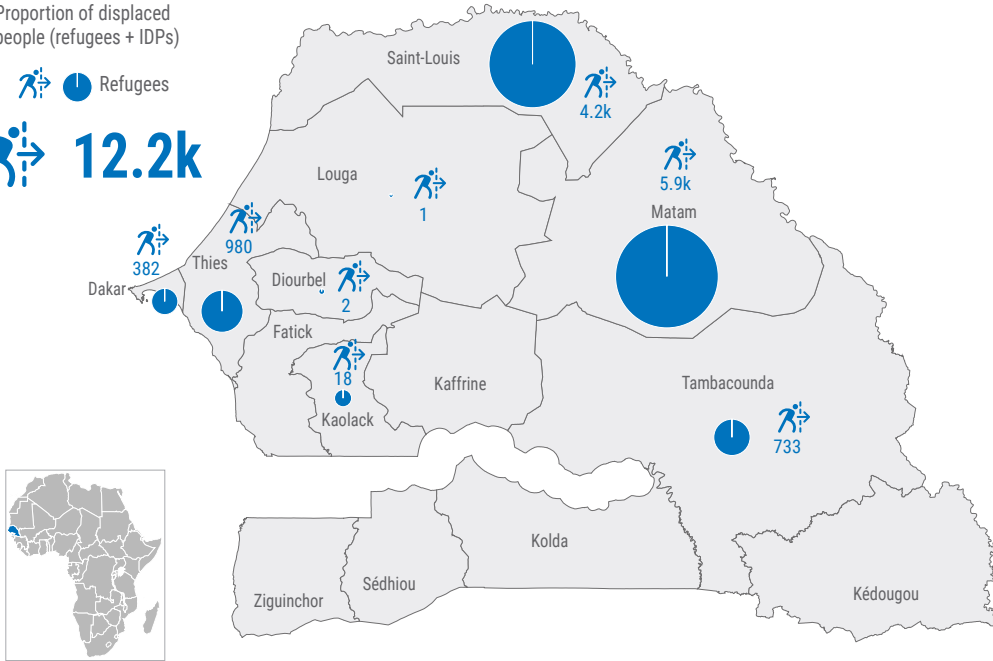
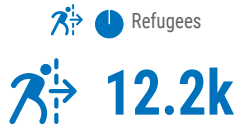


OPERATIONAL CONTEXT

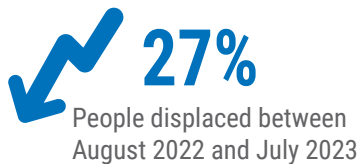
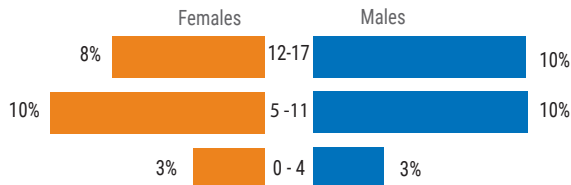
Total number of Refugees

Proportion of displaced people (refugees + IDPs)

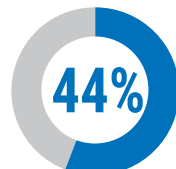


KEY FIGURES

Age and Gender (Refugees)



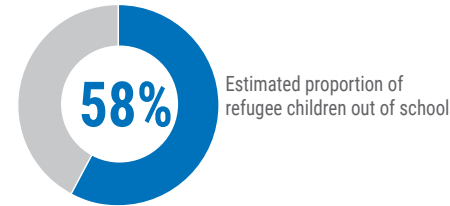
Estimated displaced children in the country*



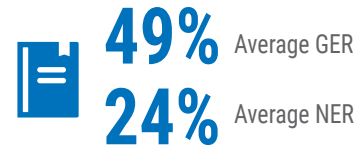
* Sources: UNHCR Senegal, <https://data.unhcr.org/en/country/sen>, July 2023.

