

Data as of 28-May-2024

- Key findings
- Refugee profiles
- Displacement patterns
- Access to rights #1
- Access to rights #2
- Access to rights #3

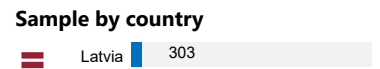
Country: Latvia | Interview Month: Multiple selections | Arrival: All | Oblast: All | Household type: All

To strengthen and promote an evidence-based protection response, UNHCR and its partners in **Latvia** have been implementing a Protection Profiling and Monitoring exercise to regularly collect and analyze data about the profiles, protection risks and needs of refugees from Ukraine and monitor changes over time. In October 2023 a revised questionnaire was rolled out. This dashboard presents the main findings based on **303** interviews conducted in **Mar 2024**

303
of respondents

708
of household members

This fact sheet is generated from the regional [protection monitoring dashboard](#).



Methodology

Individual interviews are conducted in different locations, including transit centers, reception centers, and UNHCR office premises. Trained enumerators collect data digitally using the Kobo Toolbox, which is then safely stored in UNHCR's server.

While respondents are randomly selected to reduce bias, non-probability sampling is used. Results cannot necessarily be extrapolated to all refugees from Ukraine. The data for this dashboard has not been weighted.

KEY FINDINGS

Nationality

99%
of respondents were Ukrainian nationals

Gender

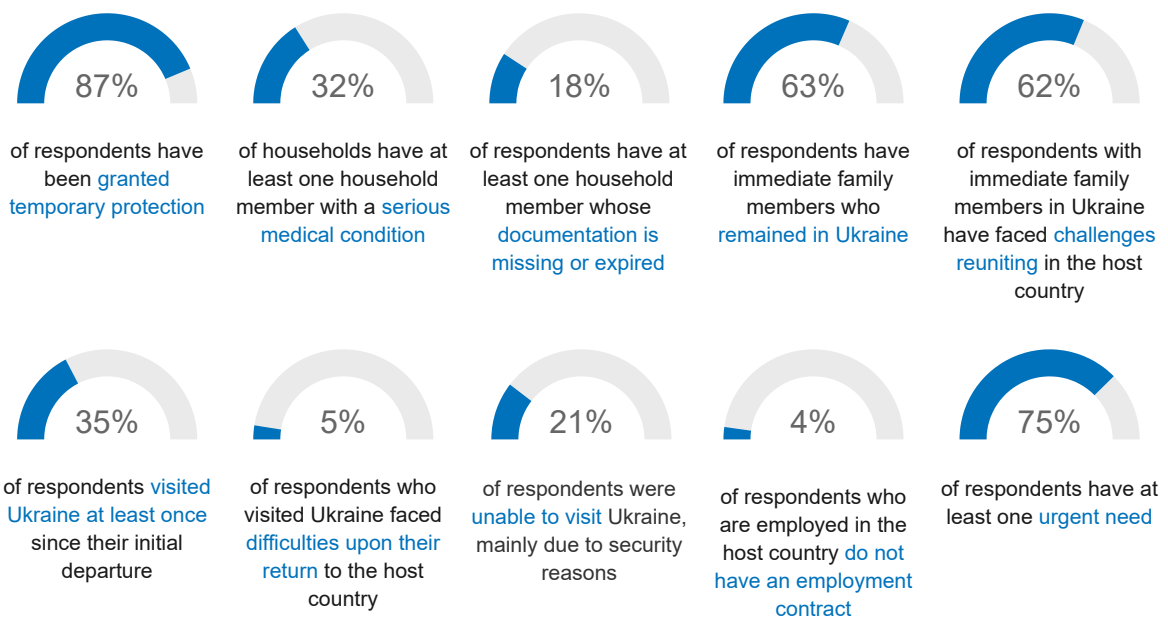
75%
of respondents were female

Age

47
average age of the respondents

Household size

2.3
average size of households



Acknowledgements

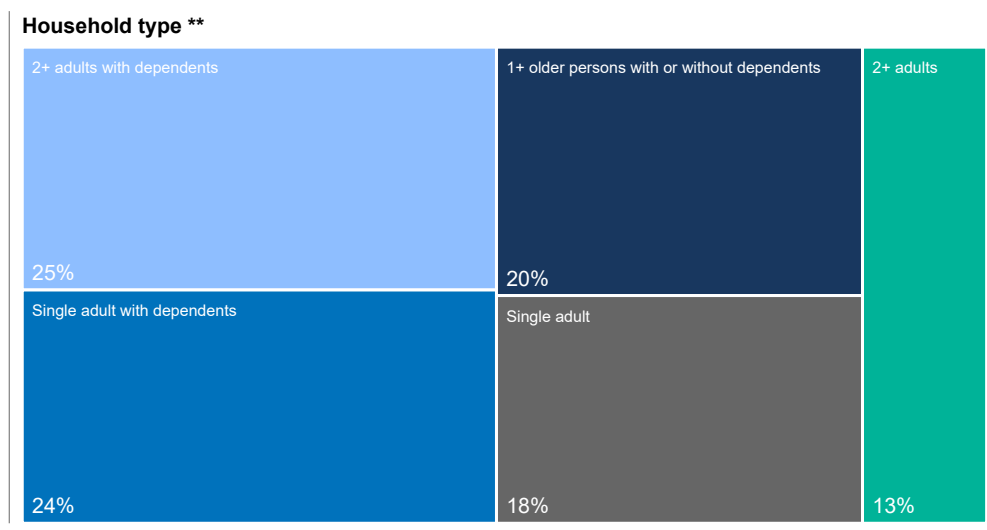
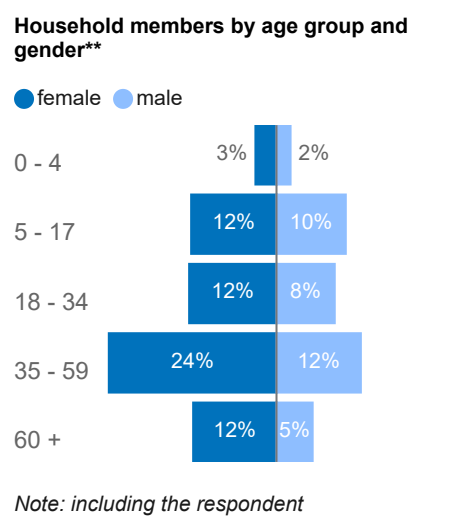
We are grateful for the extensive involvement and support of UNHCR's partner, Gribu Palīdzēt Bēgļiem (I Want to Help Refugees).

We are also grateful for the support of local authorities, civil society, international organizations, and donors. Most importantly, UNHCR would like to acknowledge the resilience and strength of refugees from Ukraine, who continue to share with us their challenges, fears and hopes.

