

Uganda

July 2023

By the end of July 2023, Uganda was hosting 1,578,661 refugees and asylum seekers. New arrivals have continued to enter the country mainly from the Democratic Republic of the Congo (DRC) and South Sudan. Since 1 January 2023, Uganda has received 60,101 new arrivals with 34,533 from DRC (16,242) and South Sudan (18,291) arriving in transit and collection points and 25,568 in Kampala.

In July, 1,020 Sudanese refugees were received in the operation and Uganda now hosts 6,014 refugees from Sudan in total.

Attention has been directed at relocating new arrivals from transit centres and collection points near the borders to the reception centers and household plots within the settlements.

By the end of July there were 2,456 individuals (1,135 in West Nile and 1,321 in South-West) waiting for relocation from transit and reception centers compared the receiving capacity of 15,260 individuals across the operation. This achieves a reduction in the number of new arrivals waiting for relocation by 51% compared to 5,035 individuals in June 2023 and as many as 9,702 (75%) in April 2023.

1,578,661

Number of refugees and asylum seekers as of 31 July 2023.

1,526,712

Total refugees in Uganda as of 31 July 2023.

51,949

Total asylum-seekers in Uganda as of 31 July 2023.

** The total population figure is provisional and is expected to change following completion of the ongoing verification exercise.*

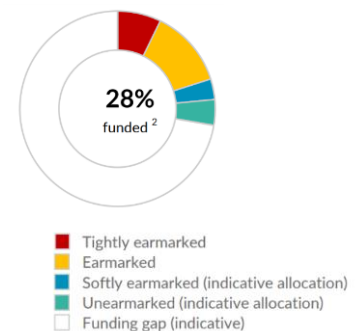


Newly settled refugees in Juru, Nakivale set up shelters to restart a new life in Uganda (UNHCR/Ali Hamba, 2023).

UNHCR'S FINANCIAL REQUIREMENTS 2023:

USD 343.4 million

UNHCR Funding (as of 31 July 2023)

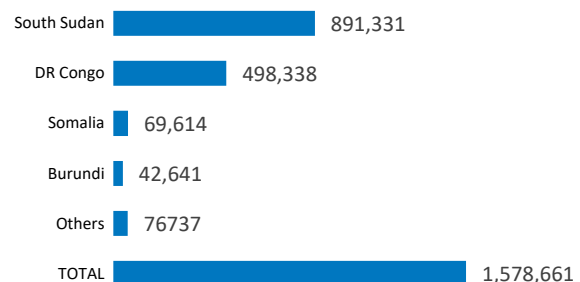


Unfunded 72% - US\$ 247.2M

Funded 28% - US\$ 96.2 M

POPULATIONS OF CONCERN: 1,578,661

Refugees and Asylum-Seekers by Nationality



Total refugees and asylum-seekers in Uganda as of 31 July 2023.



Refugees being attended to at a Complaints Desk in Imvepi Refugee Settlement (UNHCR/Isaac Bakole, 2023).

Contextual and Operational Highlights

Onward Movers: On 26 July, UNHCR, OPM and the Busia border security team assessed the protection risks faced by onward movers (refugees in Uganda who went to Kenya). UNHCR and its logistics partner, African Initiatives in Relief and Development, exceptionally transported 178 individuals who had temporarily taken shelter at a church close to the Kenya/Uganda border within Uganda, while they were waiting for support to return to refugee settlements in Uganda. So far, a total of 1,954 individuals (1,473 from Kitale show ground and 481 from Kalobeyei) have been facilitated to return to Uganda, and discussions are ongoing between UNHCR and the governments of Kenya and Uganda for a robust regional intervention on the cross-border movements which has seen an increase since the further prioritization of food assistance over the past few months.

Food/Cash Prioritization: In response to severe resource constraints, the World Food Programme's new approach to distribution of food and cash entitlements in Uganda is based on household vulnerability and was rolled out in July 2023. During the same month, UNHCR and WFP received 15,500 claims from families whose food assistance entitlement had either been discontinued or significantly reduced. The claims will serve as grounds for the agencies to review and possibly reconsider the eligibility of affected households. The joint UNHCR/WFP team updated and widely disseminated the communication strategy and related key messages. Extensive communications as well as close collaboration between OPM, UNHCR and WFP security teams contributed to the food distributions being rolled out without any major security incident.

