UNHCR Somalia

PROTECTION & RETURN MONITORING NETWORK (PRMN)

AWDAL, SOMALIA | APRIL 2025

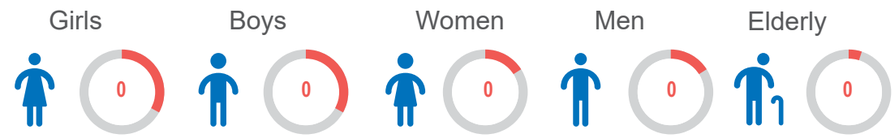
	APRIL 2025	IN 2025
# OF INCIDENTS THAT CAUSED DISPLACEMENT	0	0
# OF NEWLY DISPLACED POPULATION	0	0
# OF PROTECTION VIOLATIONS RECORDED[1]	0	0

[1]Some protection violations were not recorded due to security risks in some regions.

TRIGGERS OF DISPLACEMENT (APRIL 2025 IN %)

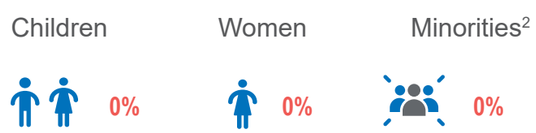
Drought	0%
Flood	0%
Other	0%
Conflict	0%

DEMOGRAPHICS (APRIL 2025)[3]



[3]Disaggregated data for displaced persons are based on those displacement reports where data has been collected at household level.

PROTECTION VIOLATIONS CONCERNING CHILDREN, WOMEN AND MINORITIES (2025 IN %)

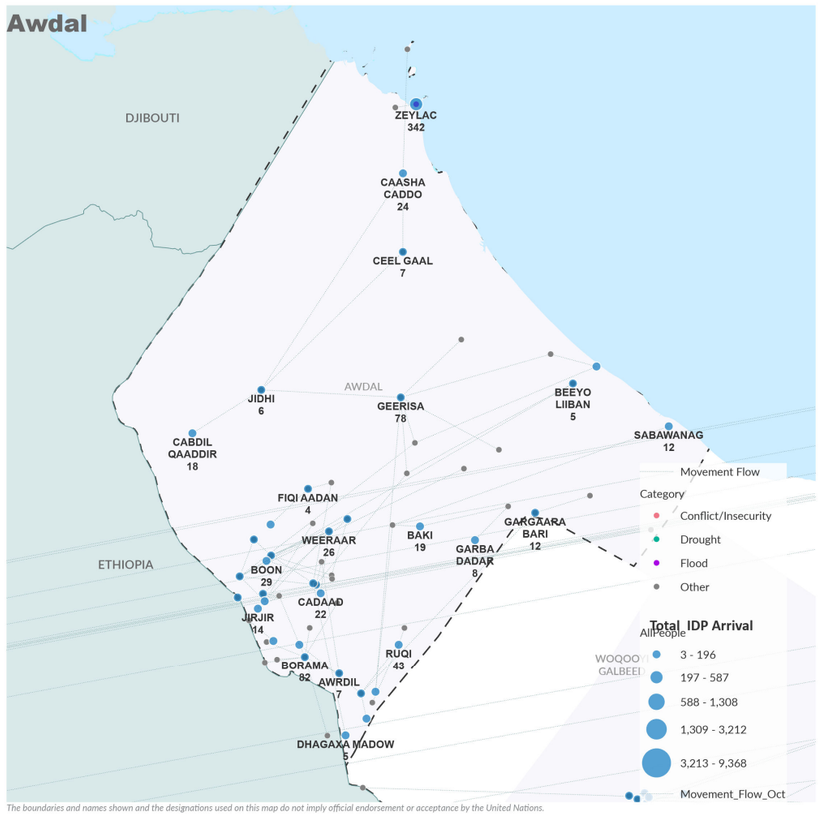


[2]Members of minority clans include the Benadiri, Bantu, Barawans, Gardere, Yakabur and Rahanweyne.

