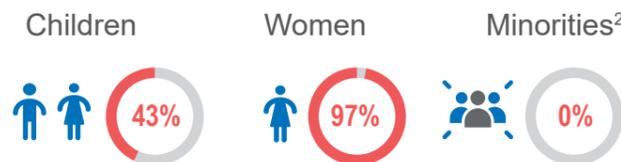


PROTECTION VIOLATIONS CONCERNING CHILDREN, WOMEN AND MINORITIES (2023 IN %)

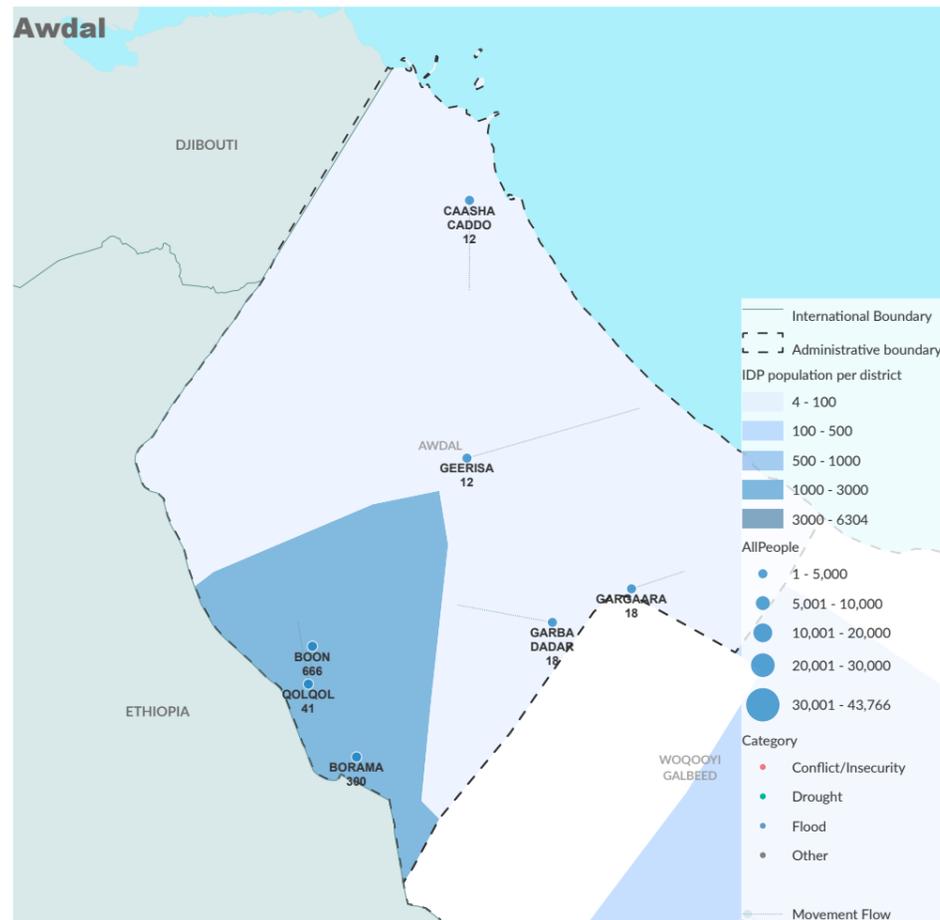


SPECIFIC NEEDS OF THOSE WHO EXPERIENCED PROTECTION VIOLATIONS (IN 2023)⁴



¹Some protection violations were not recorded due to security risks in some regions.

DISPLACEMENT LOCATION (APRIL 2023)



The highest district recorded by displacement incidents in the region was Borama district (1007).

In the incident resulting in the largest displacement, 660 individuals moved from Boon settlement due to Flood.

The second highest district recorded by displacement incidents in the region was Baki district (36).

In the incident resulting in the second largest displacement, 41 individuals moved from Qolqol settlement due to Drought.

The third highest district recorded by displacement incidents in the region was Zeylac district (12).

In the incident resulting in the third largest displacement, 18 individuals moved from Garba Dadar settlement due to Drought.

In April 2023, 1% of protection violations across Somalia were recorded in Awdal region.

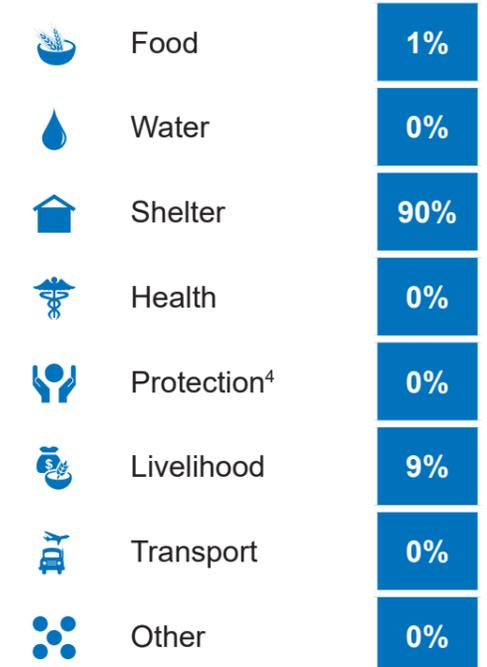
The highest district recorded by protection violation across Awdal region was Borama district (100%).

The highest recorded protection violations in the region from January to April 2023 include the following:

- Attempted rape (57%)
- Domestic Violence (37%).

The highest district recorded by protection violations in the region from January 2016 to April 2023 is Borama district (1,172).

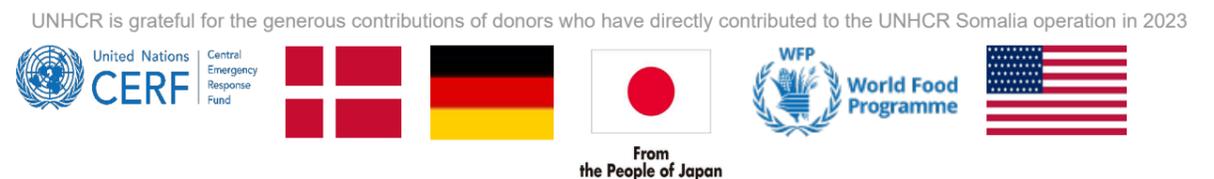
PRIORITY NEED ON ARRIVAL (APRIL 2023 IN %)

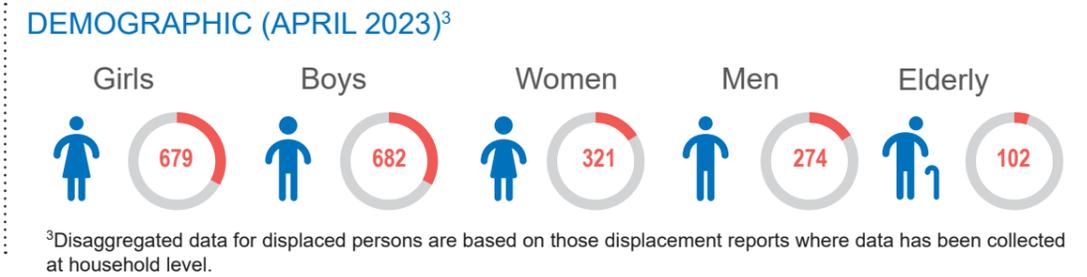
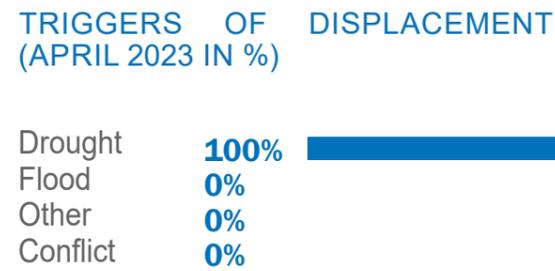
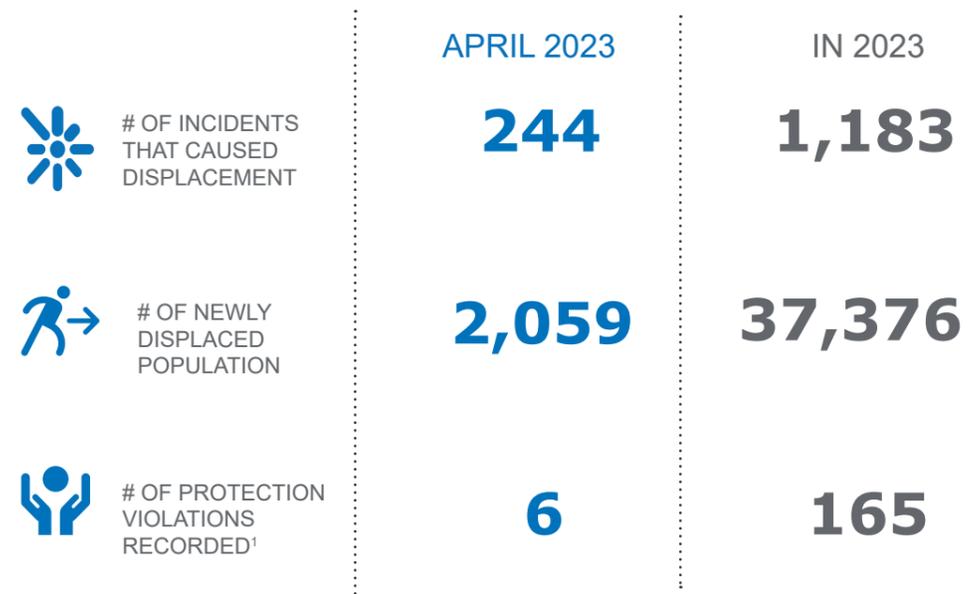


⁶Protection figures are underreported due to the concerns related to the sensitivity of this topic in the context of Somalia.

This dashboard should be read in conjunction with the Notes on [PRMN Methodology](#) which outline the approach and certain limitations. More information on Somalia can be found on the [UNHCR Somalia Data Portal](#).

Implemented by:





PROTECTION VIOLATIONS CONCERNING CHILDREN, WOMEN AND MINORITIES (2023 IN %)



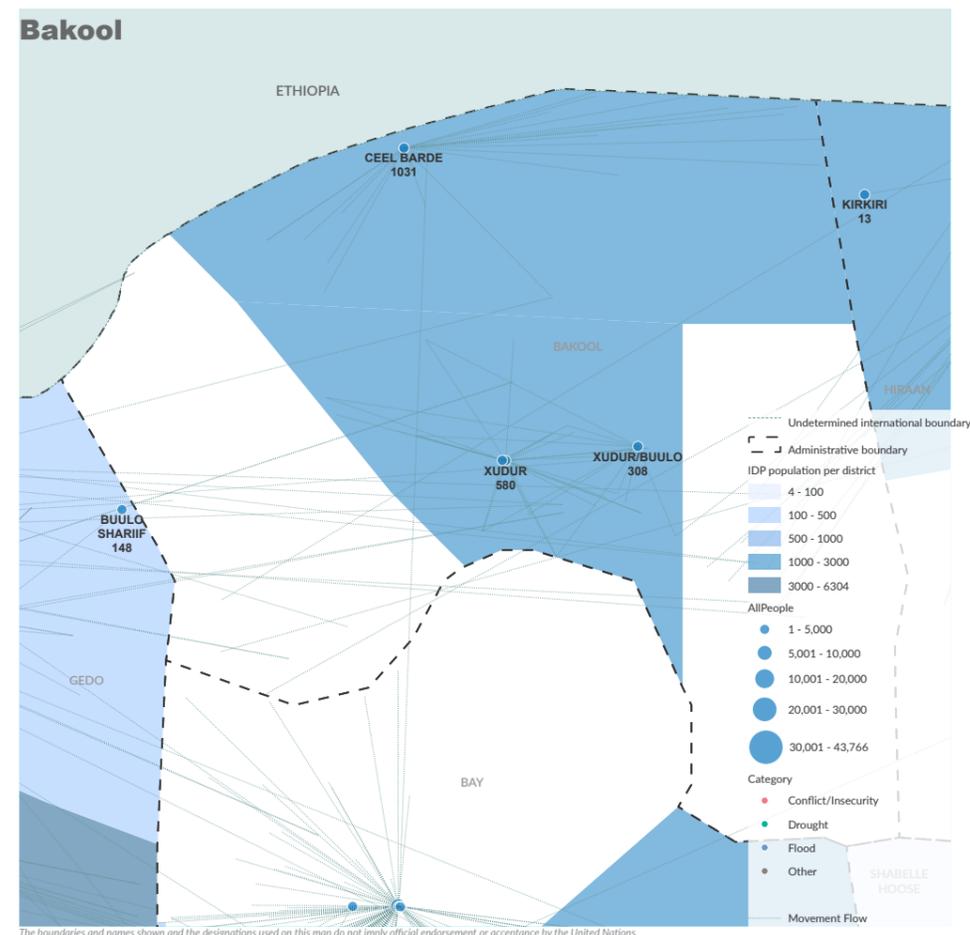
SPECIFIC NEEDS OF THOSE WHO EXPERIENCED PROTECTION VIOLATIONS (IN 2023)⁴



²Members of minority clans include the Benadiri, Bantu, Mayle, Barawans, Gardere, Yakabur and Rahanweyne.

⁴In April 2023, 8 specific needs were recorded of those individuals who experienced protection violations.
⁵Others who are at risk include the following categories family unit, specific legal and physical protection needs, unaccompanied or separate child, pregnant or lactating, serious medical condition, single parent, SGBV and torture. Individuals can have multiple vulnerabilities

DISPLACEMENT LOCATION (APRIL 2023)



The highest district recorded by displacement incidents in the region was Ceel Barde district (1031).

In the incident resulting in the largest displacement, 1025 individuals moved from Ceel Barde settlement due to Drought.

The second highest district recorded by displacement incidents in the region was Xudur district (1028).

In the incident resulting in the second largest displacement, 580 individuals moved from Xudur settlement due to Drought.

The third highest district recorded by displacement incidents in the region was 0 district (0).

In the incident resulting in the third largest displacement, 6 individuals moved from Ceel Barde settlement due to Other.

In April 2023, 1% of protection violations across Somalia were recorded in Awdal region.

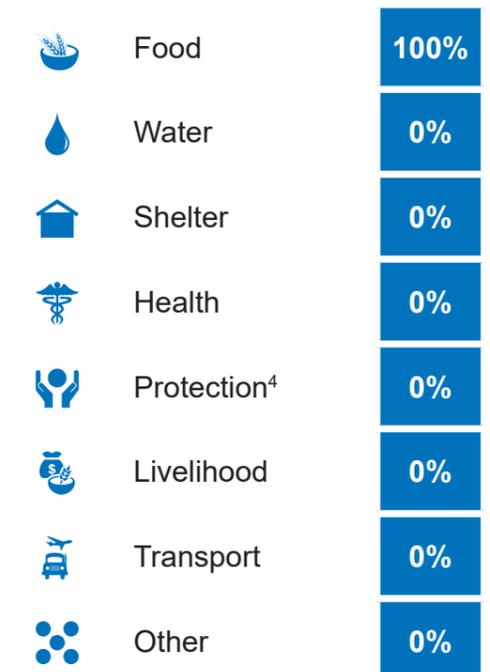
The highest district recorded by protection violation across Bakool region was Ceel Barde district (100%).

The highest recorded protection violations in the region from January to April 2023 include the following:

- Domestic Violence (99%)
- Female Genital Mutilation (FGM) (1%).

The highest district recorded by protection violations in the region from January 2016 to April 2023 is Xudur district (828).

PRIORITY NEED ON ARRIVAL (APRIL 2023 IN %)



⁶Protection figures are underreported due to the concerns related to the sensitivity of this topic in the context of Somalia.

This dashboard should be read in conjunction with the Notes on [PRMN Methodology](#) which outline the approach and certain limitations. More information on Somalia can be found on the [UNHCR Somalia Data Portal](#).

Implemented by:



UNHCR is grateful for the generous contributions of donors who have directly contributed to the UNHCR Somalia operation in 2023





OF INCIDENTS THAT CAUSED DISPLACEMENT

APRIL 2023

288

IN 2023

1,091



OF NEWLY DISPLACED POPULATION

13,225

96,048



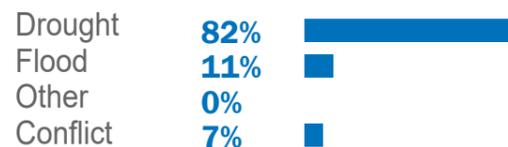
OF PROTECTION VIOLATIONS RECORDED¹

100

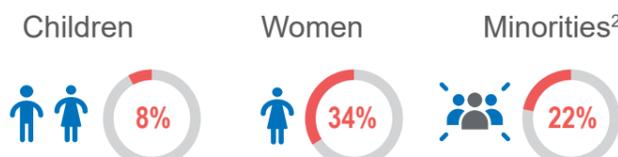
388

¹Some protection violations were not recorded due to security risks in some regions.

TRIGGERS OF DISPLACEMENT (APRIL 2023 IN %)



PROTECTION VIOLATIONS CONCERNING CHILDREN, WOMEN AND MINORITIES (2023 IN %)



²Members of minority clans include the Banadiri, Bantu, Mayle, Barawans, Gardere, Yakabur and Rahanweyne.

DEMOGRAPHIC (APRIL 2023)³



³Disaggregated data for displaced persons are based on those displacement reports where data has been collected at household level.