REFUGEE EDUCATION OVERVIEW

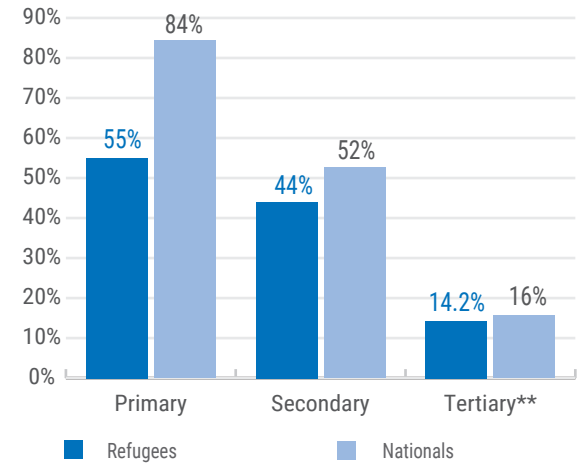
Out of school children



Average GER and NER: Primary + Secondary

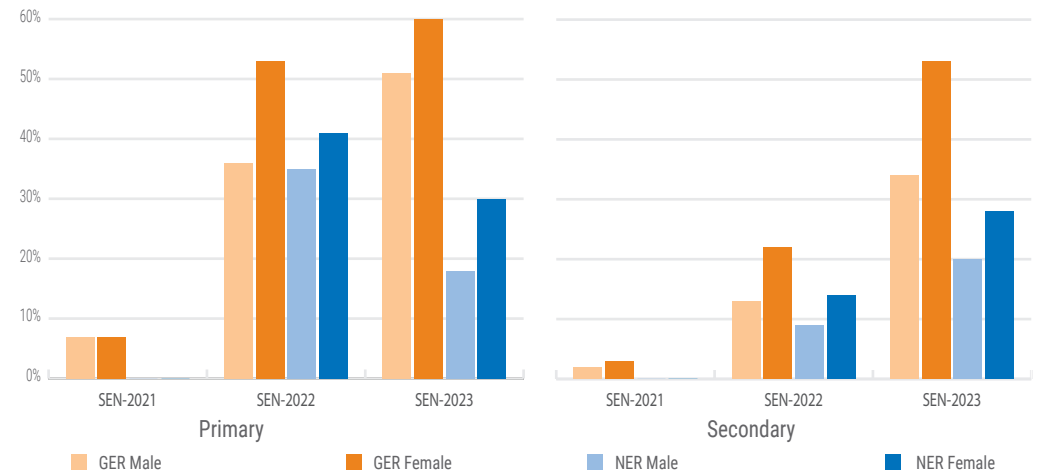


Comparison of refugee enrolment rates by school level for refugees vs nationals*



* UNICEF, 2022. Tertiary - Worldbank 2021 <https://www.unicef.org/media/136361/file/Senegal-2022-COAR.pdf>.
** The estimated proportion of 18-24 youth enrolled in higher education or technical and vocational education and training (TVET).

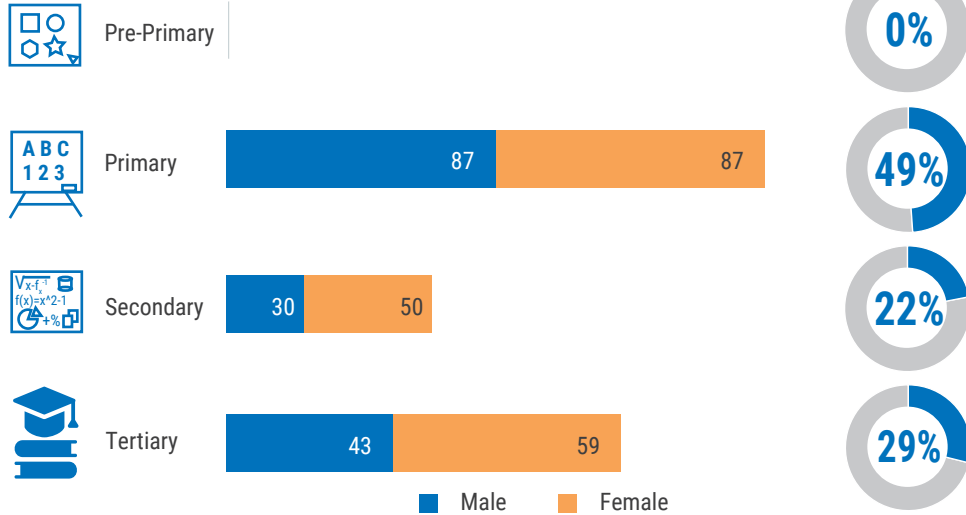
Gross and Net Enrolment Rates (GER and NER) comparison by gender and by school year