SPECIFIC NEEDS OF THOSE WHO EXPERIENCED PROTECTION VIOLATIONS (IN 2025)[4]

[4]In APR 2025, 0 specific needs were recorded of those individuals who experienced protection violations.
[5]Others who are at risk include the following categories family unit, specific legal and physical protection needs, unaccompanied or seperate child, pregnant or lactating, serious medical condition, single parent, SGBV and torture. Individuals can have multiple vulnerabilities

DISPLACEMENT LOCATION (JAN - APR 2025)



The boundaries and names shown and the designations used on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by the United Nations.

0 individuals were displaced to - settlement, making it the largest displacement incident due to -.

- district was the district with the second highest recorded displacement incidents in the region (0).

0 individuals were displaced to - settlement, making it the second largest displacement incident due to -.

- district was the district with the third highest recorded displacement incidents in the region (0).

0 individuals were displaced to - settlement, making it the third largest displacement incident due to -.

In April 2025, 0% of protection violations across Somalia were recorded in Awdal region.

- district had the highest recorded percentage of protection violations across the Awdal region (0%).

The highest recorded protection violations in the region from January to March 2025 include the following:

- - (0%)
- - (0%).

Borama district was the distict with the highest number of protection violations in the region from January to April 2025 (1803).

Top 3 Protection Risks Identified

1. -
2. -
3. -

PRIORITY NEED ON ARRIVAL (APRIL 2025 IN %)

Food	0%
Water	0%
Shelter	0%
Health	0%
Protection[4]	0%
Livelihood	0%
Transport	0%
Other	0%

[6]Protection figures are underreported due to the concerns related to the sensitivity of this topic in the context of Somalia.

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UNHCR Somalia

PROTECTION & RETURN MONITORING NETWORK (PRMN)

BAKOOL, SOMALIA | APRIL 2025

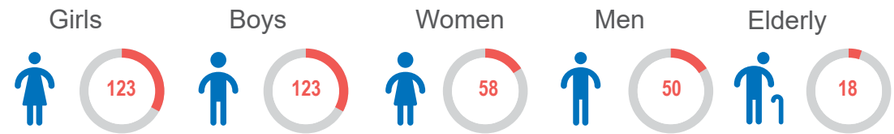
	APRIL 2025	IN 2025
# OF INCIDENTS THAT CAUSED DISPLACEMENT	25	62
# OF NEWLY DISPLACED POPULATION	372	863
# OF PROTECTION VIOLATIONS RECORDED[1]	28	71

[1]Some protection violations were not recorded due to security risks in some regions.

TRIGGERS OF DISPLACEMENT (APRIL 2025 IN %)

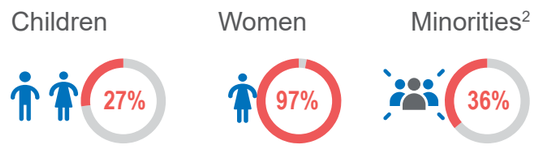
Drought	100%
Flood	0%
Other	0%
Conflict	0%

DEMOGRAPHICS (APRIL 2025)[3]



[3]Disaggregated data for displaced persons are based on those displacement reports where data has been collected at household level.

PROTECTION VIOLATIONS CONCERNING CHILDREN, WOMEN AND MINORITIES (2025 IN %)