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HOUSEHOLD CHARACTERISTICS

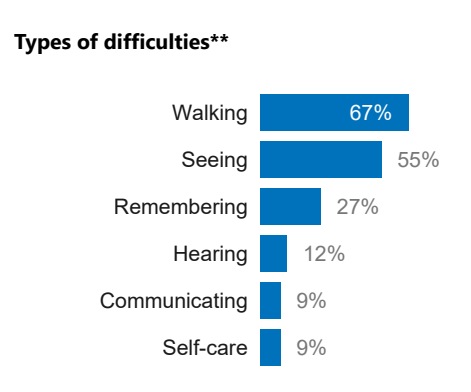


SPECIFIC NEEDS

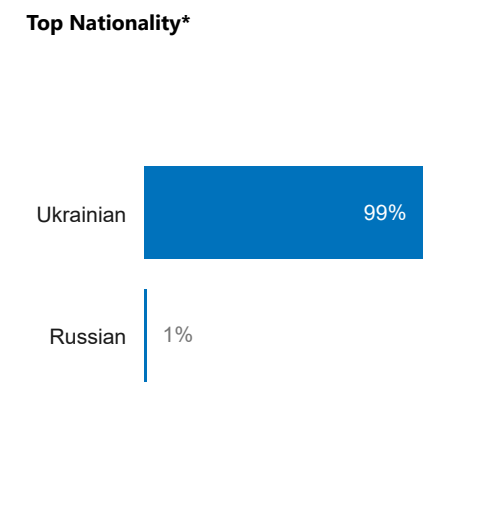
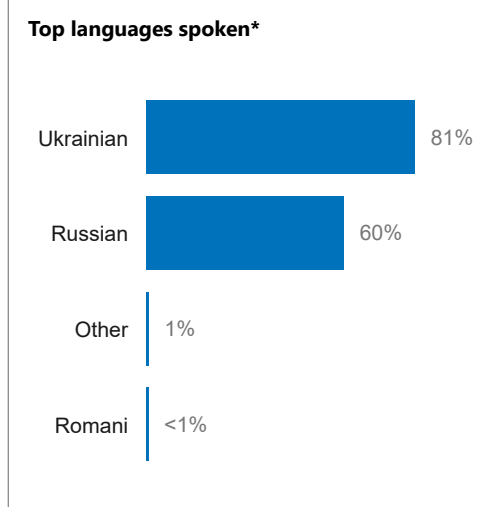
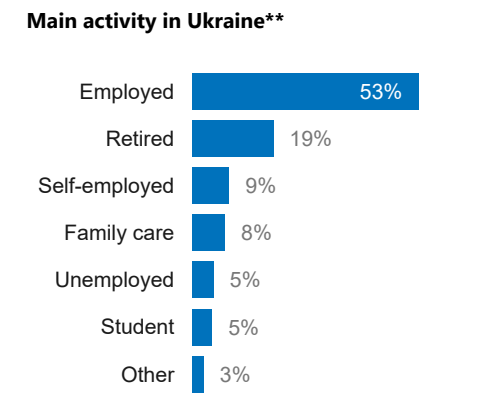
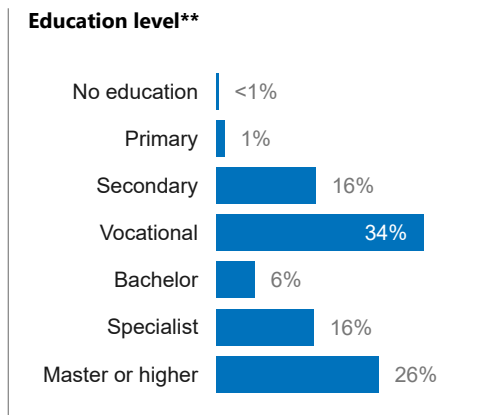
7% of households have children who are separated from both parents

32% of households have at least one family member with a serious medical condition

