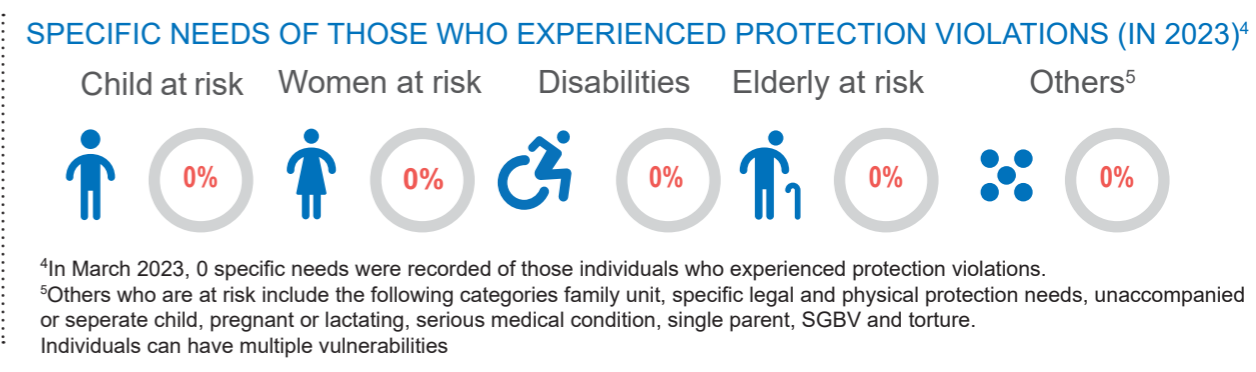
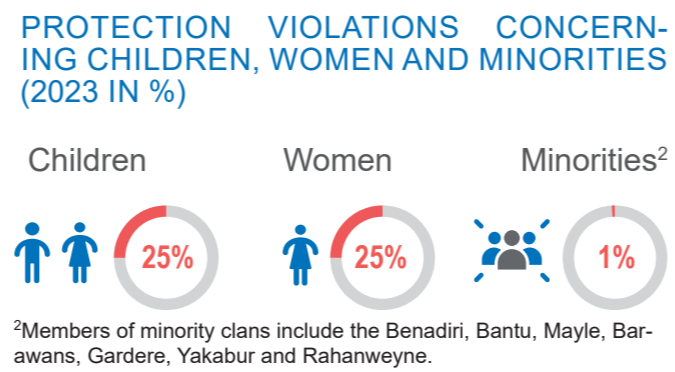
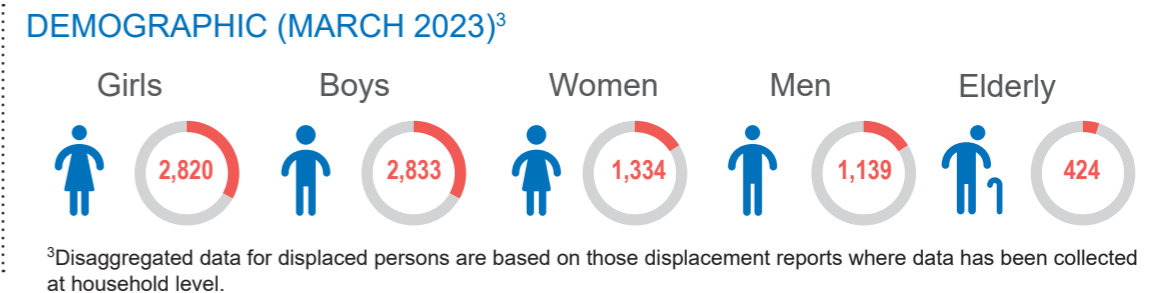
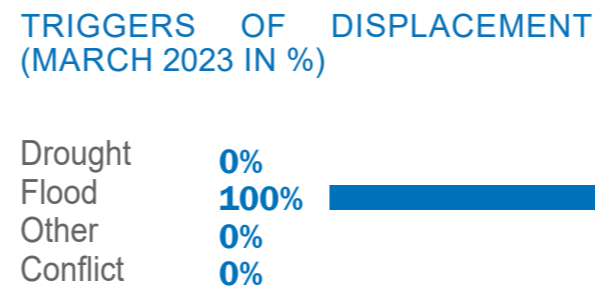


<sup>6</sup>Protection figures are underreported due to the concerns related to the sensitivity of this topic in the context of Somalia.

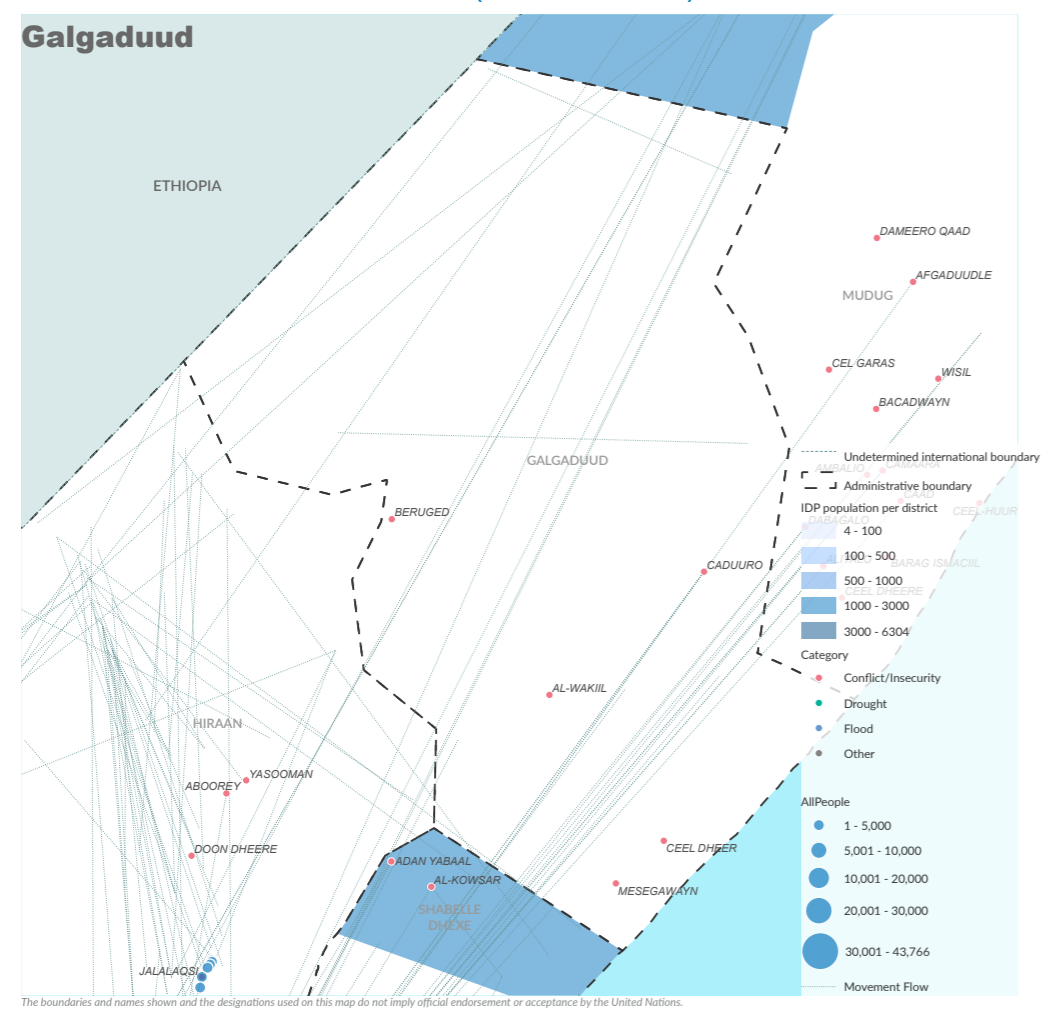
This dashboard should be read in conjunction with the Notes on [PRMN Methodology](#) which outline the approach and certain limitations. More information on Somalia can be found on the [UNHCR Somalia Data Portal](#).

Implemented by:





### DISPLACEMENT LOCATION (MARCH 2023)



The highest district recorded by displacement incidents in the region was Cadaado district **5,250**.

In the incident resulting in the largest displacement, **5,250** individuals moved from **Dongaab** settlement due to **Flood**.

The second highest district recorded by displacement incidents in the region was Dhuusamarreeb district (**3,300**).

In the incident resulting in the second largest displacement, **3,300** individuals moved from **Day** settlement due to **Flood**.

The third highest district recorded by displacement incidents in the region was NA district (-).

In the incident resulting in the third largest displacement, - individuals moved from - settlement due to -.

In March 2023, **0%** of protection violations across Somalia were recorded in Awdal region.

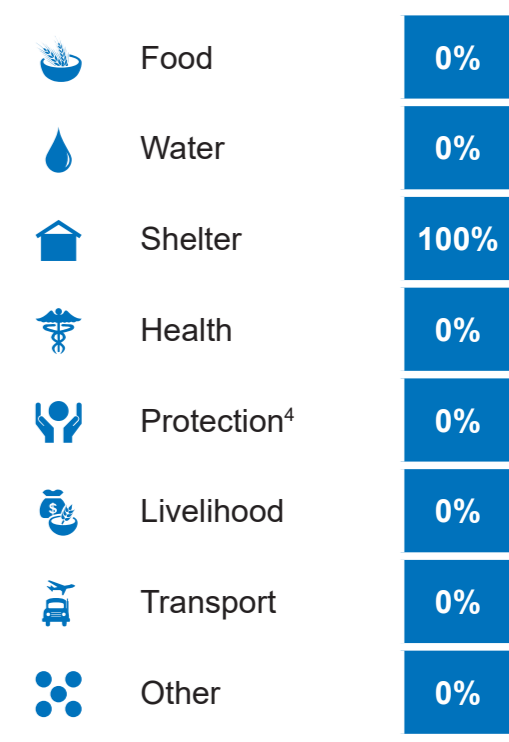
The highest district recorded by protection violation across Awdal region was 0 district (**0%**).

The highest recorded protection violations in the region from January to March 2023 include the following:

- Killing/Manslaughter (**45%**)
- Kidnapping/Abduction (**40%**).

The highest district recorded by protection violations in the region from January 2016 to March 2023 is Dhuusamarreeb district **539**.

### PRIORITY NEED ON ARRIVAL (MARCH 2023 IN %)

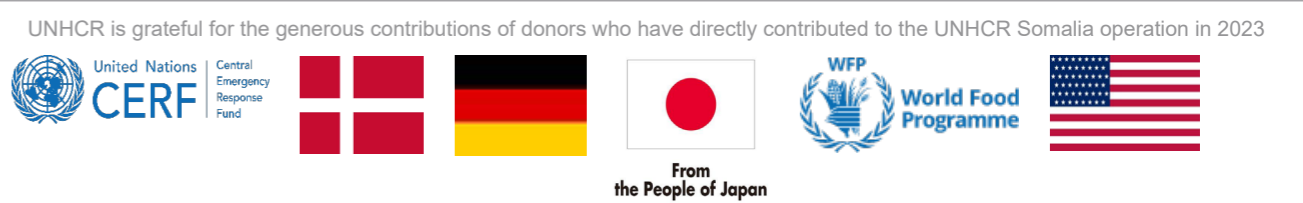


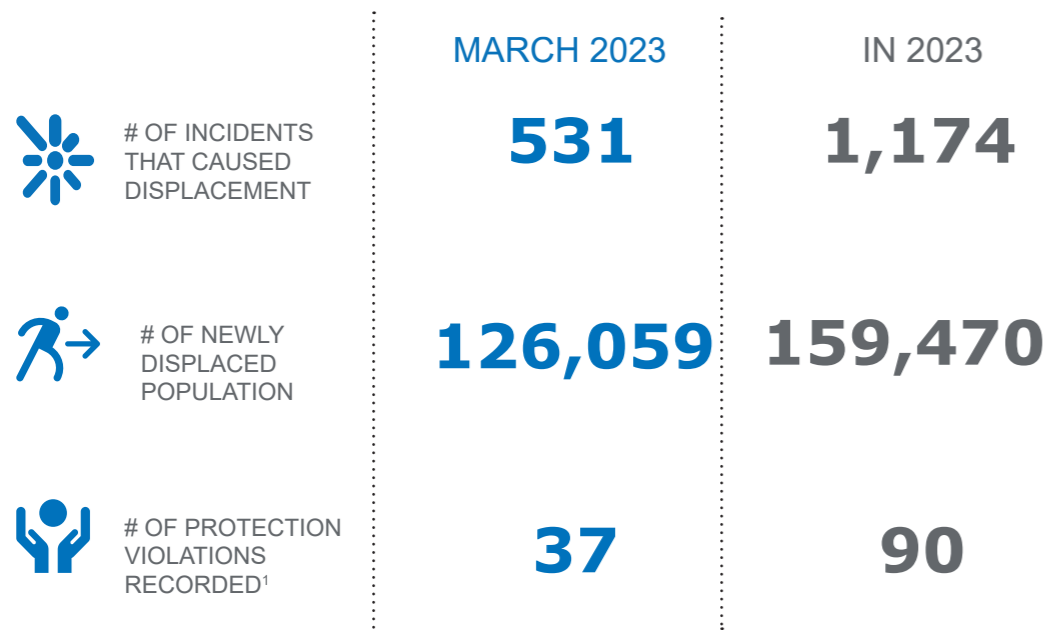
<sup>6</sup>Protection figures are underreported due to the concerns related to the sensitivity of this topic in the context of Somalia.

Implemented by:

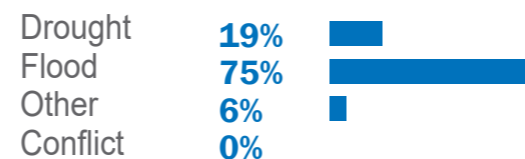


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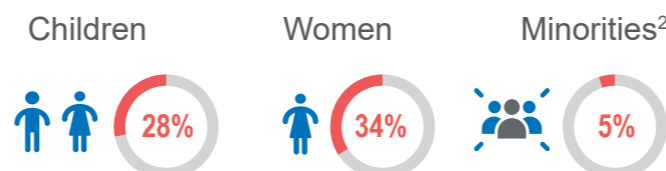




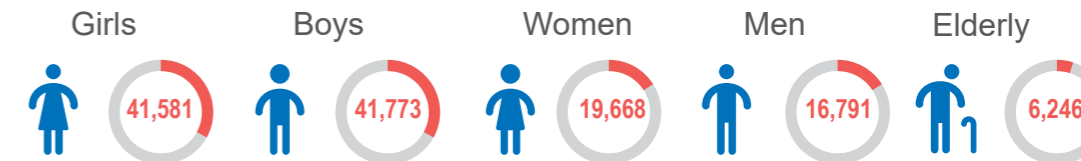
#### TRIGGERS OF DISPLACEMENT (MARCH 2023 IN %)



#### PROTECTION VIOLATIONS CONCERNING CHILDREN, WOMEN AND MINORITIES (2023 IN %)

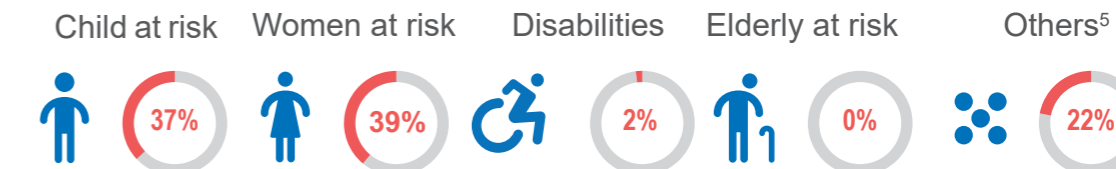


#### DEMOGRAPHIC (MARCH 2023)<sup>3</sup>



<sup>3</sup>Disaggregated data for displaced persons are based on those displacement reports where data has been collected at household level.