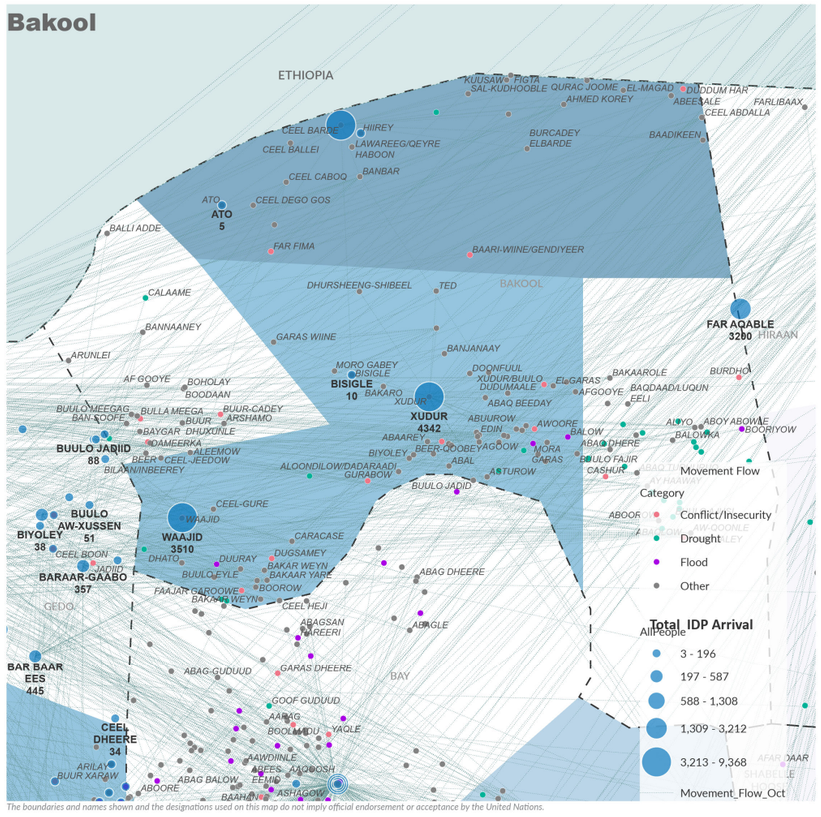


[2]Members of minority clans include the Benadiri, Bantu, Barawans, Gardere, Yakabur and Rahanweyne.

SPECIFIC NEEDS OF THOSE WHO EXPERIENCED PROTECTION VIOLATIONS (IN 2025)[4]

[4]In APR 2025, 71 specific needs were recorded of those individuals who experienced protection violations.
[5]Others who are at risk include the following categories family unit, specific legal and physical protection needs, unaccompanied or seperate child, pregnant or lactating, serious medical condition, single parent, SGBV and torture. Individuals can have multiple vulnerabilities

DISPLACEMENT LOCATION (JAN - APR 2025)



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Waajid district was the district with the highest recorded displacement incidents in the region (280).

46 individuals were displaced to Jiiray settlement, making it the largest displacement incident due to Drought.

Ceel Barde district was the district with the second highest recorded displacement incidents in the region (61).

31 individuals were displaced to Kawo settlement, making it the second largest displacement incident due to Drought.

Tayeeglow district was the district with the third highest recorded displacement incidents in the region (17).

17 individuals were displaced to Aliyo settlement, making it the third largest displacement incident due to Drought.

In April 2025, 11% of protection violations across Somalia were recorded in Bakool region.

Rab Dhuure district had the highest recorded percentage of protection violations across the Bakool region (36%).

The highest recorded protection violations in the region from January to March 2025 include the following:

- Female Genital Mutilation (FGM) (21%)
- Harassment (21%).

Ceel Barde district was the distict with the highest number of protection violations in the region from January to April 2025 (1550).

Top 3 Protection Risks Identified

1. Gender-based violence
2. Theft, extortion, forced eviction or destruction of personal property
3. Torture or cruel, inhuman, degrading treatment or punishment

PRIORITY NEED ON ARRIVAL (APRIL 2025 IN %)

Food	0%
Water	0%
Shelter	0%
Health	0%
Protection[4]	0%
Livelihood	100%
Transport	0%
Other	0%

[6]Protection figures are underreported due to the concerns related to the sensitivity of this topic in the context of Somalia.

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UNHCR Somalia

The UN Refugee Agency

PROTECTION & RETURN MONITORING NETWORK (PRMN)

BANADIR, SOMALIA | APRIL 2025

	APRIL 2025	IN 2025
# OF INCIDENTS THAT CAUSED DISPLACEMENT	42	353
# OF NEWLY DISPLACED POPULATION	247	26353
# OF PROTECTION VIOLATIONS RECORDED[1]	24	146

[1]Some protection violations were not recorded due to security risks in some regions.

TRIGGERS OF DISPLACEMENT (APRIL 2025 IN %)

Drought	19%
Flood	2%
Other	18%
Conflict	61%

DEMOGRAPHICS (APRIL 2025)[3]

Girls	Boys	Women	Men	Elderly
81	82	39	33	12

[3]Disaggregated data for displaced persons are based on those displacement reports where data has been collected at household level.