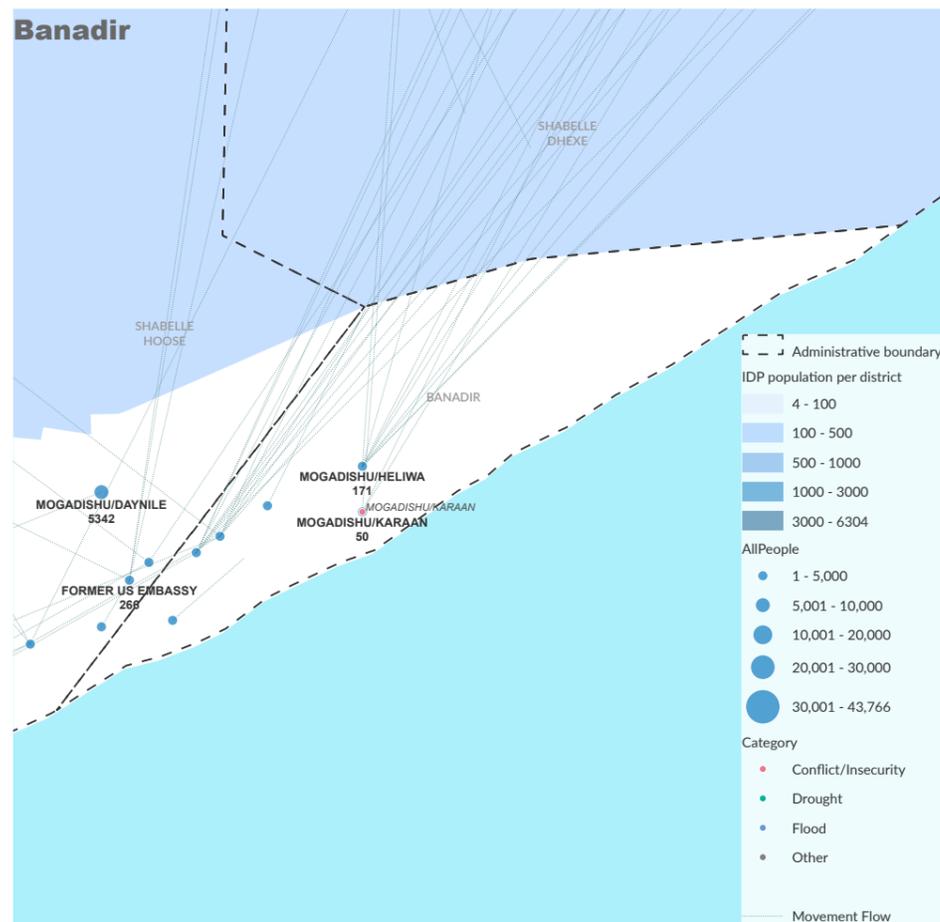
SPECIFIC NEEDS OF THOSE WHO EXPERIENCED PROTECTION VIOLATIONS (IN 2023)⁴



⁴In April 2023, 17 specific needs were recorded of those individuals who experienced protection violations.

⁵Others who are at risk include the following categories family unit, specific legal and physical protection needs, unaccompanied or separate child, pregnant or lactating, serious medical condition, single parent, SGBV and torture. Individuals can have multiple vulnerabilities

DISPLACEMENT LOCATION (APRIL 2023)



The boundaries and names shown and the designations used on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by the United Nations.

The highest district recorded by displacement incidents in the region was Banadir district (13225).

In the incident resulting in the largest displacement, 5342 individuals moved from Mogadishu/Daynile settlement due to Drought.

The second highest district recorded by displacement incidents in the region was 0 district (0).

In the incident resulting in the second largest displacement, 473 individuals moved from Mogadishu/Wadajir settlement due to Flood.

The third highest district recorded by displacement incidents in the region was 0 district (0).

In the incident resulting in the third largest displacement, 266 individuals moved from Former US Embassy settlement due to Conflict/Insecurity.

In April 2023, 20% of protection violations across Somalia were recorded in Awdal region.

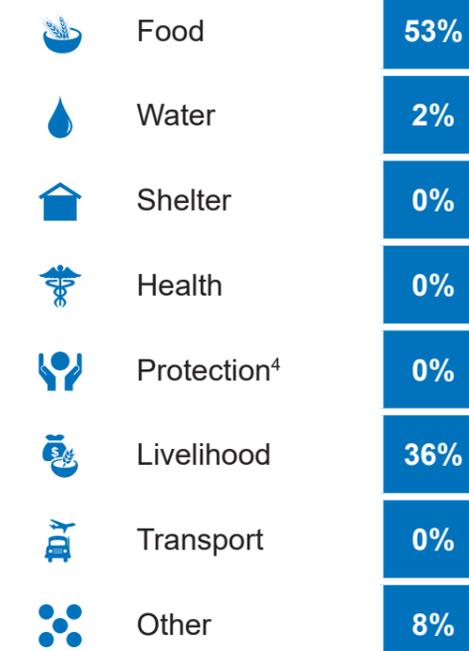
The highest district recorded by protection violation across Banadir region was Banadir district (100%).

The highest recorded protection violations in the region from January to April 2023 include the following:

- Physical Assault/Attack Not Resulting In Death (39%)
- Killing/Manslaughter (27%).

The highest district recorded by protection violations in the region from January 2016 to April 2023 is Banadir district (8,627).

PRIORITY NEED ON ARRIVAL (APRIL 2023 IN %)



⁶Protection figures are underreported due to the concerns related to the sensitivity of this topic in the context of Somalia.

Implemented by:



UNHCR is grateful for the generous contributions of donors who have directly contributed to the UNHCR Somalia operation in 2023



OF INCIDENTS THAT CAUSED DISPLACEMENT

APRIL 2023

230

IN 2023

656

OF NEWLY DISPLACED POPULATION

3,363

57,063

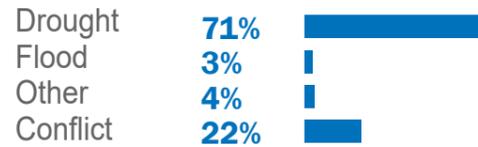
OF PROTECTION VIOLATIONS RECORDED¹

44

205

¹Some protection violations were not recorded due to security risks in some regions.

TRIGGERS OF DISPLACEMENT (APRIL 2023 IN %)

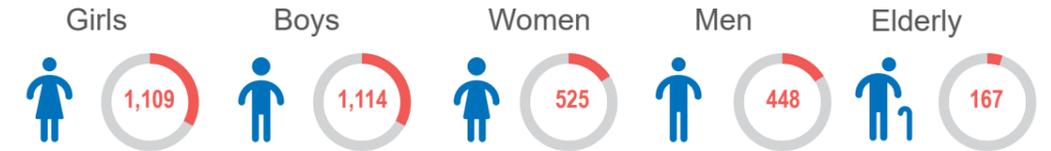


PROTECTION VIOLATIONS CONCERNING CHILDREN, WOMEN AND MINORITIES (2023 IN %)



²Members of minority clans include the Benadiri, Bantu, Mayle, Barawans, Gardere, Yakabur and Rahanweyne.

DEMOGRAPHIC (APRIL 2023)³



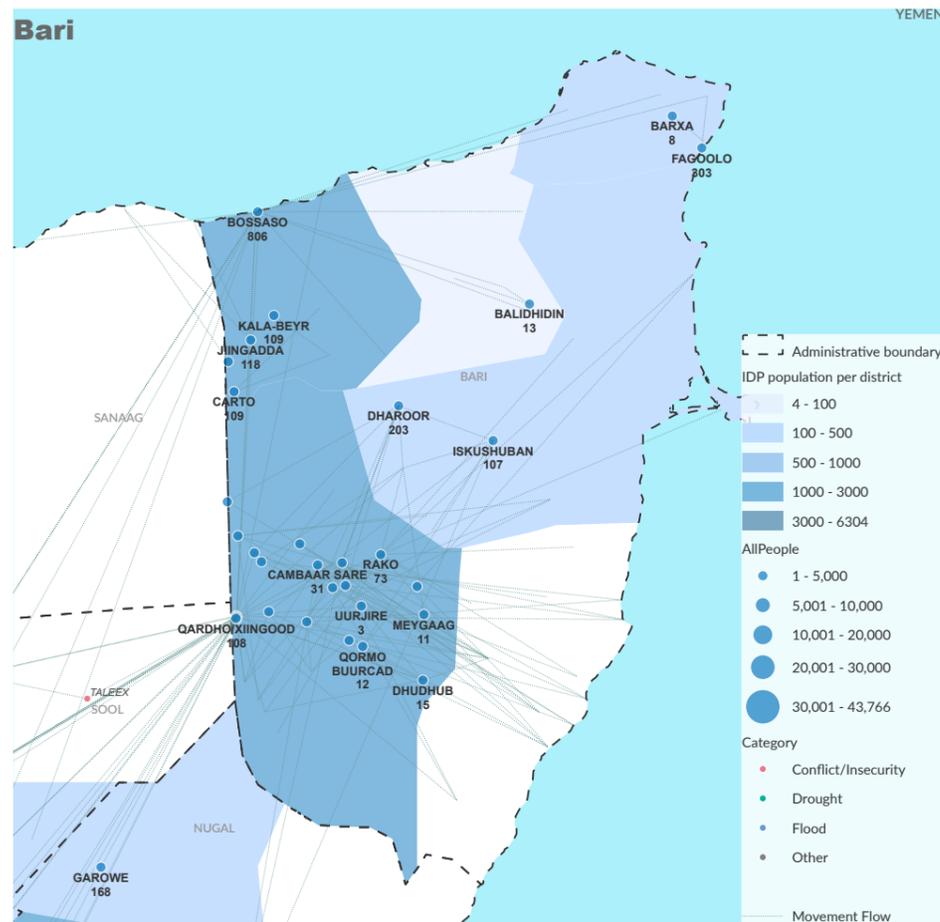
³Disaggregated data for displaced persons are based on those displacement reports where data has been collected at household level.

SPECIFIC NEEDS OF THOSE WHO EXPERIENCED PROTECTION VIOLATIONS (IN 2023)⁴



⁴In April 2023, 13 specific needs were recorded of those individuals who experienced protection violations.
⁵Others who are at risk include the following categories family unit, specific legal and physical protection needs, unaccompanied or separate child, pregnant or lactating, serious medical condition, single parent, SGBV and torture. Individuals can have multiple vulnerabilities

DISPLACEMENT LOCATION (APRIL 2023)



The highest district recorded by displacement incidents in the region was Bossaso district (1914).

In the incident resulting in the largest displacement, 681 individuals moved from Bossaso settlement due to Conflict/Insecurity.

The second highest district recorded by displacement incidents in the region was Qardho district (815).

In the incident resulting in the second largest displacement, 574 individuals moved from X_khayr settlement due to Other.

The third highest district recorded by displacement incidents in the region was Caluula district (311).

In the incident resulting in the third largest displacement, 303 individuals moved from Fagoolo settlement due to Drought.

In April 2023, 9% of protection violations across Somalia were recorded in Awdal region.

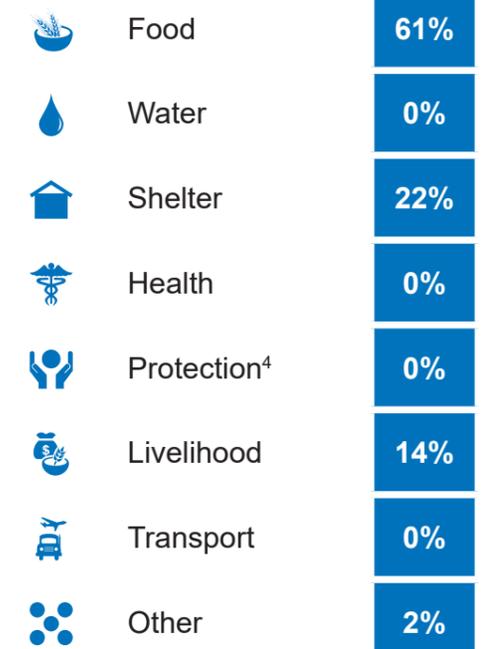
The highest district recorded by protection violation across Bari region was Bossaso district (91%).

The highest recorded protection violations in the region from January to April 2023 include the following:

- Domestic Violence (56%)
- Attempted rape (15%).

The highest district recorded by protection violations in the region from January 2016 to April 2023 is Bossaso district (1,744).

PRIORITY NEED ON ARRIVAL (APRIL 2023 IN %)



⁶Protection figures are underreported due to the concerns related to the sensitivity of this topic in the context of Somalia.

This dashboard should be read in conjunction with the Notes on [PRMN Methodology](#) which outline the approach and certain limitations. More information on Somalia can be found on the [UNHCR Somalia Data Portal](#).

Implemented by:



UNHCR is grateful for the generous contributions of donors who have directly contributed to the UNHCR Somalia operation in 2023



 # OF INCIDENTS THAT CAUSED DISPLACEMENT

APRIL 2023

385

IN 2023

1,496

 # OF NEWLY DISPLACED POPULATION

9,061

102,661

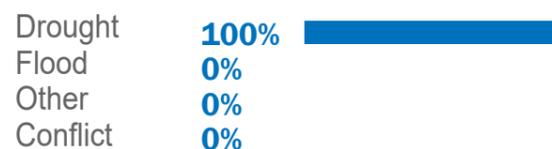
 # OF PROTECTION VIOLATIONS RECORDED¹

2

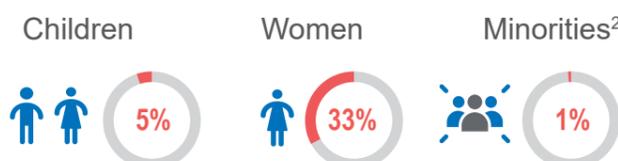
21

¹Some protection violations were not recorded due to security risks in some regions.

TRIGGERS OF DISPLACEMENT (APRIL 2023 IN %)



PROTECTION VIOLATIONS CONCERNING CHILDREN, WOMEN AND MINORITIES (2023 IN %)



²Members of minority clans include the Benadiri, Bantu, Mayle, Barawans, Gardere, Yakabur and Rahanweyne.

DEMOGRAPHIC (APRIL 2023)³



³Disaggregated data for displaced persons are based on those displacement reports where data has been collected at household level.

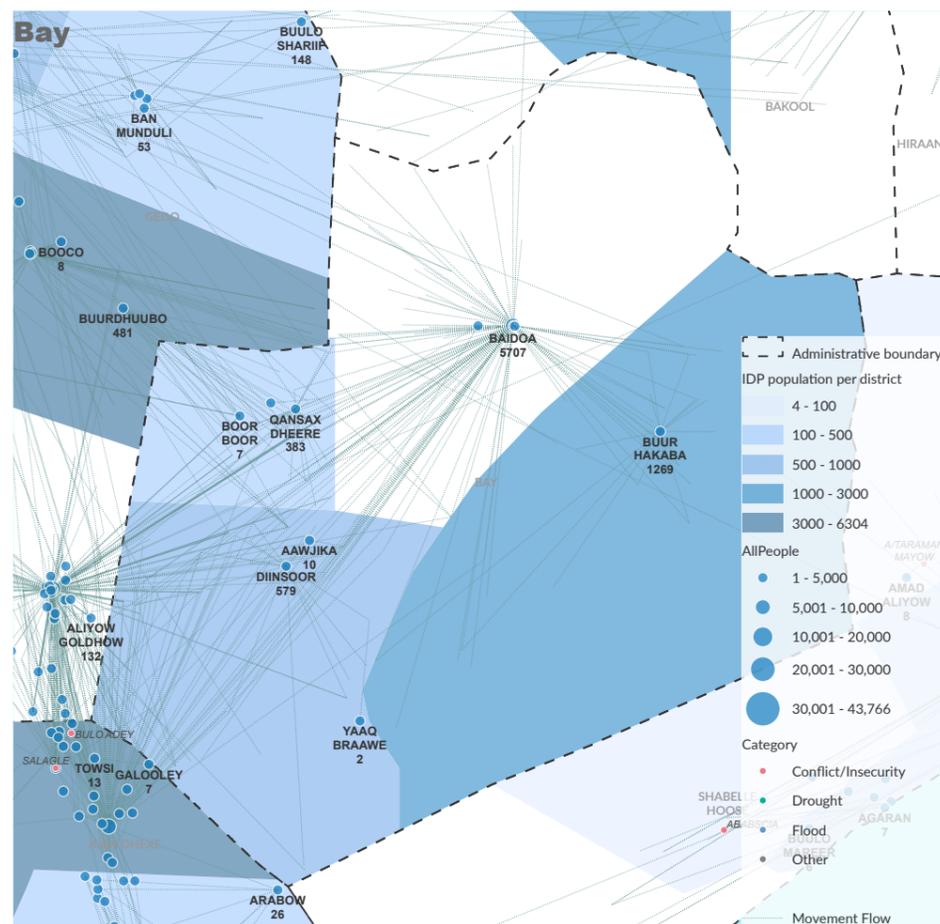
SPECIFIC NEEDS OF THOSE WHO EXPERIENCED PROTECTION VIOLATIONS (IN 2023)⁴



⁴In April 2023, 1 specific needs were recorded of those individuals who experienced protection violations.

⁵Others who are at risk include the following categories family unit, specific legal and physical protection needs, unaccompanied or separate child, pregnant or lactating, serious medical condition, single parent, SGBV and torture. Individuals can have multiple vulnerabilities

DISPLACEMENT LOCATION (APRIL 2023)



The highest district recorded by displacement incidents in the region was Baidoa district (6805).

In the incident resulting in the largest displacement, 5707 individuals moved from Baidoa settlement due to Drought.

The second highest district recorded by displacement incidents in the region was Buur Hakaba district (1269).

In the incident resulting in the second largest displacement, 1269 individuals moved from Buur Hakaba settlement due to Drought.

The third highest district recorded by displacement incidents in the region was Diinsoor district (591).

In the incident resulting in the third largest displacement, 579 individuals moved from Diinsoor settlement due to Drought.

In April 2023, 0% of protection violations across Somalia were recorded in Awdal region.

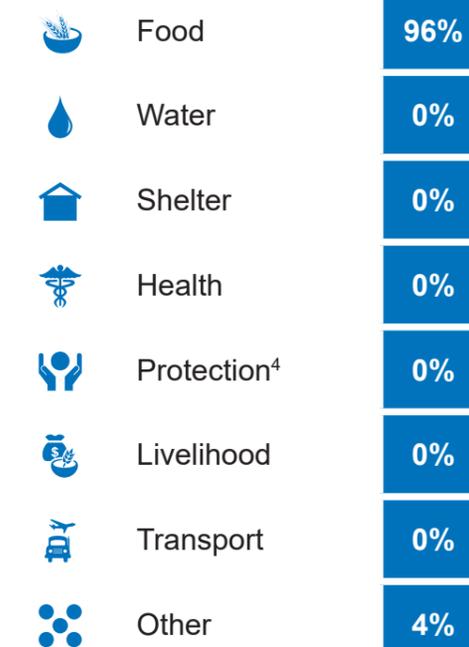
The highest district recorded by protection violation across Bay region was Diinsoor district (100%).

The highest recorded protection violations in the region from January to April 2023 include the following:

- Illegal Arrest and Detention (29%)
- Rape (19%).

The highest district recorded by protection violations in the region from January 2016 to April 2023 is Baidoa district (3,536).

PRIORITY NEED ON ARRIVAL (APRIL 2023 IN %)



⁶Protection figures are underreported due to the concerns related to the sensitivity of this topic in the context of Somalia.