11% of households have at least one family member with a disability



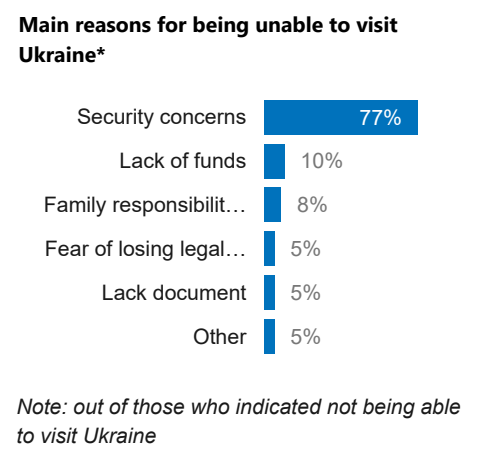
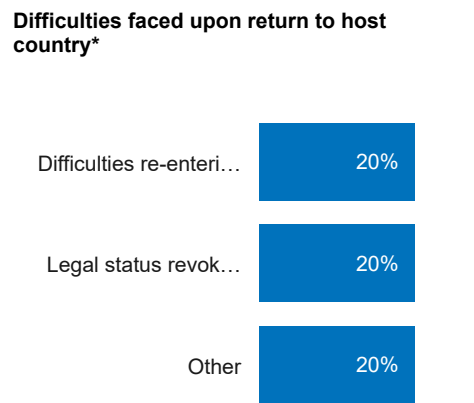
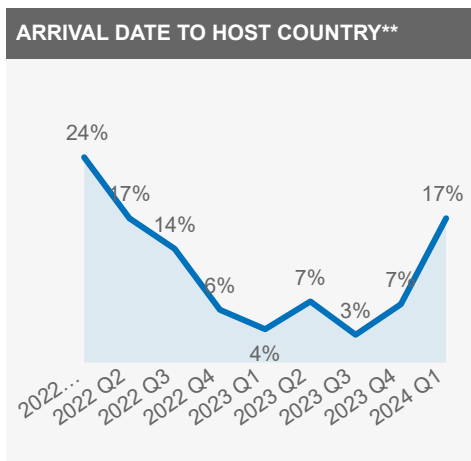