PROTECTION VIOLATIONS CONCERNING CHILDREN, WOMEN AND MINORITIES (2025 IN %)

Children	Women	Minorities[2]
18%	54%	1%

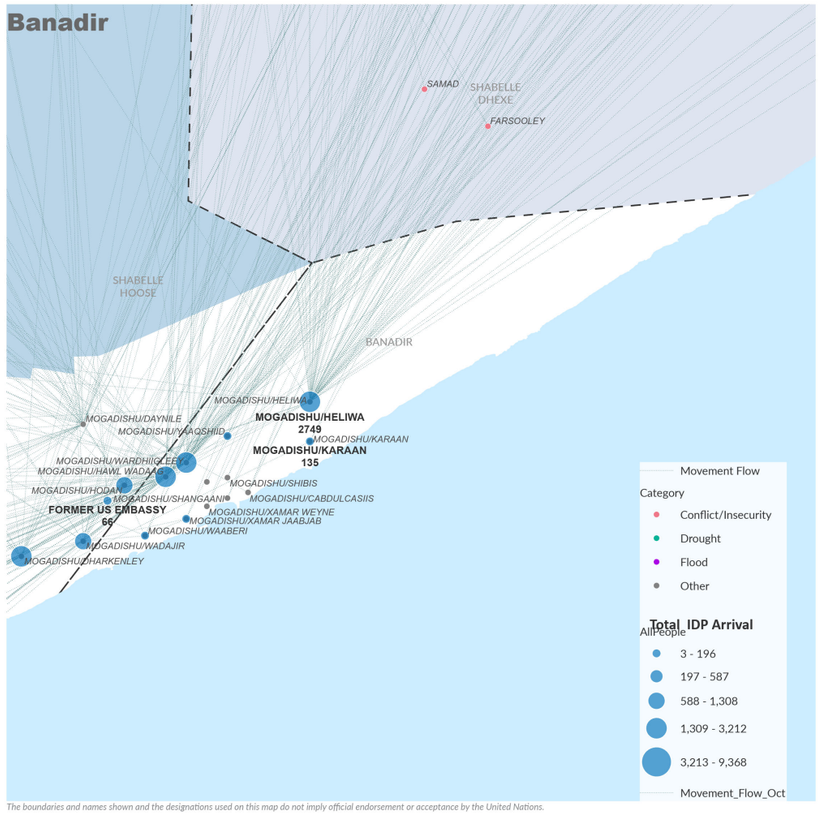
[2]Members of minority clans include the Benadiri, Bantu, Barawans, Gardere, Yakabur and Rahanweyne.

SPECIFIC NEEDS OF THOSE WHO EXPERIENCED PROTECTION VIOLATIONS (IN 2025)[4]

Child at risk	Women at risk	Disabilities	Elderly at risk	Others[5]
0%	65%	0%	0%	35%

[4]In APR 2025, 124 specific needs were recorded of those individuals who experienced protection violations.
[5]Others who are at risk include the following categories family unit, specific legal and physical protection needs, unaccompanied or seperate child, pregnant or lactating, serious medical condition, single parent, SGBV and torture. Individuals can have multiple vulnerabilities

DISPLACEMENT LOCATION (JAN - APR 2025)



The boundaries and names shown and the designations used on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by the United Nations.

Banadir district was the district with the highest recorded displacement incidents in the region (247).

151 individuals were displaced to Mogadishu/Daynile settlement, making it the largest displacement incident due to Conflict/Insecurity.

- district was the district with the second highest recorded displacement incidents in the region (0).

48 individuals were displaced to Mogadishu/Daynile settlement, making it the second largest displacement incident due to Drought.

- district was the district with the third highest recorded displacement incidents in the region (0).

44 individuals were displaced to Mogadishu/Daynile settlement, making it the third largest displacement incident due to Other.

In April 2025, 9% of protection violations across Somalia were recorded in Banadir region.

Banadir district had the highest recorded percentage of protection violations across the Banadir region (100%).

The highest recorded protection violations in the region from January to March 2025 include the following:

- Physical Assault/Attack Not Resulting In Death (53%)

Banadir district was the distict with the highest number of protection violations in the region from January to April 2025 (11710).