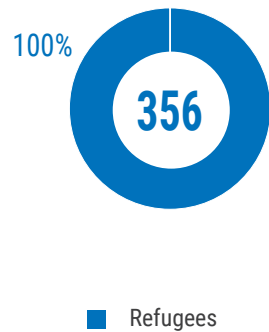
Sources: Displaced population data: UNHCR RBWCA refugee statistics of as of July 2023 (end of the academic year); Education data: RBWCA data consolidation as of August 2023, Assistance data: UNHCR and partners data consolidation. Data consolidation is based on data available from the different UNHCR operations. Data may sometimes be partial and do not always consider the whole refugee population. Data reflects the best knowledge of UNHCR and its partners. Disclaimer: The boundaries and names shown, and the designations used on these maps do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by the United Nations.

UNHCR'S EDUCATION RESPONSE AND ASSISTANCE

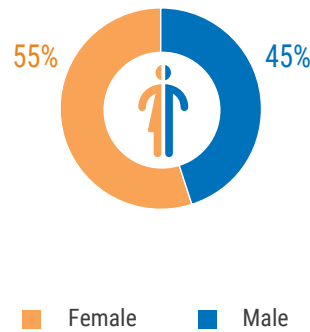
Children/youth reached by level



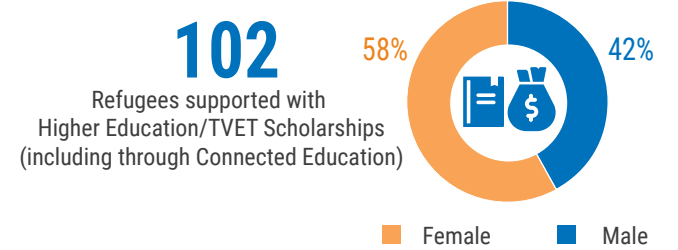
Children/youth reached by protection status



Children/youth reached by gender



KEY ACHIEVEMENTS

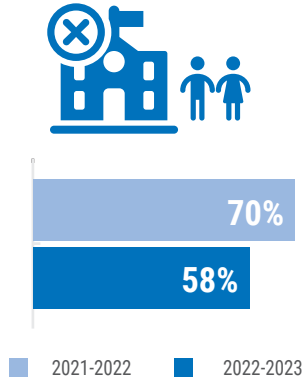


KEY HIGHLIGHTS

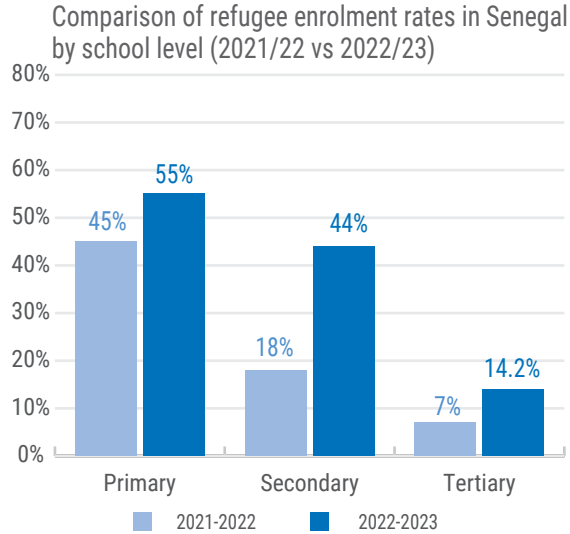
- Since 2022, UNHCR in Senegal has carried out a major verification exercise of the refugees registered in its database (in both rural and urban areas), which has improved the quality of data on the education situation of refugees and thus refined enrolment rates at all levels. This partly explains the significant increase in enrolment at all levels, especially at secondary and tertiary levels, where refugee enrolment rates are now close to those of national students.
- Although the enrolment rate of refugees in primary school has also increased compared to last year, it remains significantly lower than that of nationals (55% compared to 84%), especially for refugee children living in rural areas.
- The increase in refugee enrolment rates in higher education, including vocational training, can also be explained by the additional efforts made in the search for diversified support to facilitate young refugees' access to post-secondary education opportunities. Thus, the DAFI scholarship programme has been complemented by local university and vocational training scholarships, scholarships for connected higher education programs and for university corridors to France, thanks to the partnership with the Agence Universitaire de la Francophonie.