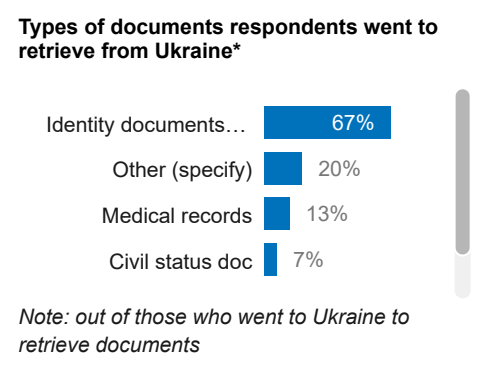
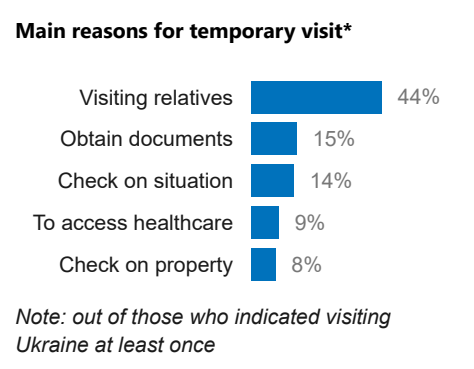
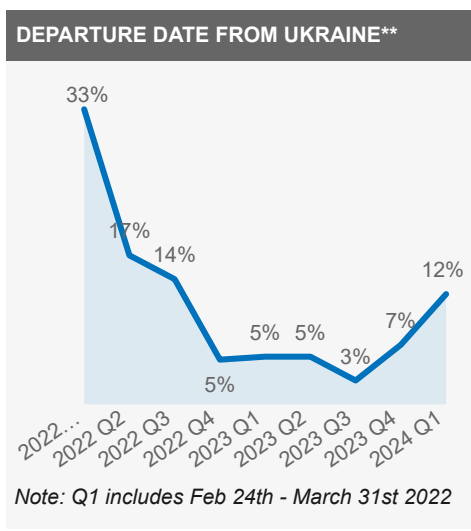
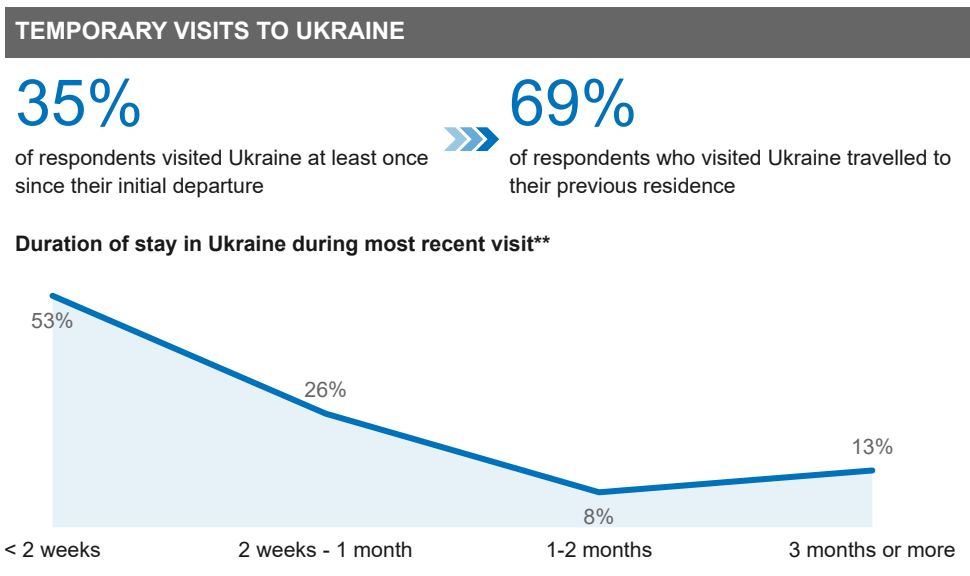
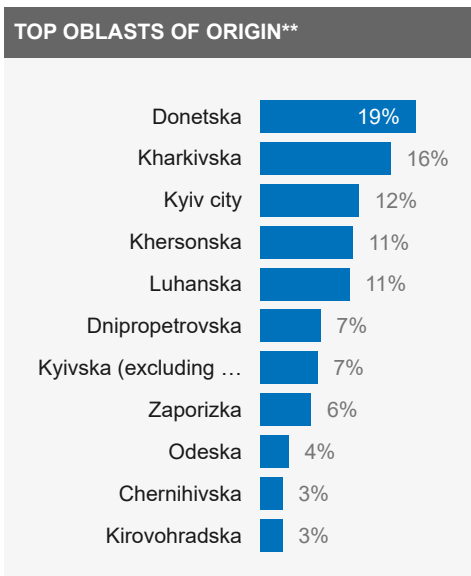
RESPONDENT PROFILE