Top 3 Protection Risks Identified

1. Attacks on civilians and other unlawful killings, and attacks on civilian objects
2. Unlawful impediments or restrictions to freedom of movement, siege and forced displacement.
3. Discrimination and stigmatization, denial of resources, opportunities, services and/or human-

PRIORITY NEED ON ARRIVAL (APRIL 2025 IN %)

Food	29%
Water	2%
Shelter	53%
Health	0%
Protection[4]	0%
Livelihood	15%
Transport	0%
Other	0%

[6]Protection figures are underreported due to the concerns related to the sensitivity of this topic in the context of Somalia.

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UNHCR Somalia

PROTECTION & RETURN MONITORING NETWORK (PRMN)

BARI, SOMALIA | APRIL 2025

	APRIL 2025	IN 2025
# OF INCIDENTS THAT CAUSED DISPLACEMENT	27	542
# OF NEWLY DISPLACED POPULATION	1479	21470
# OF PROTECTION VIOLATIONS RECORDED[1]	9	14

[1]Some protection violations were not recorded due to security risks in some regions.

TRIGGERS OF DISPLACEMENT (APRIL 2025 IN %)

Drought	31%
Flood	47%
Other	3%
Conflict	19%

DEMOGRAPHICS (APRIL 2025)[3]

Girls	Boys	Women	Men	Elderly
488	490	231	197	73

[3]Disaggregated data for displaced persons are based on those displacement reports where data has been collected at household level.

PROTECTION VIOLATIONS CONCERNING CHILDREN, WOMEN AND MINORITIES (2025 IN %)

Children	Women	Minorities[2]
12%	85%	8%

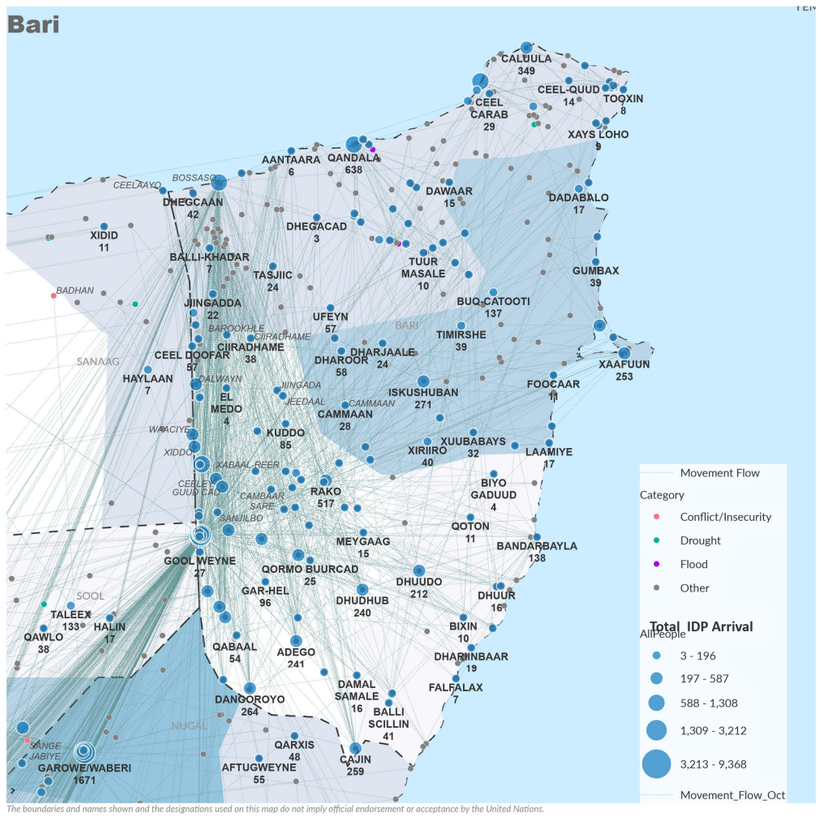
[2]Members of minority clans include the Benadiri, Bantu, Barawans, Gardere, Yakabur and Rahanweyne.