Verification Update: The Kampala verification exercise has been ongoing for five weeks. The number of individuals verified since the exercise resumed is 10,151 individuals (7,542 households). Cumulatively, the total number of refugees and asylum seekers verified in Kampala since the exercise started in 2022 is 75,444 individuals

(37,943 households). It is anticipated that by the end of the exercise in August there will be an overall reduction of 25%-28% in the population targeted for verification.

Global Refugee Forum Preparations: The second Global Refugee Forum (GRF) Roundtable on Climate Change, Environment and Energy took place on 19 July 2023. The meeting was chaired by three state ministers, (Relief, Disaster Preparedness and Refugees; Environment; Energy and Mineral Development). It was well attended by the government, district officials, UN agencies, humanitarian, development and private sector partners, and refugees. The government presented a situation analysis in the areas of climate change, environment and energy and the inter-linkages between the different sectors. Discussions were centered around opportunities, constraints, and recommendations for good policy pledges, that are measurable and quantifiable. As a way forward, an *ad hoc* task team will be constituted comprising of representatives from the Ministry of Water and Environment (MWE), Ministry of Energy and Mineral Development (MEMD), Comprehensive Refugee Response Framework (CRRF) Secretariat, UNHCR and other key United Nations Agencies.



PROTECTION

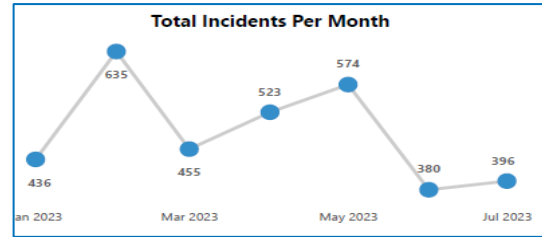
Registration, Verification and Data Sharing: In the month of July, a total of 17,027 individuals were newly registered. The number of Sudanese seeking asylum who were registered during the month reached 1,020, the highest since the conflict started in mid-April.

A tripartite Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) with OPM, Ministry of Education Sports, and UNHCR was approved to upload refugee learners' information in the national Education Management Information System (EMIS). Refugee inclusion in the database, in line with the Government of Uganda's 2019 Global Refugee Forum pledge, will strengthen the planning and delivery of refugee education across the country.

The Uganda Communications Commission (UCC) agreed to enhancing refugees and asylum-seekers' access to and verification for SIM cards using biometric data from OPM's Biometric Identity Management System (BIMS). As a result, asylum seekers will access SIM cards using their Asylum Seeker Certificates for identity proofing.

Refugee Status Determination: UNHCR provided supported two Refugee Eligibility Committee sessions where 2,403 Individuals (1,239 households) were granted refugee status, 253 individuals (79 households) were rejected, and 170 individuals (83 households) were deferred. The overall recognition rate is at 95 per cent. Since January 2023, five sessions have been held in Kampala, Rwamwanja and Kyaka II where 28,903 individuals have been adjudicated.

Gender Based Violence: A total of 396 new GBV incidents were recorded in July leading to 3,399 cumulative cases in 2023. Appropriate interventions were made to attend to the survivors in line with the referral pathways put in place by protection partners in each refugee hosting area.



Child Protection: A child protection mainstreaming workshop took place from 13 to 15 July with the aim of supporting safe programming for children in the different sectors. These include GBV, Livelihood, WASH, Education, Health, and Cash-Based Interventions (CBI). Action Plans were developed for follow-up by the various technical coordination mechanisms with the support of the Child Protection Sub-Working Group (CPSWG) at national and sub-national level. Among other objectives, the action plans for various sectors will promote and facilitate safe and equitable access for children, adapt services to meet the specific needs of children (including child-friendly communications), and ensure the safe identification, and appropriate referral of children at risk to relevant response services. The child protection mainstreaming initiative is coordinated through the CPSWG at the national level and implemented with financial and technical support from UNHCR and Save the Children’s Headquarters.

The Ministry of Gender, Labour, and Social Development (MGLSD) took the lead in organizing a stakeholder validation meeting to address identified gaps in implementation of the national alternative care framework. UNHCR actively participated in this meeting to support the gradual rollout of the framework in all refugee hosting districts. The overarching goal remains the enhancement of safe alternative care options for unaccompanied children, with a shift away from institutional care.