#### SPECIFIC NEEDS OF THOSE WHO EXPERIENCED PROTECTION VIOLATIONS (IN 2023)<sup>4</sup>



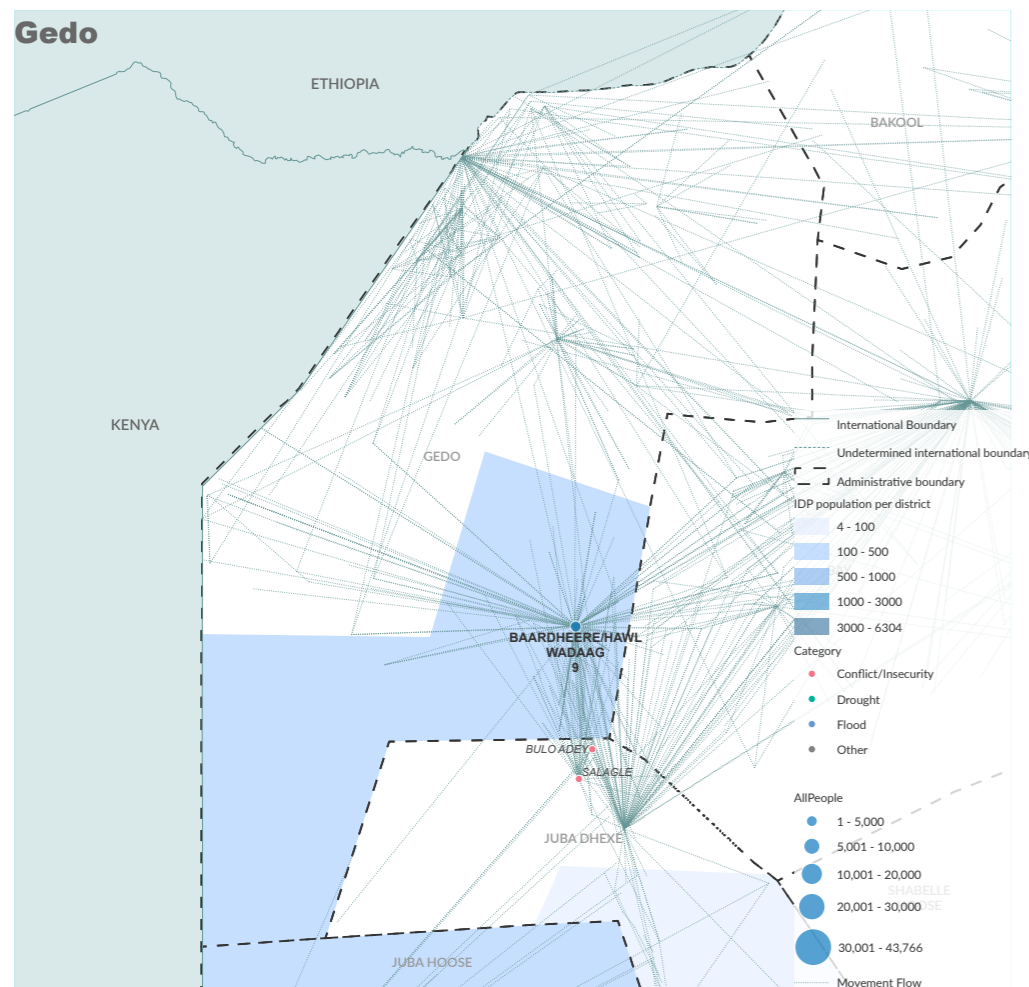
<sup>4</sup>In March 2023, 14 specific needs were recorded of those individuals who experienced protection violations.

<sup>5</sup>Others who are at risk include the following categories family unit, specific legal and physical protection needs, unaccompanied or separate child, pregnant or lactating, serious medical condition, single parent, SGBV and torture. Individuals can have multiple vulnerabilities

<sup>1</sup>Some protection violations were not recorded due to security risks in some regions.

<sup>2</sup>Members of minority clans include the Benadiri, Bantu, Mayle, Barawans, Gardere, Yakabur and Rahanweyne.

#### DISPLACEMENT LOCATION (MARCH 2023)



The highest district recorded by displacement incidents in the region was Baardheere district (114,775).

In the incident resulting in the largest displacement, 90,000 individuals moved from Baardheere/Waaberi settlement due to Flood.

The second highest district recorded by displacement incidents in the region was Belet Xaawo district (8,068).

In the incident resulting in the second largest displacement, 6,922 individuals moved from Baardheere/Hilaac settlement due to Other.

The third highest district recorded by displacement incidents in the region was Garbahaarey district (1,767).

In the incident resulting in the third largest displacement, 3,532 individuals moved from Baardheere/Kaskey settlement due to Drought.

In March 2023, 6% of protection violations across Somalia were recorded in Awdal region.

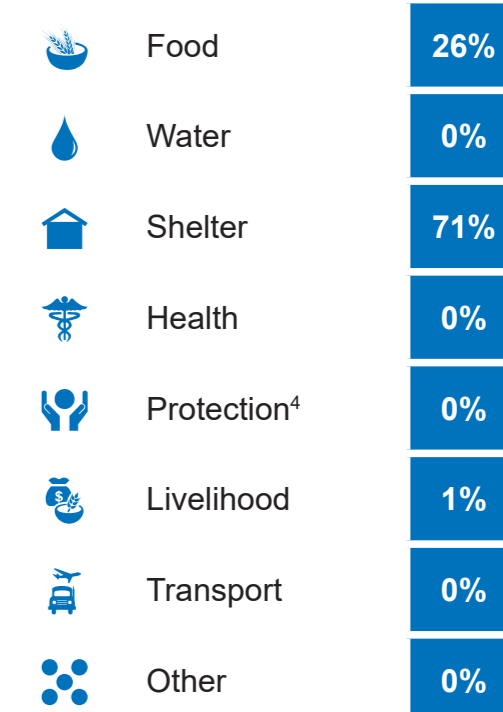
The highest district recorded by protection violation across Awdal region was Baardheere district (68%).

The highest recorded protection violations in the region from January to March 2023 include the following:

- Physical Assault/Attack Not Resulting In Death (24%)
- Illegal Arrest and Detention (17%).

The highest district recorded by protection violations in the region from January 2016 to March 2023 is Baardheere district (473).

#### PRIORITY NEED ON ARRIVAL (MARCH 2023 IN %)



<sup>6</sup>Protection figures are underreported due to the concerns related to the sensitivity of this topic in the context of Somalia.

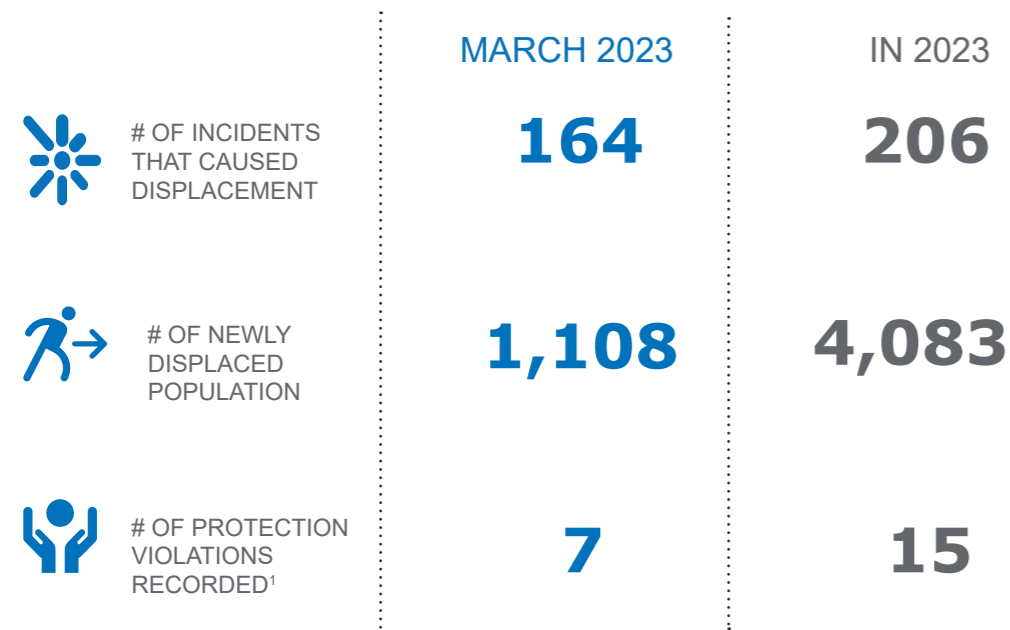
This dashboard should be read in conjunction with the Notes on [PRMN Methodology](#) which outline the approach and certain limitations. More information on Somalia can be found on the [UNHCR Somalia Data Portal](#).

Implemented by:

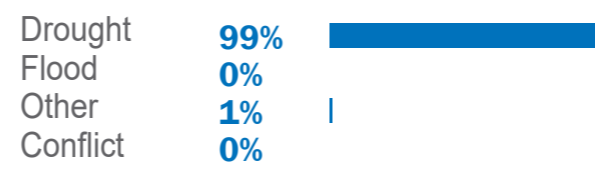


UNHCR is grateful for the generous contributions of donors who have directly contributed to the UNHCR Somalia operation in 2023

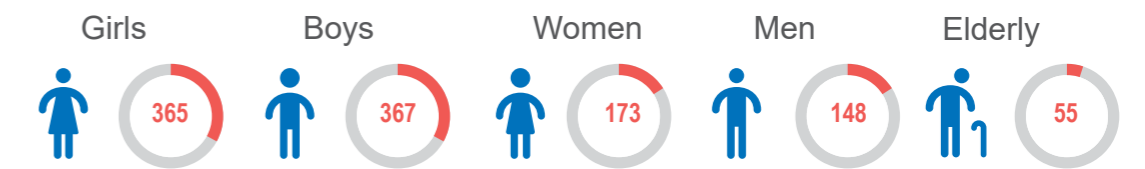




#### TRIGGERS OF DISPLACEMENT (MARCH 2023 IN %)

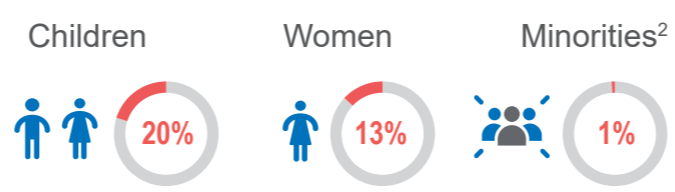


#### DEMOGRAPHIC (MARCH 2023)<sup>3</sup>



<sup>3</sup>Disaggregated data for displaced persons are based on those displacement reports where data has been collected at household level.

#### PROTECTION VIOLATIONS CONCERNING CHILDREN, WOMEN AND MINORITIES (2023 IN %)



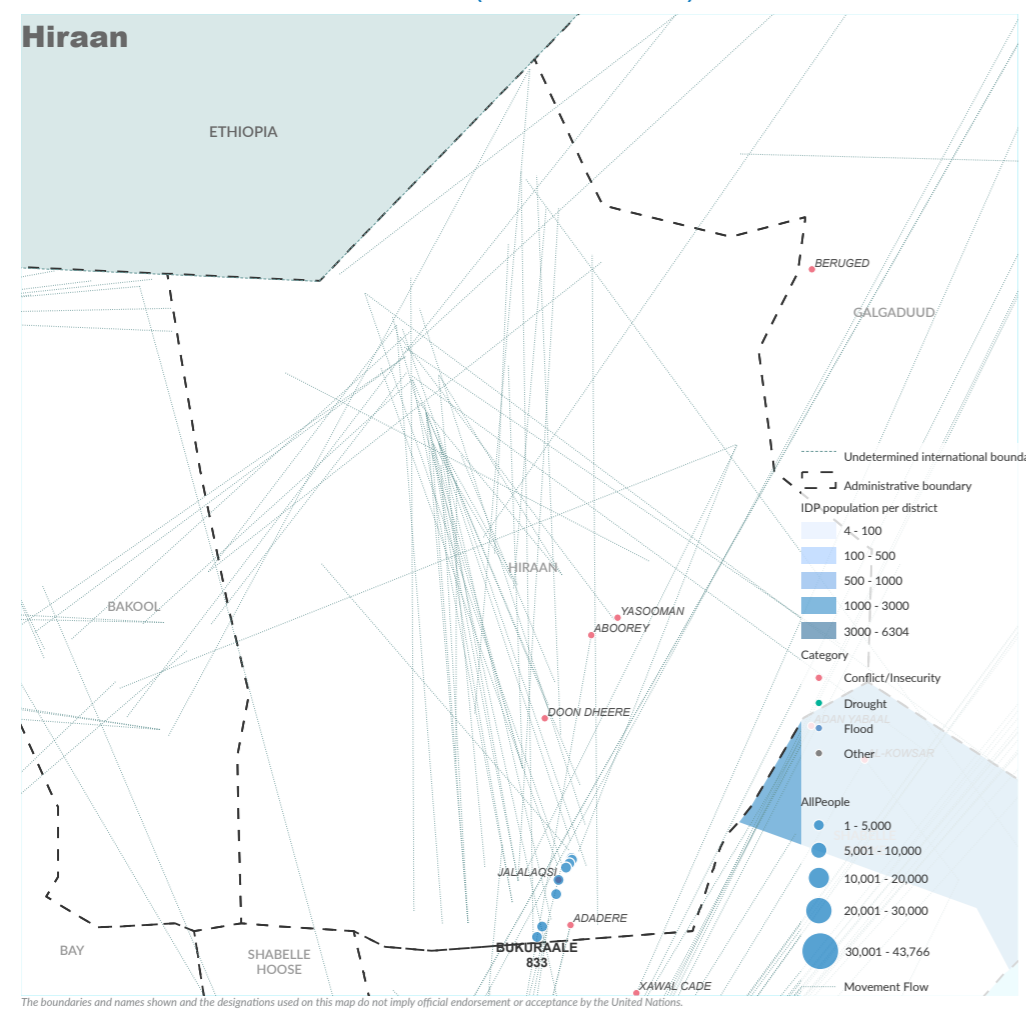
<sup>2</sup>Members of minority clans include the Benadir, Bantu, Mayle, Barawans, Gardere, Yakabur and Rahanweyne.

#### SPECIFIC NEEDS OF THOSE WHO EXPERIENCED PROTECTION VIOLATIONS (IN 2023)<sup>4</sup>



<sup>4</sup>In March 2023, 0 specific needs were recorded of those individuals who experienced protection violations.  
<sup>5</sup>Others who are at risk include the following categories family unit, specific legal and physical protection needs, unaccompanied or separate child, pregnant or lactating, serious medical condition, single parent, SGBV and torture. Individuals can have multiple vulnerabilities

#### DISPLACEMENT LOCATION (MARCH 2023)



The highest district recorded by displacement incidents in the region was Belet Weyne district (1,052).

In the incident resulting in the largest displacement, 131 individuals moved from Baac Yar I settlement due to Drought.

The second highest district recorded by displacement incidents in the region was Jalalaqsi district (28).

In the incident resulting in the second largest displacement, 28 individuals moved from Buulo Cigalle settlement due to Drought.

The third highest district recorded by displacement incidents in the region was Bulo Burto district (28).

In the incident resulting in the third largest displacement, 28 individuals moved from Booco settlement due to Drought.

In March 2023, 1% of protection violations across Somalia were recorded in Awdal region.

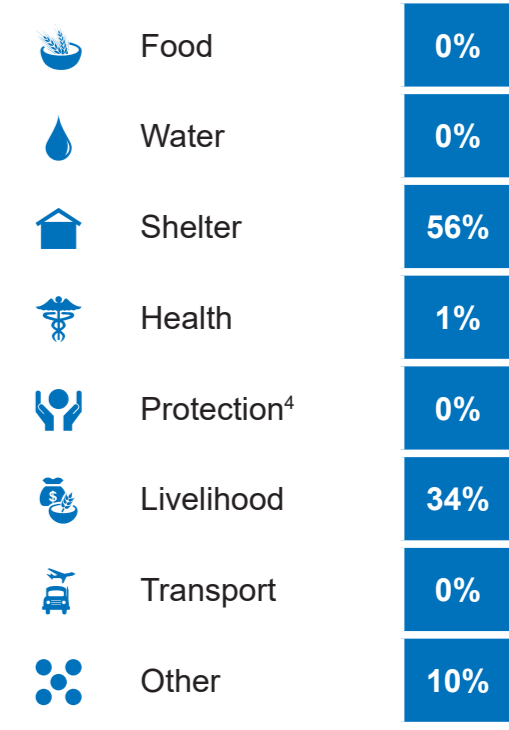
The highest district recorded by protection violation across Awdal region was Belet Weyne district (100%).

The highest recorded protection violations in the region from January to March 2023 include the following:

- Killing/Manslaughter (53%)
- Kidnapping/Abduction (33%).

The highest district recorded by protection violations in the region from January 2016 to March 2023 is Belet Weyne district (347).

#### PRIORITY NEED ON ARRIVAL (MARCH 2023 IN %)



<sup>6</sup>Protection figures are underreported due to the concerns related to the sensitivity of this topic in the context of Somalia.

This dashboard should be read in conjunction with the Notes on [PRMN Methodology](#) which outline the approach and certain limitations. More information on Somalia can be found on the [UNHCR Somalia Data Portal](#).