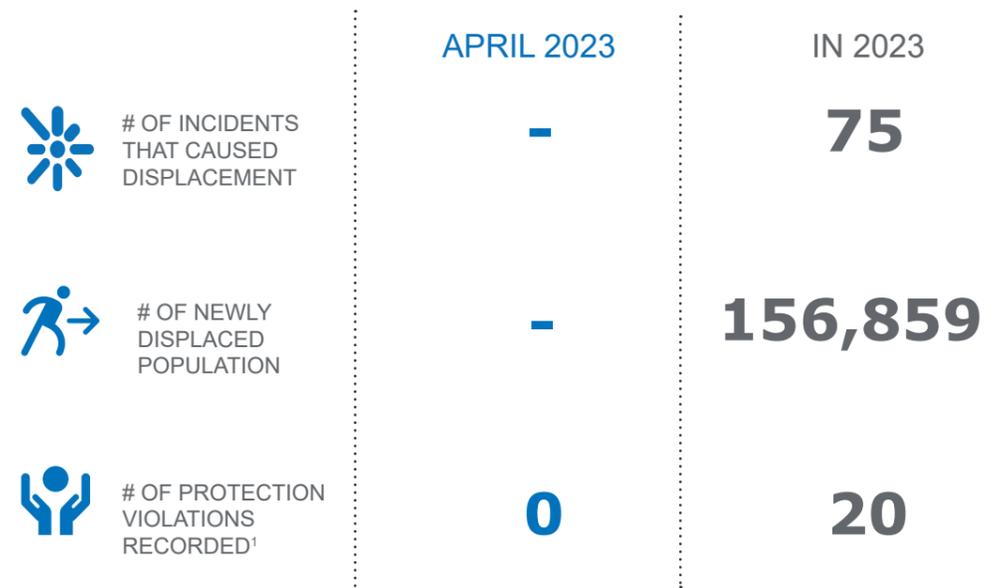
This dashboard should be read in conjunction with the Notes on [PRMN Methodology](#) which outline the approach and certain limitations. More information on Somalia can be found on the [UNHCR Somalia Data Portal](#).

Implemented by:



UNHCR is grateful for the generous contributions of donors who have directly contributed to the UNHCR Somalia operation in 2023

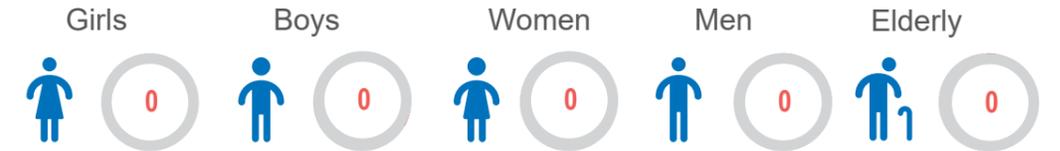




TRIGGERS OF DISPLACEMENT (APRIL 2023 IN %)

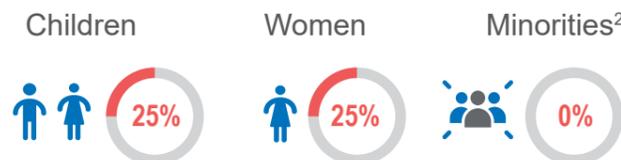


DEMOGRAPHIC (APRIL 2023)³



³Disaggregated data for displaced persons are based on those displacement reports where data has been collected at household level.

PROTECTION VIOLATIONS CONCERNING CHILDREN, WOMEN AND MINORITIES (2023 IN %)



²Members of minority clans include the Benadiri, Bantu, Mayle, Barawans, Gardere, Yakabur and Rahanweyne.

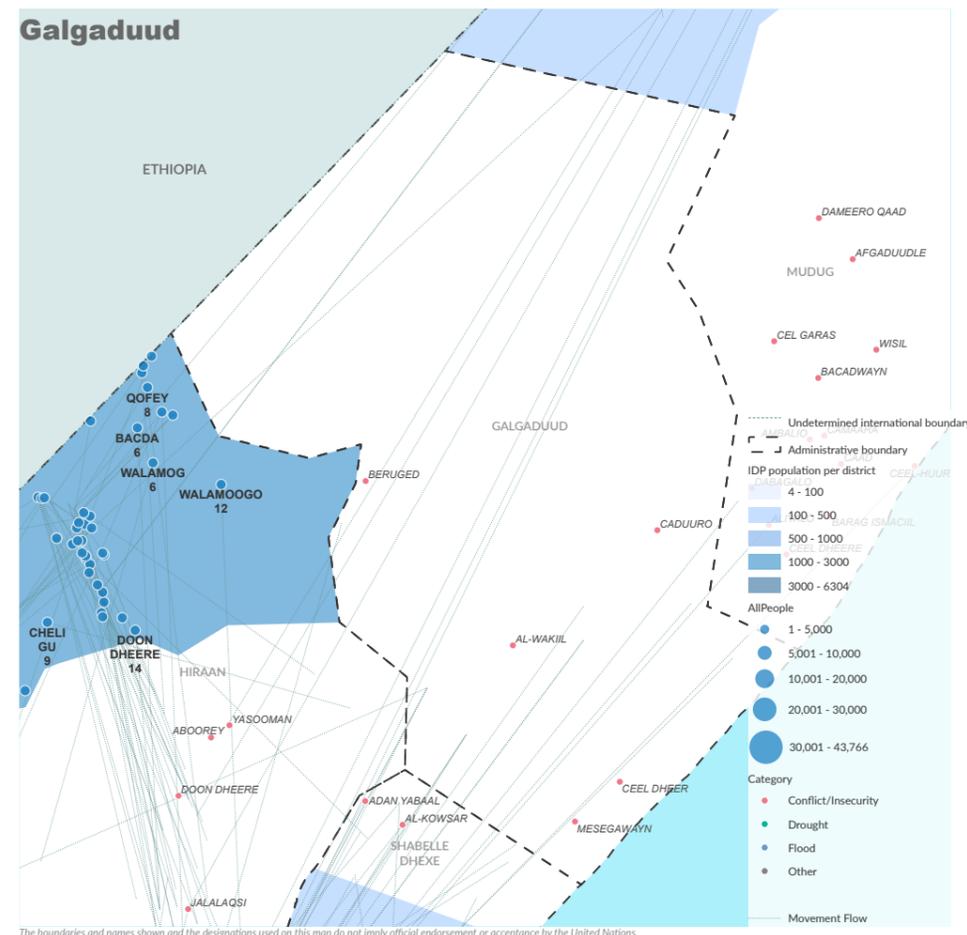
SPECIFIC NEEDS OF THOSE WHO EXPERIENCED PROTECTION VIOLATIONS (IN 2023)⁴



⁴In April 2023, 0 specific needs were recorded of those individuals who experienced protection violations.

⁵Others who are at risk include the following categories family unit, specific legal and physical protection needs, unaccompanied or separate child, pregnant or lactating, serious medical condition, single parent, SGBV and torture. Individuals can have multiple vulnerabilities

DISPLACEMENT LOCATION (APRIL 2023)



The highest district recorded by displacement incidents in the region was 0 district (0).

In the incident resulting in the largest displacement, 0 individuals moved from 0 settlement due to 0.

The second highest district recorded by displacement incidents in the region was 0 district (0).

In the incident resulting in the second largest displacement, 0 individuals moved from 0 settlement due to 0.

The third highest district recorded by displacement incidents in the region was 0 district (0).

In the incident resulting in the third largest displacement, 0 individuals moved from 0 settlement due to 0.

In April 2023, 0% of protection violations across Somalia were recorded in Awdal region.

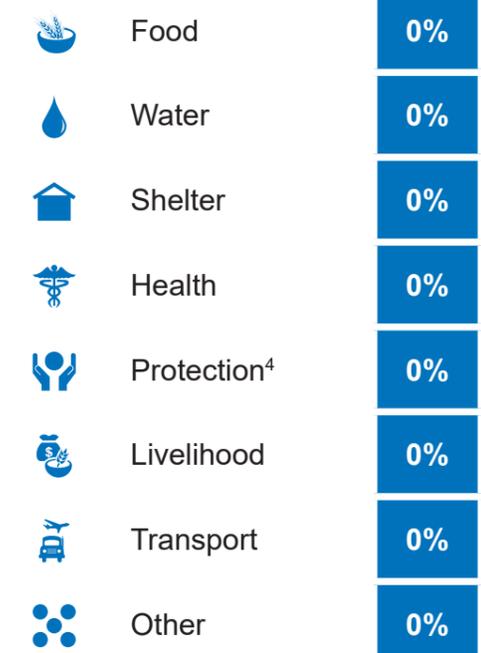
The highest district recorded by protection violation across Galgaduud region was 0 district (0%).

The highest recorded protection violations in the region from January to April 2023 include the following:

- Killing/Manslaughter (45%)
- Kidnapping/Abduction (40%).

The highest district recorded by protection violations in the region from January 2016 to April 2023 is Dhuusamarreeb district (539).

PRIORITY NEED ON ARRIVAL (APRIL 2023 IN %)



⁶Protection figures are underreported due to the concerns related to the sensitivity of this topic in the context of Somalia.

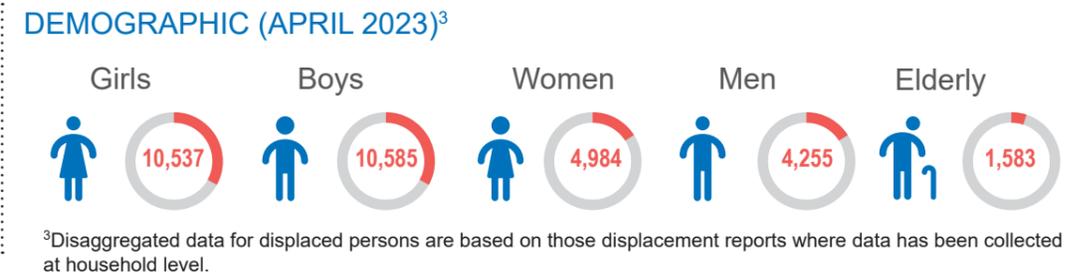
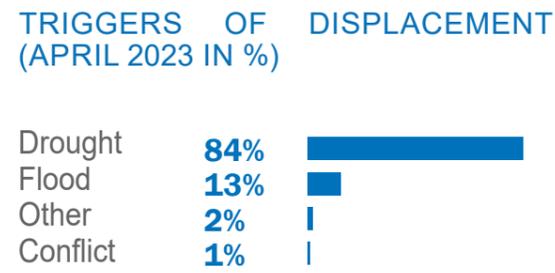
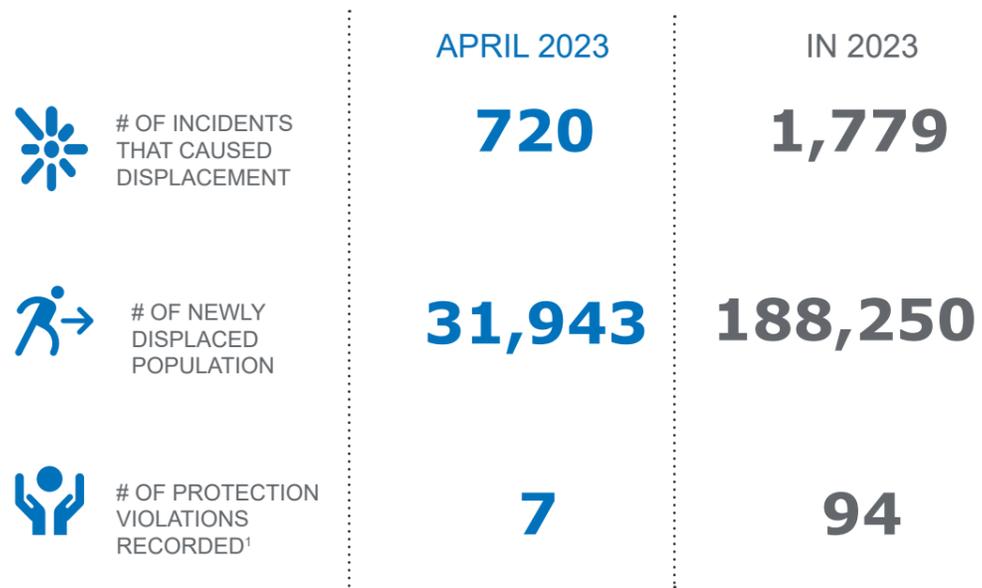
This dashboard should be read in conjunction with the Notes on [PRMN Methodology](#) which outline the approach and certain limitations. More information on Somalia can be found on the [UNHCR Somalia Data Portal](#).

Implemented by:



UNHCR is grateful for the generous contributions of donors who have directly contributed to the UNHCR Somalia operation in 2023

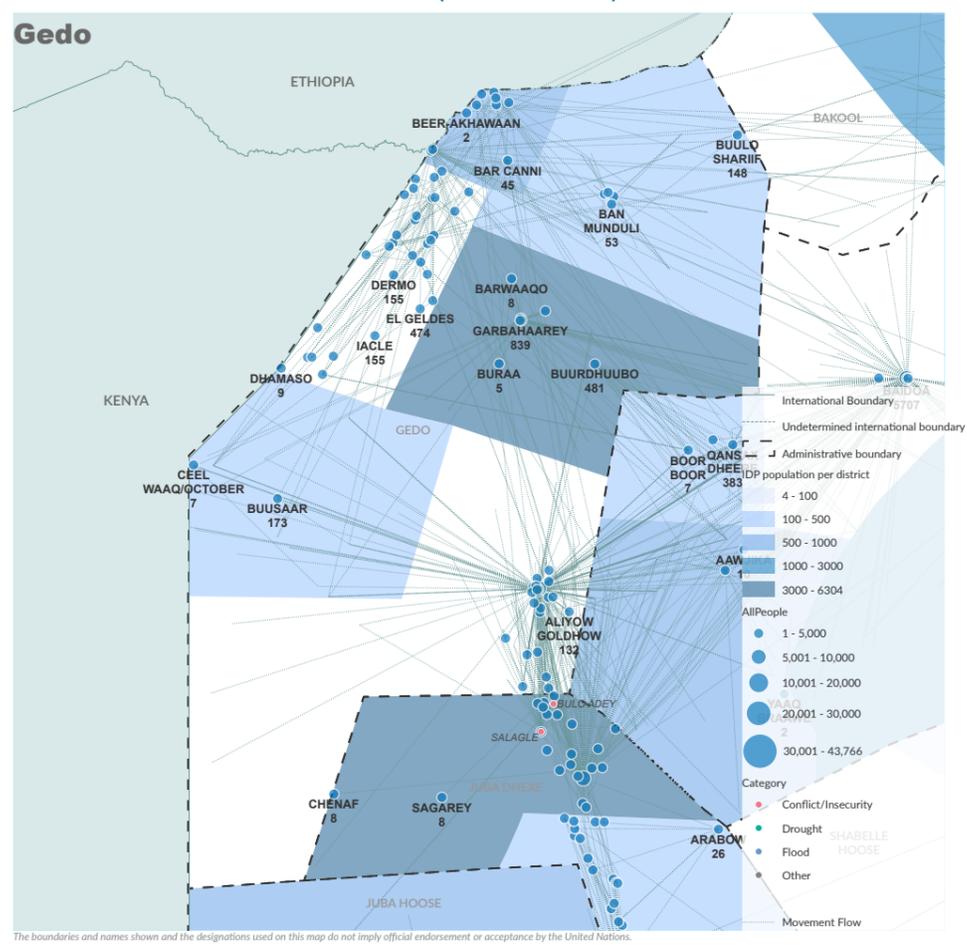




¹Some protection violations were not recorded due to security risks in some regions.

²Members of minority clans include the Benadiri, Bantu, Mayle, Barawans, Gardere, Yakabur and Rahanweyne.

DISPLACEMENT LOCATION (APRIL 2023)



The highest district recorded by displacement incidents in the region was Baardheere district (19739).

In the incident resulting in the largest displacement, 3686 individuals moved from Baardheere/Kaskey settlement due to Drought.

The second highest district recorded by displacement incidents in the region was Belet Xaawo district (7881).

In the incident resulting in the second largest displacement, 1762 individuals moved from Baardheere/Kaskey settlement due to Flood.

The third highest district recorded by displacement incidents in the region was Garbahaarey district (2947).

In the incident resulting in the third largest displacement, 1371 individuals moved from Belet Xaawo settlement due to Drought.

In April 2023, 1% of protection violations across Somalia were recorded in Awdal region.

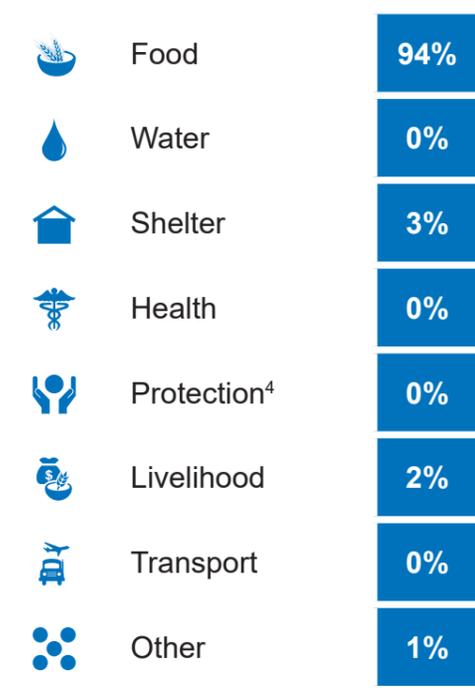
The highest district recorded by protection violation across Gedo region was Baardheere district (71%).

The highest recorded protection violations in the region from January to April 2023 include the following:

- Physical Assault/Attack Not Resulting In Death (26%)
- Illegal Arrest and Detention (16%).

The highest district recorded by protection violations in the region from January 2016 to April 2023 is Baardheere district (478).