** Due to rounding some percent totals do not add up to 100%.
* Multiple responses were possible, so percentages can go over 100% when added.

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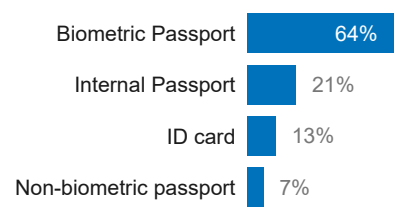
IDENTITY DOCUMENT

REGISTRATION OF VITAL EVENTS

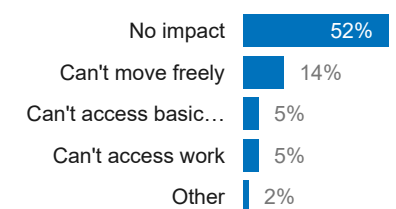
18%

of respondents have at least one household member missing documentation or whose documents have expired

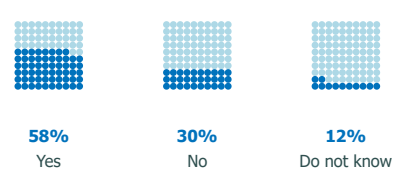
Top missing documentation*



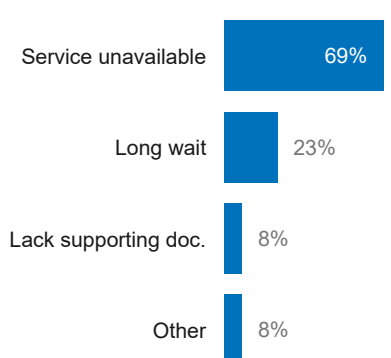
Challenges faced due to lack of documentation*