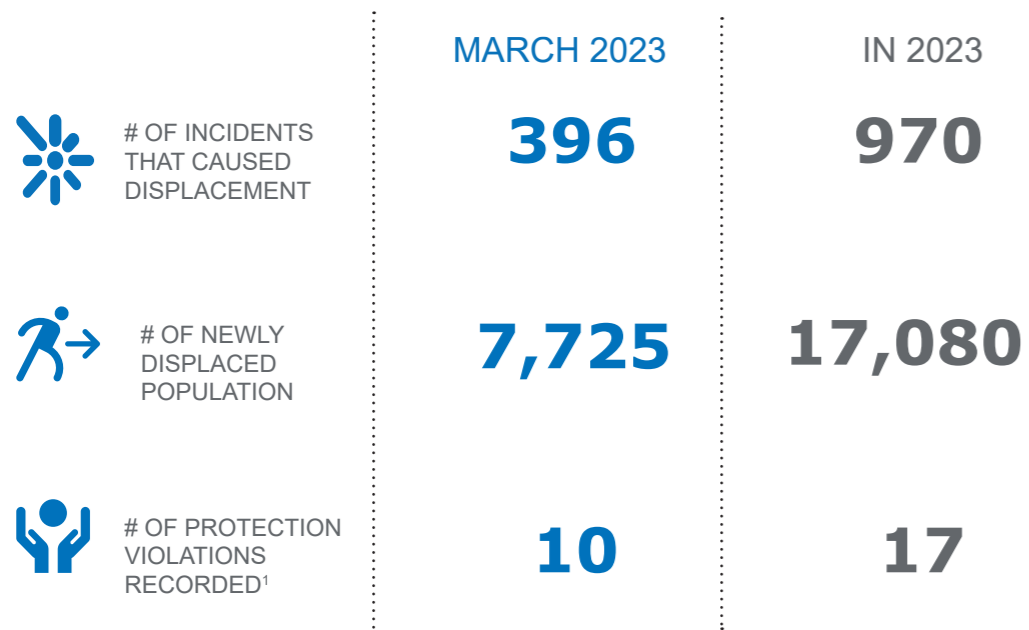
Implemented by:



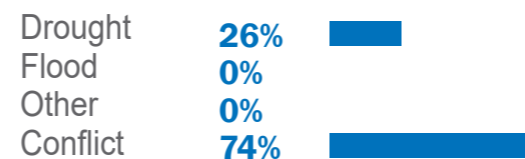
UNHCR is grateful for the generous contributions of donors who have directly contributed to the UNHCR Somalia operation in 2023



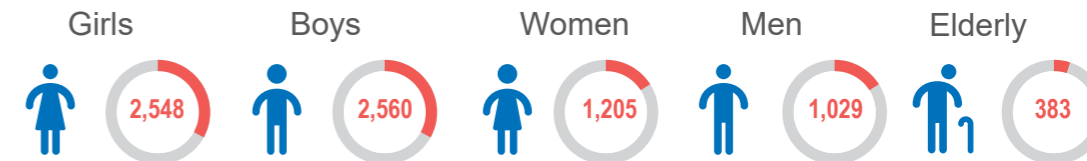




#### TRIGGERS OF DISPLACEMENT (MARCH 2023 IN %)

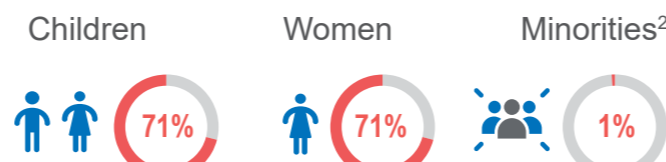


#### DEMOGRAPHIC (MARCH 2023)<sup>3</sup>



<sup>3</sup>Disaggregated data for displaced persons are based on those displacement reports where data has been collected at household level.

#### PROTECTION VIOLATIONS CONCERNING CHILDREN, WOMEN AND MINORITIES (2023 IN %)



<sup>2</sup>Members of minority clans include the Benadiri, Bantu, Mayle, Barawans, Gardere, Yakabur and Rahanweyne.

#### SPECIFIC NEEDS OF THOSE WHO EXPERIENCED PROTECTION VIOLATIONS (IN 2023)<sup>4</sup>

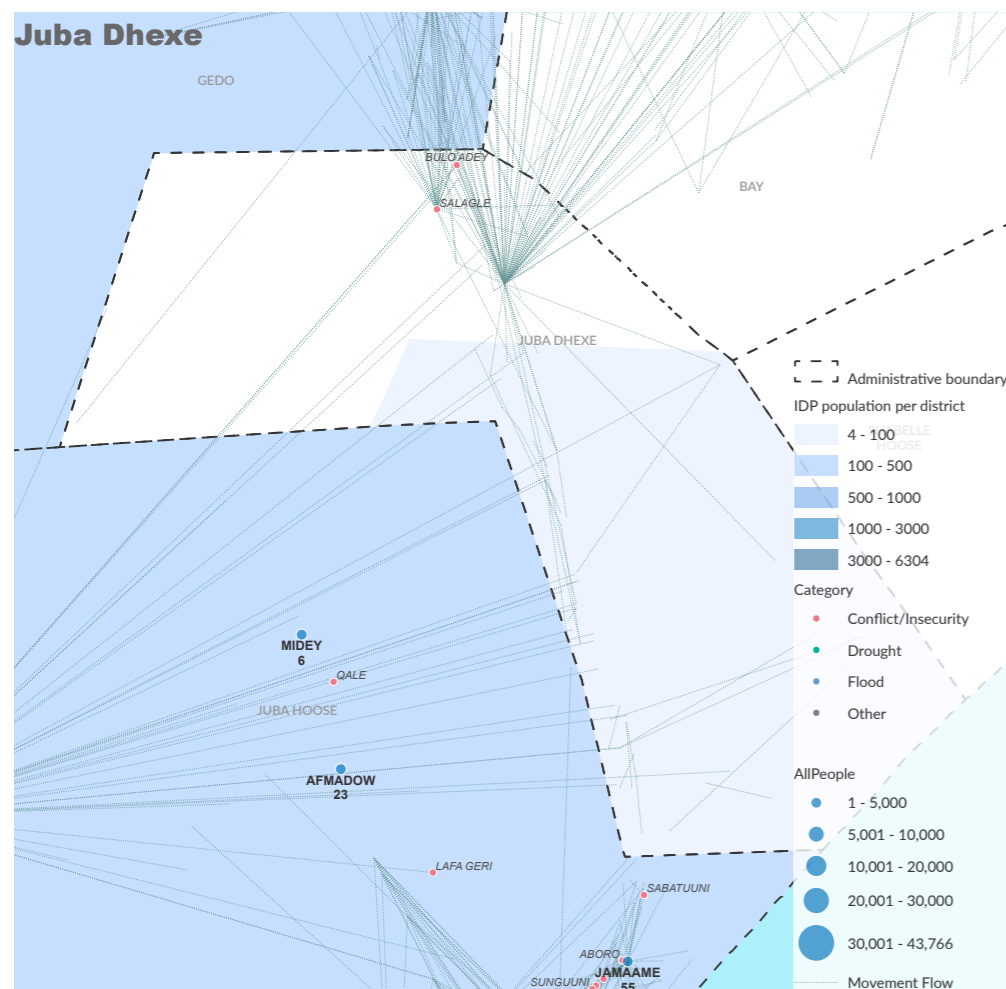


<sup>4</sup>In March 2023, 0 specific needs were recorded of those individuals who experienced protection violations.

<sup>5</sup>Others who are at risk include the following categories family unit, specific legal and physical protection needs, unaccompanied or separate child, pregnant or lactating, serious medical condition, single parent, SGBV and torture. Individuals can have multiple vulnerabilities

<sup>1</sup>Some protection violations were not recorded due to security risks in some regions.

#### DISPLACEMENT LOCATION (MARCH 2023)



The highest district recorded by displacement incidents in the region was Kismayo district (5,946).

In the incident resulting in the largest displacement, 1,175 individuals moved from Kismayo settlement due to Conflict/Insecurity.

The second highest district recorded by displacement incidents in the region was Jamaame district (914).

In the incident resulting in the second largest displacement, 721 individuals moved from Jamaame settlement due to Drought.

The third highest district recorded by displacement incidents in the region was Awdal district (832).

In the incident resulting in the third largest displacement, 522 individuals moved from Dhobley settlement due to Drought.

In March 2023, 2% of protection violations across Somalia were recorded in Awdal region.

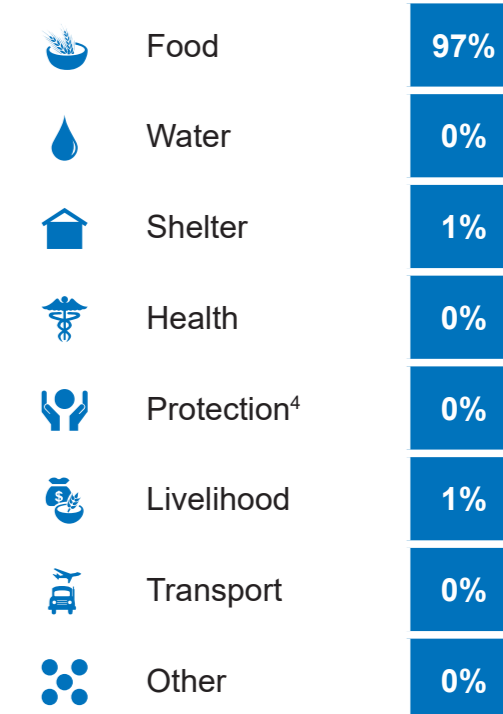
The highest district recorded by protection violation across Awdal region was Awdal district (100%).

The highest recorded protection violations in the region from January to March 2023 include the following:

- Kidnapping/Abduction (41%)
- Female Genital Mutilation (FGM) (18%).

The highest district recorded by protection violations in the region from January 2016 to March 2023 is Kismayo district (493).

#### PRIORITY NEED ON ARRIVAL (MARCH 2023 IN %)



<sup>6</sup>Protection figures are underreported due to the concerns related to the sensitivity of this topic in the context of Somalia.

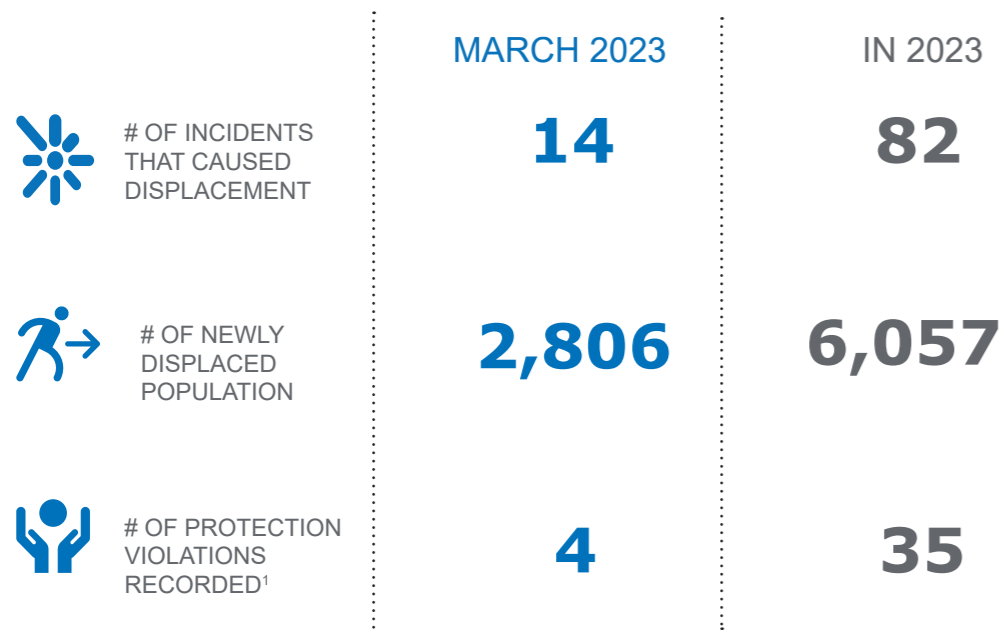
This dashboard should be read in conjunction with the Notes on [PRMN Methodology](#) which outline the approach and certain limitations. More information on Somalia can be found on the [UNHCR Somalia Data Portal](#).

Implemented by:



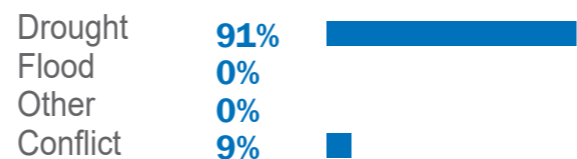
UNHCR is grateful for the generous contributions of donors who have directly contributed to the UNHCR Somalia operation in 2023



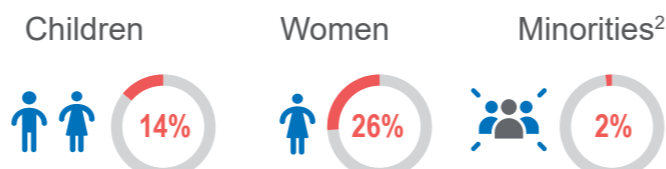


<sup>1</sup>Some protection violations were not recorded due to security risks in some regions.

#### TRIGGERS OF DISPLACEMENT (MARCH 2023 IN %)

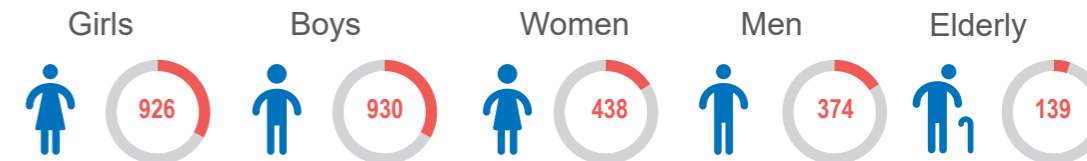


#### PROTECTION VIOLATIONS CONCERNING CHILDREN, WOMEN AND MINORITIES (2023 IN %)



<sup>2</sup>Members of minority clans include the Benadiri, Bantu, Mayle, Barawans, Gardere, Yakabur and Rahanweyne.

#### DEMOGRAPHIC (MARCH 2023)<sup>3</sup>



<sup>3</sup>Disaggregated data for displaced persons are based on those displacement reports where data has been collected at household level.

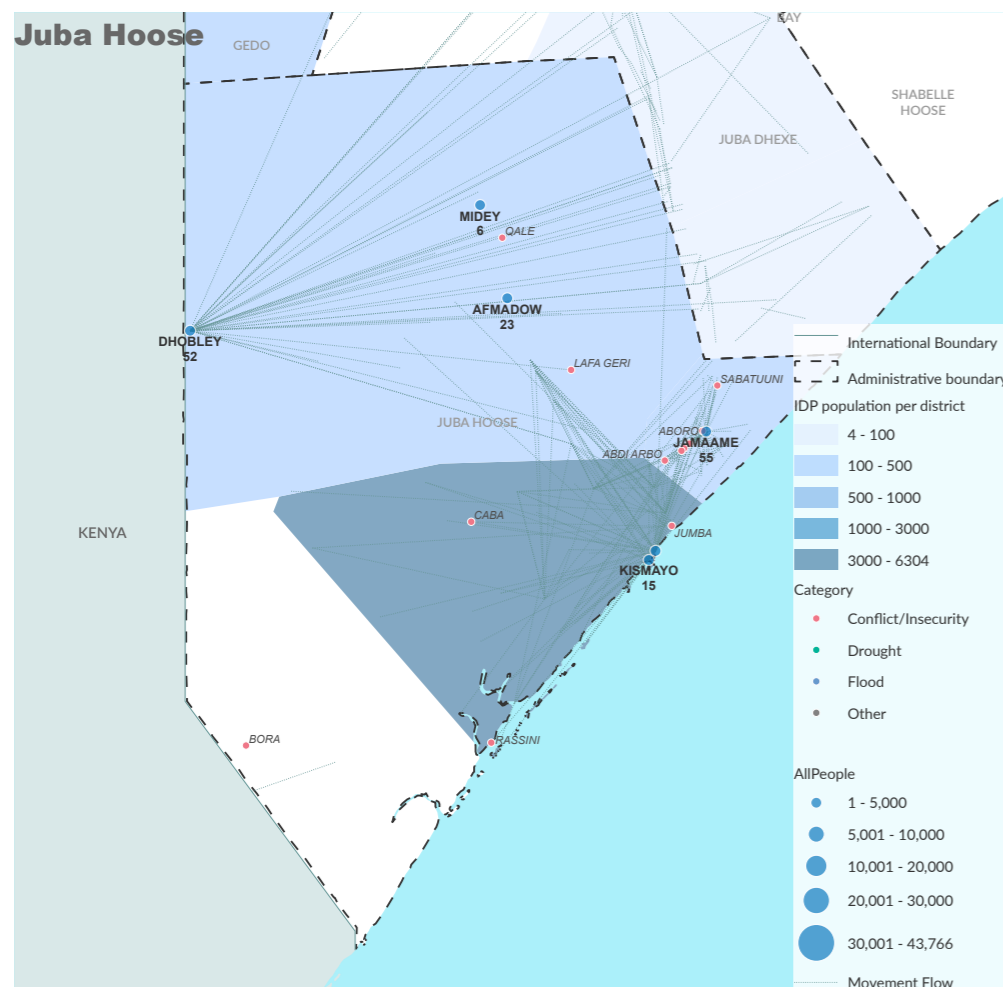
#### SPECIFIC NEEDS OF THOSE WHO EXPERIENCED PROTECTION VIOLATIONS (IN 2023)<sup>4</sup>



<sup>4</sup>In March 2023, 0 specific needs were recorded of those individuals who experienced protection violations.

<sup>5</sup>Others who are at risk include the following categories family unit, specific legal and physical protection needs, unaccompanied or separate child, pregnant or lactating, serious medical condition, single parent, SGBV and torture. Individuals can have multiple vulnerabilities

#### DISPLACEMENT LOCATION (MARCH 2023)



The boundaries and names shown and the designations used on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by the United Nations.

The highest district recorded by displacement incidents in the region was Afdal district (2,806).

In the incident resulting in the largest displacement, 800 individuals moved from Afdal/Hawo Tako settlement due to Drought.

The second highest district recorded by displacement incidents in the region was NA district (-).

In the incident resulting in the second largest displacement, 240 individuals moved from Afdal/Balguri settlement due to Conflict/Insecurity.

The third highest district recorded by displacement incidents in the region was Marka district (-).

In the incident resulting in the third largest displacement, - individuals moved from - settlement due to -.

In March 2023, 1% of protection violations across Somalia were recorded in Afdal region.