SPECIFIC NEEDS OF THOSE WHO EXPERIENCED PROTECTION VIOLATIONS (IN 2025)[4]

Child at risk	Women at risk	Disabilities	Elderly at risk	Others[5]
10%	52%	0%	3%	35%

[4]In APR 2025, 17 specific needs were recorded of those individuals who experienced protection violations.
[5]Others who are at risk include the following categories family unit, specific legal and physical protection needs, unaccompanied or seperate child, pregnant or lactating, serious medical condition, single parent, SGBV and torture. Individuals can have multiple vulnerabilities

DISPLACEMENT LOCATION (JAN - APR 2025)



The boundaries and names shown and the designations used on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by the United Nations.

Iskushuban district was the district with the highest recorded displacement incidents in the region (806).

235 individuals were displaced to Dharoor settlement, making it the largest displacement incident due to Drought.

Bossaso district was the district with the second highest recorded displacement incidents in the region (662).

150 individuals were displaced to Juurile settlement, making it the second largest displacement incident due to Flood.

Caluula district was the district with the third highest recorded displacement incidents in the region (11).

140 individuals were displaced to Bossaso settlement, making it the third largest displacement incident due to Conflict/Insecurity.

In April 2025, 4% of protection violations across Somalia were recorded in Bari region.

Bossaso district had the highest recorded percentage of protection violations across the Bari region (89%).

The highest recorded protection violations in the region from January to March 2025 include the following:

- Domestic Violence (43%)
- Rape (29%).

Bossaso district was the distict with the highest number of protection violations in the region from January to April 2025 (2741).

Top 3 Protection Risks Identified

1. Disinformation and denial of access to information
2. Child, early or forced marriage
3. Child and forced family separation

PRIORITY NEED ON ARRIVAL (APRIL 2025 IN %)

Food	90%
Water	0%
Shelter	1%
Health	0%
Protection[4]	1%
Livelihood	8%
Transport	0%
Other	0%

[6]Protection figures are underreported due to the concerns related to the sensitivity of this topic in the context of Somalia.

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UNHCR Somalia

PROTECTION & RETURN MONITORING NETWORK (PRMN)

BAY, SOMALIA | APRIL 2025

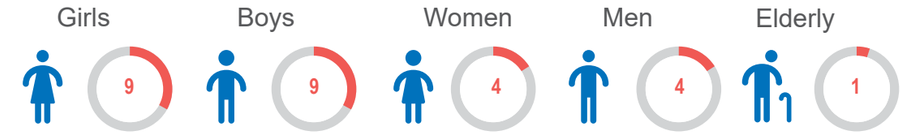
	APRIL 2025	IN 2025
# OF INCIDENTS THAT CAUSED DISPLACEMENT	2	10
# OF NEWLY DISPLACED POPULATION	27	292
# OF PROTECTION VIOLATIONS RECORDED[1]	4	33

[1]Some protection violations were not recorded due to security risks in some regions.

TRIGGERS OF DISPLACEMENT (APRIL 2025 IN %)

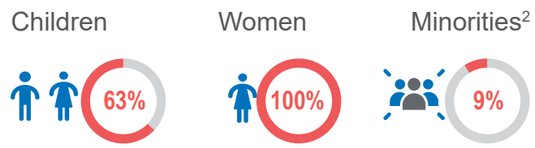
Drought	0%
Flood	0%
Other	48%
Conflict	52%

DEMOGRAPHICS (APRIL 2025)[3]



[3]Disaggregated data for displaced persons are based on those displacement reports where data has been collected at household level.

PROTECTION VIOLATIONS CONCERNING CHILDREN, WOMEN AND MINORITIES (2025 IN %)