Legal and Physical Protection: UNHCR funded one High Court special session for refugees on remand for capital offences in Mbarara on 7 July 2023 and 25 cases were adjudicated. The refugees were able to access justice after spending many years on remand.

Community Based Protection: The refugee interagency Feedback Referral and Resolution Mechanism (FRRM) received a total of 6,050 calls representing a 43 per cent decrease compared to June 2023. Among the calls, 3,014 (49.8 per cent) were from females, 3,036 (50.2 per cent) were from males. Calls were mainly related to Food/Cash Assistance (1,867), Food Prioritization Review Mechanism (1,365), Resettlement (511), Health and Nutrition (388), Legal and Physical Protection (382), among others. It is important to note that 80 per cent of the calls received were addressed at helpline level using frequently asked questions and the highest number of calls were from Kyaka II refugee settlement.

Resettlement and Complementary Pathways: A new identification methodology developed in the Uganda operation that uses index-based vulnerability criteria, enabled an increase in resettlement submissions. In July 2023, 535 individuals were submitted to resettlement countries for consideration. This has increased the 2023 performance

target cases to 2,357 individuals which is 58 per cent of the allocated quota. The operation is on track to meet all resettlement targets in 2023.

Under the Complementary Pathways programme, in July 2023, 104 departures were recorded, and six refugees are undergoing pre-departure formalities to Canada for the labour mobility project. A total of 31 candidates have been selected for education opportunities in Italy. One refugee was awarded a scholarship to study in France and the convention travel document was facilitated for his travel. UNHCR supported the process to interview and verify the candidates for the Canadian 2023-2024 World University Service of Canada (WUSC) scholarship program intake, where 77 candidates were interviewed from which 33 were selected.



EDUCATION

Teacher Management: The UNESCO Institute for Education Planning (IIEP), jointly with UNHCR, organized a regional knowledge-sharing workshop on Teacher Management in Refugee Settings from 25 -27 July 2023. Ethiopia, Kenya and Uganda, the pilot countries which participated in a research project on teacher management conducted by UNESCO IIEP and Education Development Trust, were hosted in Kyaka II. The workshop provided the opportunity for the participating countries to learn from one another about how to best ensure inclusion of refugees in national education systems.

The Ministry of Education and Sports (Basic Education Department) hosted its annual planning retreat at Kalangala Resort Hotel from 10-14 July 2023. The event provided an opportunity to reflect on the strides made in the provision of education services across the country. UNHCR was provided an opportunity by the Ministry of Education and Sports to make a presentation on teacher management issues in the refugee hosting areas. The presentation aimed at amplifying unique teacher management issues and funding gaps in the refugee hosting locations. These efforts are part of the advocacy aimed at ensuring progressive and meaningful integration of refugees into national education planning.



HEALTH

Health statistics: In July, 243,446 consultations were registered (26 per cent nationals and 74 per cent refugees). On average each clinician was providing 62 consultations per day which is above the standard of 50. The major disease burdens were Malaria (39 per cent), upper respiratory tract infections (13 per cent), lower respiratory tract infections (10 per cent), skin diseases (six per cent) and urinary tract infections (three per cent) on the general population.

Mortality rates: The crude mortality rate stood at 0.04 against the standard of 0.75 deaths per 1,000 population per month in July and under five mortality rates at 0.07 against a standard of 1.5 deaths per 1,000 population per month. This a result of

increased attention to disease prevention and health promotion through the community health programme as well as audits of the mortalities with the institution of corrective measures in instances where the deaths were preventable.

Live births and immunization: A total of 3,901 live births (2,239 refugees; 1,662 nationals) were registered with 98 per cent attended to by skilled health workers and 15 per cent by caesarean section. Community sensitization, health education during antenatal care, and Village Health Team household pregnancy mapping and referral have all contributed to this success.

Vaccination: A total of 6,873 children were vaccinated against Measles, 10,782 against DPT and 13,403 received the polio vaccine.

HIV prevention, care, and treatment: A total of 6,796 were tested voluntarily for HIV across all settlements and 5,802 individuals received anti-retroviral therapy with an average viral load suppression on 90 per cent. Retention strategies, back to care campaigns as well as intensive adherence counselling are being implemented to improve outcomes on treatment.