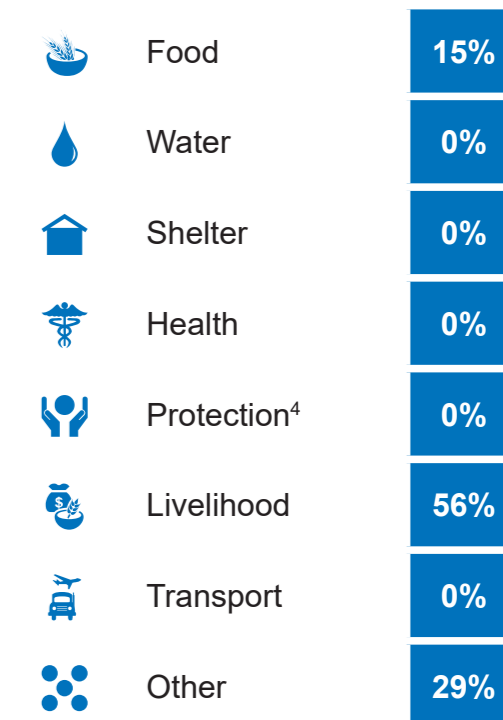
The highest district recorded by protection violation across Afdal region was Afdal district (100%).

The highest recorded protection violations in the region from January to March 2023 include the following:

- Physical Assault/Attack Not Resulting In Death (31%)
- Threat To Life/Physical Integrity (17%)

The highest district recorded by protection violations in the region from January 2016 to March 2023 is Marka district (2,476).

#### PRIORITY NEED ON ARRIVAL (MARCH 2023 IN %)

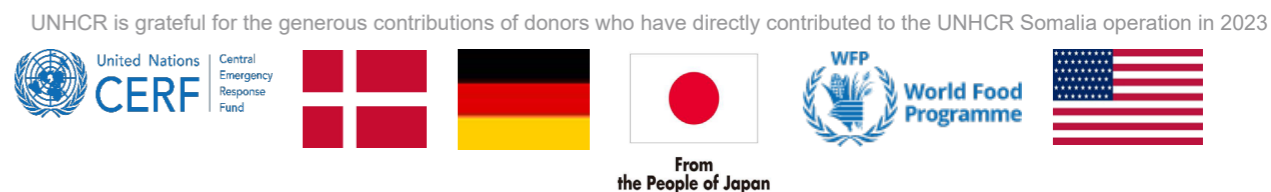


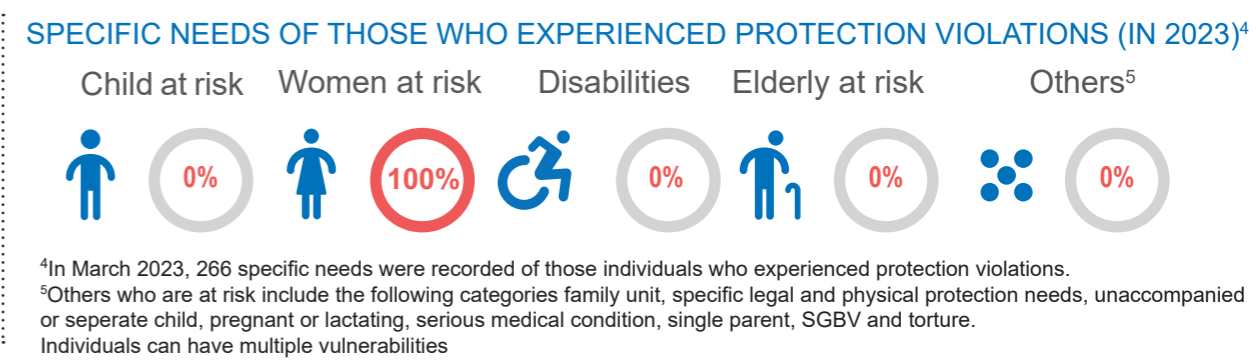
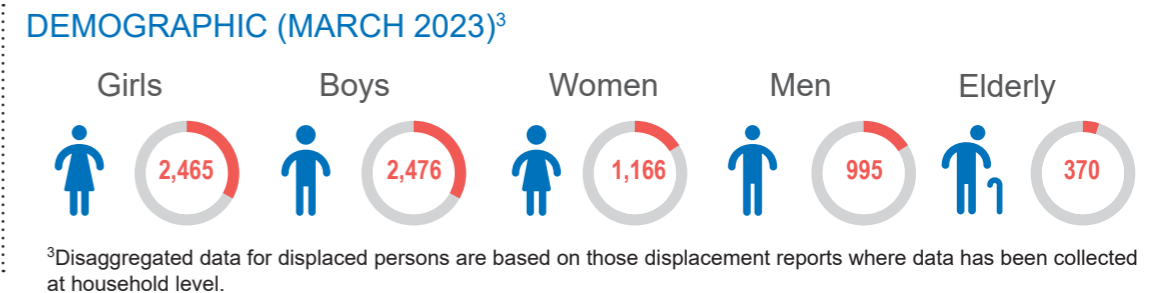
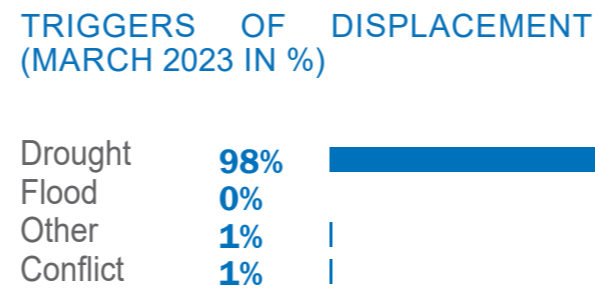
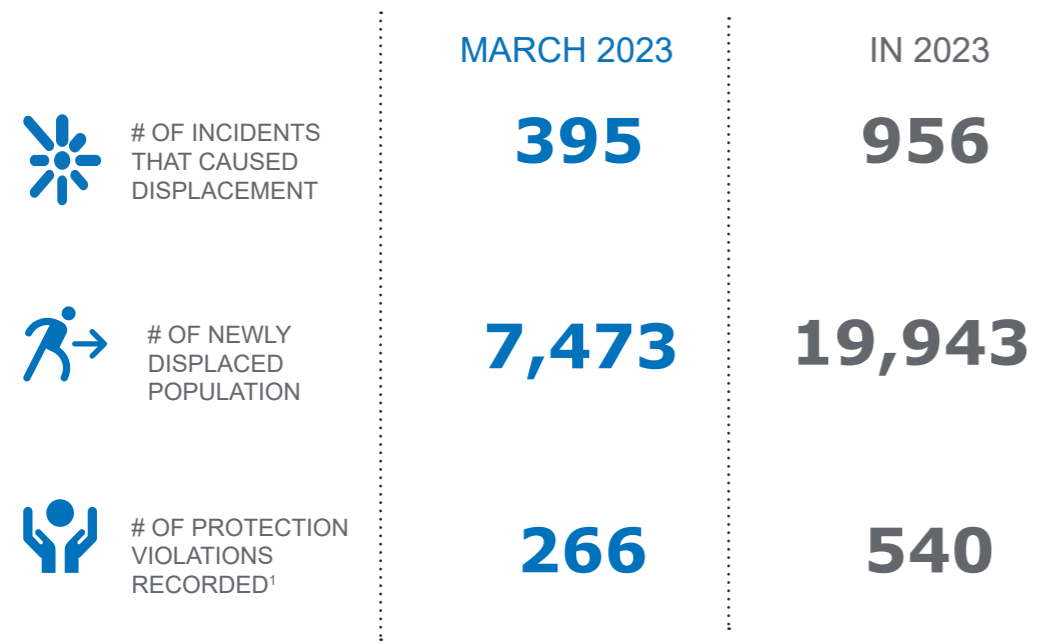
<sup>6</sup>Protection figures are underreported due to the concerns related to the sensitivity of this topic in the context of Somalia.

Implemented by:



This dashboard should be read in conjunction with the Notes on [PRMN Methodology](#) which outline the approach and certain limitations. More information on Somalia can be found on the [UNHCR Somalia Data Portal](#).

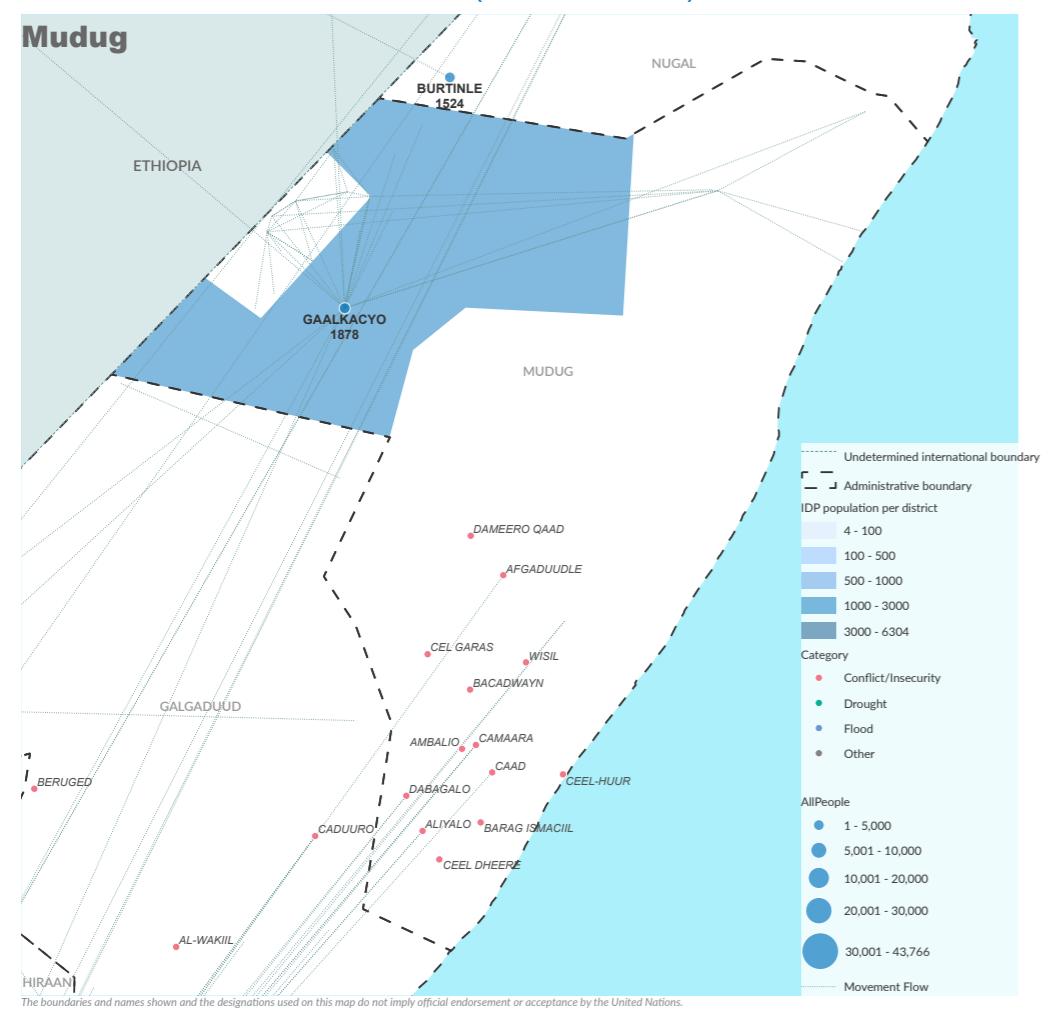




<sup>1</sup>Some protection violations were not recorded due to security risks in some regions.

<sup>2</sup>Members of minority clans include the Benadiri, Bantu, Mayle, Barawans, Gardere, Yakabur and Rahanweyne.

### DISPLACEMENT LOCATION (MARCH 2023)



The highest district recorded by displacement incidents in the region was Saakow district (7,347).

In the incident resulting in the largest displacement, 5,998 individuals moved from Saakow settlement due to Drought.

The second highest district recorded by displacement incidents in the region was Bu'aale district (65).

In the incident resulting in the second largest displacement, 56 individuals moved from Saakow settlement due to Other.

The third highest district recorded by displacement incidents in the region was Jilib district (61).

In the incident resulting in the third largest displacement, 15 individuals moved from Yoontoy settlement due to Conflict/Insecurity.

In March 2023, 44% of protection violations across Somalia were recorded in Awdal region.

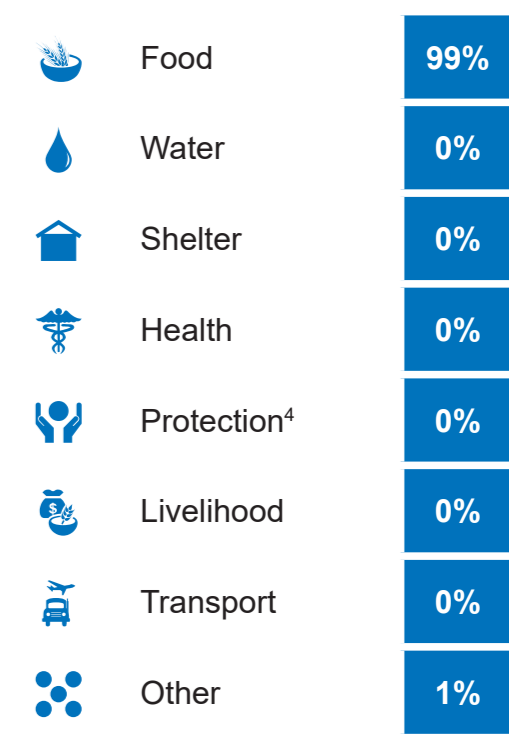
The highest district recorded by protection violation across Awdal region was Jilib district (48%).

The highest recorded protection violations in the region from January to March 2023 include the following:

- Physical Assault/Attack Not Resulting In Death (97%)
- Illegal Arrest and Detention (1%).

The highest district recorded by protection violations in the region from January 2016 to March 2023 is Jilib district (425).

### PRIORITY NEED ON ARRIVAL (MARCH 2023 IN %)

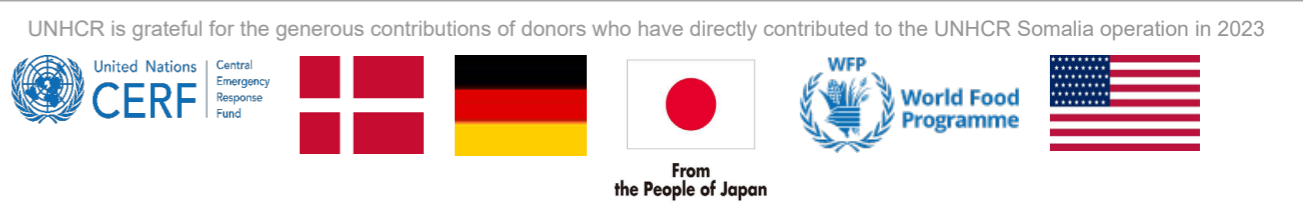


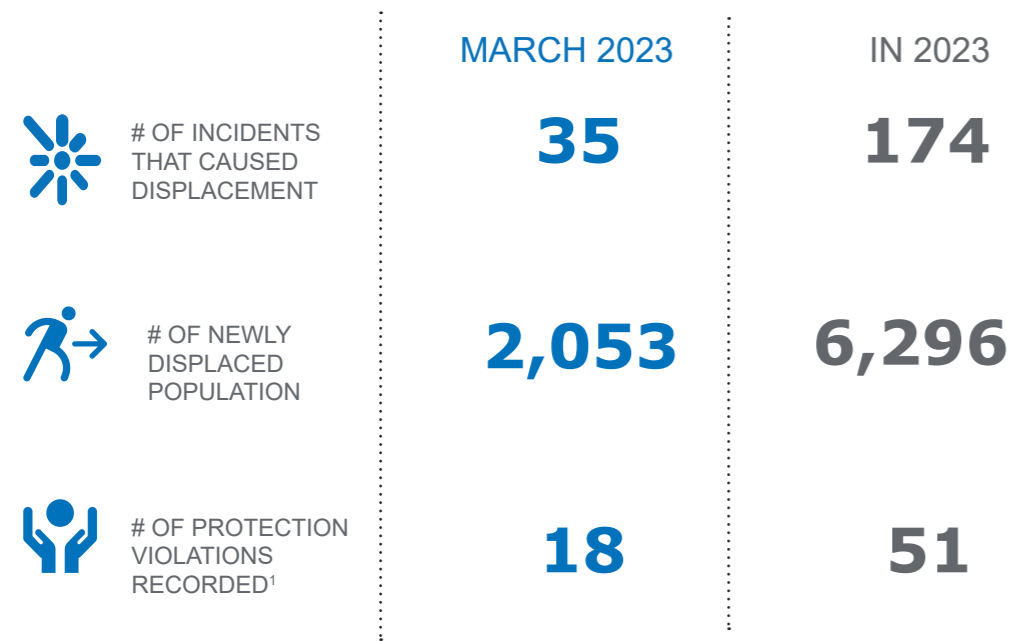
<sup>6</sup>Protection figures are underreported due to the concerns related to the sensitivity of this topic in the context of Somalia.

Implemented by:



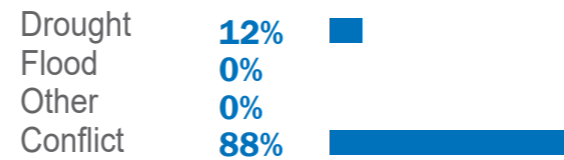
This dashboard should be read in conjunction with the Notes on [PRMN Methodology](#) which outline the approach and certain limitations. More information on Somalia can be found on the [UNHCR Somalia Data Portal](#).