PRIORITY NEED ON ARRIVAL (APRIL 2023 IN %)

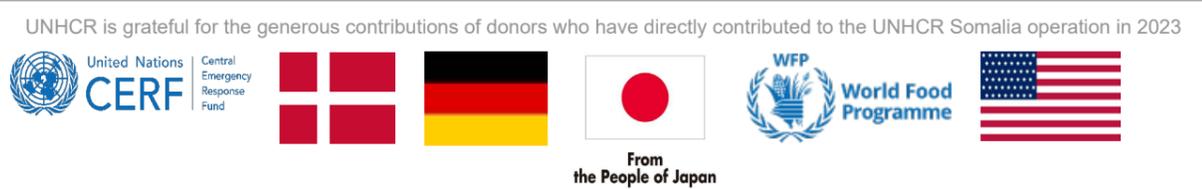


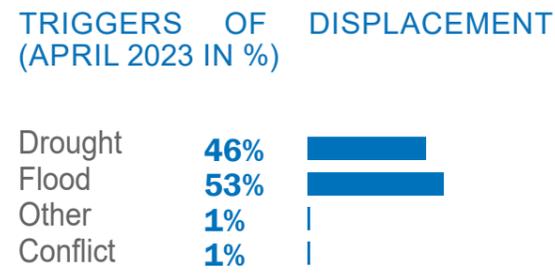
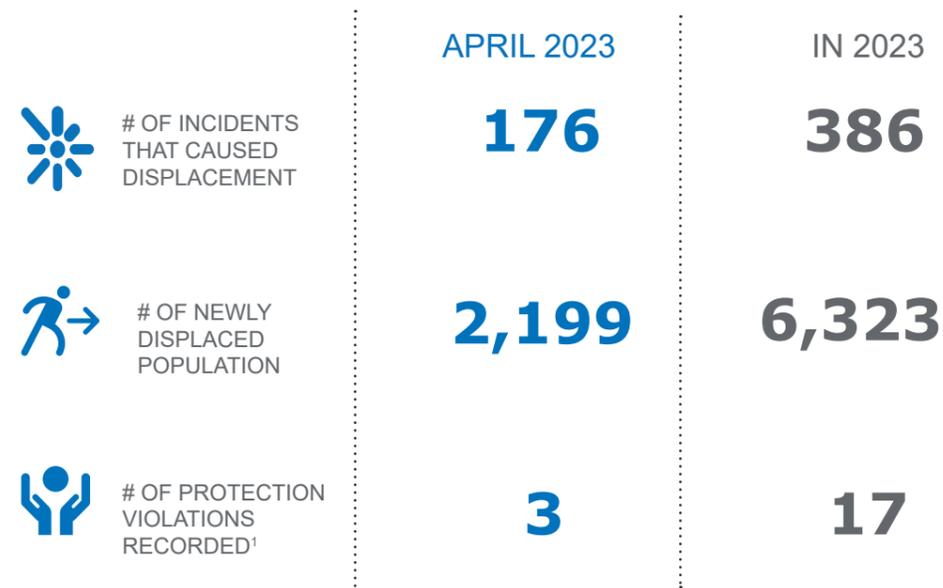
⁶Protection figures are underreported due to the concerns related to the sensitivity of this topic in the context of Somalia.

Implemented by:



This dashboard should be read in conjunction with the Notes on [PRMN Methodology](#) which outline the approach and certain limitations. More information on Somalia can be found on the [UNHCR Somalia Data Portal](#).



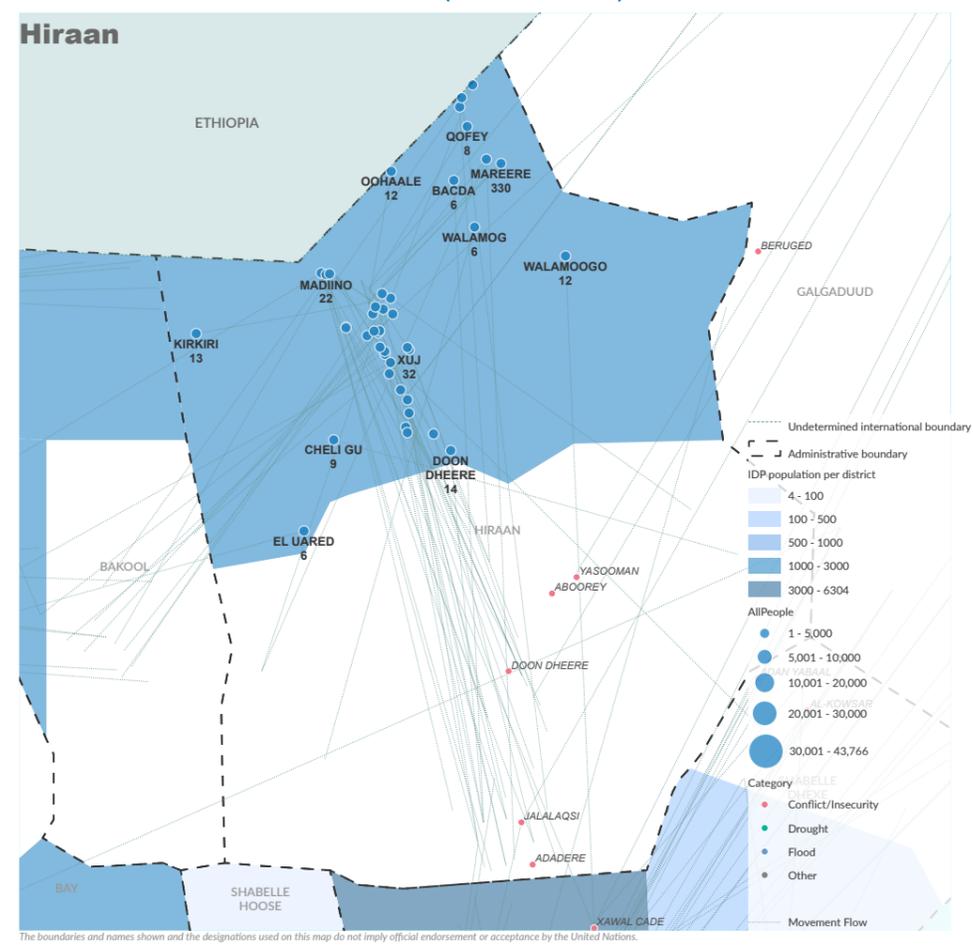


¹Some protection violations were not recorded due to security risks in some regions.

²Members of minority clans include the Benadiri, Bantu, Mayle, Barawans, Gardere, Yakabur and Rahanweyne.

⁴In April 2023, 1 specific needs were recorded of those individuals who experienced protection violations.
⁵Others who are at risk include the following categories family unit, specific legal and physical protection needs, unaccompanied or separate child, pregnant or lactating, serious medical condition, single parent, SGBV and torture. Individuals can have multiple vulnerabilities

DISPLACEMENT LOCATION (APRIL 2023)



The highest district recorded by displacement incidents in the region was Belet Weyne district (2191).

In the incident resulting in the largest displacement, 473 individuals moved from Hilo Kelyo settlement due to Flood.

The second highest district recorded by displacement incidents in the region was Bulo Burto district (8).

In the incident resulting in the second largest displacement, 218 individuals moved from Baacyar settlement due to Drought.

The third highest district recorded by displacement incidents in the region was 0 district (0).

In the incident resulting in the third largest displacement, 13 individuals moved from Madiino settlement due to Conflict/Insecurity.

In April 2023, 1% of protection violations across Somalia were recorded in Awdal region.

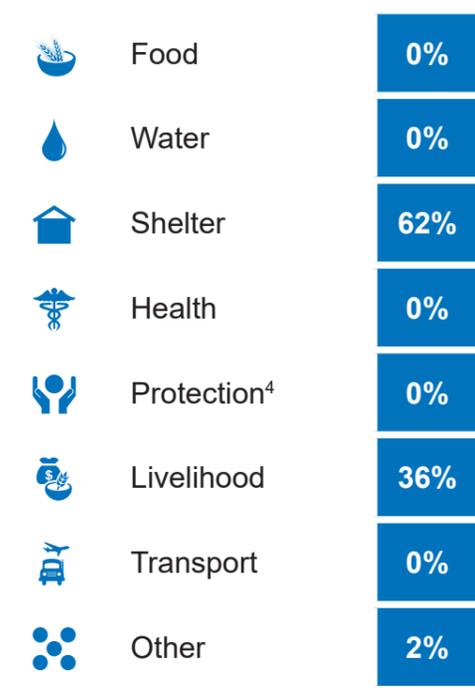
The highest district recorded by protection violation across Hiraan region was Belet Weyne district (100%).

The highest recorded protection violations in the region from January to April 2023 include the following:

- Killing/Manslaughter (53%)
- Kidnapping/Abduction (29%).

The highest district recorded by protection violations in the region from January 2016 to April 2023 is Belet Weyne district (350).

PRIORITY NEED ON ARRIVAL (APRIL 2023 IN %)

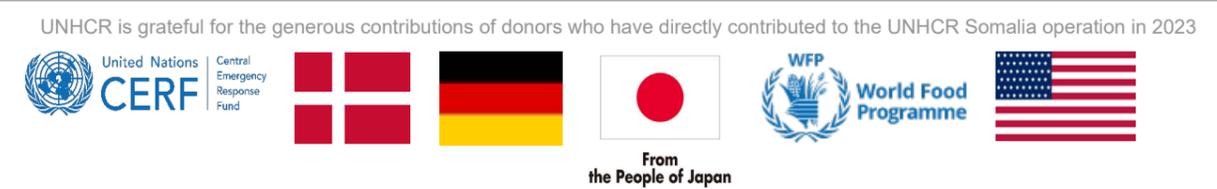


⁶Protection figures are underreported due to the concerns related to the sensitivity of this topic in the context of Somalia.

Implemented by:



This dashboard should be read in conjunction with the Notes on [PRMN Methodology](#) which outline the approach and certain limitations. More information on Somalia can be found on the [UNHCR Somalia Data Portal](#).



OF INCIDENTS THAT CAUSED DISPLACEMENT

APRIL 2023 **536** IN 2023 **1,358**

OF NEWLY DISPLACED POPULATION

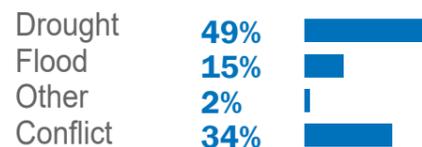
3,731 **19,731**

OF PROTECTION VIOLATIONS RECORDED¹

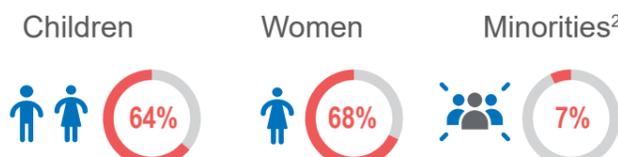
10 **25**

¹Some protection violations were not recorded due to security risks in some regions.

TRIGGERS OF DISPLACEMENT (APRIL 2023 IN %)

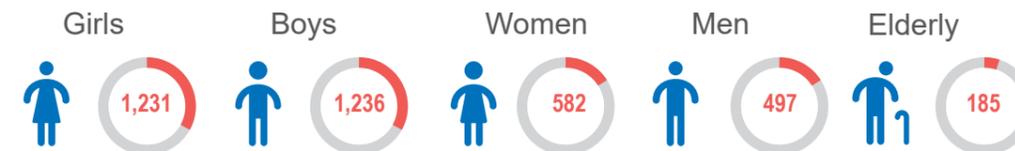


PROTECTION VIOLATIONS CONCERNING CHILDREN, WOMEN AND MINORITIES (2023 IN %)



²Members of minority clans include the Benadiri, Bantu, Mayle, Barawans, Gardere, Yakabur and Rahanweyne.

DEMOGRAPHIC (APRIL 2023)³



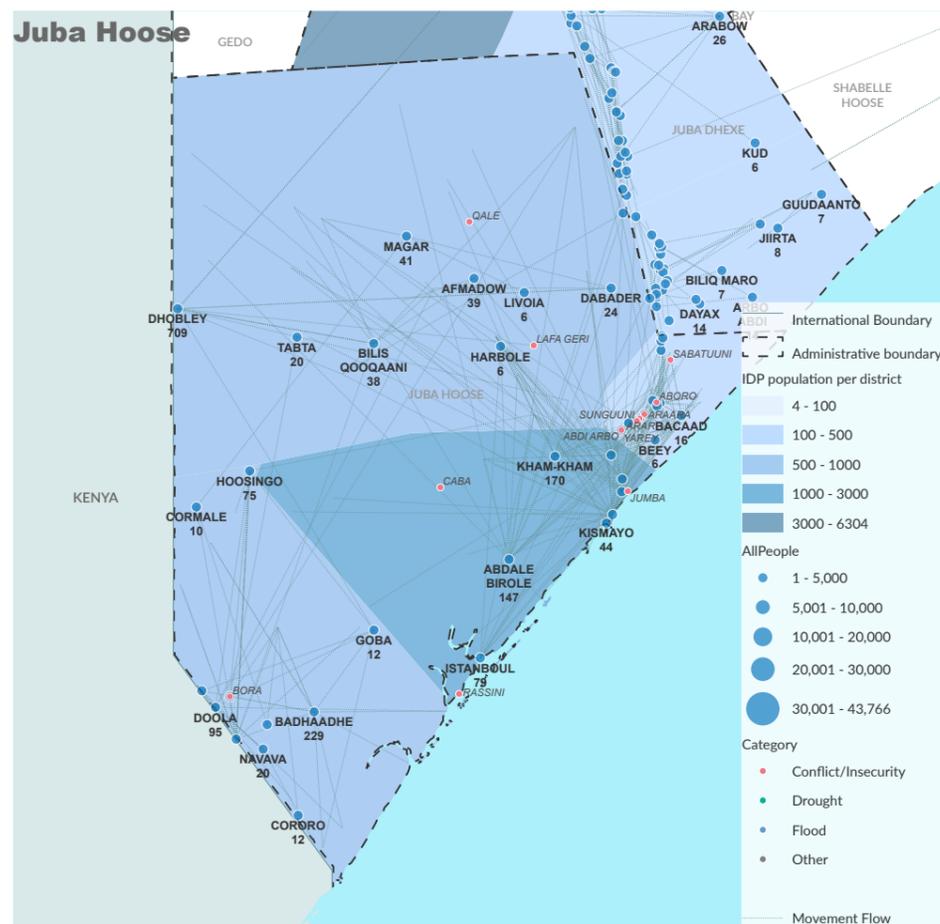
³Disaggregated data for displaced persons are based on those displacement reports where data has been collected at household level.

SPECIFIC NEEDS OF THOSE WHO EXPERIENCED PROTECTION VIOLATIONS (IN 2023)⁴



⁴In April 2023, 2 specific needs were recorded of those individuals who experienced protection violations.
⁵Others who are at risk include the following categories family unit, specific legal and physical protection needs, unaccompanied or separate child, pregnant or lactating, serious medical condition, single parent, SGBV and torture. Individuals can have multiple vulnerabilities

DISPLACEMENT LOCATION (APRIL 2023)



The highest district recorded by displacement incidents in the region was Kismayo district (1467).

In the incident resulting in the largest displacement, 549 individuals moved from Dhoobley settlement due to Conflict/Insecurity.

The second highest district recorded by displacement incidents in the region was Afmadow district (1098).

In the incident resulting in the second largest displacement, 255 individuals moved from Dalxiiska settlement due to Drought.

The third highest district recorded by displacement incidents in the region was Badhaadhe district (750).

In the incident resulting in the third largest displacement, 176 individuals moved from Dhoobley settlement due to Flood.

In April 2023, 2% of protection violations across Somalia were recorded in Awdal region.

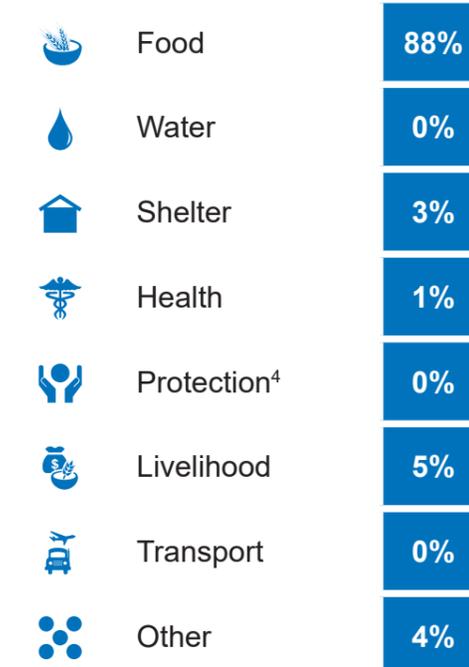
The highest district recorded by protection violation across Lower Juba region was Afmadow district (100%).

The highest recorded protection violations in the region from January to April 2023 include the following:

- Kidnapping/Abduction (36%)
- Physical Assault/Attack Not Resulting In Death (16%).

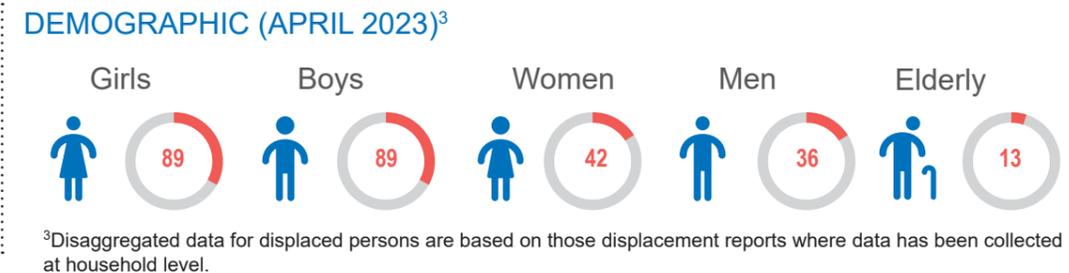
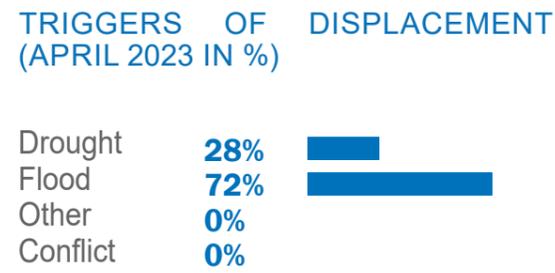
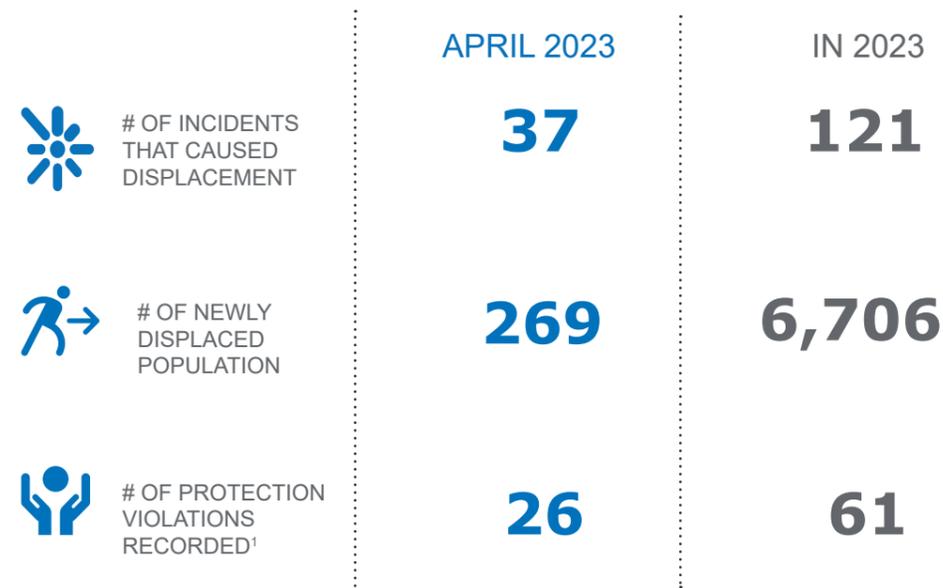
The highest district recorded by protection violations in the region from January 2016 to April 2023 is Kismayo district (493).