Nutrition Survey: UNHCR, UNICEF, WFP, nutrition partners, and the Government of Uganda (i.e., UBOS, OPM, MOH, MAAIF, DLGs) implemented the 2023 food security and nutrition assessment (FSNA) across all the refugee settlements and refugee hosting districts. The annual activity is carried out to estimate the situation of food security, nutrition, health, water, sanitation and hygiene; and to identify priority areas and inform programming and resource mobilization by refugee stakeholders. Preliminary findings are expected before the end of September. The 2023 FSNA cycle was funded by UNICEF.



LIVELIHOODS AND ECONOMIC INCLUSION

Mapping of Livelihoods Partners and Projects: Using the 5Ws tool, UNHCR mapped 85 partners that were implementing livelihoods projects in 13 refugee hosting districts for about 534,000 beneficiaries. Overall, Palabek had the highest number of partners (19), followed by Bidibidi (15) and Kyaka II (14). Kampala (4) and Kiryandongo (5) had the fewer partners focused on livelihoods. In terms of beneficiaries, Palorinya had the highest number of livelihoods beneficiaries at 171,000, followed by Kyangwali (52,921) and Bidibidi (52,664). Over half of the projects (53 per cent) were agricultural projects and about 34 per cent were on skilling for employment. The Livelihoods Sector is engaging with the partners to enhance collaboration and synergies and improve measurement of the impact of livelihoods projects on the beneficiaries.

Key updates from the LRSWG: UNHCR continues to play a coordination role in supporting refugee livelihoods and self-reliance bringing together multiple actors including new initiatives in the sector, such as: (i) UNCDF who are working towards de-risking financial service providers to lend to refugees, as well as extending access to

loans and grants to refugees; (ii) Palladium who are running a project geared towards improvement of access to employment opportunities and creation of pathways to enable refugees to benefit from the communities that host them, and market systems development intervention targeting smallholder farmers including women, refugees, and host communities; (iii) Workers in Informal Economy Network Uganda are providing tailor-made solutions to challenges affecting workers in the informal sector many of whom are refugees.

U-Learn – UNHCR collaboration: UNHCR engaged U-Learn on a potential collaboration around refugee livelihoods assessments and research for evidence-based decision-making and programming. U-Learn is designed to promote improved outcomes for refugees and host communities in Uganda. In collaboration with government and a wide range of stakeholders, U-Learn focuses on facilitating learning, conducting assessments, and amplifying refugee voice and choice.

Engagement with Ministry of Gender, Labour and Social Development (MGLSD): UNHCR continued to co-chair the Jobs and Livelihoods Integrated Response Plan (JLIRP) with MGLSD and supported the JLIRP Secretariat to Implement its work plan and ensure coordination with relevant sector working groups. Together with Protection colleagues, the Livelihoods team is engaged in discussions with MGLSD aimed at signing a memorandum of understanding on harmonized protection and assistance provision for refugees and asylum seekers, while contributing to strengthening existing national systems, including the social protection system.



WATER AND SANITATION

Transition to National Water and Sewerage Corporation (NWSC): The planned transition of water systems management from UNHCR and humanitarian partners to the national water utility at Nakivale, Oruchinga and Kiryandongo settlements in July 2023 did not take place due to various reasons provided by NWSC, including lack of infrastructure development, high costs of fuel, and anticipated willingness and ability of refugees to pay for water. UNHCR has been asked to continue operations and maintenance of the system. This will depend on resource availability.

Water supply: During the month of July 2023, an average of 17 liters per person per day (lpd) of water was supplied to refugees. It is important to note that three refugee settlements (Rhino Camp, Oruchinga and Imvepi) have surpassed the water supply target of 20lpd. Seven settlements are within the range of 15-20lpd while three settlements in the south-west (Nakivale, Kyaka II and Rwamwanja) are below the minimum threshold of 15lpd. The water supply was provided through operations and maintenance of 215 motorized water schemes and 1,146 handpumps. According to UNHCR's water gap matrix, an additional 37 motorized water systems are needed to effectively meet the growing needs of the refugee population.

Latrine coverage: Household latrine coverage was maintained at 66 per cent since no new latrines were commissioned during the period. The pace of latrine construction is

low due to absence of local materials for superstructure construction, which cannot be easily obtained or afforded by the community.