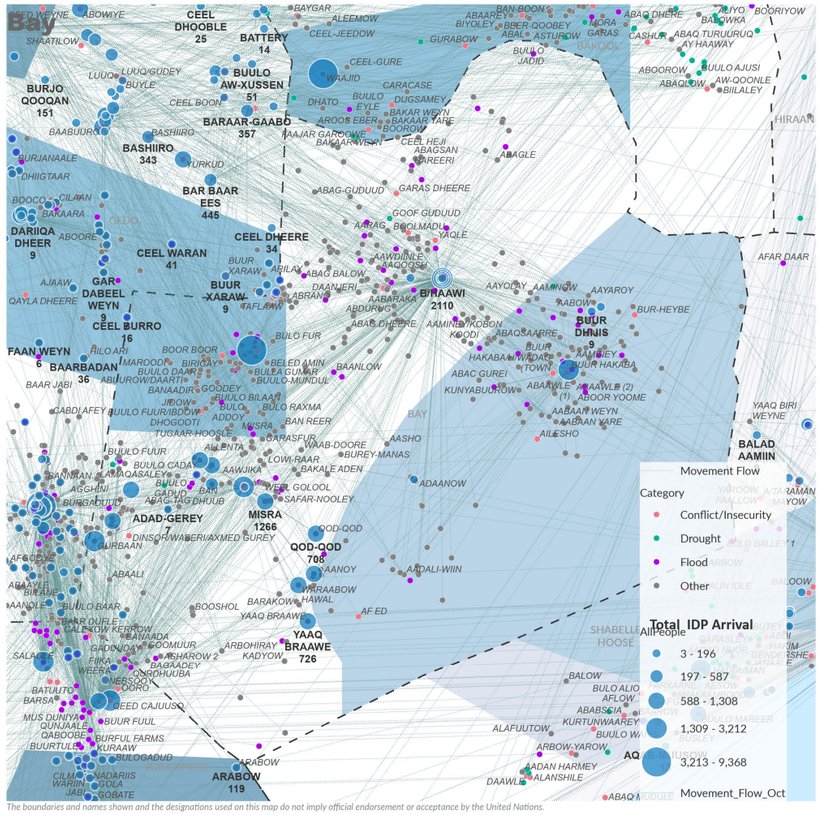


[2]Members of minority clans include the Benadiri, Bantu, Barawans, Gardere, Yakabur and Rahanweyne.

SPECIFIC NEEDS OF THOSE WHO EXPERIENCED PROTECTION VIOLATIONS (IN 2025)[4]

[4]In APR 2025, 37 specific needs were recorded of those individuals who experienced protection violations.
[5]Others who are at risk include the following categories family unit, specific legal and physical protection needs, unaccompanied or seperate child, pregnant or lactating, serious medical condition, single parent, SGBV and torture. Individuals can have multiple vulnerabilities

DISPLACEMENT LOCATION (JAN - APR 2025)



Baidoa district was the district with the highest recorded displacement incidents in the region (27).

14 individuals were displaced to Abag Dheere settlement, making it the largest displacement incident due to Conflict/Insecurity.

- district was the district with the second highest recorded displacement incidents in the region (0).

13 individuals were displaced to Aarag settlement, making it the second largest displacement incident due to Other.

- district was the district with the third highest recorded displacement incidents in the region (0).

0 individuals were displaced to - settlement, making it the third largest displacement incident due to -.

In April 2025, 2% of protection violations across Somalia were recorded in Bay region.

Qansax Dheere district had the highest recorded percentage of protection violations across the Bay region (50%).

The highest recorded protection violations in the region from January to March 2025 include the following:

- Female Genital Mutilation (FGM) (45%)
- Domestic Violence (18%).

Baidoa district was the distict with the highest number of protection violations in the region from January to April 2025 (3895).

Top 3 Protection Risks Identified

1. Gender-based violence
2. Torture or cruel, inhuman, degrading treatment or punishment
3. Psychological/emotional abuse or inflicted distress

PRIORITY NEED ON ARRIVAL (APRIL 2025 IN %)

Food	0%
Water	0%
Shelter	0%
Health	0%
Protection[4]	0%
Livelihood	100%
Transport	0%
Other	0%

[6]Protection figures are underreported due to the concerns related to the sensitivety of this topic in the context of Somalia.

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PROTECTION & RETURN MONITORING NETWORK (PRMN)

GALGADUUD, SOMALIA | APRIL 2025

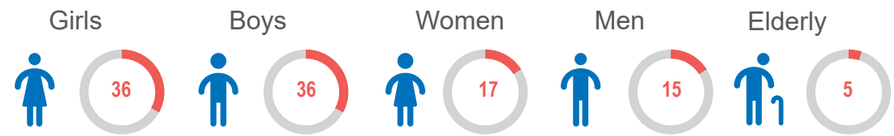
	APRIL 2025	IN 2025
# OF INCIDENTS THAT CAUSED DISPLACEMENT	1	18
# OF NEWLY DISPLACED POPULATION	110	1073
# OF PROTECTION VIOLATIONS RECORDED[1]	4	55

[1]Some protection violations were not recorded due to security risks in some regions.