PRIORITY NEED ON ARRIVAL (APRIL 2023 IN %)



⁶Protection figures are underreported due to the concerns related to the sensitivity of this topic in the context of Somalia.

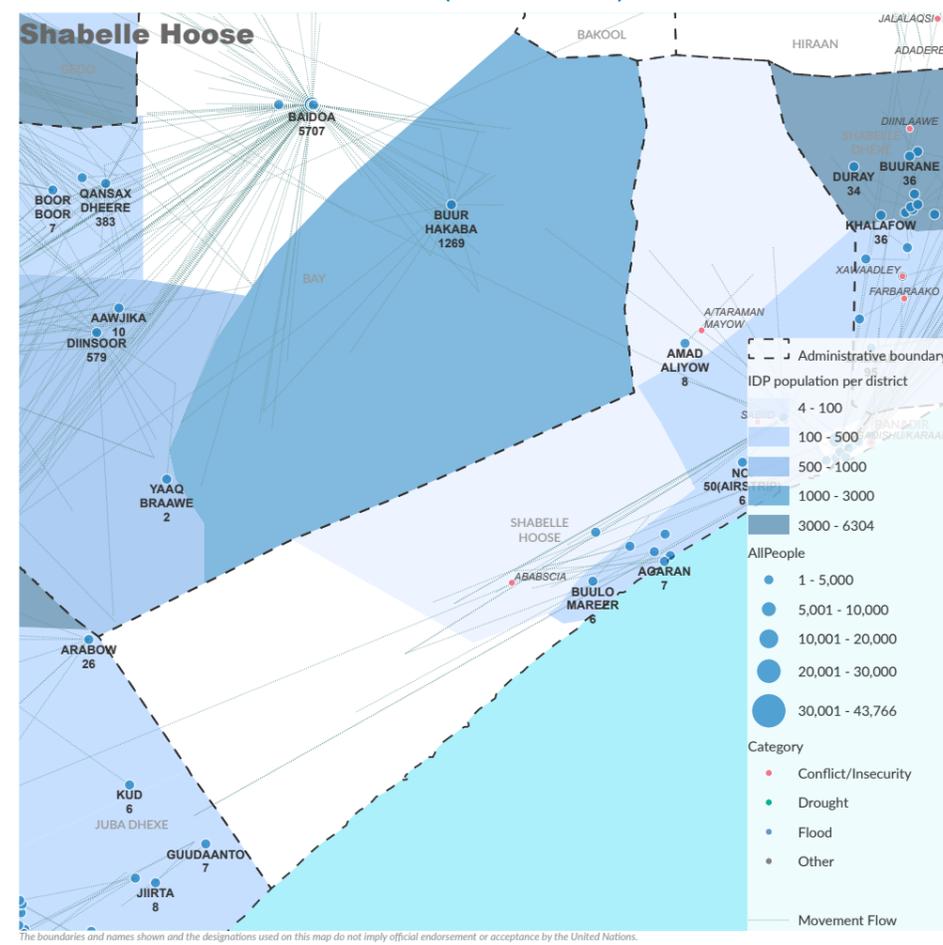
This dashboard should be read in conjunction with the Notes on [PRMN Methodology](#) which outline the approach and certain limitations. More information on Somalia can be found on the [UNHCR Somalia Data Portal](#).



¹Some protection violations were not recorded due to security risks in some regions.

²Members of minority clans include the Benadiri, Bantu, Mayle, Barawans, Gardere, Yakabur and Rahanweyne.

DISPLACEMENT LOCATION (APRIL 2023)



The highest district recorded by displacement incidents in the region was Afgooye district (129).

In the incident resulting in the largest displacement, 58 individuals moved from Afgooye settlement due to Flood.

The second highest district recorded by displacement incidents in the region was Marka district (102).

In the incident resulting in the second largest displacement, 47 individuals moved from Marka settlement due to Flood.

The third highest district recorded by displacement incidents in the region was Qoryooley district (24).

In the incident resulting in the third largest displacement, 24 individuals moved from Qoryooley settlement due to Flood.

In April 2023, 5% of protection violations across Somalia were recorded in Awdal region.

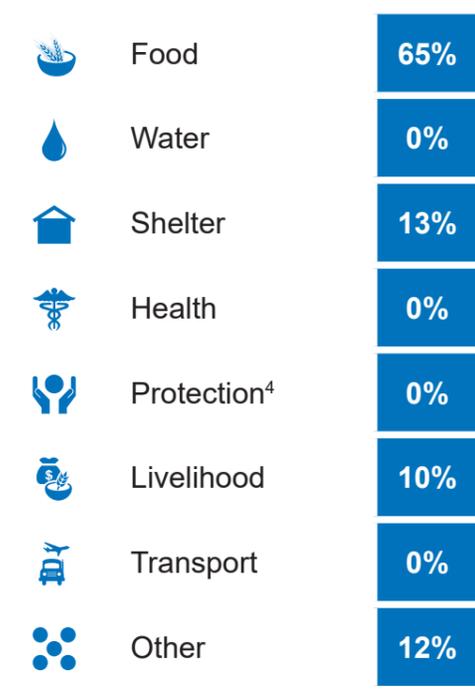
The highest district recorded by protection violation across Lower Shabelle region was Afgooye district (100%).

The highest recorded protection violations in the region from January to April 2023 include the following:

- Physical Assault/Attack Not Resulting In Death (36%)
- Threat To Life/Physical Integrity (20%).

The highest district recorded by protection violations in the region from January 2016 to April 2023 is Marka district (2,476).

PRIORITY NEED ON ARRIVAL (APRIL 2023 IN %)

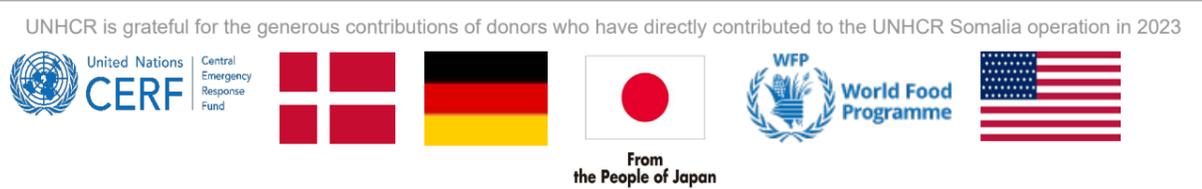


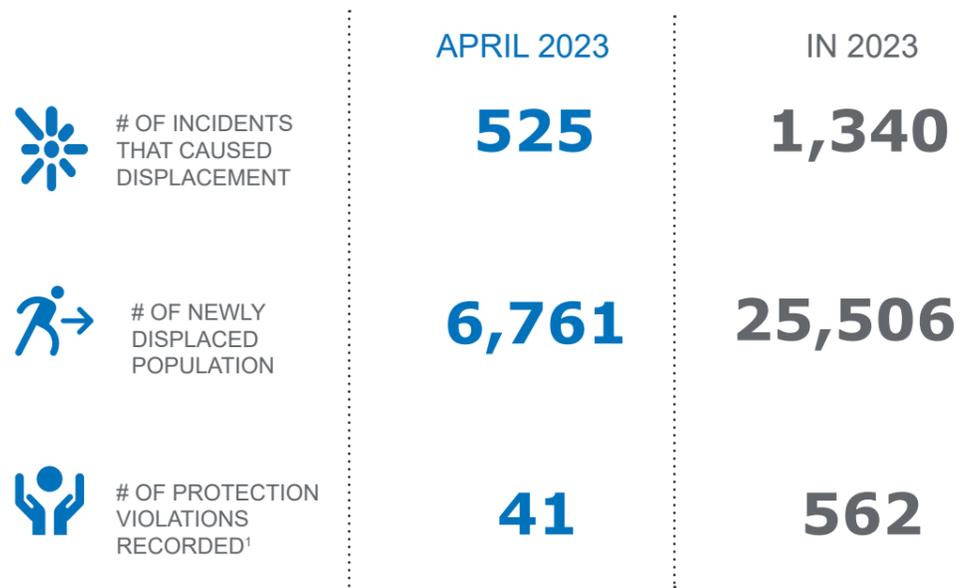
⁶Protection figures are underreported due to the concerns related to the sensitivity of this topic in the context of Somalia.

Implemented by:

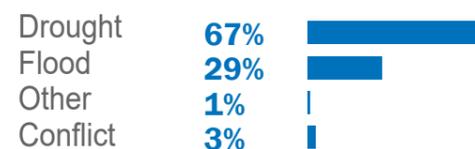


This dashboard should be read in conjunction with the Notes on [PRMN Methodology](#) which outline the approach and certain limitations. More information on Somalia can be found on the [UNHCR Somalia Data Portal](#).





TRIGGERS OF DISPLACEMENT (APRIL 2023 IN %)



PROTECTION VIOLATIONS CONCERNING CHILDREN, WOMEN AND MINORITIES (2023 IN %)



DEMOGRAPHIC (APRIL 2023)³



³Disaggregated data for displaced persons are based on those displacement reports where data has been collected at household level.

SPECIFIC NEEDS OF THOSE WHO EXPERIENCED PROTECTION VIOLATIONS (IN 2023)⁴



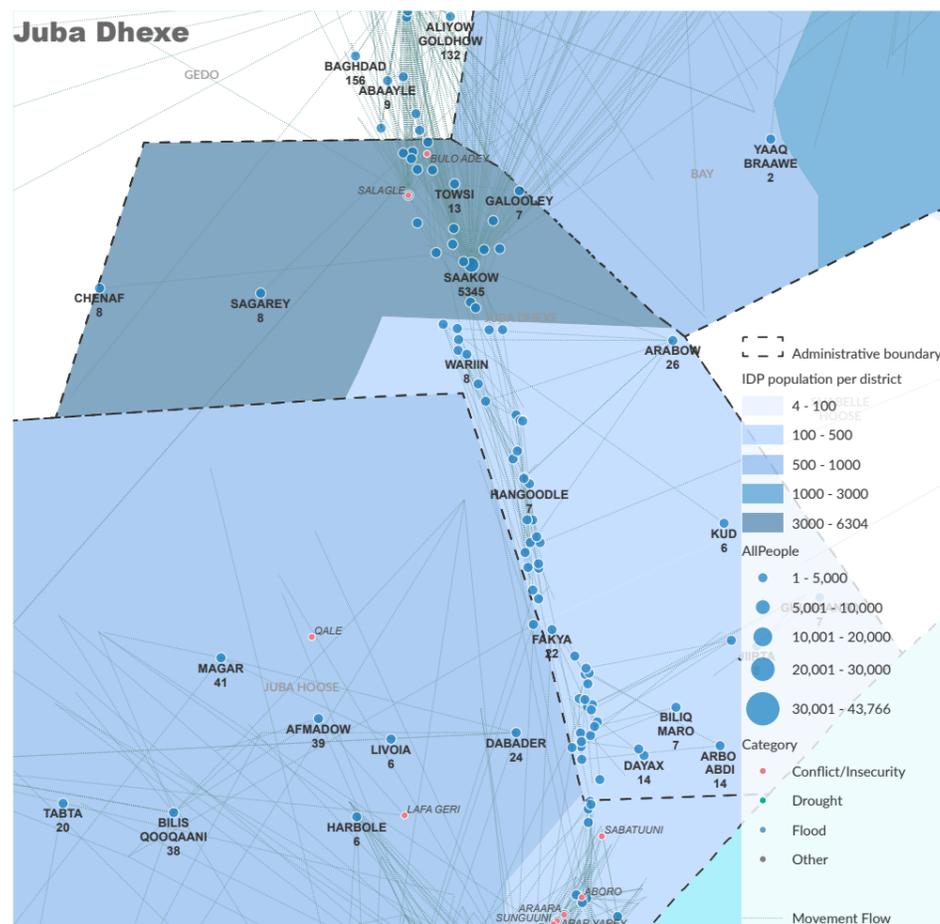
⁴In April 2023, 40 specific needs were recorded of those individuals who experienced protection violations.

⁵Others who are at risk include the following categories family unit, specific legal and physical protection needs, unaccompanied or separate child, pregnant or lactating, serious medical condition, single parent, SGBV and torture. Individuals can have multiple vulnerabilities

¹Some protection violations were not recorded due to security risks in some regions.

²Members of minority clans include the Benadiri, Bantu, Mayle, Barawans, Gardere, Yakabur and Rahanweyne.

DISPLACEMENT LOCATION (APRIL 2023)



The highest district recorded by displacement incidents in the region was Saakow district (6177).

In the incident resulting in the largest displacement, 3339 individuals moved from Saakow settlement due to Drought.

The second highest district recorded by displacement incidents in the region was Bu'aale district (333).

In the incident resulting in the second largest displacement, 1948 individuals moved from Saakow settlement due to Flood.

The third highest district recorded by displacement incidents in the region was Jilib district (251).

In the incident resulting in the third largest displacement, 58 individuals moved from Saakow settlement due to Other.

In April 2023, 8% of protection violations across Somalia were recorded in Awdal region.

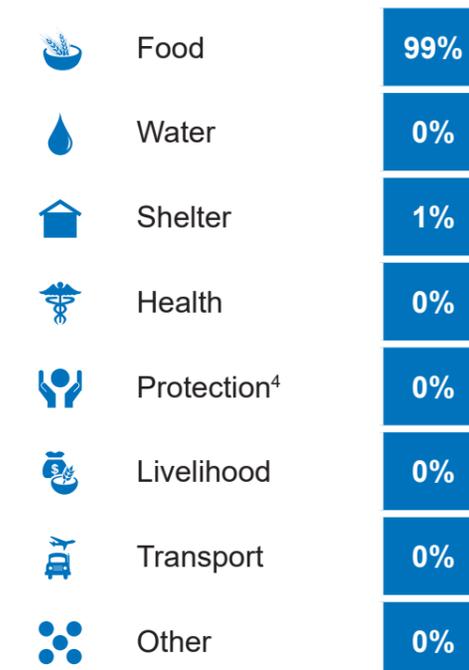
The highest district recorded by protection violation across Middle Juba region was Bu'aale district (44%).

The highest recorded protection violations in the region from January to April 2023 include the following:

- Physical Assault/Attack Not Resulting In Death (97%)
- Illegal Arrest and Detention (1%).

The highest district recorded by protection violations in the region from January 2016 to April 2023 is Jilib district (439).

PRIORITY NEED ON ARRIVAL (APRIL 2023 IN %)



⁶Protection figures are underreported due to the concerns related to the sensitivity of this topic in the context of Somalia.

This dashboard should be read in conjunction with the Notes on [PRMN Methodology](#) which outline the approach and certain limitations. More information on Somalia can be found on the [UNHCR Somalia Data Portal](#).

Implemented by:



UNHCR is grateful for the generous contributions of donors who have directly contributed to the UNHCR Somalia operation in 2023



 # OF INCIDENTS THAT CAUSED DISPLACEMENT

APRIL 2023

131

IN 2023

304

 # OF NEWLY DISPLACED POPULATION

5,233

11,509

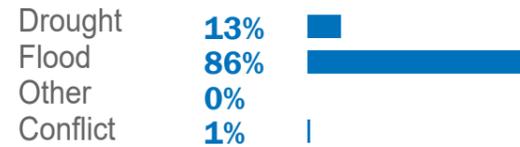
 # OF PROTECTION VIOLATIONS RECORDED¹

33

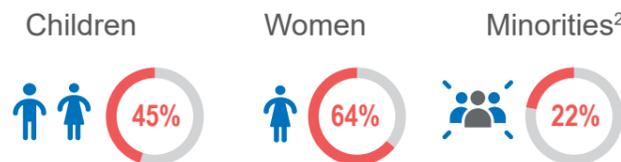
84

¹Some protection violations were not recorded due to security risks in some regions.

TRIGGERS OF DISPLACEMENT (APRIL 2023 IN %)

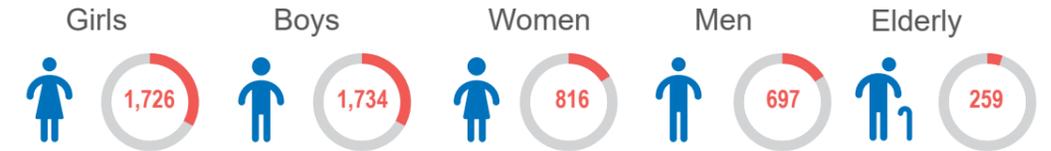


PROTECTION VIOLATIONS CONCERNING CHILDREN, WOMEN AND MINORITIES (2023 IN %)



²Members of minority clans include the Benadiri, Bantu, Mayle, Barawans, Gardere, Yakabur and Rahanweyne.

DEMOGRAPHIC (APRIL 2023)³



³Disaggregated data for displaced persons are based on those displacement reports where data has been collected at household level.

