

# Chad – Sudanese Emergency

10 February 2025

21 months into the Sudan conflict, more than 12 million people have been displaced, and more than three million have fled to neighbouring countries, including Chad.

As of 26 February 2025, Chad has counted more than **700,000 new refugees from Sudan**; **88% are women and children**. In support of the Government of Chad, **UNHCR, WFP, UNICEF, UNFPA, WHO, FAO and national**

**National and international NGOs provide protection and assistance in border sites and refugee settlements. UNHCR and IOM support the Government in coordinating the humanitarian response to refugees and returnees.**

**The most urgent need remains to relocate refugees from the border to consolidated refugee sites and ensure access to protection services, water, shelter, food, non-food items, health, and education.**

## KEY INDICATORS

**734,413**

**New refugees counted as** of 26 January 2025, i.e., 204,142 households

**670,233 pre-registered/registered biometrically** in Abéché, Adré, Am Nabak, Arkoum, Djabal, Farchana, Gaga, Goz Amir, Iridimi, Kounougou, Metché, Milé, Aboutengué, Oure Cassoni, Tissi, Touloum, Zabout, Dougui

**61%**

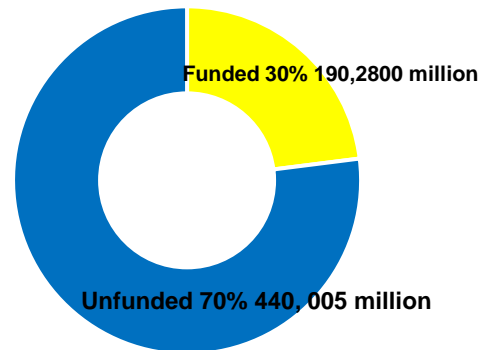
registered are **women and children**

**14%**

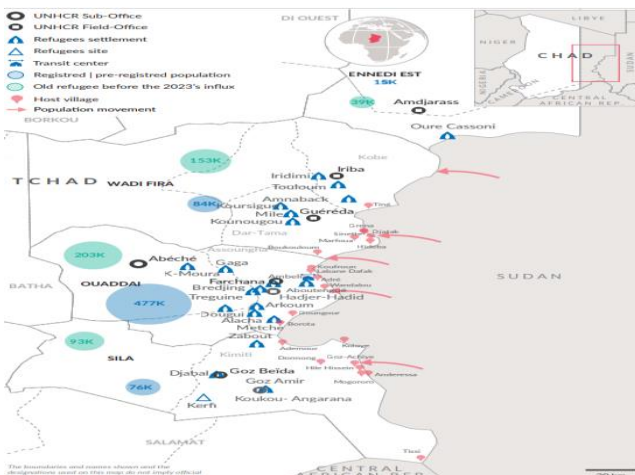
registered have **specific needs**

## BUDGET REQUIRED FOR CHAD UNDER THE RRRP FOR THE SUDAN SITUATION (AS OF 10 FEBRUARY 2025)

**\$630.2 million**



The 2024 RRRP was financed at 30%. Microsoft Power BI



A CNARR social worker interviewing a new Sudanese household arrived in mid-January, settled at the Koroba site in Wadi-Fira ©UNHCR/Bienvenu Daldigue

## Emergency Response Achievements

### Coordination

- The Director of the Regional Bureau of East, Horn of Africa and the Great Lakes, who is also the Regional Refugee Coordinator for Sudan Situation, paid a week's working visit in Chad. His visit aimed to support the government, the people of Chad, UNHCR and partners' response to the Sudan Crisis in Eastern Chad. While in Chad, he advocated for continuous and robust donor mobilisation for the emergency response, accelerated efforts to integrate sustainable development solutions by promoting key messages to development actors, supported UNHCR's positioning as an actor capable of ensuring the implementation of development, resilience, and basic social services access projects in refugee-hosting areas. He also advocated for the launch of the National Response Plan for the Crisis in Eastern Chad.
- From 27 to 31 January 2025, the Minister of Social Action led multiple missions to assess humanitarian progress in Chad, visiting refugee sites like Farchana, Adré, Arkoum, Bredjing, Iridimi, and Guereda. The missions focused on challenges such as infrastructure, education, health services, and refugee relocation. Key discussions included the shortage of teachers, medical supplies, and the need for a therapeutic nutrition centre.
- From 28 to 30 January 2025, the OIOS conducted an audit in Farchana, Iriba, evaluating shelter, water, sanitation, resource allocation, and emergency preparedness. The audit mission arrived in Abeche on 3 February 2025 and worked with UNHCR and partner staff.

