

Recent Clan Clashes in Jiicboor Village, Galdogob District, Mudug Region, Displaces Thousands



Displaced Families

1,335



Displaced Individuals

8,010



Deaths

1



Injuries

2



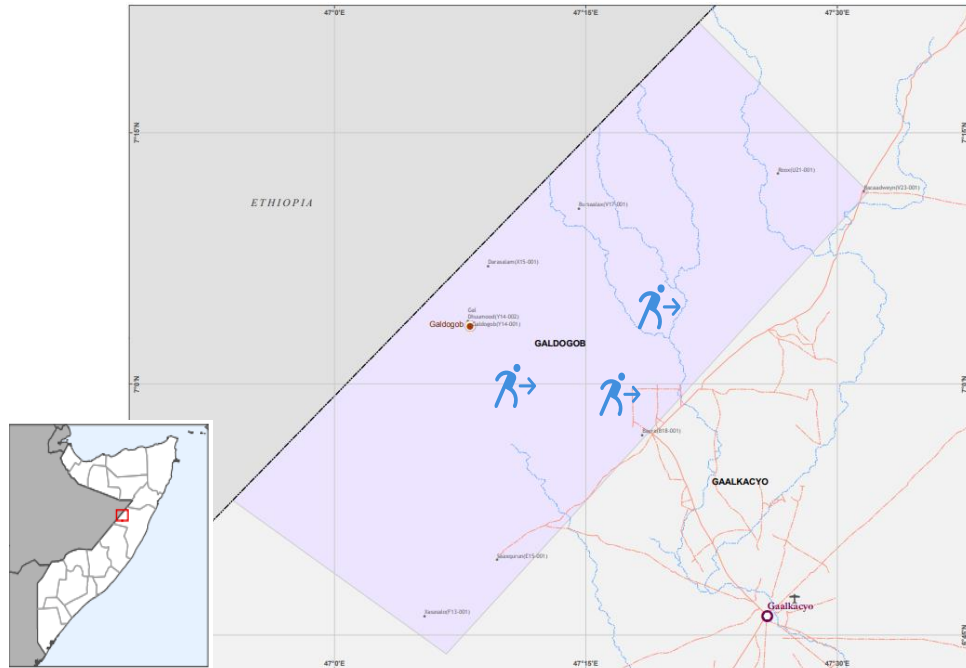
Coordinates

7.0314° N, 47.0170° E



Incident Date

Dec 26 -28, 2024



Situation Overviews

A serious clan conflict broke out in Jiicboor village, located in the Galdogob district of the Mudug region, from December 26 to 28, 2024. This violent clash is the result of a deep-rooted dispute over grazing rights and access to essential water resources, which had previously flared up in July earlier this year. The ongoing tensions between the clans have tragically escalated, leading to violent confrontations that have displaced approximately 1,335 households from surrounding villages such as Ciidciidka, Yadinka, Taarage, Maygaagta, Higl Geele, Ciirlay, and Tuulo-Ooman. Immediate intervention is crucial to prevent further violence and support the affected communities.

Displaced households have sought refuge in several locations, including Saah-qurun, Laanwalo, Galmiigaag, Xasaale, Qodgashan, Nugaal Gibin, Goldogob town and Xerojaale. The clan-based nature of the ongoing conflict puts civilians affiliated with the warring clans at an increased risk of attacks and killings. According to monitors from the Protection and Solutions Monitoring Network (PSMN), there have been three reported civilian casualties: one woman was killed, and two others were injured.

Previous Location	Current Location	#Households
Ciidciidka	Saaxqurun	157
Yadinka	Laanwalo	117
Taarage	Galmiigaag	97
Maygaagta	Xasaale	123
Higlaceele	Buulalay	89
Ciirlay	Qorsayn	130
Tuulo-ooman	Tuula-qorax	112
Ciidciidka	Saaxqurun	72
Yadinka	Laanwalo	81
Dhirga fuuliska	Dhuxulshidka	40
Laama-ariboob	Qodgashan	89
Higl Geele	Nugaal gibin	64
Yucubta	Xerojaale	79
Jiicboor	Goldogob	85
1,335 HHs with approximately 8,010 individuals		

The displacement has severely affected vulnerable groups, including children, pregnant women, the elderly, persons with disabilities, and individuals with chronic illnesses. Reports from PSMN monitors indicate that these groups faced significant hardships during their journey and at their arrival destinations.

Protection Risks

Attacks on Civilians and Civilian Objects: Three civilian casualties were reported, including one death and two injuries, all adult women. High risk of targeted killings of civilians based on clan affiliation persists.

Psychological and Emotional Distress: Many displaced individuals experienced significant psychological trauma, having fled their homes abruptly, leaving behind personal belongings and livestock.

Vulnerable Populations at Heightened Risk: Among the displaced, several vulnerable individuals lack access to basic needs in their new locations, exacerbating their vulnerabilities.

Urgent Needs



Food



Emergency Shelter



Non-Food Item



Communal Latrine



Safe Drinking Water



Protection

Humanitarian Response

At the time of publishing this Flash Alert, there is little/none humanitarian response to the affected displaced population. In order to articulate a response as soon as possible, humanitarian actors are requested to activate the inter-sectoral minimum response package considered under the Integrated First-Line Response Framework (IFLR) for the upcoming 3 months period.

Recommendations:

Immediate humanitarian assistance: Given the displacement, there are critical need for shelter, NFIs, food, water, communal latrines and Protection including psychosocial support services for those who have been subjected to violence or have lost loved ones.

Protection measures: Ensuring the safety of vulnerable populations—especially children, the elderly, and those with disabilities—should be a priority. This could include establishing safe spaces, providing legal assistance, and preventing further violence through protective measures.

The PRMN (Protection & Return Monitoring Network) is a UNHCR-led project which identifies and reports on displacements as well as protection risks and incidents underlying such population movements. On behalf of UNHCR and the Norwegian Refugee Council (NRC), 38 local partners in the field in Somalia (South Central regions, Puntland and Somaliland) undertake data gathering (primarily through interviews with affected communities and key informants) and monitoring at strategic locations.