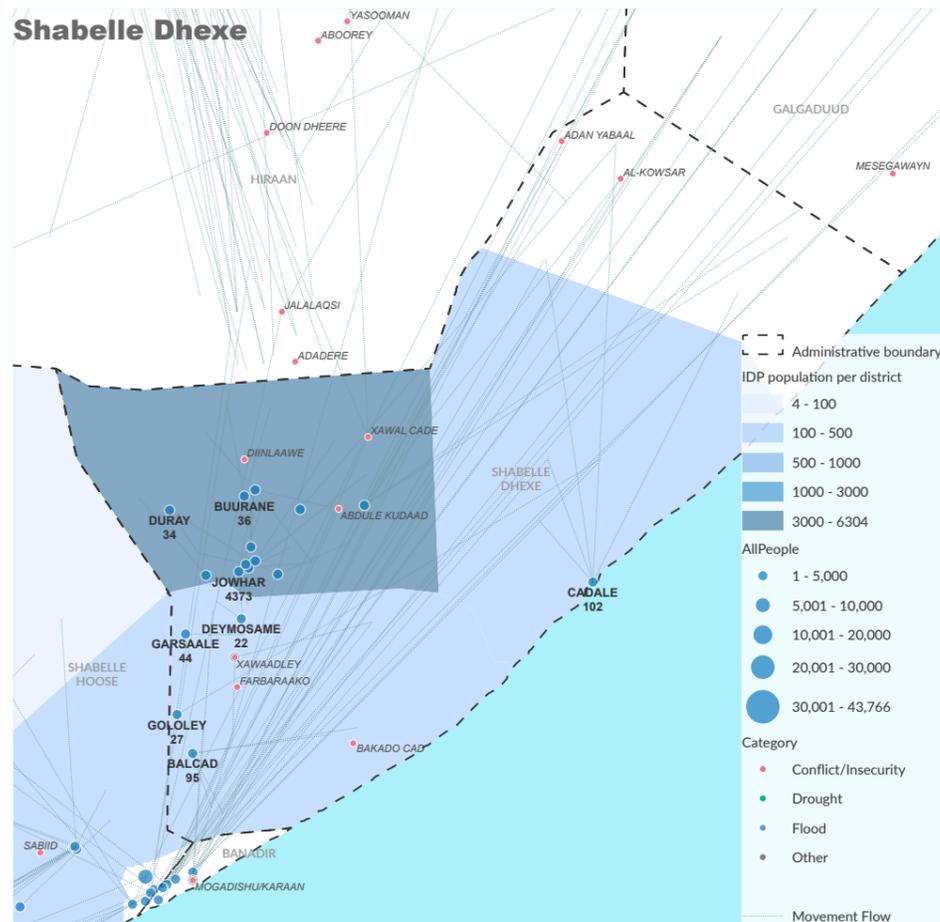
SPECIFIC NEEDS OF THOSE WHO EXPERIENCED PROTECTION VIOLATIONS (IN 2023)⁴



⁴In April 2023, 27 specific needs were recorded of those individuals who experienced protection violations.

⁵Others who are at risk include the following categories family unit, specific legal and physical protection needs, unaccompanied or separate child, pregnant or lactating, serious medical condition, single parent, SGBV and torture. Individuals can have multiple vulnerabilities

DISPLACEMENT LOCATION (APRIL 2023)



The highest district recorded by displacement incidents in the region was Jowhar district (4922).

In the incident resulting in the largest displacement, 4348 individuals moved from Jowhar settlement due to Flood.

The second highest district recorded by displacement incidents in the region was Balcad district (209).

In the incident resulting in the second largest displacement, 110 individuals moved from Biyo-Cado settlement due to Drought.

The third highest district recorded by displacement incidents in the region was Cadale district (102).

In the incident resulting in the third largest displacement, 102 individuals moved from Cadale settlement due to Drought.

In April 2023, 7% of protection violations across Somalia were recorded in Awdal region.

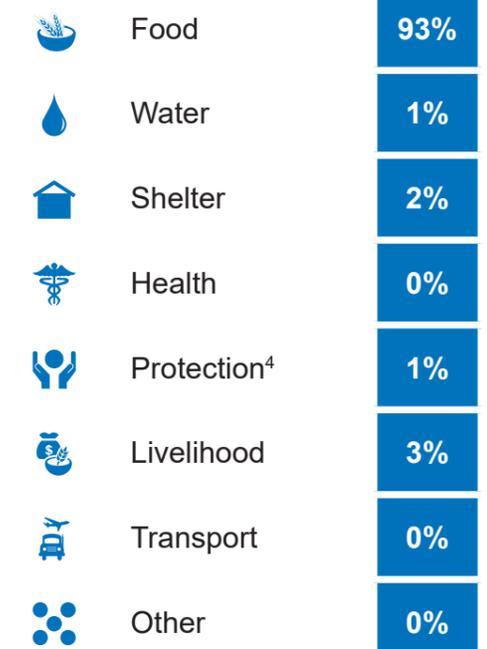
The highest district recorded by protection violation across Middle Shabelle region was Jowhar district (48%).

The highest recorded protection violations in the region from January to April 2023 include the following:

- Killing/Manslaughter (40%)
- Female Genital Mutilation (FGM) (35%).

The highest district recorded by protection violations in the region from January 2016 to April 2023 is Jowhar district (728).

PRIORITY NEED ON ARRIVAL (APRIL 2023 IN %)



⁶Protection figures are underreported due to the concerns related to the sensitivity of this topic in the context of Somalia.

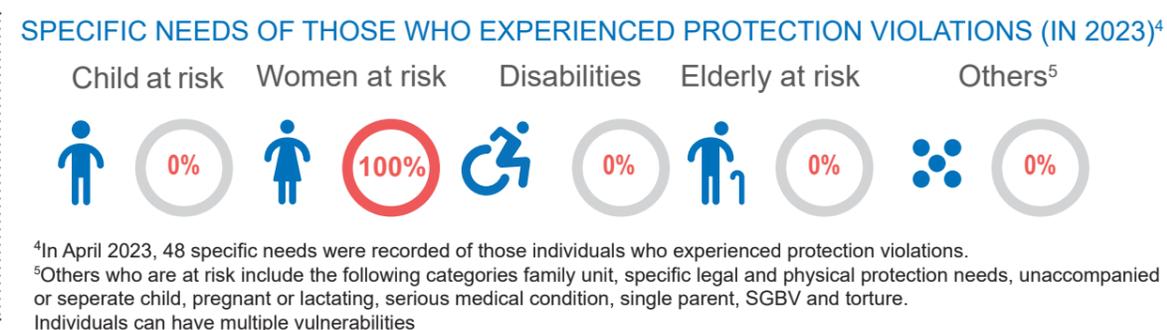
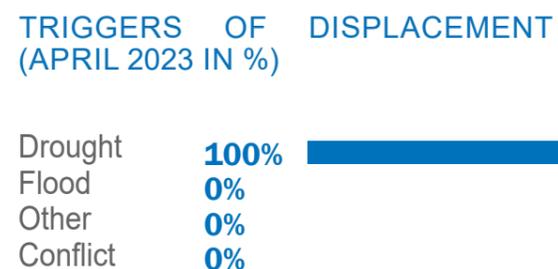
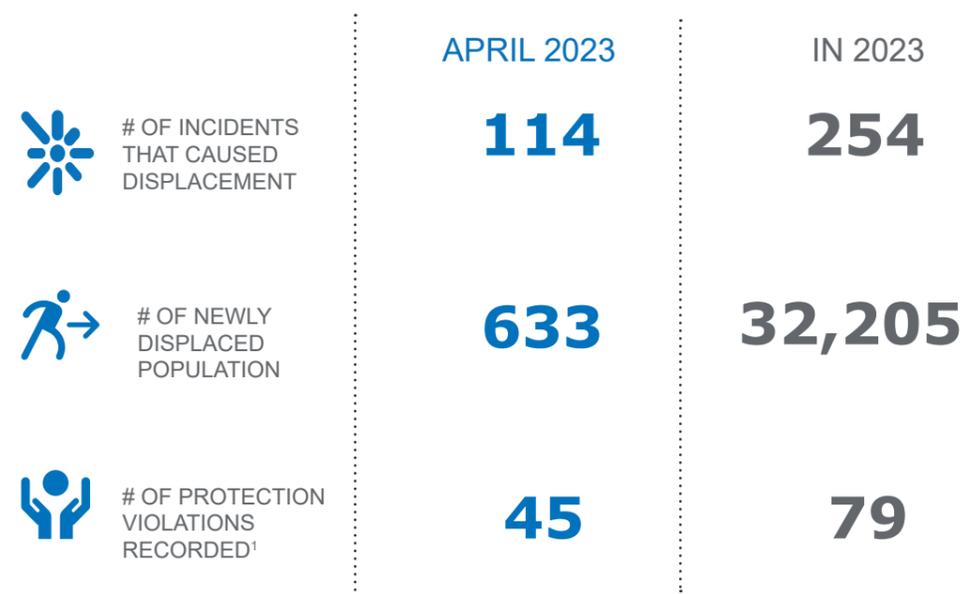
This dashboard should be read in conjunction with the Notes on [PRMN Methodology](#) which outline the approach and certain limitations. More information on Somalia can be found on the [UNHCR Somalia Data Portal](#).

Implemented by:



UNHCR is grateful for the generous contributions of donors who have directly contributed to the UNHCR Somalia operation in 2023

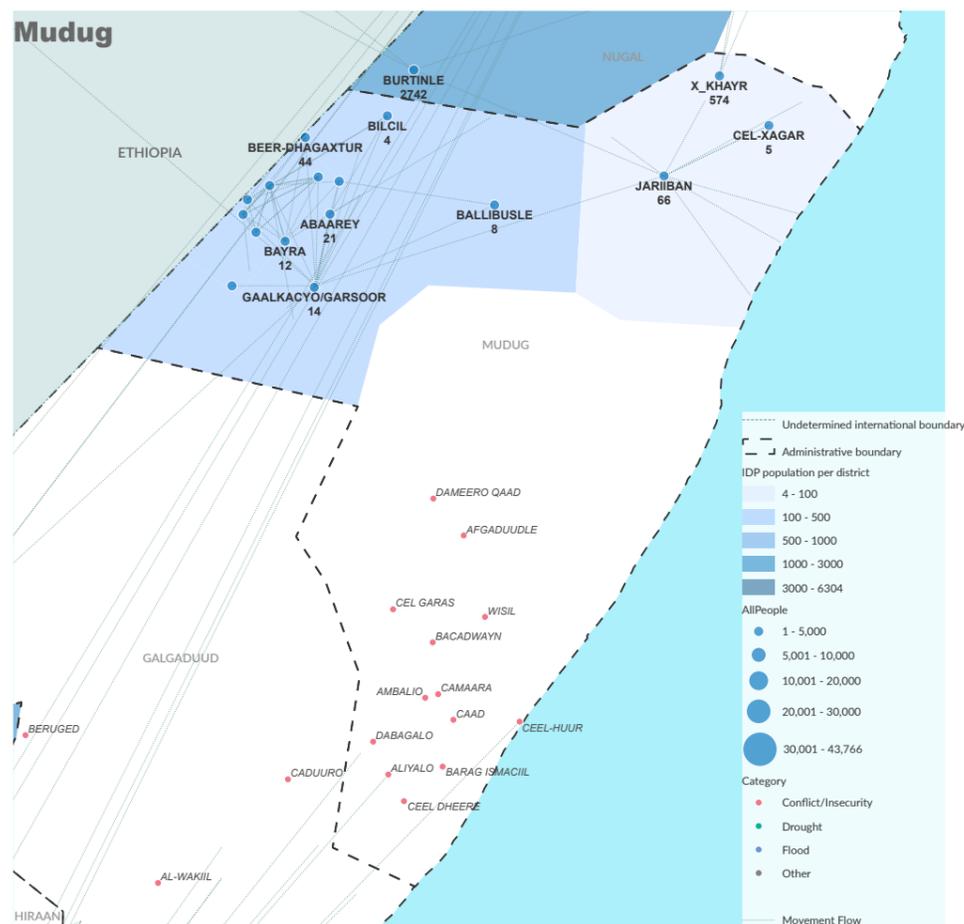




¹Some protection violations were not recorded due to security risks in some regions.

²Members of minority clans include the Benadiri, Bantu, Mayle, Barawans, Gardere, Yakabur and Rahanweyne.

DISPLACEMENT LOCATION (APRIL 2023)



The highest district recorded by displacement incidents in the region was Galdogob district (353).

In the incident resulting in the largest displacement, 136 individuals moved from **Bursaalax** settlement due to **Drought**.

The second highest district recorded by displacement incidents in the region was Gaalkacyo district (209).

In the incident resulting in the second largest displacement, 102 individuals moved from **Gaalkacyo** settlement due to **Drought**.

The third highest district recorded by displacement incidents in the region was Jariiban district (71).

In the incident resulting in the third largest displacement, 66 individuals moved from **Jariiban** settlement due to **Drought**.

In April 2023, 9% of protection violations across Somalia were recorded in Awdal region.

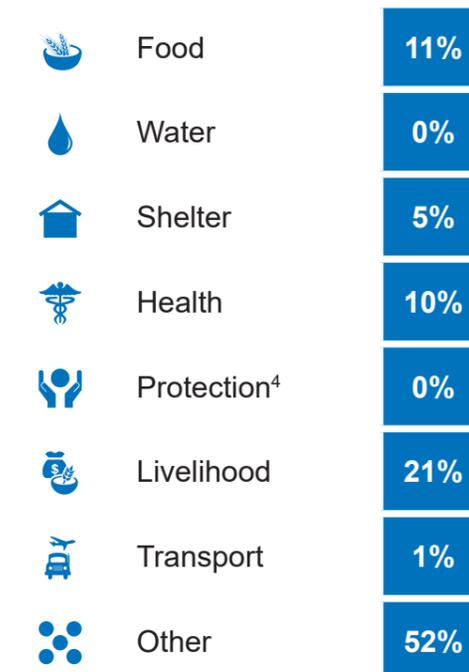
The highest district recorded by protection violation across Mudug region was Gaalkacyo district (80%).

The highest recorded protection violations in the region from January to April 2023 include the following:

- Domestic Violence (97%)
- Torture (3%).

The highest district recorded by protection violations in the region from January 2016 to April 2023 is Gaalkacyo district (3,768).

PRIORITY NEED ON ARRIVAL (APRIL 2023 IN %)



⁶Protection figures are underreported due to the concerns related to the sensitivity of this topic in the context of Somalia.

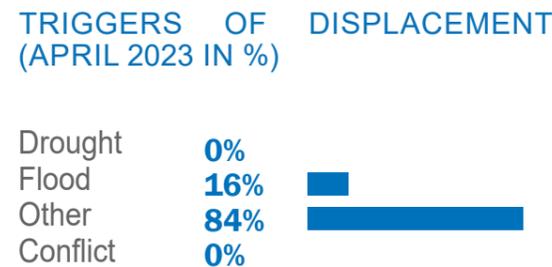
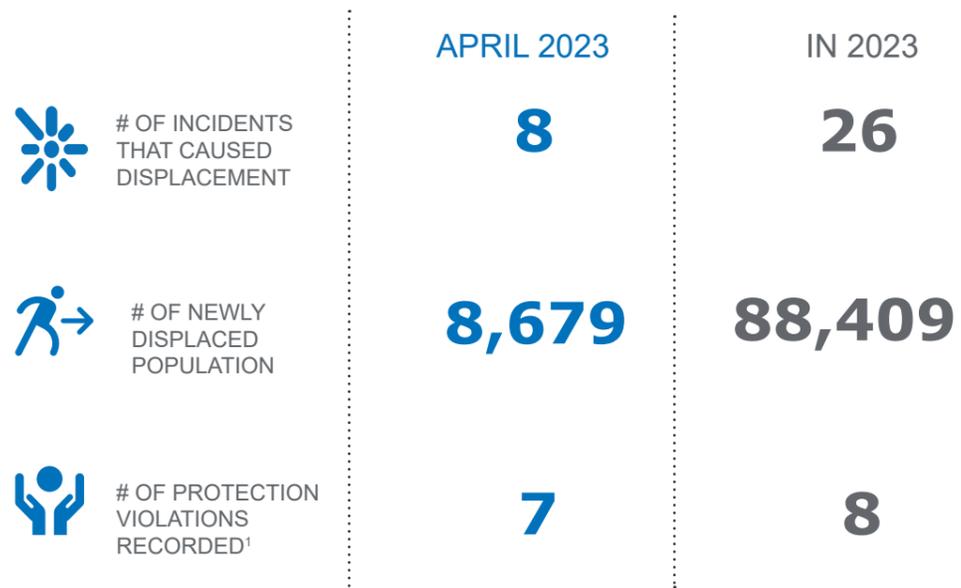
This dashboard should be read in conjunction with the Notes on [PRMN Methodology](#) which outline the approach and certain limitations. More information on Somalia can be found on the [UNHCR Somalia Data Portal](#).

Implemented by:



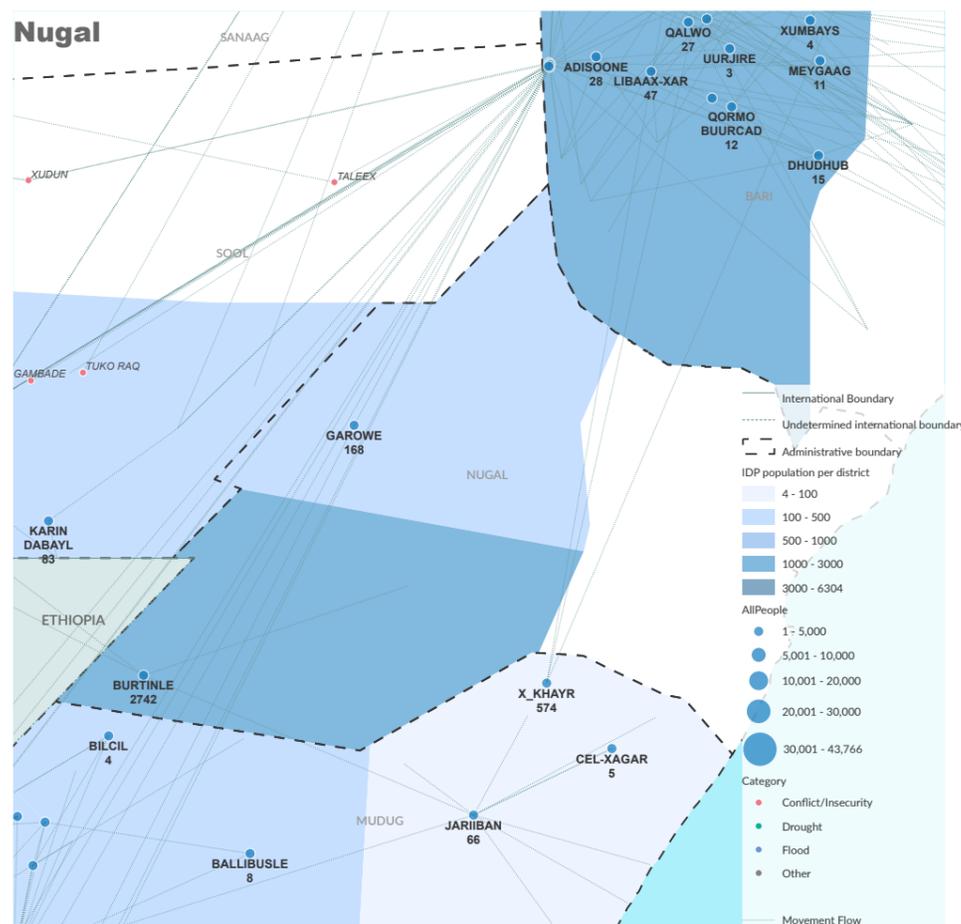
UNHCR is grateful for the generous contributions of donors who have directly contributed to the UNHCR Somalia operation in 2023





¹Some protection violations were not recorded due to security risks in some regions.