**Please visit our coordination tool [here](#).**



### RELOCATION

- 1,267 Individuals (362 households) were relocated from the Adré, Birak and the Mile transit centre to the Dougui and Koursigué II refugee sites. UNHCR, WFP and partners provided hot meals and core relief items to the households.



### PROTECTION

- From 27 January to 2 February 2025, a total of 5,931 individuals (1,729 households) entered Chad through the Tine and Adré border entry points. They fled due to insecurity, including forced recruitment into fighting forces, family reunification, and lack of access to basic rights. They come mainly from various Sudanese localities such as Nyala and Khartoum; 87% of the new arrivals are women and children. Since January 2025, a total of 16,805 new arrivals have crossed over into Chad, totaling 740,344 individuals since the start of the conflict on 15 April 2023.
- During protection border monitoring, a sample of 160 heads of households were interviewed, reporting few border-crossing difficulties but encountering issues on the Sudanese side, such as gender-based violence issues, assault, forced enlistment, extortion, and family separation.

- A total of 2,687 individuals (752 households), including 631 persons with specific needs, were biometrically registered in the Dougui refugee site, bringing the total since 20 January 2025 to 4,188 individuals (1,214 households). During the review period, 168 households (571 individuals) were pre-registered at the Adré registration site.
- Biometric registration in the Touloum refugee site continued during the reporting period, with data collected from 638 individuals, totaling 1,164 individuals registered (85% completion).
- 26 new protection cases were recorded in the refugee sites, including 19 criminal cases (thefts, armed robbery, attempted poisoning, assault, breach of trust, etc.) and seven civil (divorce and property disputes). Victims received legal advice and guidance from UNHCR and partners. A judicial case was followed up involving 5 refugee-related files with charges of assault, battery, and theft. A minor from Djabal refugee site accused of rape was dismissed and released.
- Fifteen girls at risk with various vulnerabilities were identified and documented across the Iridimi, Touloum, and Am Nabak refugee sites. The vulnerabilities include severe disabilities, hearing impairments, vision impairment, mental disabilities, and adolescent pregnancy. Following best-interest assessments, measures (medical, foster care, etc.) have been taken to address their specific needs.
- 49 gender-based violence survivors received various services, including material assistance across the refugee sites. The services included psychological counselling, mental health, medical, and physical support.
- 185 new complaints/requests were received and documented at the various information and feedback centres. The complaints/requests were mainly for assistance, information and dissatisfaction. The complaints are expected to rise due to the temporal suspension of PRM funding for three months. The complaints/requests came mainly from Women and girls.
- In Chad, PRM fully covers funding for secondary schools through a partnership with the Jesuit Refugee Services (JRS). Following the suspension of PRM funds and its immediate consequences within high schools, UNHCR's education partner JRS held information meetings in Iridimi, Touloum, and Am Nabak refugee sites with the refugee educational leaders to inform them of the suspension of PRM funding for three months. The objective of the meetings was to inform the education focal points and headmasters of the strategy to be developed to ensure the continuity of education.

#### **ENVIRONMENT/LIVELIHOOD**

- From 27 to 31 January, cash distribution through World Vision's funding benefited 142 individuals in Farchana, Bredjing, and Treguine refugee sites. A total of 142 beneficiaries, including 135 women received each XAF 250,000 for small businesses.
- In Dougui, 386 farmers (278 refugees, 108 Chadians) received XAF 40,000 each to reimburse ploughing and weeding costs during the past planting season.

**CBI**

- Cash distributions began on January 31 in Djabal and Zabout refugee sites. In Djabal, 176 households received 16,000 XAF per person, and in Zabout, 100 households received 42,000 XAF per household.