Ability to replace/renew documentation in the host country**



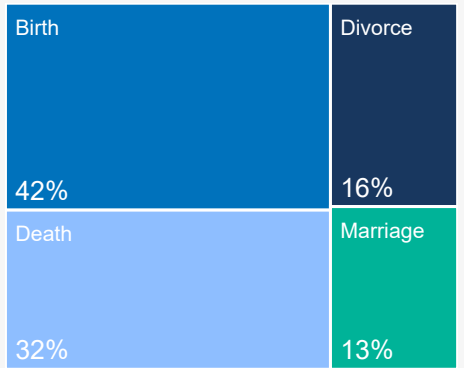
Reasons for inability to renew/replace documentation in the host country*



10%

of respondents reported changes in family composition since their initial departure from Ukraine

Changes in family composition*



13%

of respondents faced challenges in registering vital events and obtaining corresponding documents in the host country

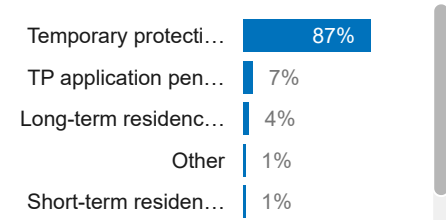
Note: Out of those who reported changes in their family composition

Challenges faced*



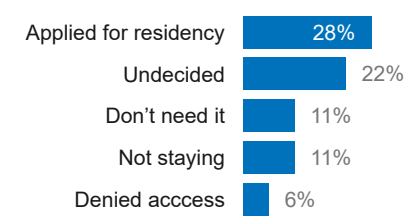
LEGAL STATUS IN THE HOST COUNTRY

Current legal status in the host country**

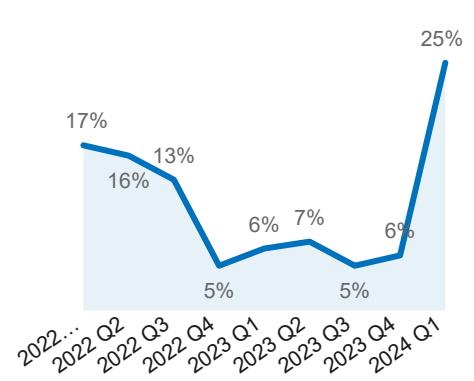


Note: This data does not include results from Belarus

Top reasons for not applying for temporary protection**



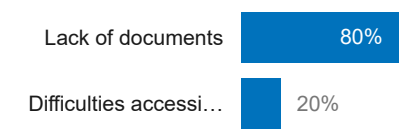
Timeline of application for temporary protection**



2%

of respondents faced difficulties during the temporary protection application/extension process

Difficulties faced*



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FAMILY REUNIFICATION

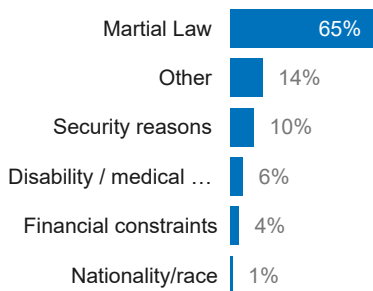
63%

of respondents have immediate family members who remained in Ukraine

62%

of respondents have faced difficulties reuniting with immediate family members who remained in Ukraine

Factors preventing reunification*



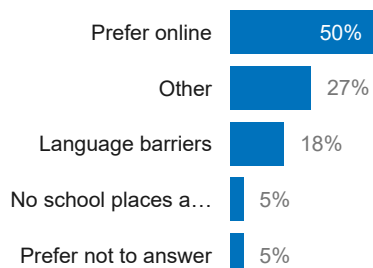
Note: out of respondents who have immediate family members who remained in Ukraine