DISPLACEMENT LOCATION (APRIL 2023)



The highest district recorded by displacement incidents in the region was Burtinle district (7662).

In the incident resulting in the largest displacement, 4920 individuals moved from Jalam settlement due to Other.

The second highest district recorded by displacement incidents in the region was Qardho district (574).

In the incident resulting in the second largest displacement, 1302 individuals moved from Burtinle settlement due to Flood.

The third highest district recorded by displacement incidents in the region was Garoowe district (443).

In the incident resulting in the third largest displacement, 574 individuals moved from X_khayr settlement due to Other.

In April 2023, 1% of protection violations across Somalia were recorded in Awdal region.

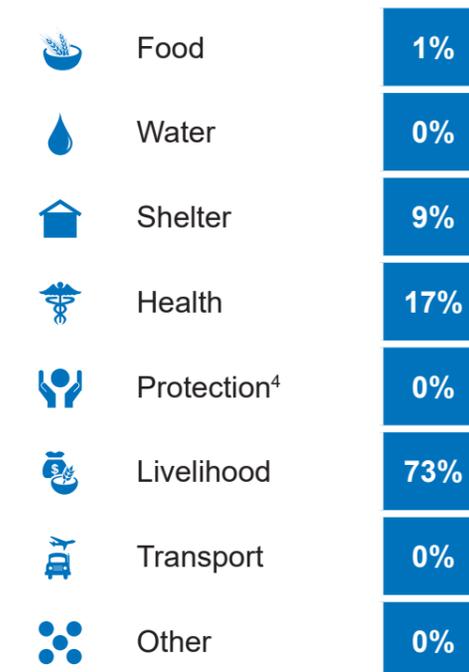
The highest district recorded by protection violation across Nugaal region was Garoowe district (100%).

The highest recorded protection violations in the region from January to April 2023 include the following:

- Illegal Arrest and Detention (25%)
- Harassment (13%).

The highest district recorded by protection violations in the region from January 2016 to April 2023 is Garoowe district (948).

PRIORITY NEED ON ARRIVAL (APRIL 2023 IN %)



⁶Protection figures are underreported due to the concerns related to the sensitivity of this topic in the context of Somalia.

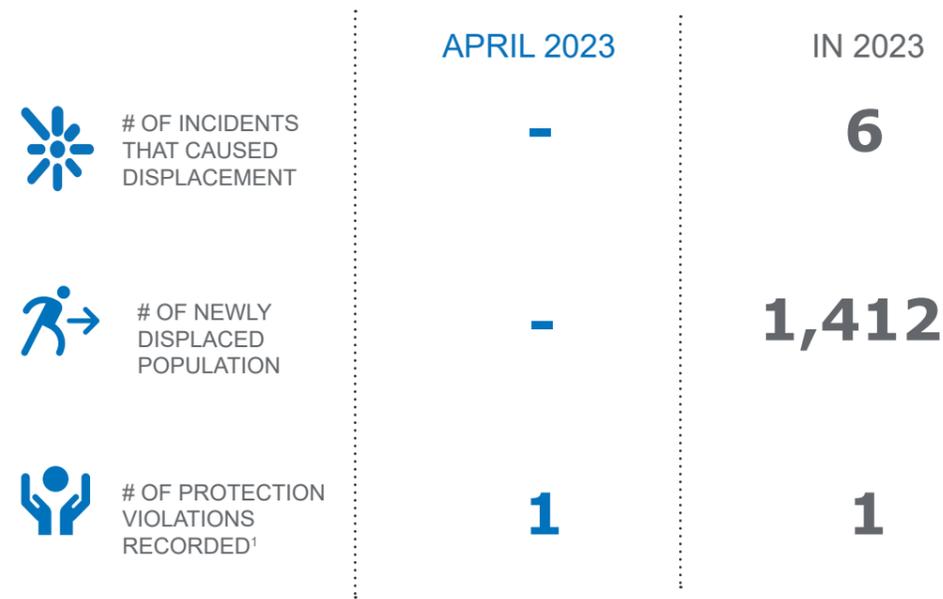
This dashboard should be read in conjunction with the Notes on [PRMN Methodology](#) which outline the approach and certain limitations. More information on Somalia can be found on the [UNHCR Somalia Data Portal](#).

Implemented by:



UNHCR is grateful for the generous contributions of donors who have directly contributed to the UNHCR Somalia operation in 2023



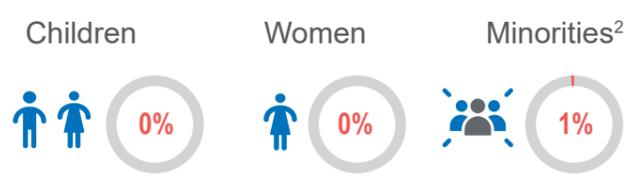


¹Some protection violations were not recorded due to security risks in some regions.

TRIGGERS OF DISPLACEMENT (APRIL 2023 IN %)



PROTECTION VIOLATIONS CONCERNING CHILDREN, WOMEN AND MINORITIES (2023 IN %)



²Members of minority clans include the Benadiri, Bantu, Mayle, Barawans, Gardere, Yakabur and Rahanweyne.

DEMOGRAPHIC (APRIL 2023)³



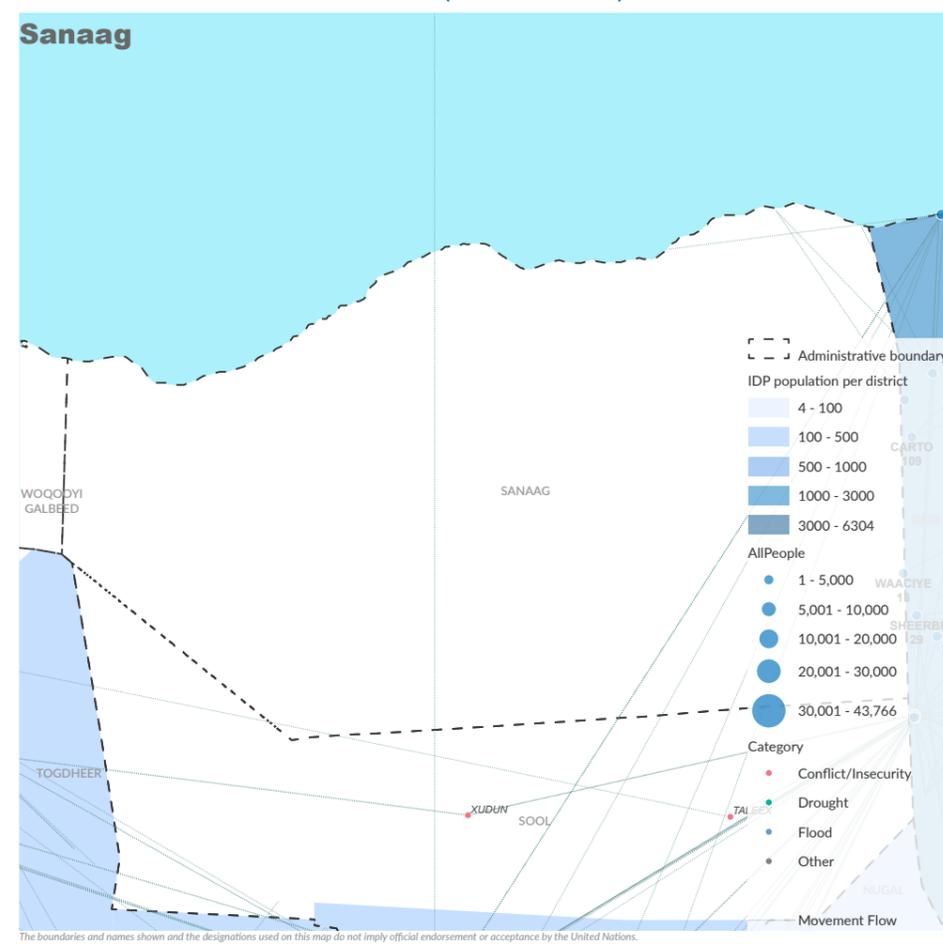
³Disaggregated data for displaced persons are based on those displacement reports where data has been collected at household level.

SPECIFIC NEEDS OF THOSE WHO EXPERIENCED PROTECTION VIOLATIONS (IN 2023)⁴



⁴In April 2023, 0 specific needs were recorded of those individuals who experienced protection violations.
⁵Others who are at risk include the following categories family unit, specific legal and physical protection needs, unaccompanied or separate child, pregnant or lactating, serious medical condition, single parent, SGBV and torture. Individuals can have multiple vulnerabilities

DISPLACEMENT LOCATION (APRIL 2023)



The highest district recorded by displacement incidents in the region was 0 district (0).

In the incident resulting in the largest displacement, 0 individuals moved from 0 settlement due to 0.

The second highest district recorded by displacement incidents in the region was 0 district (0).

In the incident resulting in the second largest displacement, 0 individuals moved from 0 settlement due to 0.

The third highest district recorded by displacement incidents in the region was 0 district (0).

In the incident resulting in the third largest displacement, 0 individuals moved from 0 settlement due to 0.

In April 2023, 0% of protection violations across Somalia were recorded in Awdal region.

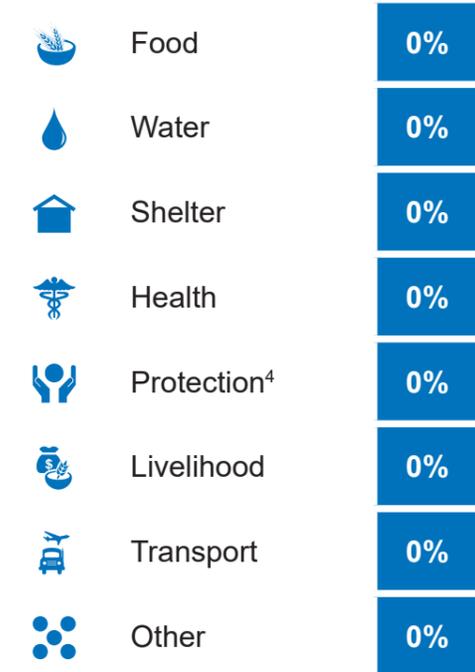
The highest district recorded by protection violation across Sanaag region was Badhan district (100%).

The highest recorded protection violations in the region from January to April 2023 include the following:

- Harassment (100%)
- 0 (0%).

The highest district recorded by protection violations in the region from January 2016 to April 2023 is Ceel Afweyn district (467).

PRIORITY NEED ON ARRIVAL (APRIL 2023 IN %)



⁶Protection figures are underreported due to the concerns related to the sensitivity of this topic in the context of Somalia.

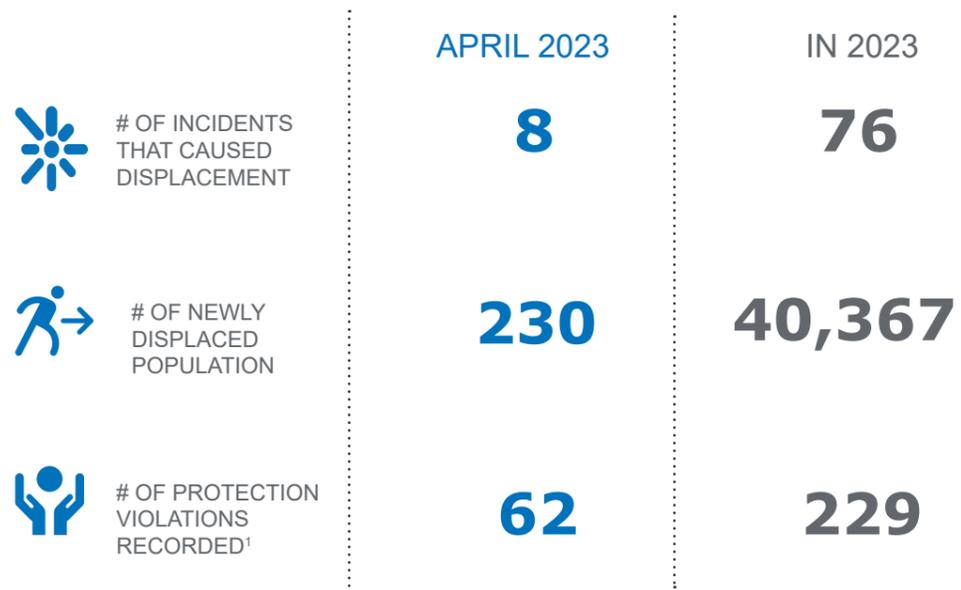
This dashboard should be read in conjunction with the Notes on [PRMN Methodology](#) which outline the approach and certain limitations. More information on Somalia can be found on the [UNHCR Somalia Data Portal](#).

Implemented by:

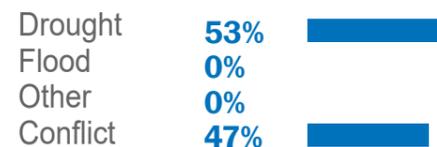


UNHCR is grateful for the generous contributions of donors who have directly contributed to the UNHCR Somalia operation in 2023

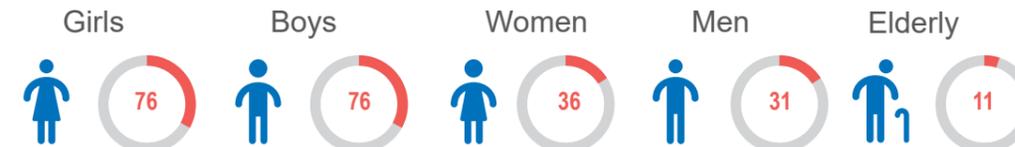




TRIGGERS OF DISPLACEMENT (APRIL 2023 IN %)

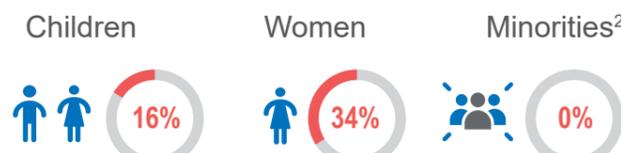


DEMOGRAPHIC (APRIL 2023)³



³Disaggregated data for displaced persons are based on those displacement reports where data has been collected at household level.

PROTECTION VIOLATIONS CONCERNING CHILDREN, WOMEN AND MINORITIES (2023 IN %)



²Members of minority clans include the Benadiri, Bantu, Mayle, Barawans, Gardere, Yakabur and Rahanweyne.

SPECIFIC NEEDS OF THOSE WHO EXPERIENCED PROTECTION VIOLATIONS (IN 2023)⁴

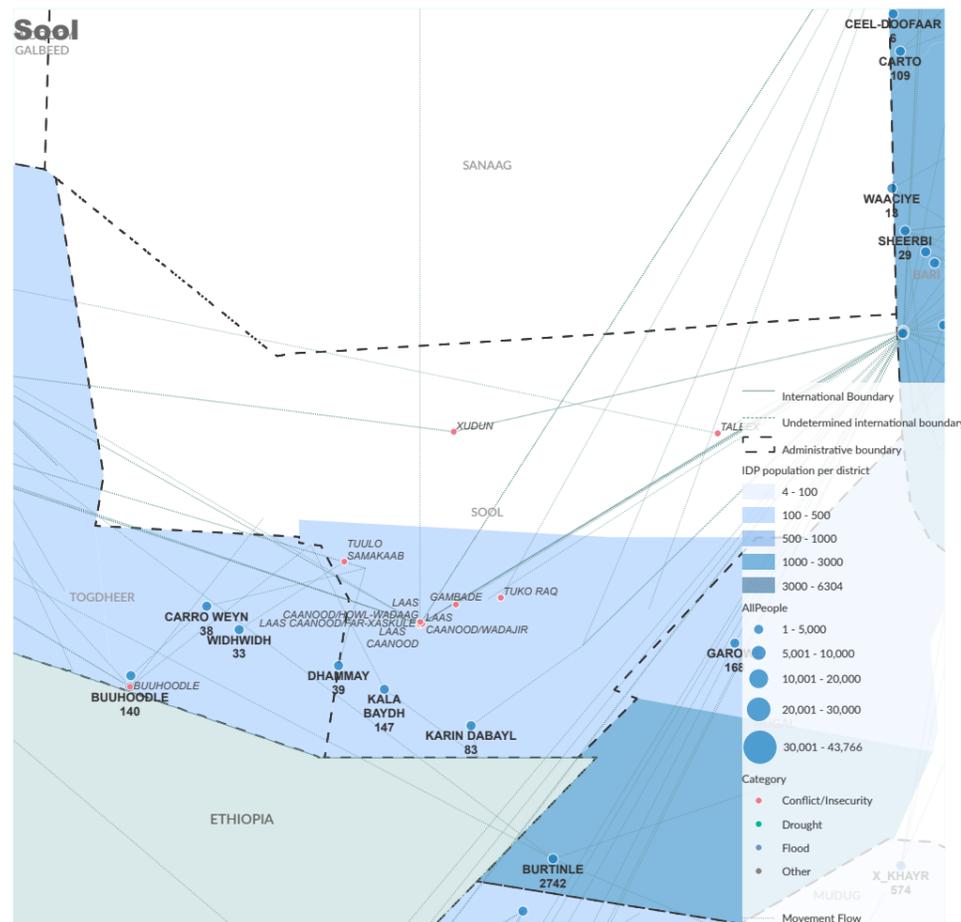


⁴In April 2023, 65 specific needs were recorded of those individuals who experienced protection violations.

⁵Others who are at risk include the following categories family unit, specific legal and physical protection needs, unaccompanied or separate child, pregnant or lactating, serious medical condition, single parent, SGBV and torture. Individuals can have multiple vulnerabilities

¹Some protection violations were not recorded due to security risks in some regions.

DISPLACEMENT LOCATION (APRIL 2023)



The highest district recorded by displacement incidents in the region was Laas Caanood district (230).

In the incident resulting in the largest displacement, 108 individuals moved from Kala Baydh settlement due to Conflict/Insecurity.

The second highest district recorded by displacement incidents in the region was 0 district (0).

In the incident resulting in the second largest displacement, 83 individuals moved from Karin Dabayl settlement due to Drought.

The third highest district recorded by displacement incidents in the region was 0 district (0).

In the incident resulting in the third largest displacement, 0 individuals moved from 0 settlement due to 0.

In April 2023, 12% of protection violations across Somalia were recorded in Awdal region.

