



## HIGHLIGHTS

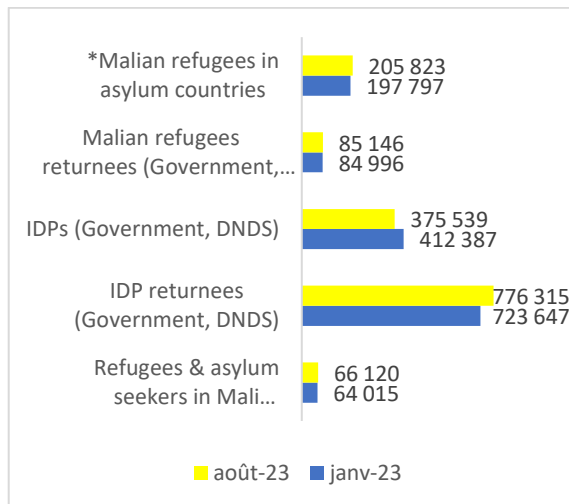
**137** traditional shelters built for IDPs in Ségou.

**21** police officers, **14** gendarmes and **40** prison administration agents, were sensitized on the documentation procedures

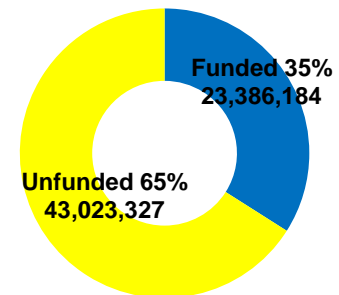
**60** solar streetlights installed in IDPs sites in Mopti.

Preparation of the preliminary bill establishing the status of stateless persons in Mali.

## POPULATION OF CONCERN AS OF 31 August 2023,



## FUNDING AS OF 31 August 2023



**USD 66,409 511** requested for Mali

### Staff, as of 31 August 2023:

- **74** National staff
- **30** International staff
- **13** Affiliate workforces
- **117** in total

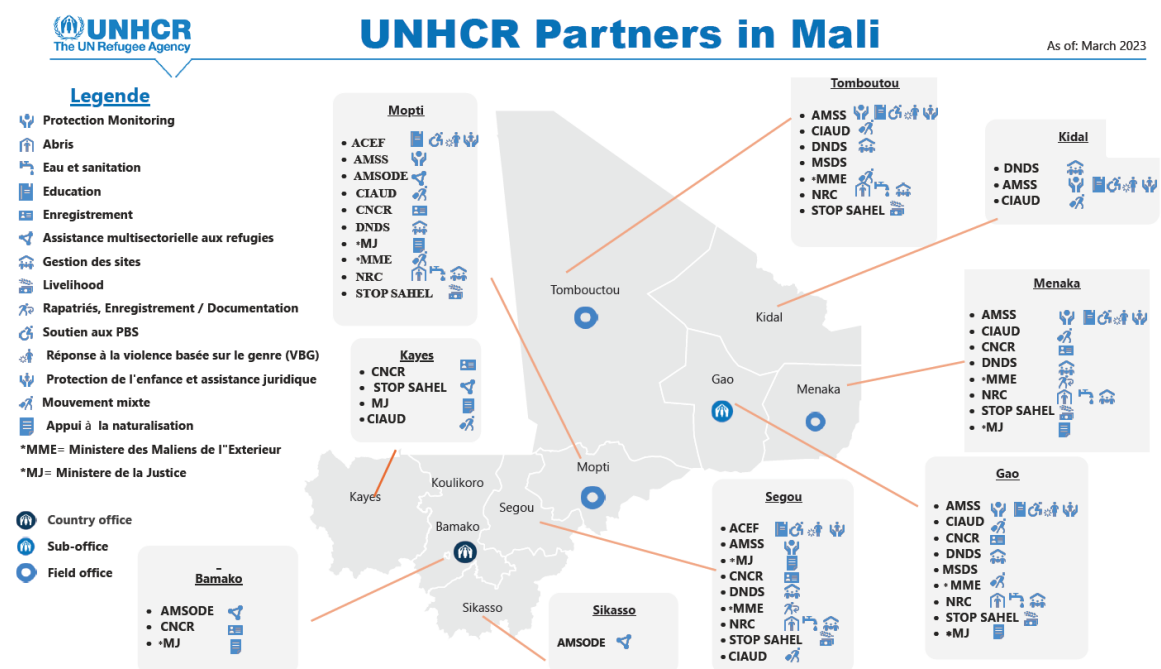
### UNHCR Presence

#### Offices, as of 31 August 2023:

**Five (5)** offices and one field unit located in :

- Bamako (Country Office)
- Gao (Sub-Office)
- Menaka (Field Office)
- Mopti (Field Office)
- Timbuktu (Field Office)
- Kayes (Field Unit)