EDUCATION

25%

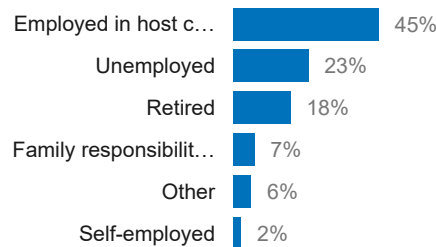
of households with school-age children reported at least one child not registered for education in the host country

Reasons for not enrolling children in the host country*

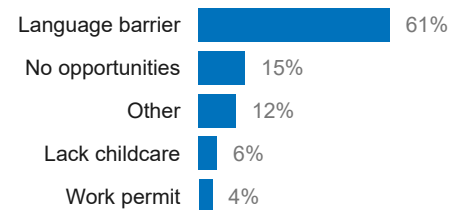


ACCESS TO WORK

Current main activity **



Barriers to accessing employment *



Note: out of those who indicated being unemployed

4%

of respondents do not have an employment contract

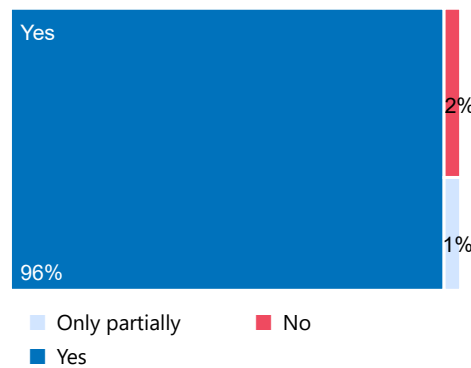
8%

of respondents reported working excessively long hours

1%

of respondents reported the confiscation of their documentation (e.g. passport) by their employer

Access to earnings**



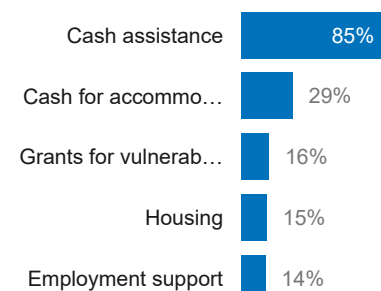
Note: out of those who are currently employed

SOCIAL PROTECTION

91%

of respondents or their household members have applied for government-provided social protection benefits

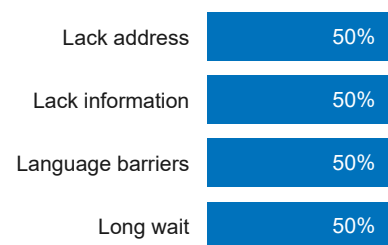
Types of social protection benefits*



6%

of respondents or their household members experienced challenges accessing social protection benefits