ENVIRONMENT AND ACCESS TO ENERGY

Distribution of tree seedlings: In total, 81,485 seedlings were provided in Lamwo, Arua, Obongi, and Adjumani where each location distributed 42,745, 26,545, 10,500, and 1,695 seedlings, respectively.

Preparation for planting: In Kamwenge, 11 primary schools across the settlement were identified and began preparation to plant 1-2 acres with trees during the second planting season of 2023. The expected impact of tree growing in primary schools include nutrition benefits (fruit trees are planted), and shade (where students can rest and play during break time), which offers a cooling effect to each of the school grounds.

Establishment and maintenance of woodlots: In total, 98.2 hectares (ha) of land at Yumbe (97.5ha) and Obongi (0.7ha) were prepared for woodlot establishment through the process of bush clearing, lining out, marking, and pitting of the land. New woodlots were established in Madi Okollo and Terego (58ha), Obongi (20ha), and Yumbe (3.8ha) making a total of 81.8ha of new woodlots in July. In total, 131ha of woodlots have been maintained in Yumbe (59ha), Madi Okollo and Terego (36ha), Isingiro (22ha), and Obongi (14ha).

Woodlots are critical to the response as 99% of refugees continue to rely on biomass (wood and charcoal) for cooking, which causes environmental degradation. Uganda's deforestation rate is one of the highest in the world, estimated at 4 per cent per annum where forest cover has diminished from 25 per cent to 9 per cent from 1990 to 2019. Refugees and host communities have encroached on central forest reserves in search of fuelwood. The woodlots are established in the host community and sustainably managed to meet fuelwood and shelter construction needs. As of July, 10,342,432 tree seedlings (103% of the 2023 target) were produced; 7,488,657 seedlings (74 per cent) were sorted and are ready to plant with the second planting season in progress; and 5,221,766 seedlings (52 per cent) were distributed to partners for planting.

Cookstove construction and briquette production: In July 2023, a total of 2,092 energy efficient cookstoves were distributed in Yumbe (978), Kyegegwa (466), Obongi (247), Kikuube (229), Isingiro (172). To promote alternative sources of cooking energy, 50,000 kilograms of briquettes (10 per household) were distributed to 5,000 households of new arrivals in Rubondo zone, Nakivale settlement in Isingiro district. UNHCR is promoting the introduction of carbonized and non-carbonized briquettes to new arrival households to build environmentally friendly household habits before refugees become familiar with the geography of the settlements to find and harvest fuelwood. This aims to reduce the footprint made by refugees on the environment.

Solar Lighting to Enhance Protection: 30 solar streetlights were installed at Rubondo in Nakivale refugee settlement to improve the safety and security of the residents and their properties. Installation of 47 solar streetlights in Kyaka II refugee settlement was completed and handed over. This has improved the lighting of dark spots and is expected to subsequently improve the security and protection of the community.



SHELTER, SETTLEMENT AND NFIS

Construction: Ongoing construction projects in the operation include community centers in Nakivale, Imvepi and Rhino Camp aimed at providing recreation space for the community, community-based socio-therapy, and youth skilling (including digital skills and access to digital microwork training).

Classroom construction is ongoing at Kyamagabo Primary School in Kyaka II; and Mahega, Kyempango and Kikurura primary schools in Rwamwanja. After completion, the classrooms will improve the learning environment for refugee and host population children.

Construction works at three health centers (Ntenungi Health Center III in Rwamwanja; Imvepi Zone 3 HC III and Yinga HC III in Imvepi) were completed. This has improved access to health services for the refugees and the host community.

Plot demarcation: A total of 525 individuals (225 households) were settled in Juru, Nakivale refugee settlement where 1,000 plots were demarcated last year. In Kyangwali refugee settlement, 179 plots were allocated to newly settled refugees. A total of 62 plots were demarcated in Palorinya refugee settlement for the new arrivals.

Working in Partnership With:

Government – Office of the Prime Minister (OPM), District Local Governments (DLGs), Ministry of Agriculture Animal, Industry and Fisheries (MAAIF), Ministry of Education and Sports (MoES), Ministry of Energy and Mineral Development (MEMD), Ministry of Gender Labour and Social Development (MGLSD), Ministry of Health (MoH), Ministry of Local Government (MoLG), Ministry of Trade Industry and Cooperatives (MTIC), Ministry of Water and Environment (MWE).