WORKING WITH PARTNERS



MAIN ACTIVITIES

PROTECTION

Legal protection

- Monitoring of detention centers, police stations and gendarmerie brigades: monitoring activities were carried out in the detention centers of Dioila, Ségou, Markala, Bla and Koutiala. It is important to note that no persons of concern to UNHCR were present in these establishments. In addition, to facilitate the free movement of refugees, an awareness campaign was carried out in the regions of Dioila, Ségou and Koutiala. In total, 21 police officers, 14 gendarmes and 40 prison administration agents were informed about documentation procedures for refugees and asylum seekers. This documentation includes the issuance of refugee certificates, refugee identity cards, provisional asylum seeker certificates and TVC (Travel Documents).
- 04 operators of the UNHCR blue line (toll-free number) were trained on the international protection of refugees.

Statelessness:

- With regards to the objective to develop Mali's normative framework in the fight against statelessness, a workshop was held in Bamako from 28 August to 1<sup>st</sup> September 2023 to discuss the preliminary draft law on the status of statelessness. . This preliminary draft law comprises 5 chapters and 28 articles is a set of legal provisions that ensures the definition and protection of stateless persons in Mali. It will be the first law specifically addressing the issue of statelessness in Mali. Nine representatives of the Ministry of Justice and Human Rights (MJDH), the National Directorate of Legal Affairs and the Seal (DNAJS), the Ministry of Foreign Affairs and International Cooperation (MAECI), the National Commission on Human Rights (CNDH) and the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees (UNHCR).
- Timbuktu, being a northern region having experienced a heavy toll from the crisis in Mali, records civil status centers have been destroyed and/or closed. The area also records the lowest birth declaration rate across the entire territory, namely 37%. These are facts that motivated the negotiations led by UNHCR with the Governor of the said

region to create a committee which brings together the actors involved in civil status and nationality to reflect on the issues of statelessness caused by the forced displacement in the region. The committee was implemented on 29 August 2023.

### Mixed Movements:

- During the month of August, 885 people (600 men, 228 women, 24 girls and 33 boys) entering Mali were registered. The majority of these people entered via Labbezanga (21%), Ndaki (12%) and Koro (6%).
- Among these registered entrants, 275 declared having been victims of violence. These are people of Nigerian nationality (70.9%), Burkinabé (20%), Gambian (3.2%), Ivorian (2.2%), Malian (1.8%), Guinean (0.7%), Mauritanian (0.7%), Ghanaian (0.4%), Senegalese (0.4%). It should be mentioned that, among those registered, 330 potential asylum seekers were identified in these mixed movements of people. All these identified potential asylum seekers were referred to the National Commission in Charge of refugees (CNCR).
- For the review period, regarding outward movements, 739 leavers were identified. A total of 64% of them traveled by bus and 36% by pick-up. 78% are of Malian nationality, 6% are Mauritians, 5% are Guineans, 3% are Burkinabés, 2% are Ivorians, 2% are Senegalese, 2% are Nigeriens, 2% are Gambians.
- In August, awareness sessions covering the process of determining refugee status, the consequences of irregular migration, the importance of registering civil status documents, the importance of children's education and the UNHCR mandate, among others, were organized as follows:
  - Six in the Menaka region which reached 19 people (17 men and 2 women) -Twenty-six (26) in the Mopti and Ségou regions for 401 people (135 women, 236 men, 15 girls and 15 boys). Twenty-eight (28) in the Timbuktu region and which reached 341 people including 218 men and 123 women.
  - And 04 sessions in Nara, 02 in Nioro, 02 in Sikasso, 03 in Kayes and 03 in Koutiala. A total of 224 people, including 168 men, 38 women, 9 boys and 9 girls benefited from the sessions.

