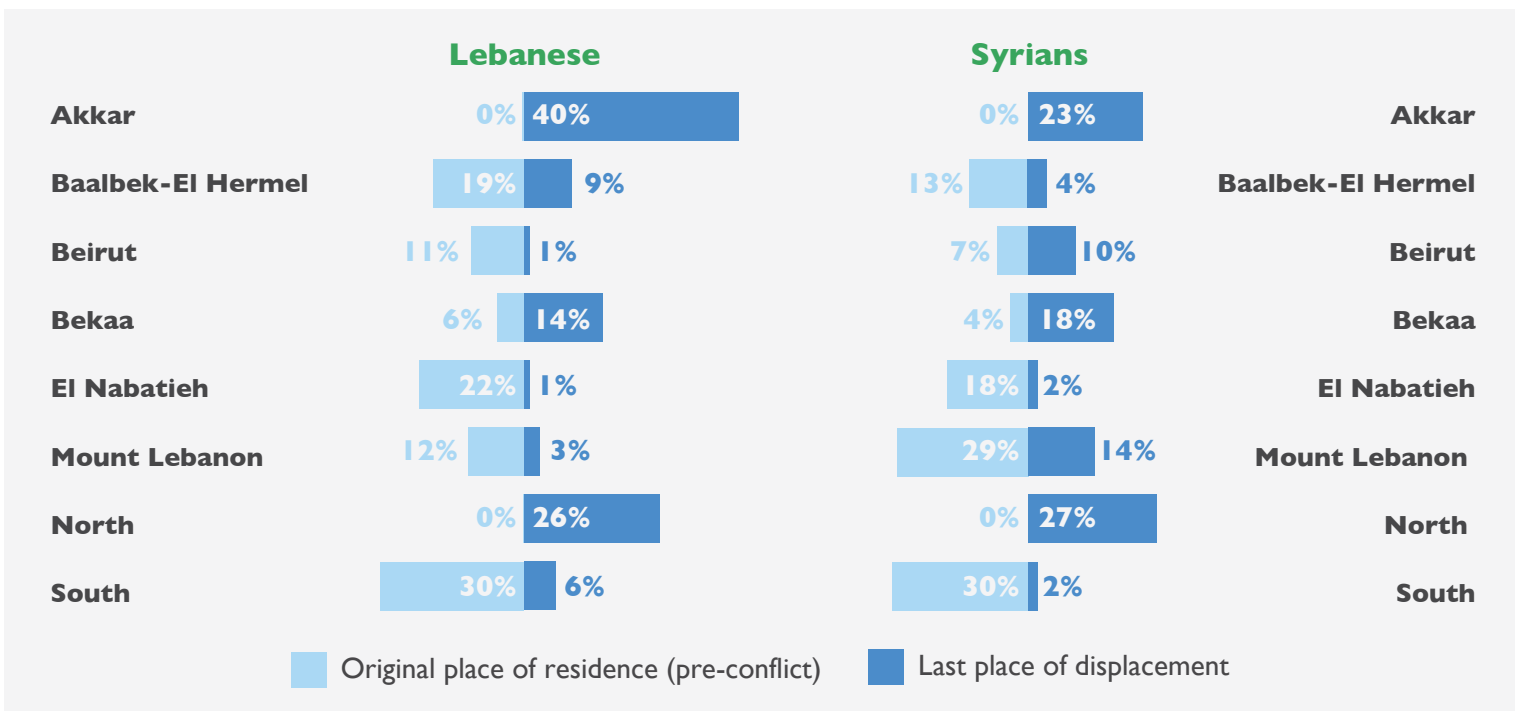


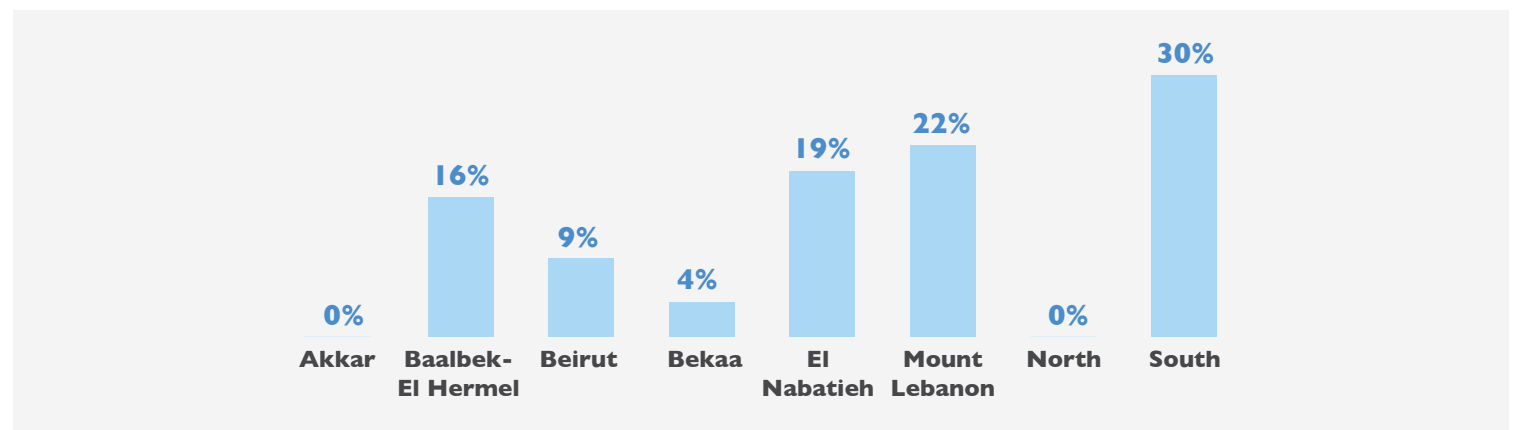
This dashboard presents the data collected through a series of Rapid Assessments, aimed at understanding the current locations, intentions, and barriers to return for internally displaced persons (IDPs) following the ceasefire in Lebanon and the large-scale movements it triggered. The assessments were carried out by the Protection teams across the four field offices during the week of 5–12 December, using a harmonized tool. The sampling frame was determined at the subnational level. It is non-representative at this stage but sufficiently large to provide an indication of the current situation, intentions and barriers to return for different populations. The respondents were selected from the lists of IDPs for whom UNHCR and partners have provided protection and shelter services. A total of 1,966 assessments were conducted. The respondents<sup>1</sup> were Lebanese IDPs and secondarily displaced refugees residing outside of collective shelters. When further data is available including from shelter partners in Collective Sites, this analysis will be updated.