District authorities in refugee-hosting/receiving districts – Adjumani, Amuru, Arua, Bundibugyo, Isingiro, Kampala, Kamwenge, Kanungu, Kasese, Kikuube, Kiryandongo, Kisoro, Koboko, Kyegegwa, Lamwo, Madi Okollo, Moyo, Ntoroko, Obongi, Terego, Yumbe and Zombo.

UN – United Nations Children’s Fund (UNICEF), United Nations Development Programme (UNDP), United Nations Entity for Gender Equality and the Empowerment of Women (UNWOMEN), United Nations Environment Programme (UNEP), United Nations Food and Agriculture Organization (FAO), United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees (UNHCR), United Nations Migration Agency (IOM), United Nations Officer for Project Services (UNOPS), United Nations Populations Fund (UNFPA), United Nations World Food Programme (WFP), United Nations World Health Organization (WHO).

NGOs – Action Africa Help (AAH), Action Against Hunger (ACF), Adventist Development and Relief Agency (ADRA), Africa Humanitarian Action (AHA), African Initiatives for Relief and Development (AIRD), African Medical and Research Foundation (AMREF), African Women and Youth Action for Development (AWYAD), Agency for Accelerated Regional Development (AFARD), Agency for Cooperation and Research in Development (ACORD), Agency for Technical Cooperation and Development (ACTED), American Refugee Committee (ARC), Andre Foods International (AFI), Association for Aid and Relief Japan (AARJ), Association of Volunteers in International Service (AVSI), Associazione Centro Aiuti Volontari (ACAV), A-Z Children’s Charity, Baylor, Building Resources Across Communities (BRAC), Belgian Development Agency (ENABEL), CARE, Care and Assistance for Forced Migrants (CAFOMI), Caritas Uganda (CU), Catholic Organization for Relief and Development Aid (CORDAID), Catholic Relief Service (CRS), Child Voices International, Communication and Education (PACE), Community Empowerment for Rural Development (CEFORD), Community Technology Empowerment Network (CTEN), Concern World Wide (CWW), Cooperazione Sviluppo (CESVI), DanChurchAid (DCA), Danish Refugee Council (DRC), Doctors with Africa (CUAMM), Drop in the Basket (DiB), Finn Church Aid (FCA), Finnish Refugee Council (FRC), Food for the Hungry (FH), Friends of Kisoro, German International Cooperation (GiZ), Give Directly, Global Aim, Global Refugee International (GRI), Good Neighbors International – Uganda, Healing Kadi Foundation, Help Age International, Humane Africa Mission (HAM), Humanitarian Assistance and Development Services (HADS), Humanitarian Initiative Just Relief Aid (HIJRA), Humanitarian Open Street Map Team (HOT), Humanity & Inclusion (HI), IMPACT, Infectious Disease Institute (IDI), InterAid, Inter-church Organization for Development Cooperation (ICCO Cooperation), International Aid Services (IAS), International Center for Research in Agro Forestry (ICRAF), International Committee of the Red Cross (ICRC), International Rescue Committee (IRC), IsraAid, Jesuit Refugee Service (JRS), Johanniter, Kabarole Research and Resource Centre (KRC), Lutheran World Federation (LWF), Lutheran World Relief (LWR), Malteser International (MI), Medical Teams International (MTI), Mercy Corps (MC), Norwegian Refugee Council (NRC), Nsamizi Training Institute of Social Development (NSAMIZI), OXFAM, Peace Winds Japan (PWJ), Peter C. Alderman Foundation (PCAF), Plan International (PI), Programme for Accessible Health, Real Medicine Foundation (RMF), Regional Health Integration to Enhance Services in Eastern Uganda (RHITES), Reproductive Health Uganda (RHU), Right to Play (RtP), Rural Initiative for Community Empowerment in West Nile (RICE-WN), Salvation Army, Samaritan’s Purse (SP), Save the Children International (SCI), Self Help Africa (SHA), The Uganda National Apiculture Development Organization (Tunado), Transcultural Psychosocial Organization (TPO), Trocaire, Tutapona Trauma Rehabilitation (TTR), Uganda Law Society (ULS), Uganda Red Cross Society (URCS), Uganda Refugee Disaster and Management Council (URDMC), War Child Canada (WCC), War Child Holland (WCH), Water Mission Uganda (WMU), Welthungerhilfe (WHH), Windle International Uganda (WIU), World Vision International (WVI), Young Women’s Christian Association (YWCA), ZOA – Uganda (ZOA).