**HEALTH/NUTRITION AND FOOD DISTRIBUTION**

- 26,922 medical consultations have been carried out since the beginning of the year, including 8,173 new consultations during the past week. Acute respiratory infections, malaria, watery diarrhoea and malnutrition are the main diseases.
- 1,692 cases of moderate acute malnutrition (MAM) and 717 cases of severe acute malnutrition (SAM) were treated among children aged 6 to 59 months screened.
- 21,690 children were screened during the past week, including 182 MAM and 140 MAS.
- 2661 pregnant and breastfeeding women were screened; 31 cases of MAM were treated. For the past week, 693 pregnant women were screened, including 14 women with moderate malnutrition.
- 80 mental health cases have been received for consultation and treatment, including 22 new cases last week.
- 516 births attended by qualified health personnel have been recorded since the beginning of the year, including 128 births last week.
- Nutritional monitoring at the Adré border carried out by MSF-France indicated that out of a total of 447 children aged 6 to 59 months screened during week 4, 3.4% (15 children) suffer from SAM, 6.3% (28 children) from MAM, which represents 9.6% (43 children) from global acute malnutrition (GAM). An increase in the GAM rate is observed compared to the previous two weeks (weeks 2 and 3), with an almost doubling of the SAM rate, going from 1.7% and 1.3% in weeks 2 and 3, respectively, to 3.4% in week 4. This trend will be monitored and analyzed over the coming weeks.
- WFP's general food distribution at the Arkoum, Metché and Adré spontaneous refugee sites assisted 220,574 individuals for January and February. In addition, to prevent acute malnutrition, 8,257 children aged 6 to 23 months, and 8,257 pregnant and lactating women each received 6 kg of Super cereal.
- 594 children were vaccinated during the routine vaccination exercise in the Silla Province for all antigens, and 120 children were vaccinated against measles.

**SHELTER / WATER, HYGIENE AND SANITATION AND CRIS**

- UNHCR and partners distributed 561 newly completed shelters to the first batch of newly arrived Sudanese households in the Oure Cassoni refugee site. Many households are still waiting for shelter. In the Goz-Amir refugee site, 97 emergency shelters were distributed to flood victims.

**With special thanks to principal donors for the Sudan Regional Refugee Response Plan in Chad:** [Germany](#) | [Australia](#) | [Canada](#) | [CERF](#) | [Republic of Korea](#) | [Denmark](#) | [Education Cannot Wait](#) | [Spain](#) | [Estonia](#) | [United Arab Emirates](#) | [United States](#) | [France](#) | [Gabon](#) | [Guernsey](#) | [Holland](#) | [Italy](#) | [Japan](#) | [Jersey](#) | [Luxembourg](#) | [Malta](#) | [Norway](#) | [New Zealand](#) | [Philippines](#) | [Poland](#) | [Qatar](#) | [United Kingdom](#) | [Sweden](#) | [Switzerland](#) | [European Union](#) | [Private Donors](#).

**Working in partnership**

As part of this emergency response, UNHCR is working with the following partners:

- **Coordination and Registration:** CNARR
- **Relocation :** AIRD, CIAUD, CNARR, CRT, IRC
- **Protection:** ADES, ADRA, ANATS, ASTBEF, CNARR, COOPI, CRT, UNFPA, HIAS, KITES, OXFAM, UNICEF, APLFT
- **Health and nutrition:** ADES, IRC, ACF, Health and food security, Concern Worldwide, French Red Cross, CRT, MSF (France, Holland, Switzerland), Première Urgence International (PUI), Solidarités International/ACHDR, UNFPA, UNICEF, WFP, and WHO
- **Food distribution:** WFP, CRT
- **Shelter, water, hygiene, and sanitation:** ADES, CRT, INTERSOS, IRC, LMI, SECADEV, in collaboration with ACTED, ADRA, ADRO, ACAFDI, ACF, AFDI, CARE, FLM, HELP TCHAD, MSF France, OXFAM, SAHKAL, Solidarités International/ACHDR, UNICEF, WFP and WORLD VISION

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