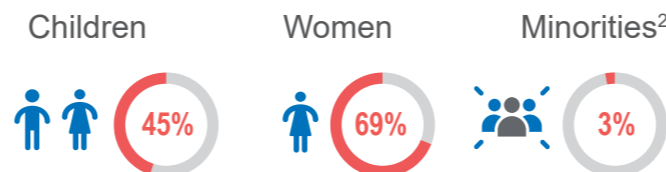


<sup>1</sup>Some protection violations were not recorded due to security risks in some regions.

#### TRIGGERS OF DISPLACEMENT (MARCH 2023 IN %)

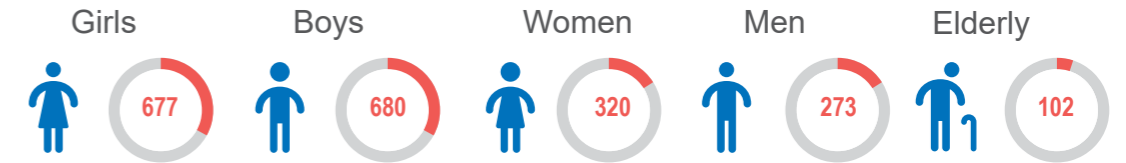


#### PROTECTION VIOLATIONS CONCERNING CHILDREN, WOMEN AND MINORITIES (2023 IN %)



<sup>2</sup>Members of minority clans include the Benadiri, Bantu, Mayle, Barawans, Gardere, Yakabur and Rahanweyne.

#### DEMOGRAPHIC (MARCH 2023)<sup>3</sup>



<sup>3</sup>Disaggregated data for displaced persons are based on those displacement reports where data has been collected at household level.

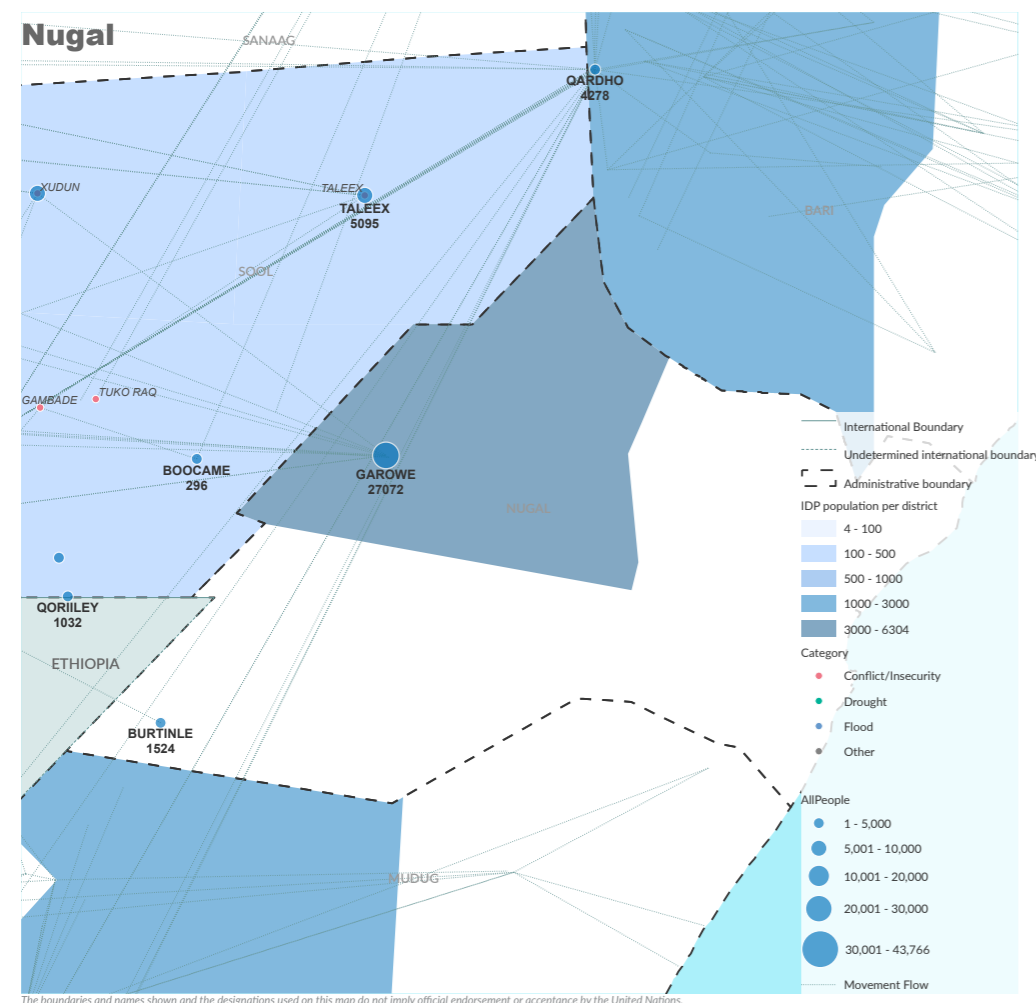
#### SPECIFIC NEEDS OF THOSE WHO EXPERIENCED PROTECTION VIOLATIONS (IN 2023)<sup>4</sup>



<sup>4</sup>In March 2023, 10 specific needs were recorded of those individuals who experienced protection violations.

<sup>5</sup>Others who are at risk include the following categories family unit, specific legal and physical protection needs, unaccompanied or separate child, pregnant or lactating, serious medical condition, single parent, SGBV and torture. Individuals can have multiple vulnerabilities

#### DISPLACEMENT LOCATION (MARCH 2023)



The highest district recorded by displacement incidents in the region was Adan Yabaal district (1,800).

In the incident resulting in the largest displacement, 1,800 individuals moved from Al-Kowsar settlement due to Conflict/Insecurity.

The second highest district recorded by displacement incidents in the region was Jowhar district (165).

In the incident resulting in the second largest displacement, 109 individuals moved from Jowhar settlement due to Drought.

The third highest district recorded by displacement incidents in the region was Balcad district (45).

In the incident resulting in the third largest displacement, 45 individuals moved from Balcad settlement due to Drought.

In March 2023, 3% of protection violations across Somalia were recorded in Awdal region.

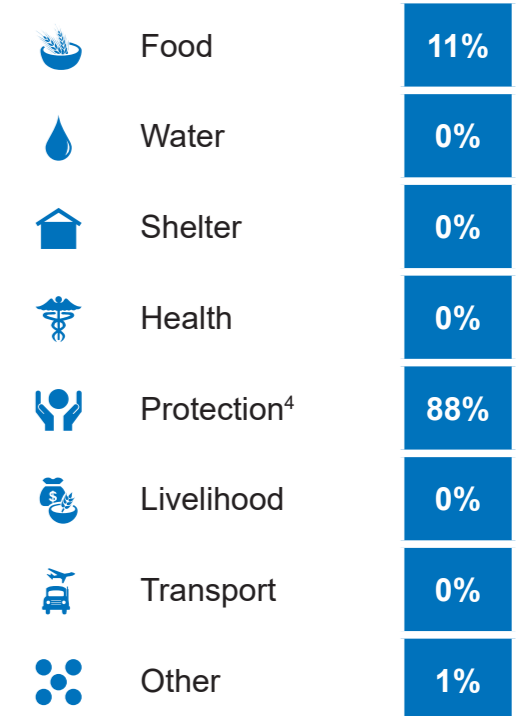
The highest district recorded by protection violation across Awdal region was Jowhar district (72%).

The highest recorded protection violations in the region from January to March 2023 include the following:

- Killing/Manslaughter (43%)
- Female Genital Mutilation (FGM) (41%).

The highest district recorded by protection violations in the region from January 2016 to March 2023 is Jowhar district (712).

#### PRIORITY NEED ON ARRIVAL (MARCH 2023 IN %)



<sup>6</sup>Protection figures are underreported due to the concerns related to the sensitivity of this topic in the context of Somalia.

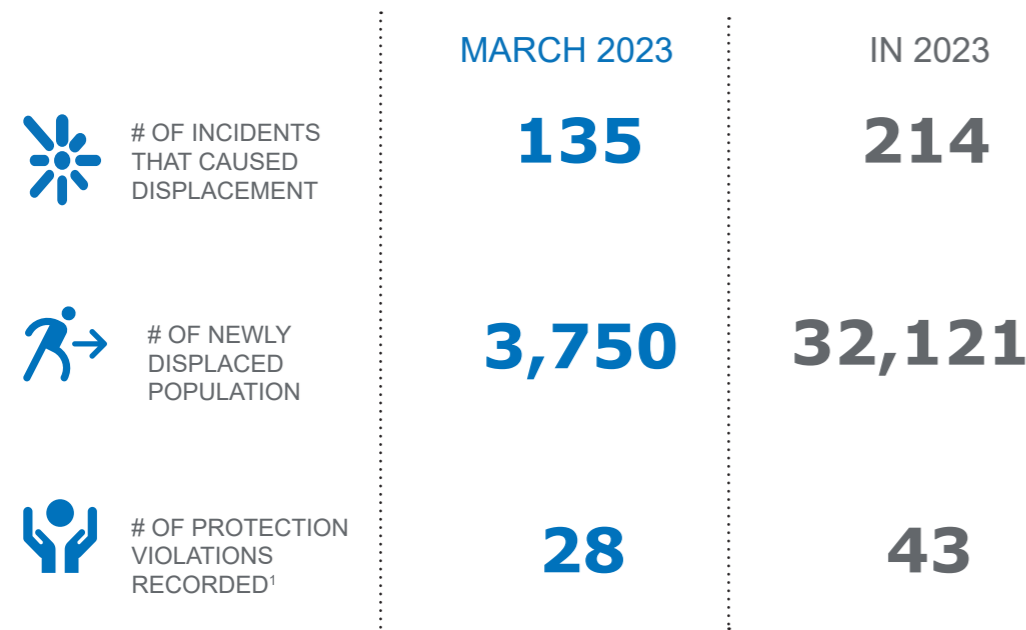
This dashboard should be read in conjunction with the Notes on [PRMN Methodology](#) which outline the approach and certain limitations. More information on Somalia can be found on the [UNHCR Somalia Data Portal](#).

Implemented by:

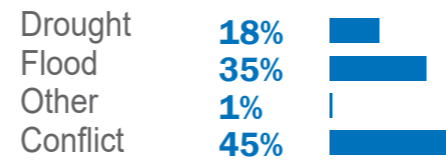


UNHCR is grateful for the generous contributions of donors who have directly contributed to the UNHCR Somalia operation in 2023

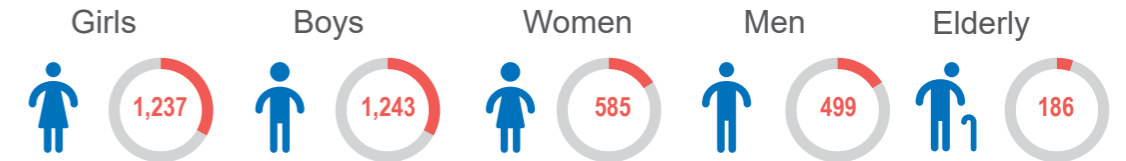




#### TRIGGERS OF DISPLACEMENT (MARCH 2023 IN %)

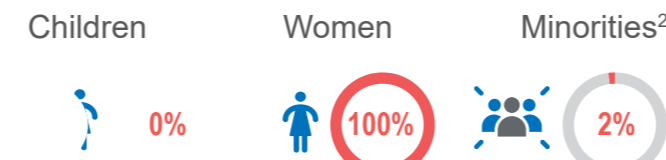


#### DEMOGRAPHIC (MARCH 2023)<sup>3</sup>



<sup>3</sup>Disaggregated data for displaced persons are based on those displacement reports where data has been collected at household level.

#### PROTECTION VIOLATIONS CONCERNING CHILDREN, WOMEN AND MINORITIES (2023 IN %)



<sup>2</sup>Members of minority clans include the Benadiri, Bantu, Mayle, Barawans, Gardere, Yakabur and Rahanweyne.

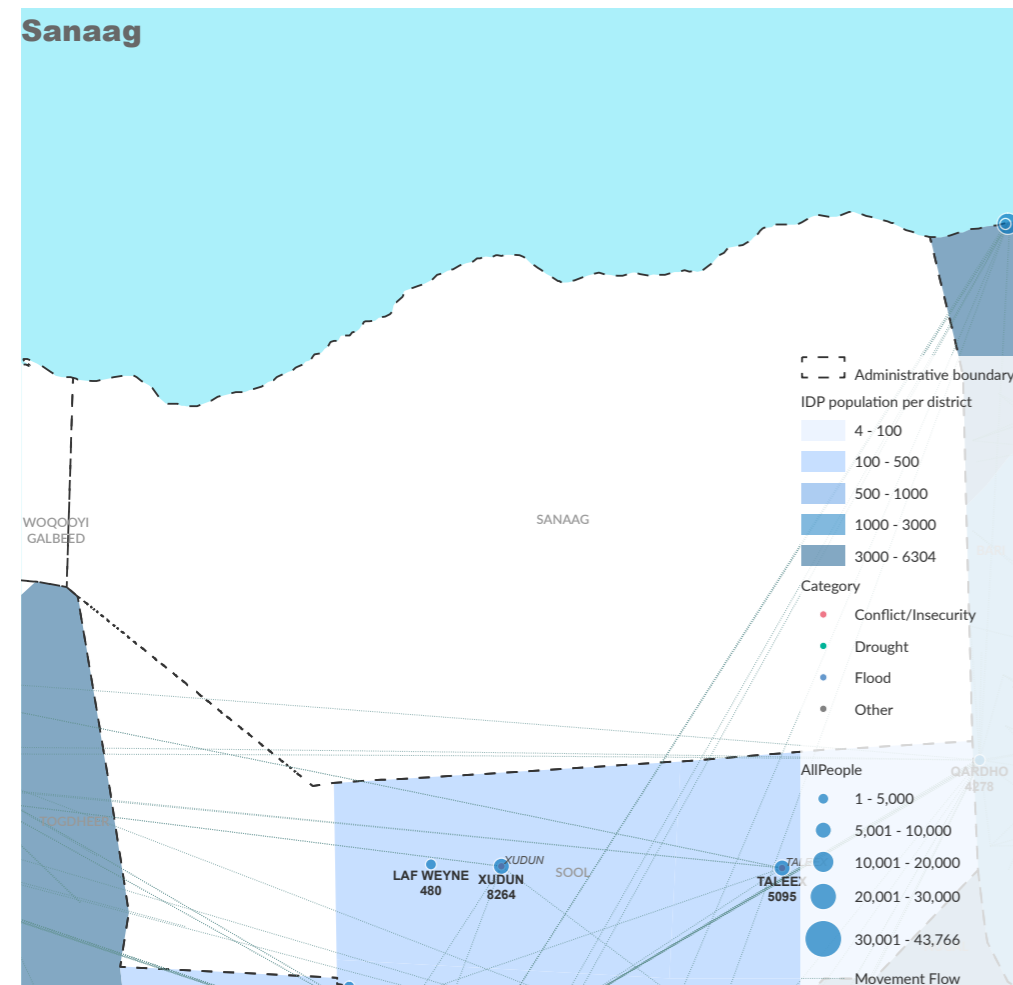
#### SPECIFIC NEEDS OF THOSE WHO EXPERIENCED PROTECTION VIOLATIONS (IN 2023)<sup>4</sup>



<sup>4</sup>In March 2023, 33 specific needs were recorded of those individuals who experienced protection violations.

<sup>5</sup>Others who are at risk include the following categories family unit, specific legal and physical protection needs, unaccompanied or separate child, pregnant or lactating, serious medical condition, single parent, SGBV and torture. Individuals can have multiple vulnerabilities

#### DISPLACEMENT LOCATION (MARCH 2023)



The highest district recorded by displacement incidents in the region was Gaalkacyo district (3,282).

In the incident resulting in the largest displacement, 1,704 individuals moved from Gaalkacyo settlement due to Conflict/Insecurity.

The second highest district recorded by displacement incidents in the region was Galdogob district (392).

In the incident resulting in the second largest displacement, 1,308 individuals moved from Gaalkacyo settlement due to Flood.

The third highest district recorded by displacement incidents in the region was Jariiban district (76).

In the incident resulting in the third largest displacement, 180 individuals moved from Gaalkacyo settlement due to Drought.

In March 2023, 5% of protection violations across Somalia were recorded in Awdal region.

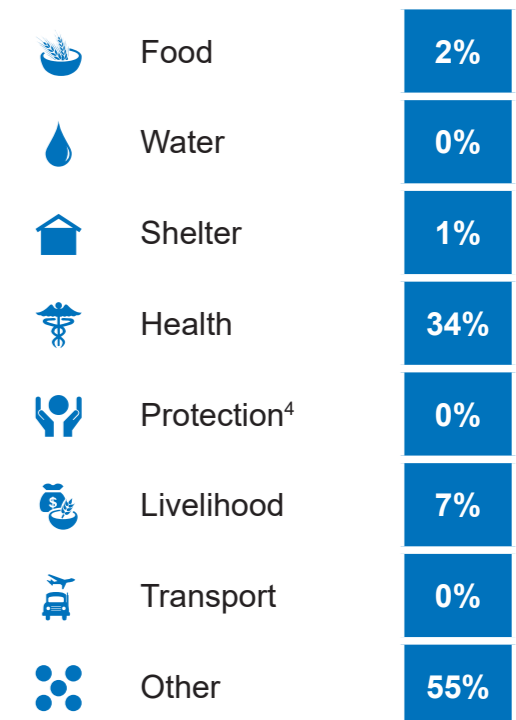
The highest district recorded by protection violation across Awdal region was Gaalkacyo district (75%).

