In July, 70,000 new internal displacements were monitored by the UNHCR-led Protection and Returns Monitoring Network (PRMN). Drivers include conflict and insecurity (37,000), drought (30,000), floods (490) and others (2,000) displacements related to floods were recorded.

**Refugees & Asylum-Seekers**

At the end of July 2023, there were 36,107 refugees and asylum-seekers registered in Somalia, mainly from Ethiopia (23,951 asylum seekers and refugees), Yemen (10,381 refugees and asylum seekers) and Syria (1,395 refugees and asylum seekers). The remaining 380 persons of concern were from other countries.

Since January 2020, 7,466 Somali refugees have returned to Somalia. This figure includes Voluntary Repatriation from Kenya (923) and Assisted Spontaneous Returnees (ASR) from Yemen (951) and other countries (355). Approximately 4,638 Somalis were monitored as arriving spontaneously from Yemen since January 2020.

Hiraan (267,000) received the highest number of displaced persons followed by Gedo (218,000), Galgaduud (160,000), Nugaal (135,000) and Banadir (124,000) regions.

**Somalia: Global Focus** - Somalia: Information sharing portal - UNHCR Somalia - @UNHCRSom - Facebook: UNHCR Somalia - Somalia internal displacement

UNHCR is grateful for the generous contributions of donors who have directly contributed to the UNHCR Somalia operation in 2023.