Financial Information: UNHCR is grateful for the donors' support to this operation.

EARMARKED CONTRIBUTIONS | USD

United States of America 42 million | **Education Cannot Wait** 14.2 million | **Denmark** 6.8 million | **Netherlands** 5.45 million | **Industria de Diseño Texti S.A. (Inditex)** 4 million | **Japan** 4 million | **Canada** 1.8 million | **Sweden** 1.4 million

France | Germany | IKEA Foundation | European Union | Solvatten | Astellas Global Health Foundation | UN Children's Fund | IGAD | Austria | Private donors Germany | United Nations Population Fund | Toyota Tsusho Corporation | Eaglecom Foundation | Augustinus Fonden | UN Programme on HIV/AIDS | Coca-Cola Foundation | Hope Health Action | Private donors United Kingdom | Other private donors

OTHER SOFTLY EARMARKED CONTRIBUTIONS | USD

United States of America 35.6 million | **Private donors Australia** 5.3 million | **Private Donors Germany** 4.9 million | **Australia** 3.9 million | **Canada** 3.9 million | **Finland** 3.1 million | **Private donors USA** 2.7 million

Isle of Man | Luxembourg | Private donors

UNEARMARKED CONTRIBUTIONS | USD

Sweden 69 million | **Norway** 63.1 million | **Private donors Spain** 36.9 million | **Netherlands** 36.3 million | **Denmark** 35.6 million | **United Kingdom** 28.9 million | **France** 26.7 million | **Germany** 23.1 million | **Private donors Japan** 21.2 million | **Switzerland** 18.9 million | **Private donors Republic of Korea** 18.6 million | **Belgium** 11.9 million | **Ireland** 11.9 million | **Private donors Italy** 10.3 million

Algeria | Australia | Bulgaria | Canada | Costa Rica | Estonia | Finland | Iceland | Kuwait | Luxembourg | Malta | Monaco | Montenegro | New Zealand | Peru | Philippines | Portugal | Republic of Korea | Russian Federation | Saudi Arabia | Serbia | Singapore | Thailand | Türkiye | Uruguay | Private donors

The Refugee Response in Uganda is coordinated jointly by the Office of the Prime Minister (OPM) and the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees (UNHCR).

Government of Uganda (OPM) Coordination Contacts:

Douglas Asimwe, Acting Commissioner, asiimwedw@yahoo.com Tel: +256 772 969 054
Polyne Abina, Refugee Desk Officer, Mbarara, abbypolly@yahoo.com Tel: +256 782 202 465
Titus Jogo, Refugee Desk Officer, Adjumani, Tel: +256 392 725 718
Solomon Osakan, Refugee Desk Officer Arua, Tel: +256 772 854 919
Jolly Kebirungi, Refugee Desk Officer, Hoima, jo.ke87@yahoo.com Tel: +256 786 696 984

UNHCR Coordination Contacts:

Erika Fitzpatrick, Senior Comprehensive Refugee Response Officer, fitzpat@unhcr.org Tel: +256 776 882 695

Reporting and Media Contacts:

Elise Villechalane, Senior External Relations Officer, villecha@unhcr.org Tel: +256 760 496 668
Wendy Daphne Kasujja, Associate Reporting Officer, kasujja@unhcr.org Tel: +256 780 143 854
Frank Walusimbi, Associate Communications Officer, walusimf@unhcr.org Tel: +256 772 701 140

Data and Information Management Contact:

Bekir Yildiz, Associate Information Management Officer, yildiz@unhcr.org Tel: +256 776 497 037
Festo Muriisa, Assistant Information Management Officer, muriisa@unhcr.org Tel: +256 772 701 053

Links:

[Uganda Refugee Response Portal](#)
[UNHCR Uganda Facebook Page](#)
[UNHCR Uganda Twitter account](#)
[UNHCR Uganda Instagram account](#)