The highest recorded protection violations in the region from January to March 2023 include the following:

- Domestic Violence (95%)
- Torture (5%).

The highest district recorded by protection violations in the region from January 2016 to March 2023 is Gaalkacyo district (3,729).

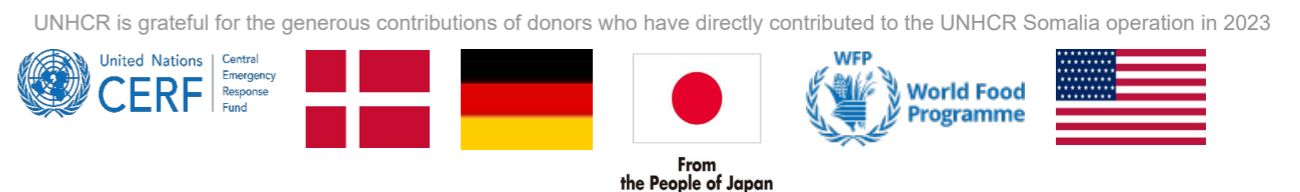
#### PRIORITY NEED ON ARRIVAL (MARCH 2023 IN %)

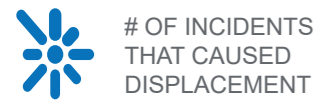


<sup>6</sup>Protection figures are underreported due to the concerns related to the sensitivity of this topic in the context of Somalia.

This dashboard should be read in conjunction with the Notes on [PRMN Methodology](#) which outline the approach and certain limitations. More information on Somalia can be found on the [UNHCR Somalia Data Portal](#).

Implemented by:





# OF INCIDENTS THAT CAUSED DISPLACEMENT

MARCH 2023

13

IN 2023

18



# OF NEWLY DISPLACED POPULATION

22,704

80,010



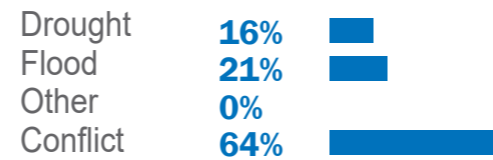
# OF PROTECTION VIOLATIONS RECORDED<sup>1</sup>

1

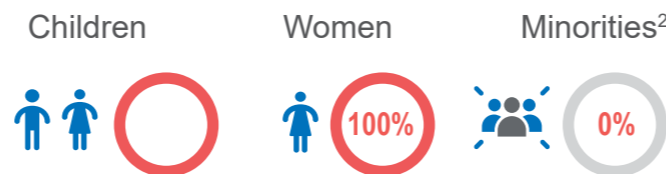
1

<sup>1</sup>Some protection violations were not recorded due to security risks in some regions.

### TRIGGERS OF DISPLACEMENT (MARCH 2023 IN %)

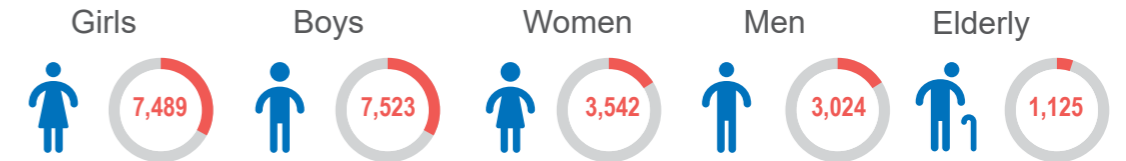


### PROTECTION VIOLATIONS CONCERNING CHILDREN, WOMEN AND MINORITIES (2023 IN %)



<sup>2</sup>Members of minority clans include the Benadiri, Bantu, Mayle, Barawans, Gardere, Yakabur and Rahanweyne.

### DEMOGRAPHIC (MARCH 2023)<sup>3</sup>



<sup>3</sup>Disaggregated data for displaced persons are based on those displacement reports where data has been collected at household level.

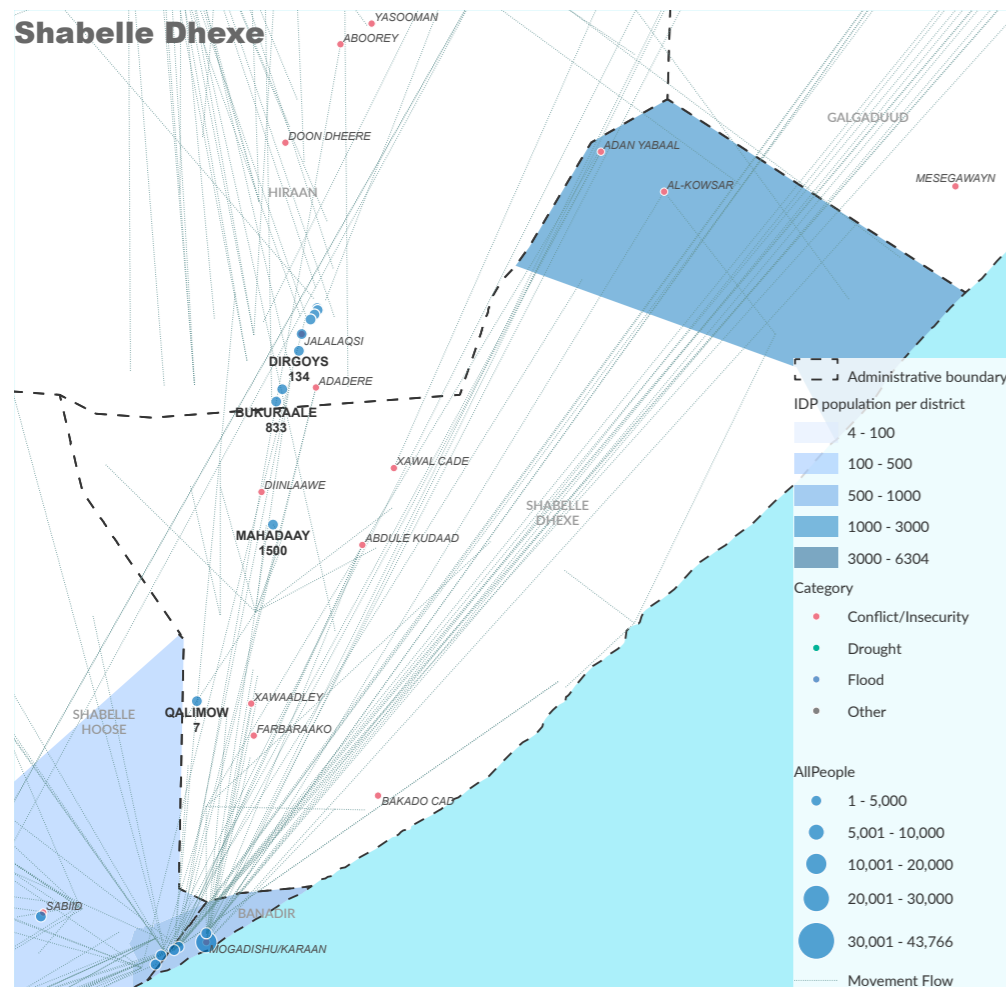
### SPECIFIC NEEDS OF THOSE WHO EXPERIENCED PROTECTION VIOLATIONS (IN 2023)<sup>4</sup>



<sup>4</sup>In March 2023, 1 specific needs were recorded of those individuals who experienced protection violations.

<sup>5</sup>Others who are at risk include the following categories family unit, specific legal and physical protection needs, unaccompanied or separate child, pregnant or lactating, serious medical condition, single parent, SGBV and torture. Individuals can have multiple vulnerabilities

### DISPLACEMENT LOCATION (MARCH 2023)



The boundaries and names shown and the designations used on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by the United Nations.

The highest district recorded by displacement incidents in the region was Garoowe district **18,431**.

In the incident resulting in the largest displacement, **9,710** individuals moved from **Garowe** settlement due to **Conflict/Insecurity**.

The second highest district recorded by displacement incidents in the region was Burtinle district (**4,273**).

In the incident resulting in the second largest displacement, **4,273** individuals moved from **Burtinle** settlement due to **Flood**.

The third highest district recorded by displacement incidents in the region was NA district (-).

In the incident resulting in the third largest displacement, **3,537** individuals moved from **Garowe** settlement due to **Drought**.

In March 2023, **0%** of protection violations across Somalia were recorded in Awdal region.

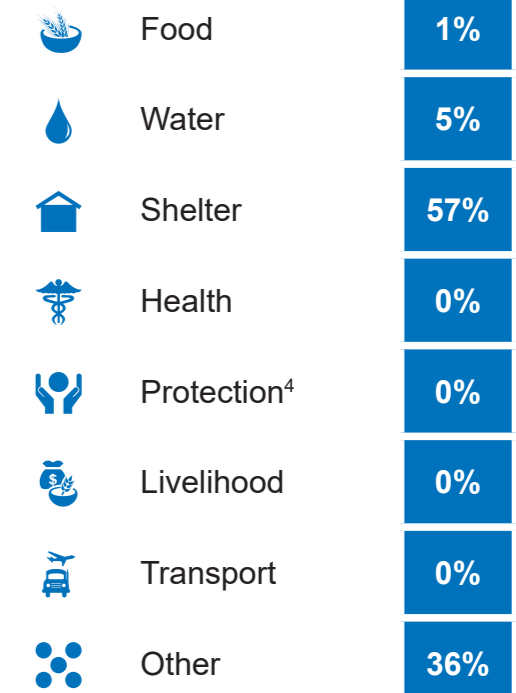
The highest district recorded by protection violation across Awdal region was Garoowe district (**100%**).

The highest recorded protection violations in the region from January to March 2023 include the following:

- Kidnapping/Abduction (**100%**)
- 0 (**0%**).

The highest district recorded by protection violations in the region from January 2016 to March 2023 is Garoowe district (**941**).

### PRIORITY NEED ON ARRIVAL (MARCH 2023 IN %)



<sup>6</sup>Protection figures are underreported due to the concerns related to the sensitivity of this topic in the context of Somalia.

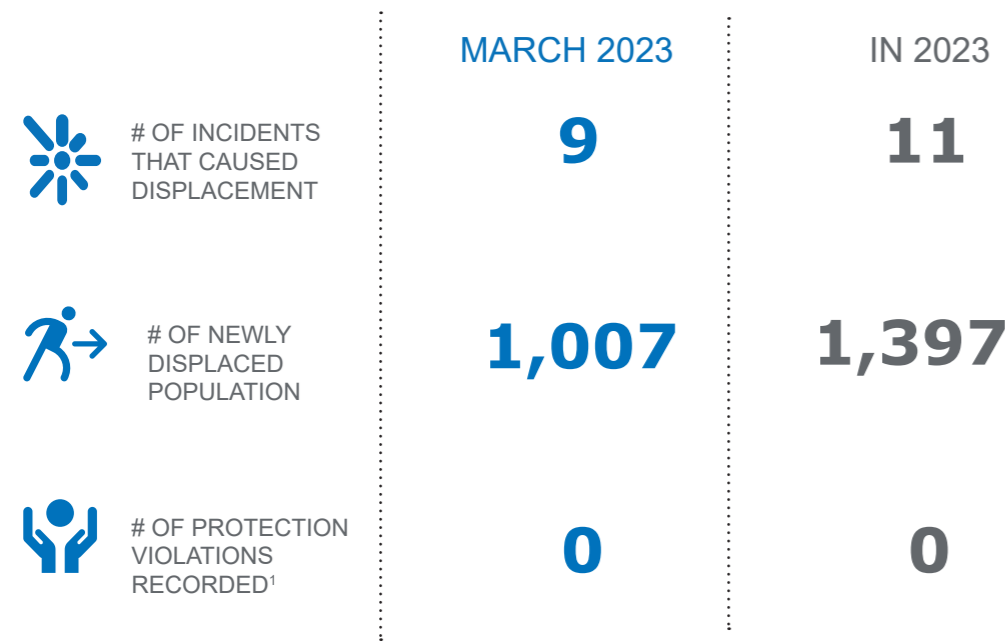
This dashboard should be read in conjunction with the Notes on [PRMN Methodology](#) which outline the approach and certain limitations. More information on Somalia can be found on the [UNHCR Somalia Data Portal](#).

Implemented by:

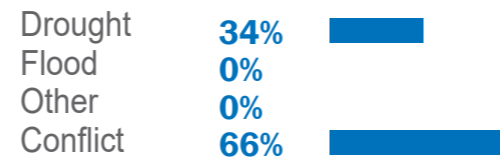


UNHCR is grateful for the generous contributions of donors who have directly contributed to the UNHCR Somalia operation in 2023

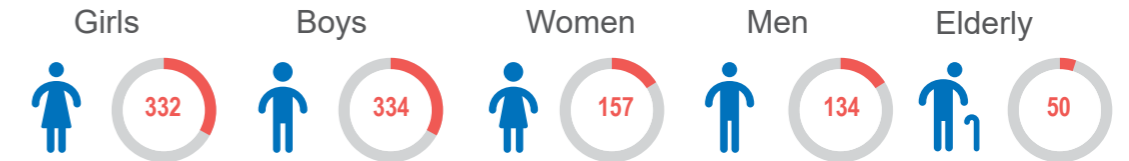




**TRIGGERS OF DISPLACEMENT (MARCH 2023 IN %)**

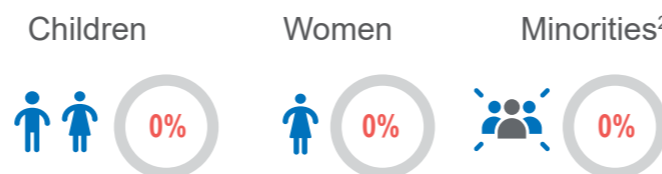


**DEMOGRAPHIC (MARCH 2023)<sup>3</sup>**



<sup>3</sup>Disaggregated data for displaced persons are based on those displacement reports where data has been collected at household level.

**PROTECTION VIOLATIONS CONCERNING CHILDREN, WOMEN AND MINORITIES (2023 IN %)**



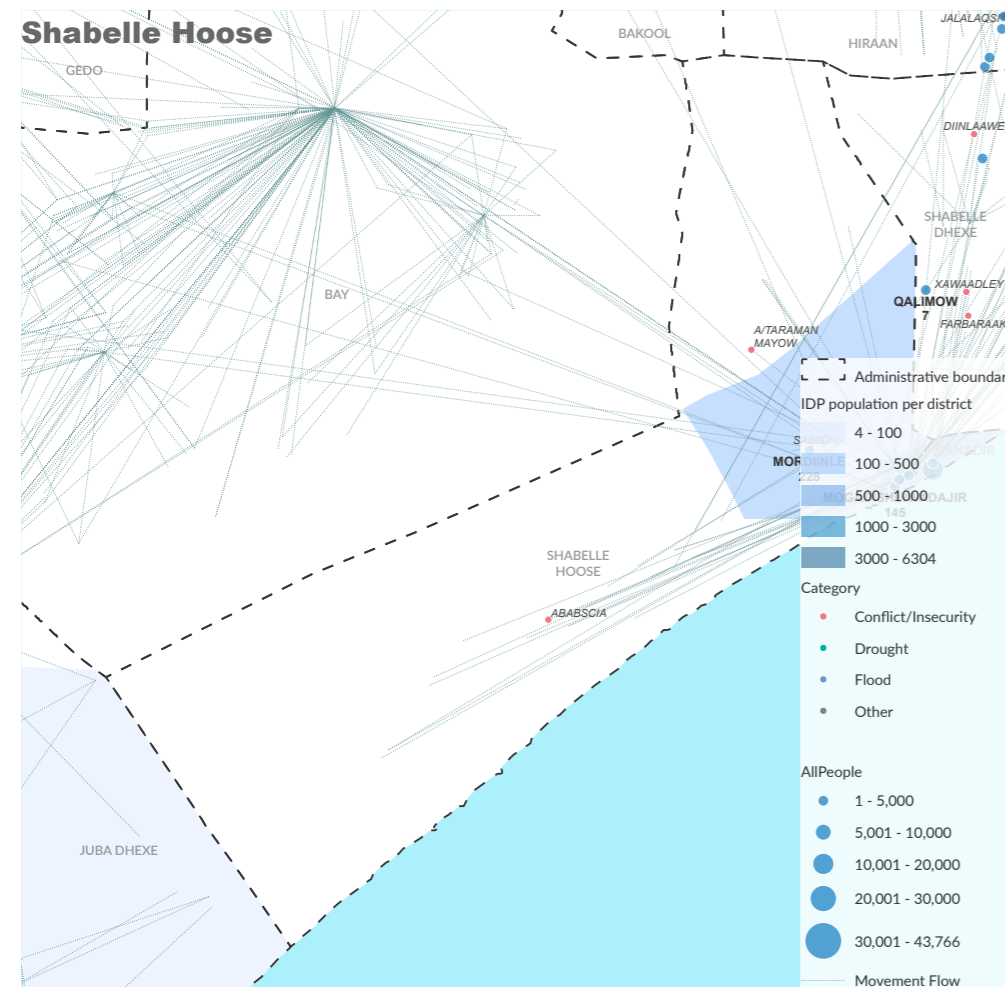
<sup>2</sup>Members of minority clans include the Benadiri, Bantu, Mayle, Barawans, Gardere, Yakabur and Rahanweyne.