## 82% of Lebanese and 64% of Syrians moved after the ceasefire

### Areas of origin and areas of displacement prior to the ceasefire

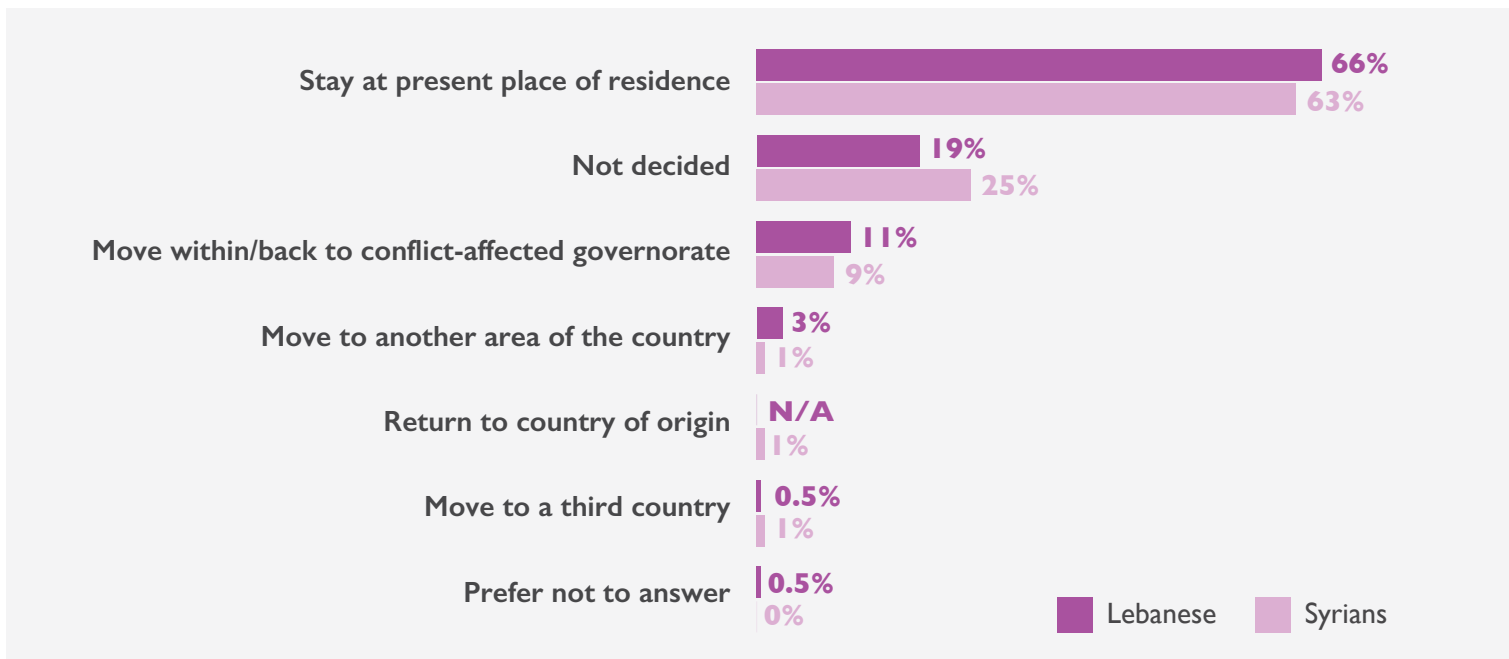


### Original location, pre-conflict (by governorate)

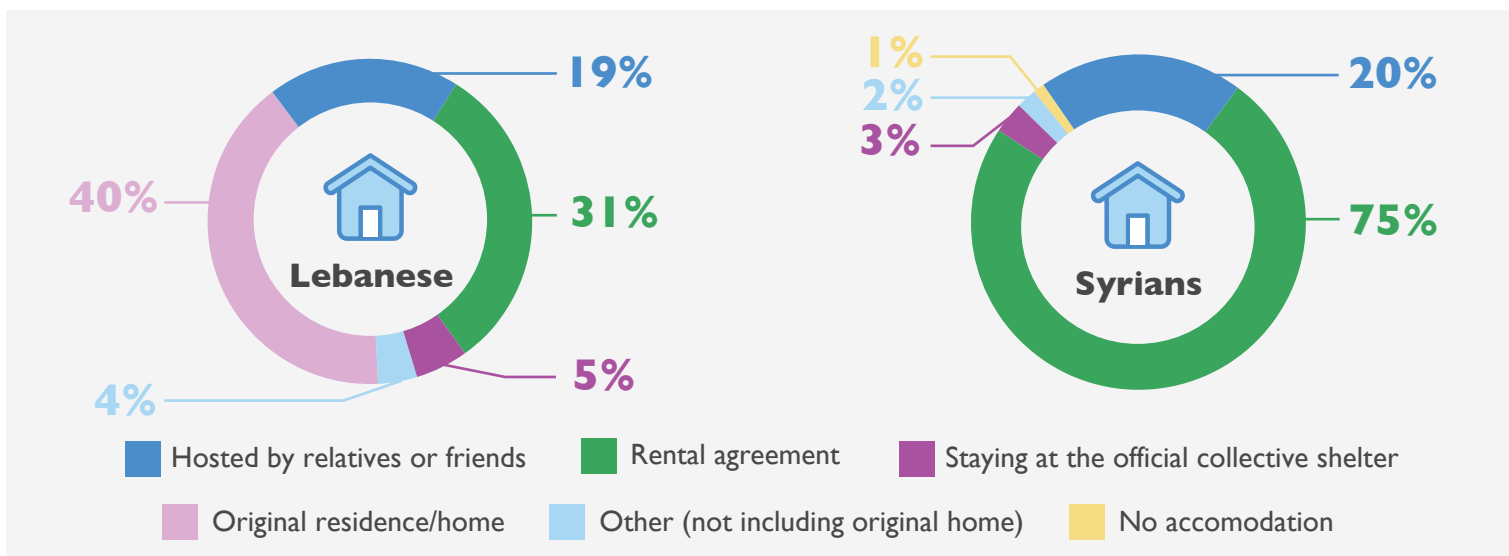