SCHOOL YEAR COMPARISON 2021/22 vs 2022/23

Out of school children



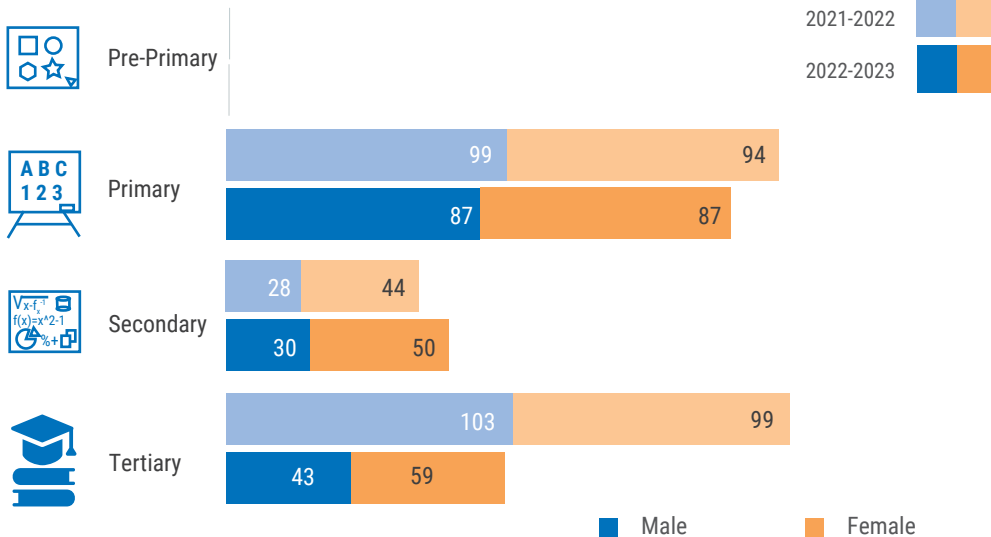
Estimated proportion of refugee children out of school by school year



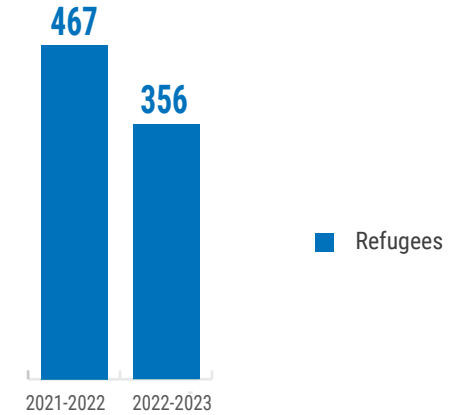
* The estimated proportion of 18-24 youth enrolled in higher education or technical and vocational education and training (TVET).