**SPECIFIC NEEDS OF THOSE WHO EXPERIENCED PROTECTION VIOLATIONS (IN 2023)<sup>4</sup>**



<sup>4</sup>In March 2023, 0 specific needs were recorded of those individuals who experienced protection violations.  
<sup>5</sup>Others who are at risk include the following categories family unit, specific legal and physical protection needs, unaccompanied or separate child, pregnant or lactating, serious medical condition, single parent, SGBV and torture. Individuals can have multiple vulnerabilities

**DISPLACEMENT LOCATION (MARCH 2023)**



The highest district recorded by displacement incidents in the region was Badhan district **561**.

In the incident resulting in the largest displacement, **360** individuals moved from **Cawsene** settlement due to **Conflict/Insecurity**.

The second highest district recorded by displacement incidents in the region was Dhahar district (**432**).

In the incident resulting in the second largest displacement, **300** individuals moved from **Dhahar** settlement due to **Conflict/Insecurity**.

The third highest district recorded by displacement incidents in the region was Ceerigaabo district (**14**).

In the incident resulting in the third largest displacement, **188** individuals moved from **Ceelbuh** settlement due to **Drought**.

In March 2023, **0%** of protection violations across Somalia were recorded in Awdal region.

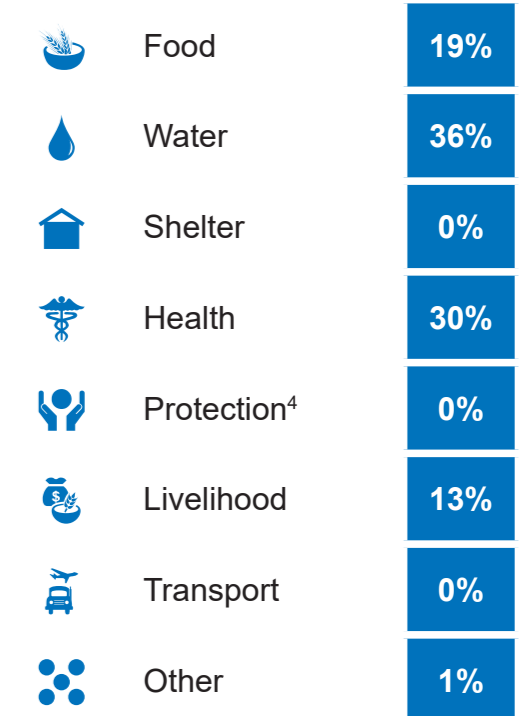
The highest district recorded by protection violation across Awdal region was 0 district (**0%**).

The highest recorded protection violations in the region from January to March 2023 include the following:

- 0 (**0%**)
- 0 (**0%**).

The highest district recorded by protection violations in the region from January 2016 to March 2023 is Ceel Afweyn district **467**.

**PRIORITY NEED ON ARRIVAL (MARCH 2023 IN %)**



<sup>6</sup>Protection figures are underreported due to the concerns related to the sensitivity of this topic in the context of Somalia.

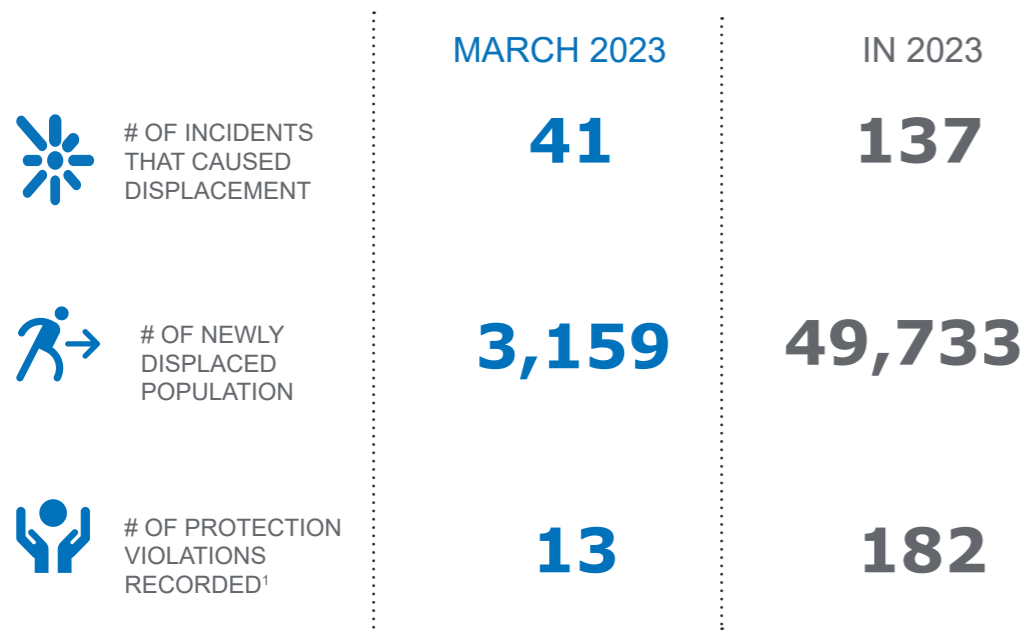
This dashboard should be read in conjunction with the Notes on [PRMN Methodology](#) which outline the approach and certain limitations. More information on Somalia can be found on the [UNHCR Somalia Data Portal](#).

Implemented by:



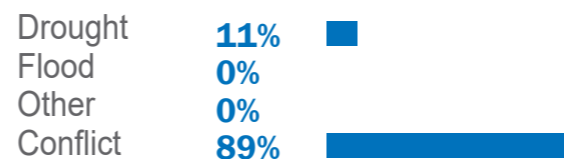
UNHCR is grateful for the generous contributions of donors who have directly contributed to the UNHCR Somalia operation in 2023



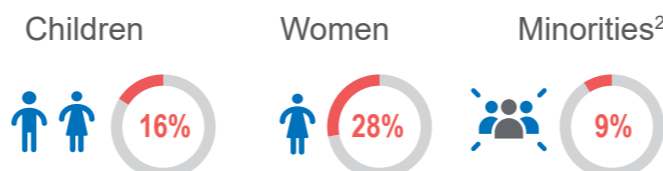


<sup>1</sup>Some protection violations were not recorded due to security risks in some regions.

### TRIGGERS OF DISPLACEMENT (MARCH 2023 IN %)

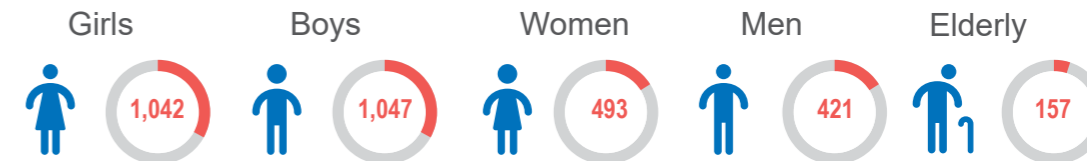


### PROTECTION VIOLATIONS CONCERNING CHILDREN, WOMEN AND MINORITIES (2023 IN %)



<sup>2</sup>Members of minority clans include the Benadiri, Bantu, Mayle, Barawans, Gardere, Yakabur and Rahanweyne.

### DEMOGRAPHIC (MARCH 2023)<sup>3</sup>



<sup>3</sup>Disaggregated data for displaced persons are based on those displacement reports where data has been collected at household level.

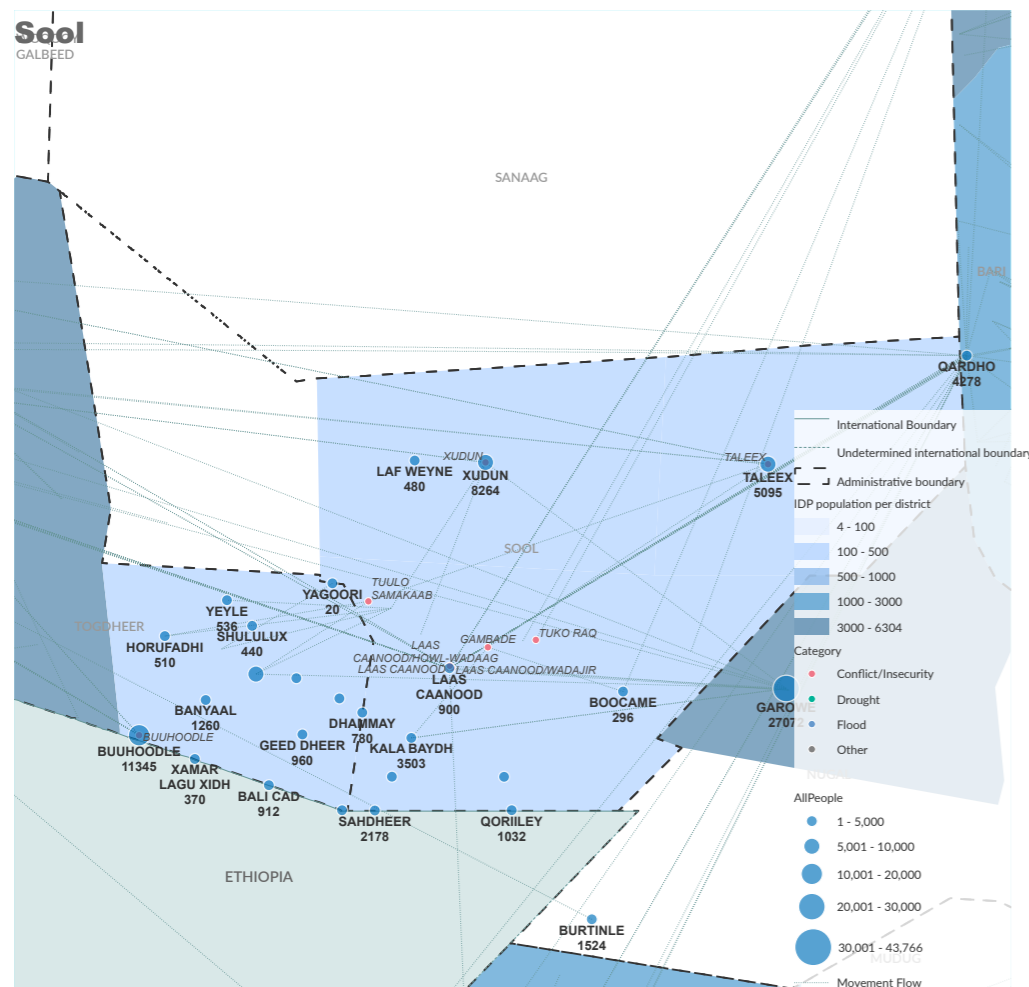
### SPECIFIC NEEDS OF THOSE WHO EXPERIENCED PROTECTION VIOLATIONS (IN 2023)<sup>4</sup>



<sup>4</sup>In March 2023, 15 specific needs were recorded of those individuals who experienced protection violations.

<sup>5</sup>Others who are at risk include the following categories family unit, specific legal and physical protection needs, unaccompanied or separate child, pregnant or lactating, serious medical condition, single parent, SGBV and torture. Individuals can have multiple vulnerabilities

### DISPLACEMENT LOCATION (MARCH 2023)



The highest district recorded by displacement incidents in the region was Xudun district (1,567).

In the incident resulting in the largest displacement, 1,201 individuals moved from Xudun settlement due to Conflict/Insecurity.

The second highest district recorded by displacement incidents in the region was Laas Caanood district (877).

In the incident resulting in the second largest displacement, 339 individuals moved from Kala Baydh settlement due to Conflict/Insecurity.

The third highest district recorded by displacement incidents in the region was Taleex district (715).

In the incident resulting in the third largest displacement, 715 individuals moved from Taleex settlement due to Conflict/Insecurity.

In March 2023, 2% of protection violations across Somalia were recorded in Awdal region.

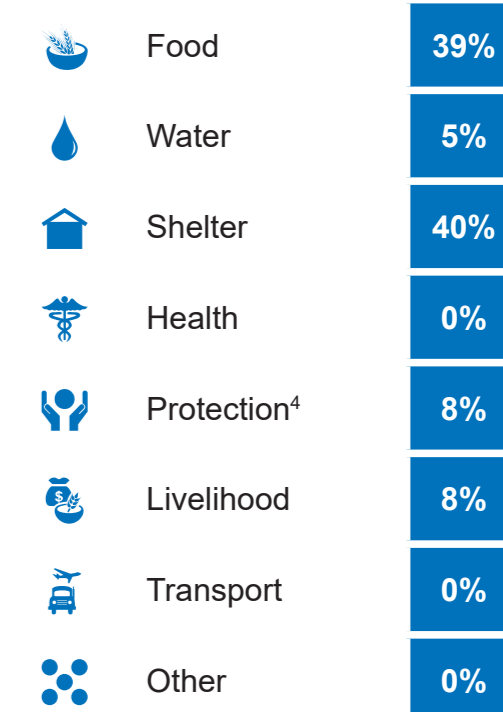
The highest district recorded by protection violation across Awdal region was Laas Caanood district (92%).

The highest recorded protection violations in the region from January to March 2023 include the following:

- Physical Assault/Attack Not Resulting In Death (51%)
- Killing/Manslaughter (39%).

The highest district recorded by protection violations in the region from January 2016 to March 2023 is Laas Caanood district (2,036).

### PRIORITY NEED ON ARRIVAL (MARCH 2023 IN %)



<sup>6</sup>Protection figures are underreported due to the concerns related to the sensitivity of this topic in the context of Somalia.

This dashboard should be read in conjunction with the Notes on [PRMN Methodology](#) which outline the approach and certain limitations. More information on Somalia can be found on the [UNHCR Somalia Data Portal](#).

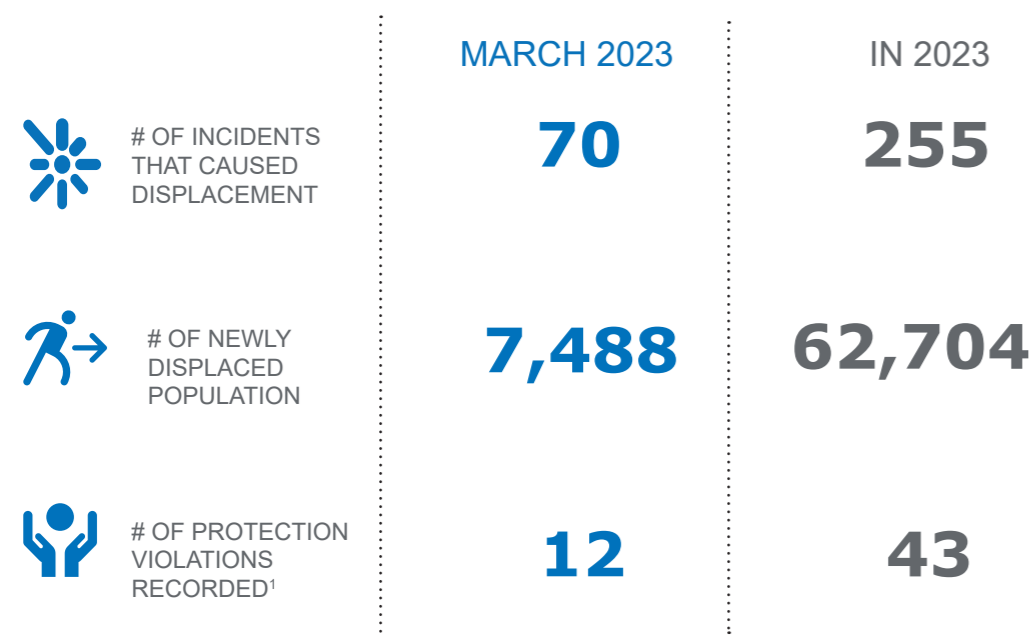
Implemented by:



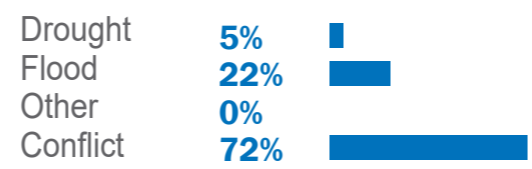
UNHCR is grateful for the generous contributions of donors who have directly contributed to the UNHCR Somalia operation in 2023



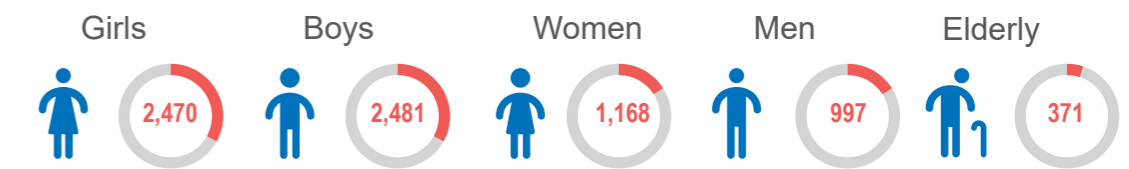




#### TRIGGERS OF DISPLACEMENT (MARCH 2023 IN %)

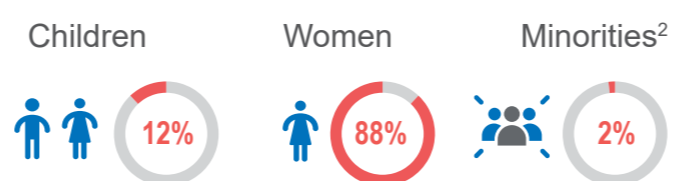


#### DEMOGRAPHIC (MARCH 2023)<sup>3</sup>



<sup>3</sup>Disaggregated data for displaced persons are based on those displacement reports where data has been collected at household level.