### Durables solutions:

#### Resettlement:

- 25 refugees were informed and advised on the resettlement process and fraud-related issues to manage their expectations.
- From August 21 to 25, remote interviews of 4 households of 15 refugees were carried out by our resettlement partner, Resettlement Support Center (RSC-Africa), based in Nairobi.

### SHELTER & NON-FOOD-ITEMS (NFIs) & WATER, SANITATION, AND HYGIENE (WASH)

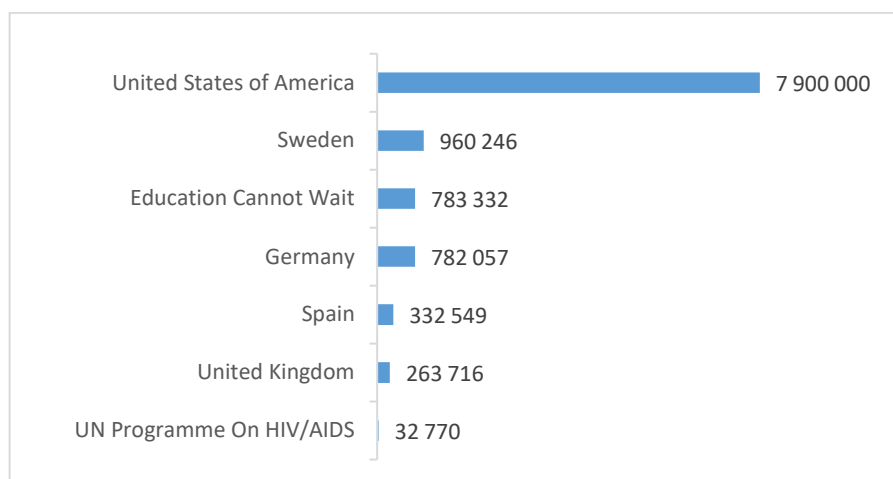
- Installation of 60 solar streetlights at IDPs sites in Mopti thanks to the support of the Office of Population, Refugees and Migration (PRM) of the United States government. This is a program that targeted the urban area of Mopti, which is the epicenter of the displacement crisis through the direct implementation of UNHCR. It helps ensure the protection of IDP sites and contributes to mitigating the risks of gender-based violence in the sites.
- Construction of 137 traditional shelters for IDPs in Ségou. This achievement concerns IDPs living in precarious living conditions on spontaneous sites where minimum conditions in terms of protection and humanitarian standards are not met. It allowed 137 displaced families to have access to shelter and living conditions that guarantee security, housing and protection.
- In Menaka, an improved village water system (SHVA) was rehabilitated which allowed the extension of the drinking water supply network using solar energy pumping on the refugees site, giving them access to drinking water in quality and quantity and also benefits local host communities.

### FINANCIAL INFORMATION

UNHCR is grateful for the critical support provided by donors who have contributed to this operation as well as those who have contributed to UNHCR programs with unearmarked and broadly earmarked funds.

Total recorded contributions for the operation amount to some **US\$ 23,386,184**.

## EARMARKED CONTRIBUTIONS RECEIVED FOR MALI | USD



## OTHER SOFTLY EARMARKED CONTRIBUTIONS | USD

United States of America 35.6 million | Italy 8.8 million | Private donors Australia 6.9 million | France 6.6 million | Finland 6.2 million | Australia 3.9 million | Canada 3.9 million | Private donors USA 3.2 million | Private donors Germany 3.1 million | Private donors United Kingdom 2.4 million | Iceland | Isle of Man | Luxembourg | Private donors

## UNEARMARKED CONTRIBUTIONS | USD

Sweden 69 million | Norway 63.1 million | Private donors Spain 43.2 million | Netherlands 36.3 million | Denmark 35.6 million | Private donors Japan 30 million | United Kingdom 28.9 million | France 26.7 million | Private donors Republic of Korea 23.5 million | Germany 23.1 million | Switzerland 18.9 million | Private donors Italy 13.7 million | Belgium 11.9 million | Ireland 11.9 million | Algeria | Australia | Bulgaria | Canada | Costa Rica | Estonia | Finland | Iceland | Indonesia | Kuwait | Luxembourg | Malta | Monaco | Montenegro | New Zealand | Peru | Philippines | Portugal | Republic of Korea | Russian Federation | Saudi Arabia | Serbia | Singapore | Thailand | Türkiye | Uruguay | Private donors

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