Challenges faced*



Note: out of those who applied

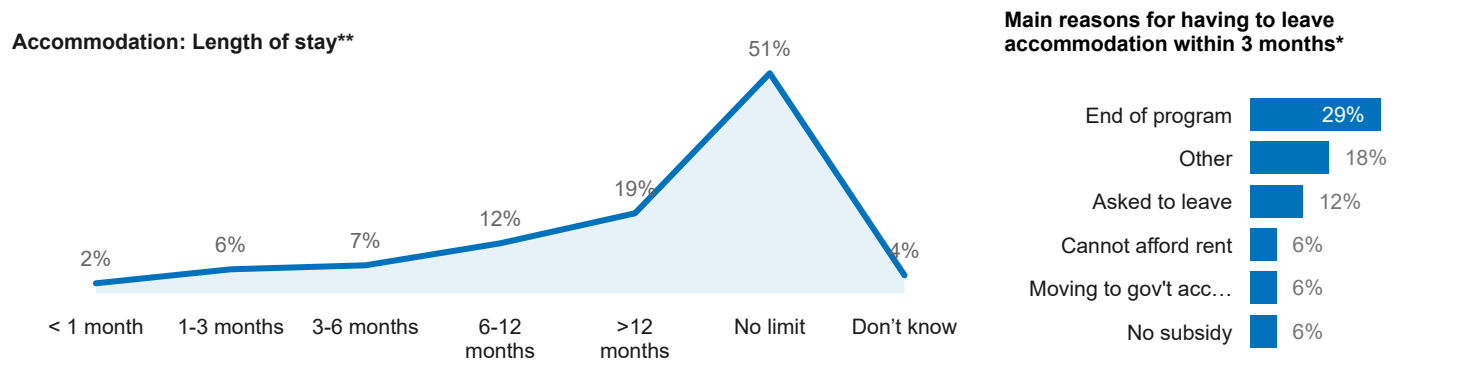
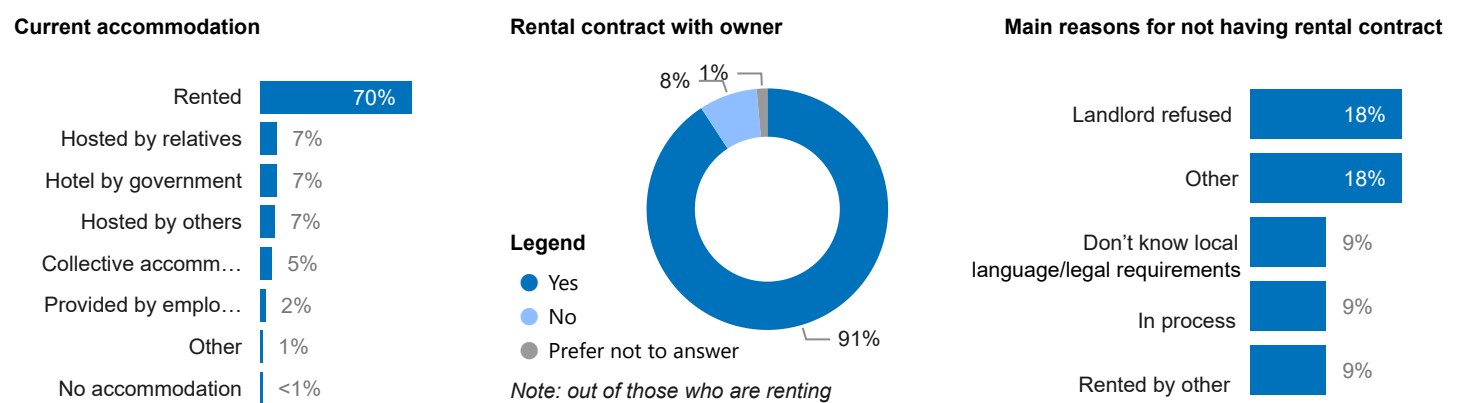
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ACCOMMODATION

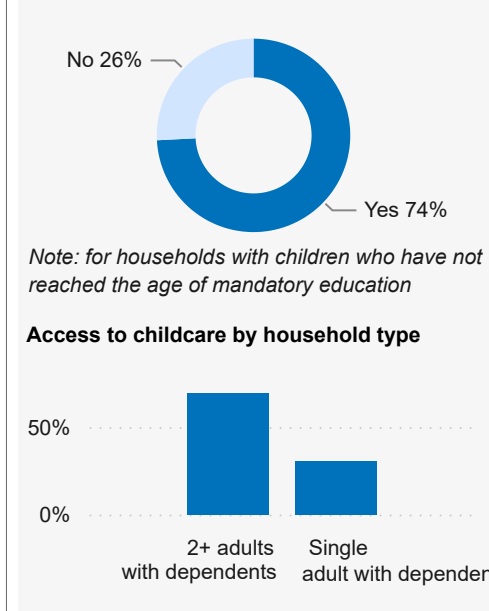


Note: On access to accommodation, to ensure that the findings are not affected by place of interview, interviews conducted in collective shelters have been excluded from the analysis.

URGENT NEEDS



ACCESS TO CHILDCARE



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