#### PROTECTION VIOLATIONS CONCERNING CHILDREN, WOMEN AND MINORITIES (2023 IN %)



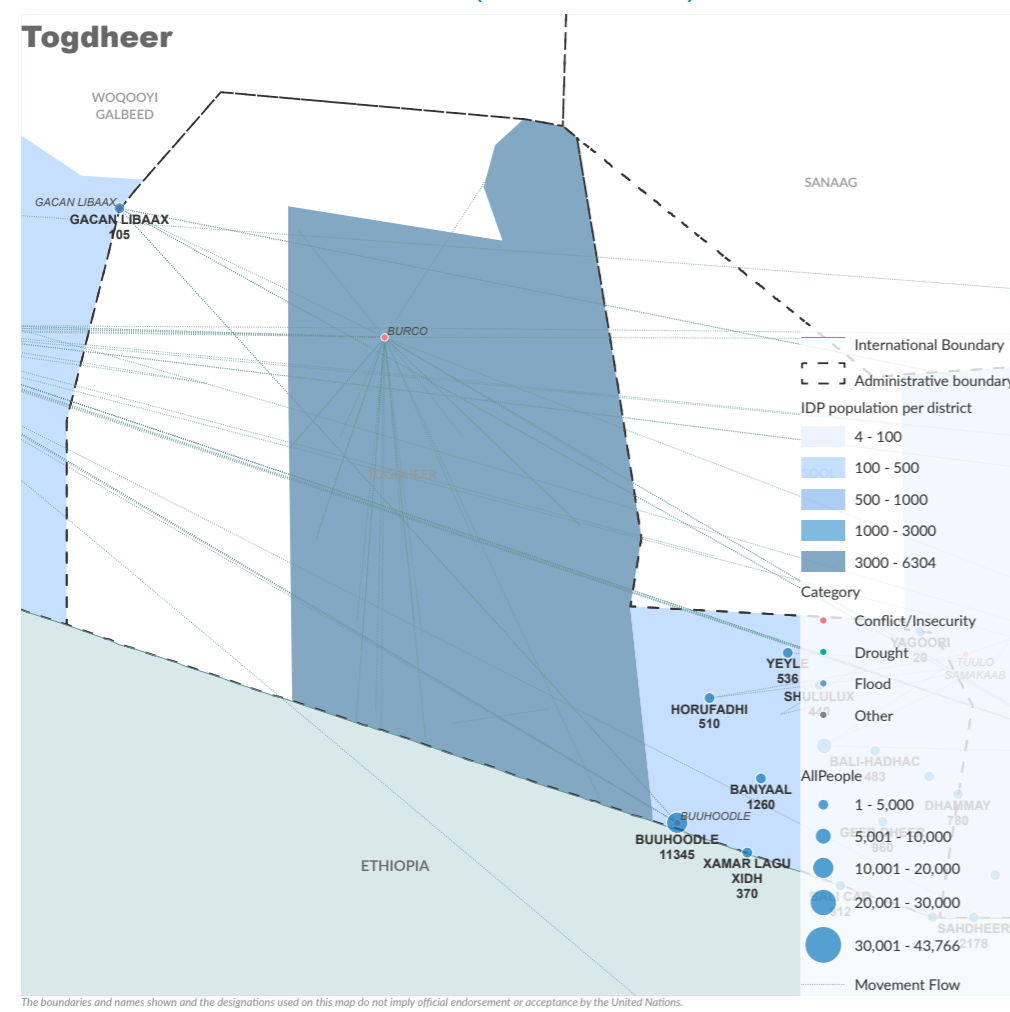
<sup>2</sup>Members of minority clans include the Benadiri, Bantu, Mayle, Barawans, Gardere, Yakabur and Rahanweyne.

#### SPECIFIC NEEDS OF THOSE WHO EXPERIENCED PROTECTION VIOLATIONS (IN 2023)<sup>4</sup>



<sup>4</sup>In March 2023, 12 specific needs were recorded of those individuals who experienced protection violations.  
<sup>5</sup>Others who are at risk include the following categories family unit, specific legal and physical protection needs, unaccompanied or separate child, pregnant or lactating, serious medical condition, single parent, SGBV and torture. Individuals can have multiple vulnerabilities

#### DISPLACEMENT LOCATION (MARCH 2023)



The highest district recorded by displacement incidents in the region was Burco district (5,032).

In the incident resulting in the largest displacement, 3,008 individuals moved from Burco settlement due to Conflict/Insecurity.

The second highest district recorded by displacement incidents in the region was Buuhoodle district (2,456).

In the incident resulting in the second largest displacement, 1,680 individuals moved from Dhoqoshay settlement due to Flood.

The third highest district recorded by displacement incidents in the region was NA district (-).

In the incident resulting in the third largest displacement, 1,655 individuals moved from Laasodaar settlement due to Conflict/Insecurity.

In March 2023, 2% of protection violations across Somalia were recorded in Awdal region.

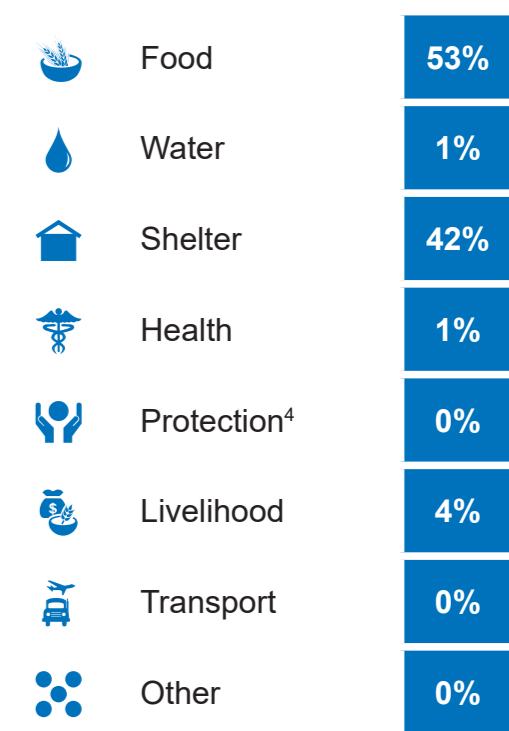
The highest district recorded by protection violation across Awdal region was Burco district (50%).

The highest recorded protection violations in the region from January to March 2023 include the following:

- Domestic Violence (72%)
- Physical Assault/Attack Not Resulting In Death (9%).

The highest district recorded by protection violations in the region from January 2016 to March 2023 is Burco district (617).

#### PRIORITY NEED ON ARRIVAL (MARCH 2023 IN %)



<sup>6</sup>Protection figures are underreported due to the concerns related to the sensitivity of this topic in the context of Somalia.

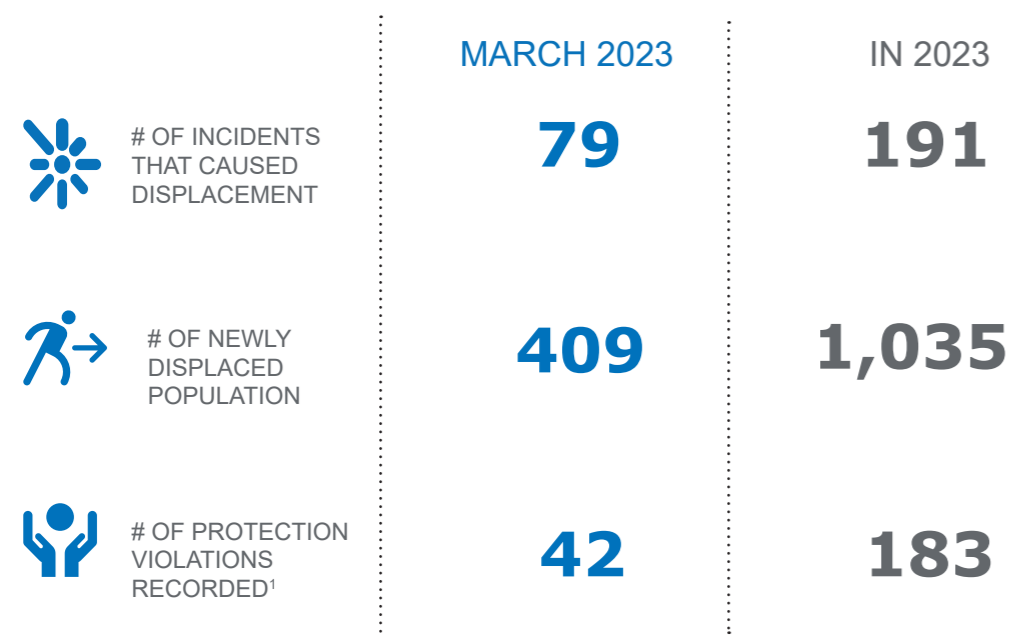
This dashboard should be read in conjunction with the Notes on [PRMN Methodology](#) which outline the approach and certain limitations. More information on Somalia can be found on the [UNHCR Somalia Data Portal](#).

Implemented by:



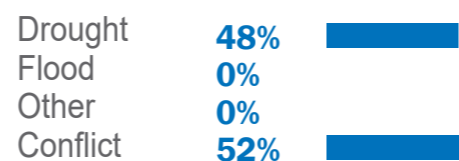
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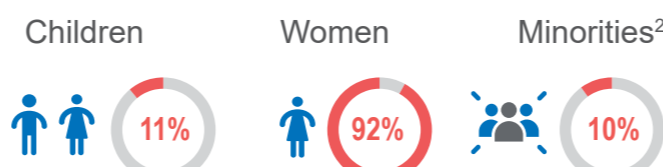


<sup>1</sup>Some protection violations were not recorded due to security risks in some regions.

#### TRIGGERS OF DISPLACEMENT (MARCH 2023 IN %)

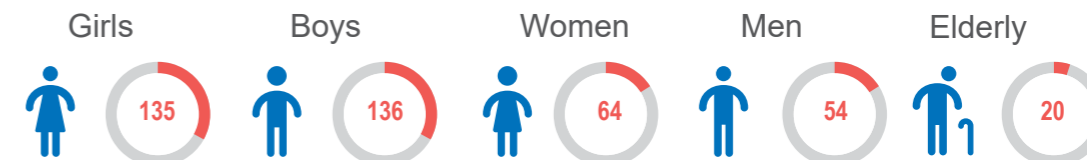


#### PROTECTION VIOLATIONS CONCERNING CHILDREN, WOMEN AND MINORITIES (2023 IN %)



<sup>2</sup>Members of minority clans include the Benadiri, Bantu, Mayle, Barawans, Gardere, Yakabur and Rahanweyne.

#### DEMOGRAPHIC (MARCH 2023)<sup>3</sup>



<sup>3</sup>Disaggregated data for displaced persons are based on those displacement reports where data has been collected at household level.

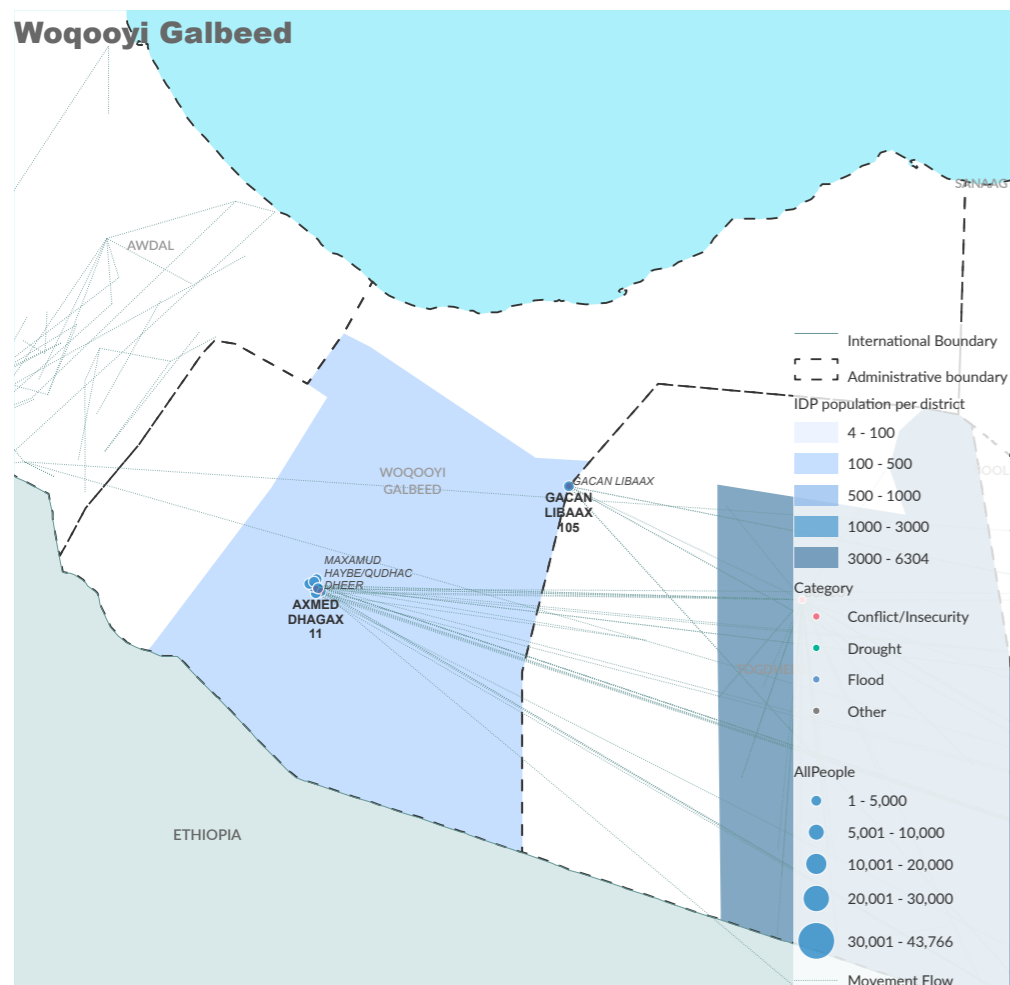
#### SPECIFIC NEEDS OF THOSE WHO EXPERIENCED PROTECTION VIOLATIONS (IN 2023)<sup>4</sup>



<sup>4</sup>In March 2023, 23 specific needs were recorded of those individuals who experienced protection violations.

<sup>5</sup>Others who are at risk include the following categories family unit, specific legal and physical protection needs, unaccompanied or separate child, pregnant or lactating, serious medical condition, single parent, SGBV and torture. Individuals can have multiple vulnerabilities

#### DISPLACEMENT LOCATION (MARCH 2023)



The boundaries and names shown and the designations used on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by the United Nations.

The highest district recorded by displacement incidents in the region was Hargeysa district (409).

In the incident resulting in the largest displacement, 112 individuals moved from 45,103 settlement due to Drought.

The second highest district recorded by displacement incidents in the region was NA district (-).

In the incident resulting in the second largest displacement, 78 individuals moved from Gacan Libaax settlement due to Conflict/Insecurity.

The third highest district recorded by displacement incidents in the region was NA district (-).

In the incident resulting in the third largest displacement, - individuals moved from - settlement due to -.

In March 2023, 7% of protection violations across Somalia were recorded in Awdal region.

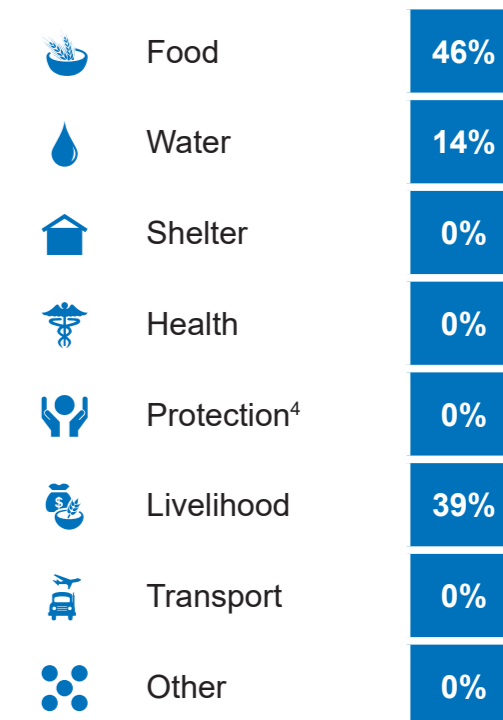
The highest district recorded by protection violation across Awdal region was Hargeysa district (100%).

The highest recorded protection violations in the region from January to March 2023 include the following:

- Domestic Violence (46%)
- Physical Assault/Attack Not Resulting In Death (25%).

The highest district recorded by protection violations in the region from January 2016 to March 2023 is Hargeysa district (9,098).

#### PRIORITY NEED ON ARRIVAL (MARCH 2023 IN %)



<sup>6</sup>Protection figures are underreported due to the concerns related to the sensitivity of this topic in the context of Somalia.

This dashboard should be read in conjunction with the Notes on [PRMN Methodology](#) which outline the approach and certain limitations. More information on Somalia can be found on the [UNHCR Somalia Data Portal](#).

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