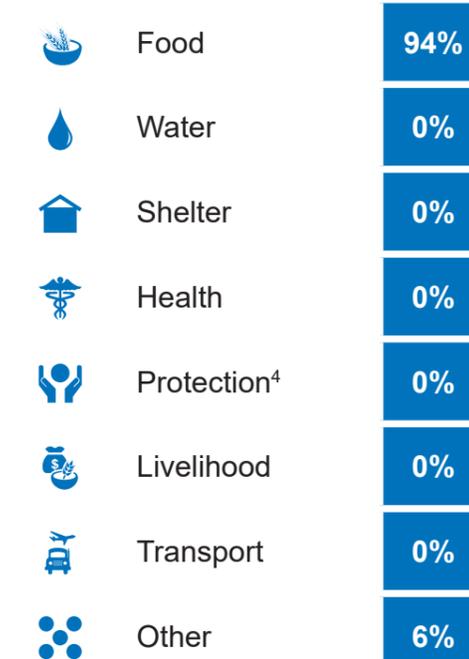
The highest district recorded by protection violation across Sool region was Laas Caanood district (82%).

The highest recorded protection violations in the region from January to April 2023 include the following:

- Physical Assault/Attack Not Resulting In Death (47%)
- Killing/Manslaughter (31%).

The highest district recorded by protection violations in the region from January 2016 to April 2023 is Laas Caanood district (2,087).

PRIORITY NEED ON ARRIVAL (APRIL 2023 IN %)



⁶Protection figures are underreported due to the concerns related to the sensitivity of this topic in the context of Somalia.

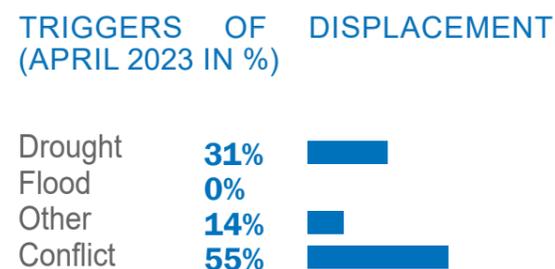
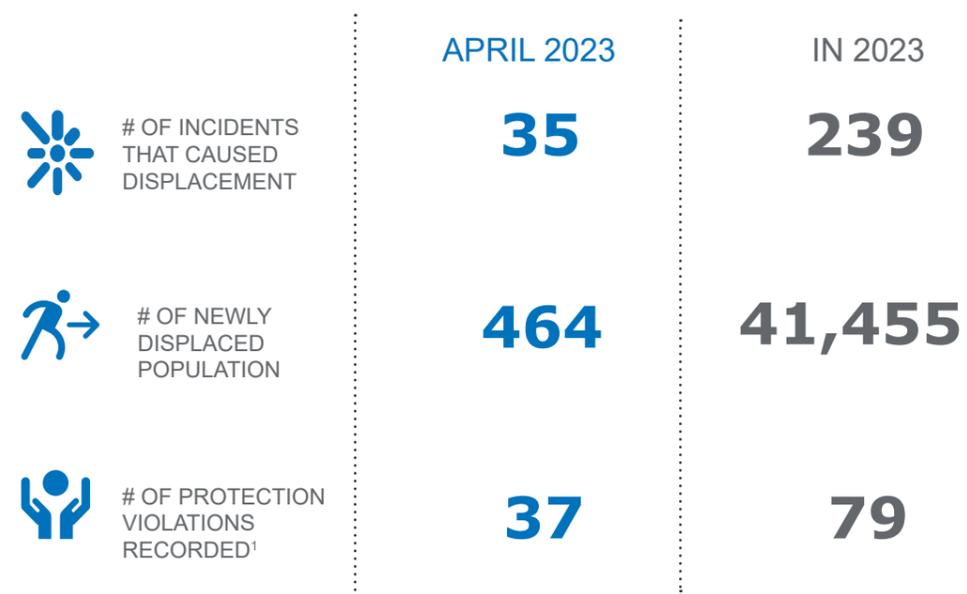
This dashboard should be read in conjunction with the Notes on [PRMN Methodology](#) which outline the approach and certain limitations. More information on Somalia can be found on the [UNHCR Somalia Data Portal](#).

Implemented by:



UNHCR is grateful for the generous contributions of donors who have directly contributed to the UNHCR Somalia operation in 2023





PROTECTION VIOLATIONS CONCERNING CHILDREN, WOMEN AND MINORITIES (2023 IN %)



SPECIFIC NEEDS OF THOSE WHO EXPERIENCED PROTECTION VIOLATIONS (IN 2023)⁴

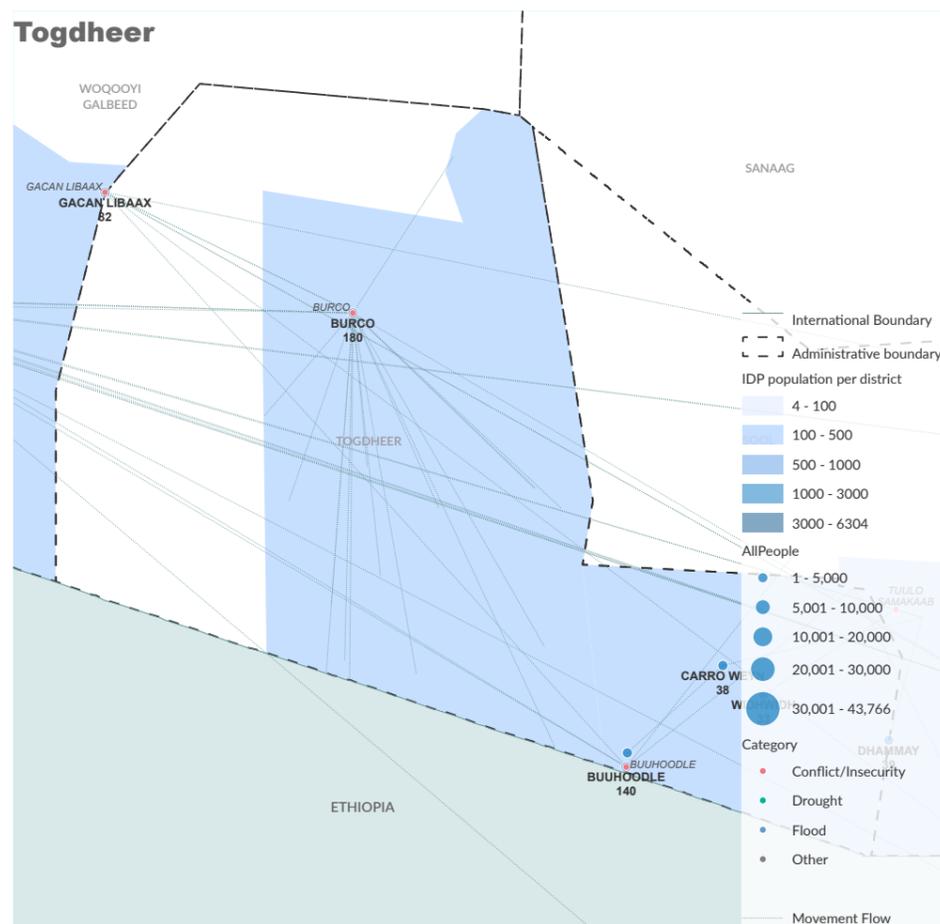


⁴In April 2023, 38 specific needs were recorded of those individuals who experienced protection violations.
⁵Others who are at risk include the following categories family unit, specific legal and physical protection needs, unaccompanied or separate child, pregnant or lactating, serious medical condition, single parent, SGBV and torture. Individuals can have multiple vulnerabilities

¹Some protection violations were not recorded due to security risks in some regions.

²Members of minority clans include the Benadiri, Bantu, Mayle, Barawans, Gardere, Yakabur and Rahanweyne.

DISPLACEMENT LOCATION (APRIL 2023)



The highest district recorded by displacement incidents in the region was Buuhoodle district (284).

In the incident resulting in the largest displacement, 144 individuals moved from Burco settlement due to Drought.

The second highest district recorded by displacement incidents in the region was Burco district (180).

In the incident resulting in the second largest displacement, 140 individuals moved from Buuhoodle settlement due to Conflict/Insecurity.

The third highest district recorded by displacement incidents in the region was 0 district (0).

In the incident resulting in the third largest displacement, 34 individuals moved from Shangale settlement due to Other.

In April 2023, 7% of protection violations across Somalia were recorded in Awdal region.

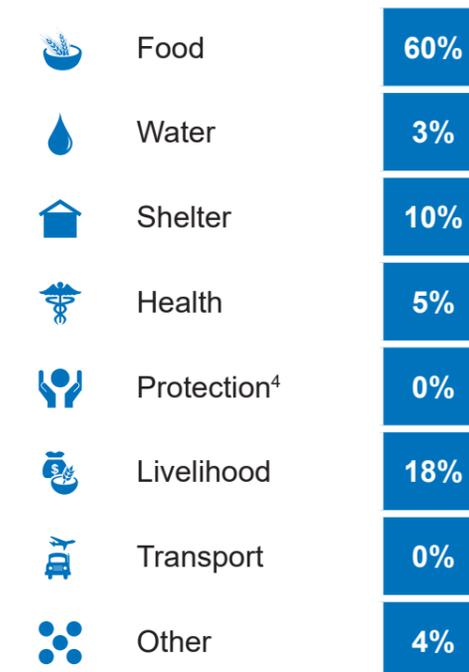
The highest district recorded by protection violation across Togdheer region was Buuhoodle district (81%).

The highest recorded protection violations in the region from January to April 2023 include the following:

- Domestic Violence (70%)
- Rape (11%).

The highest district recorded by protection violations in the region from January 2016 to April 2023 is Burco district (624).

PRIORITY NEED ON ARRIVAL (APRIL 2023 IN %)



⁶Protection figures are underreported due to the concerns related to the sensitivity of this topic in the context of Somalia.

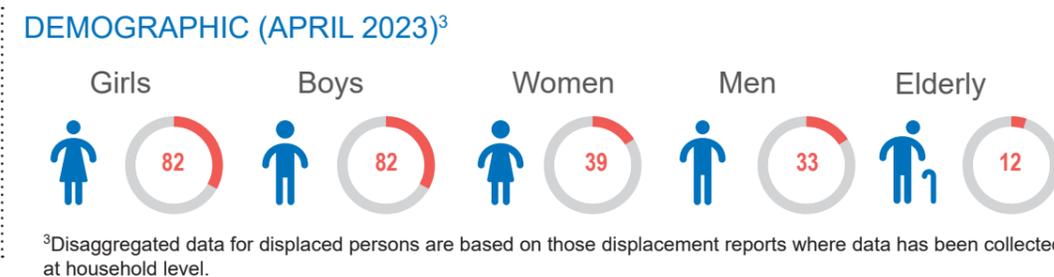
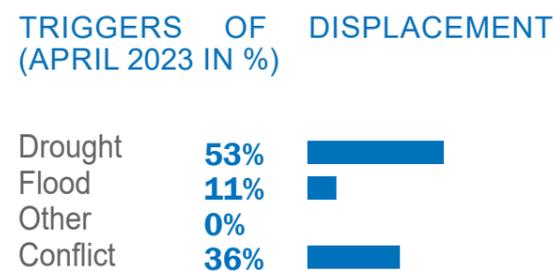
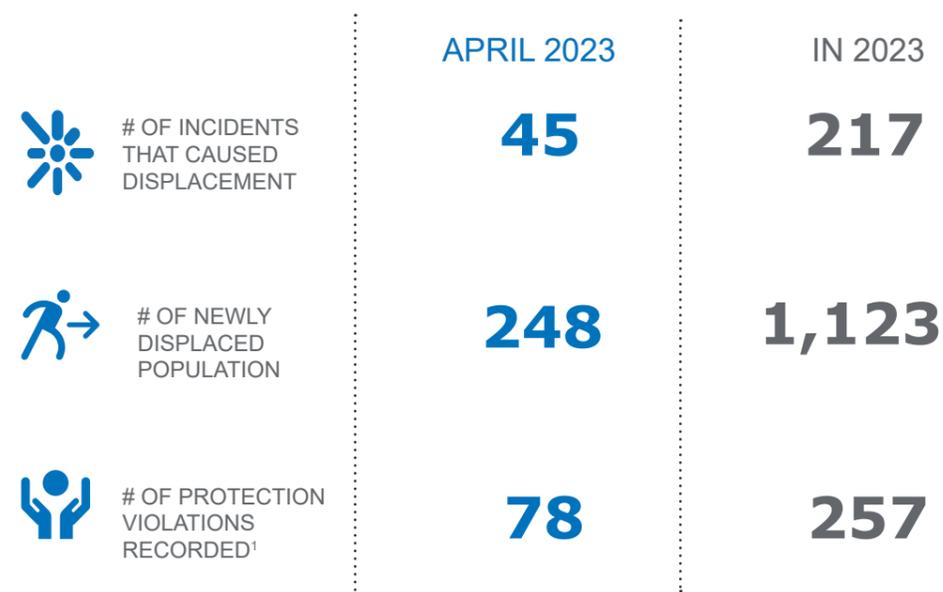
This dashboard should be read in conjunction with the Notes on [PRMN Methodology](#) which outline the approach and certain limitations. More information on Somalia can be found on the [UNHCR Somalia Data Portal](#).

Implemented by:



UNHCR is grateful for the generous contributions of donors who have directly contributed to the UNHCR Somalia operation in 2023

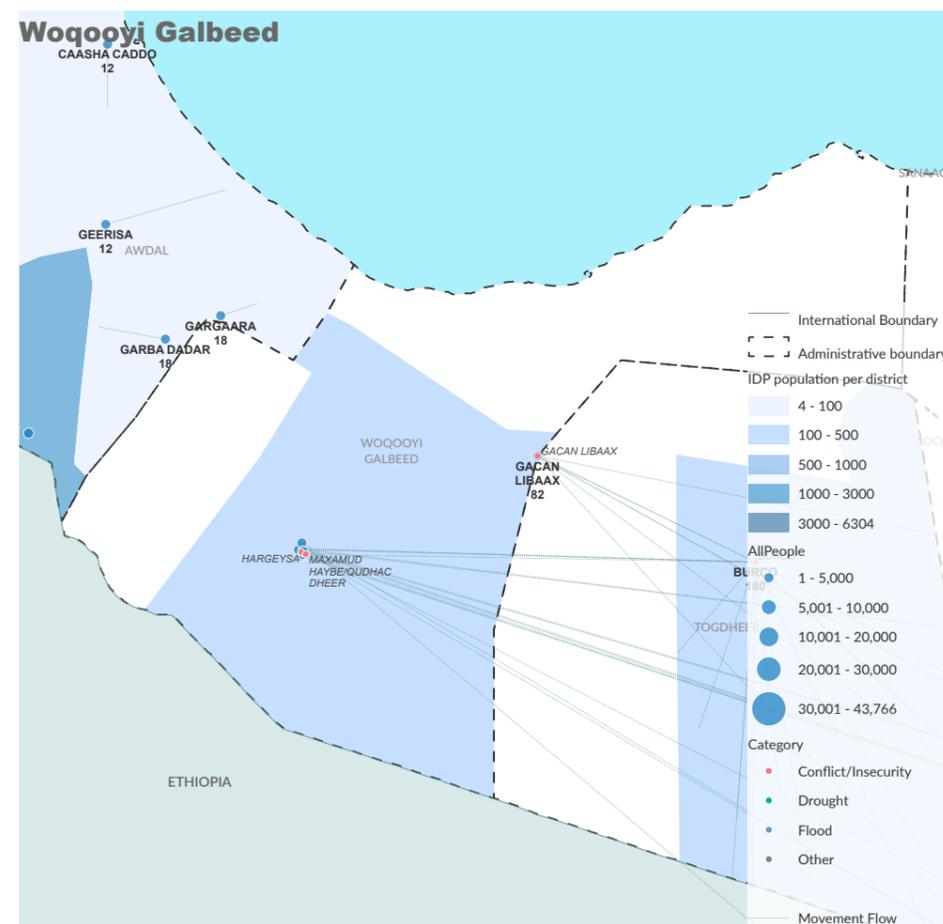




¹Some protection violations were not recorded due to security risks in some regions.

²Members of minority clans include the Benadiri, Bantu, Mayle, Barawans, Gardere, Yakabur and Rahanweyne.

DISPLACEMENT LOCATION (APRIL 2023)



The highest district recorded by displacement incidents in the region was Hargeysa district (**248**).

In the incident resulting in the largest displacement, **66** individuals moved from **26-Jun** settlement due to **Drought**.

The second highest district recorded by displacement incidents in the region was 0 district (**0**).

In the incident resulting in the second largest displacement, **43** individuals moved from **Gacan Libaax** settlement due to **Conflict/Insecurity**.

The third highest district recorded by displacement incidents in the region was 0 district (**0**).

In the incident resulting in the third largest displacement, **18** individuals moved from **Axmed Dhagax** settlement due to **Flood**.

In April 2023, **15%** of protection violations across Somalia were recorded in Awdal region.

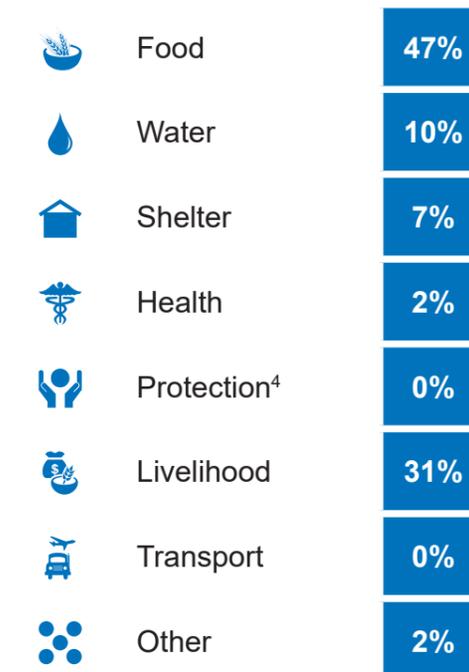
The highest district recorded by protection violation across Woqooyi Galbeed region was Hargeysa district (**100%**).

The highest recorded protection violations in the region from January to April 2023 include the following:

- Domestic Violence (**49%**)
- Physical Assault/Attack Not Resulting In Death (**26%**).

The highest district recorded by protection violations in the region from January 2016 to April 2023 is Hargeysa district (**9,177**).

PRIORITY NEED ON ARRIVAL (APRIL 2023 IN %)



⁶Protection figures are underreported due to the concerns related to the sensitivity of this topic in the context of Somalia.

This dashboard should be read in conjunction with the Notes on [PRMN Methodology](#) which outline the approach and certain limitations. More information on Somalia can be found on the [UNHCR Somalia Data Portal](#).

Implemented by:



UNHCR is grateful for the generous contributions of donors who have directly contributed to the UNHCR Somalia operation in 2023