<sup>1</sup>41% Lebanese, 58% Syrians and 1% other nationalities

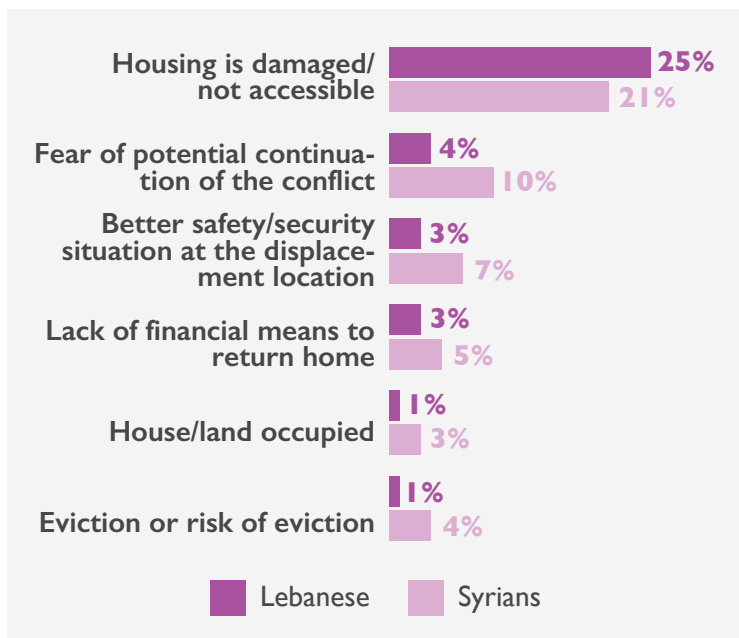
## Plans/intentions for the 6/7 weeks



## Current place of accommodation



## Reasons not to return (top 6)



## Vulnerability prevalence (top 6)