UNHCR'S EDUCATION RESPONSE AND ASSISTANCE 2021/22 vs 2022/23

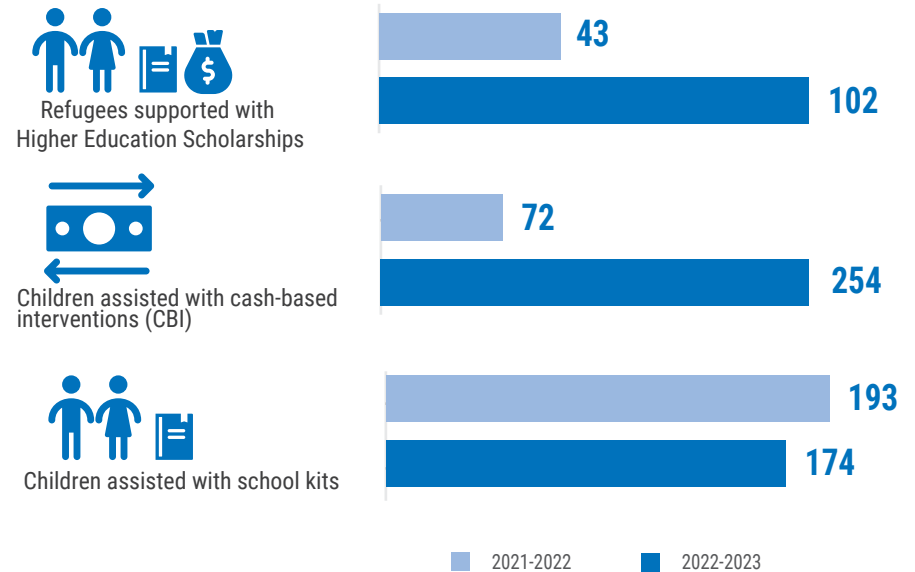
Children/youth reached by level



CHILDREN/YOUTH REACHED BY STATUS 2021/22 vs 2022/23

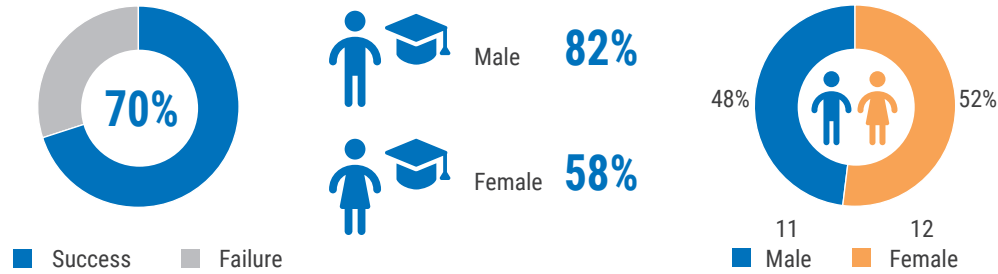


KEY ACHIEVEMENTS 2021/22 vs 2022/23

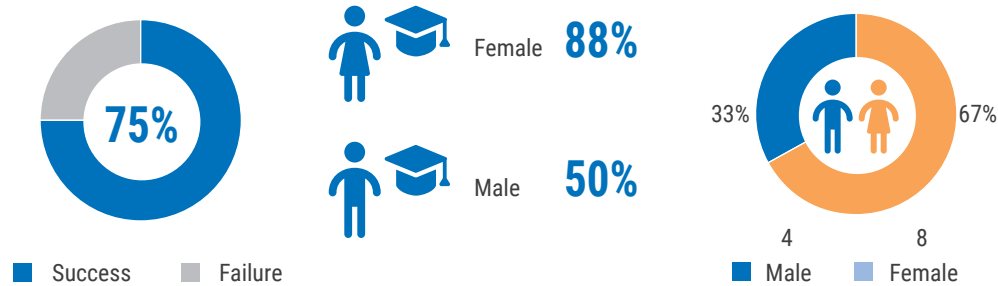


REFUGEE EXAM SUCCESS RATES BY LEVEL AND GENDER

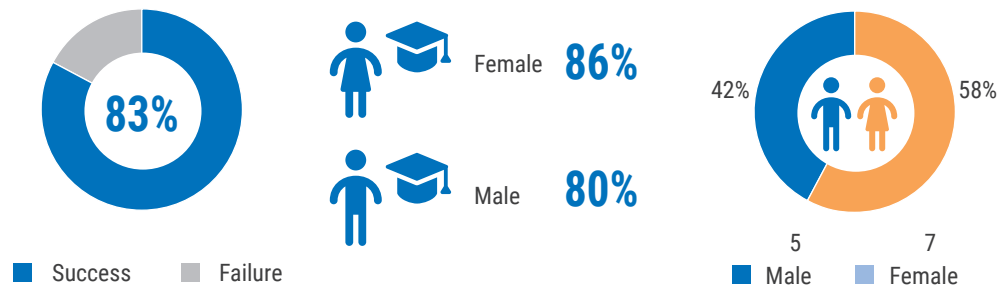
Success rate for Primary



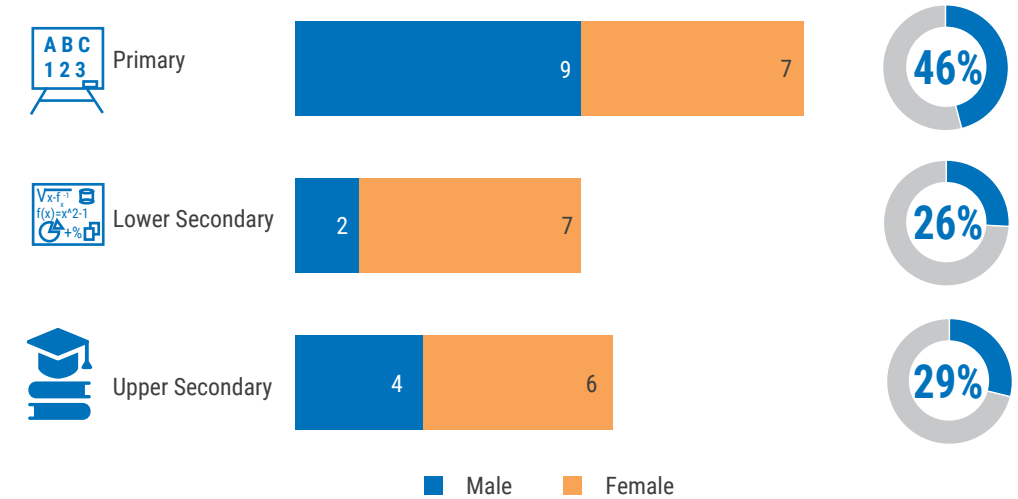
Success rate for Lower Secondary



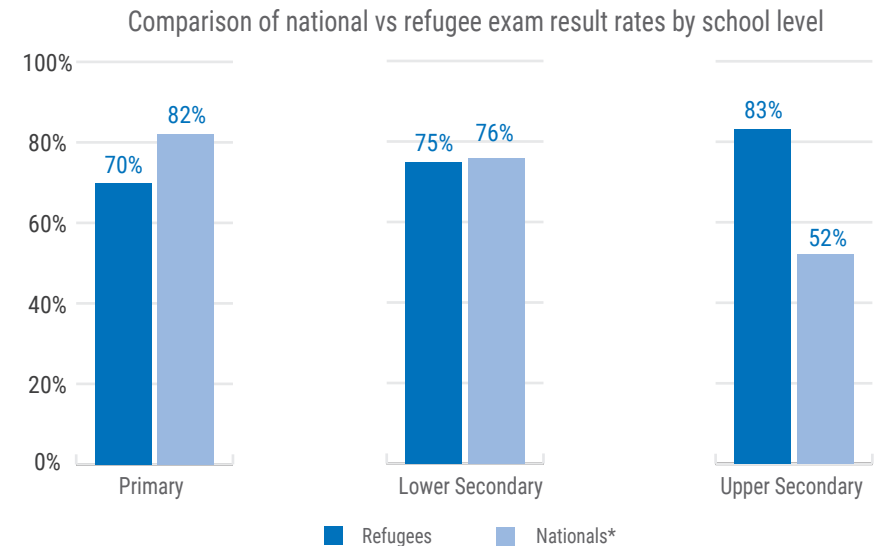
Success rate for Upper Secondary



DISTRIBUTION OF REFUGEE STUDENTS WHO PASSED THEIR EXAM BY LEVEL



SUCCESS RATES (NATIONALS vs REFUGEES)



Source: UNHCR RBWCA data consolidation as of August 2023.

Sources: Ministry of National Education, Session June 2023.