TRIGGERS OF DISPLACEMENT (APRIL 2025 IN %)

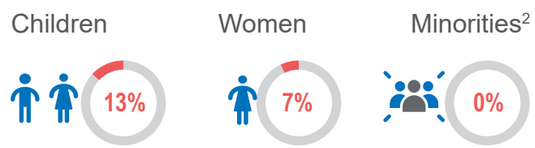
Drought	0%
Flood	0%
Other	100%
Conflict	0%

DEMOGRAPHICS (APRIL 2025)[3]



[3]Disaggregated data for displaced persons are based on those displacement reports where data has been collected at household level.

PROTECTION VIOLATIONS CONCERNING CHILDREN, WOMEN AND MINORITIES (2025 IN %)

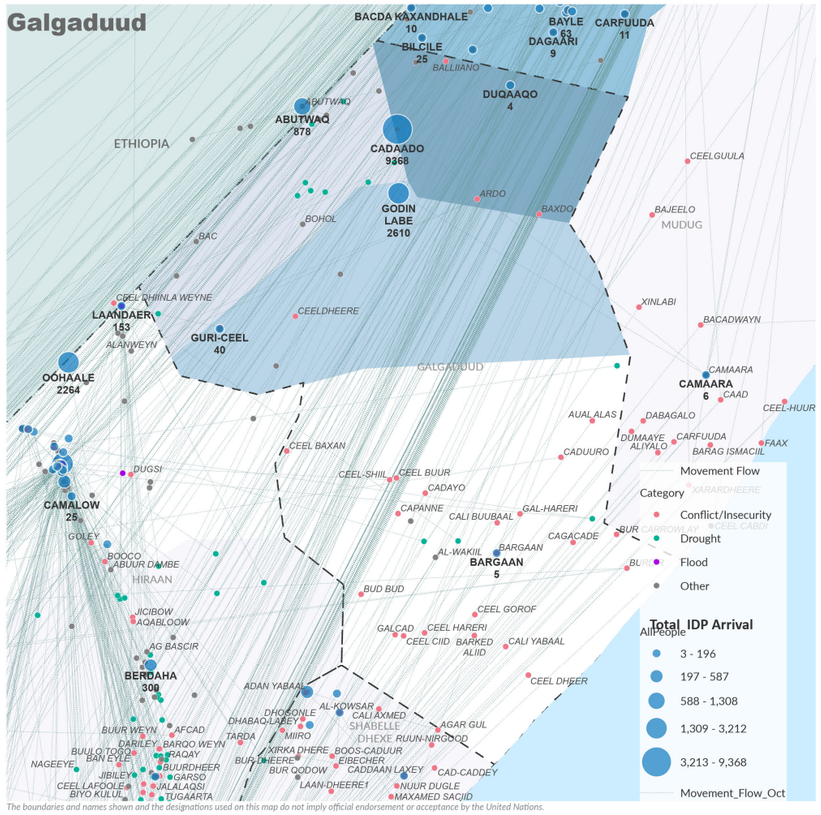


[2]Members of minority clans include the Benadiri, Bantu, Barawans, Gardere, Yakabur and Rahanweyne.

SPECIFIC NEEDS OF THOSE WHO EXPERIENCED PROTECTION VIOLATIONS (IN 2025)[4]

[4]In APR 2025, 68 specific needs were recorded of those individuals who experienced protection violations.
[5]Others who are at risk include the following categories family unit, specific legal and physical protection needs, unaccompanied or seperate child, pregnant or lactating, serious medical condition, single parent, SGBV and torture. Individuals can have multiple vulnerabilities

DISPLACEMENT LOCATION (JAN - APR 2025)



The boundaries and names shown and the designations used on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by the United Nations.

Dhuusamarreeb district was the district with the highest recorded displacement incidents in the region (110).

110 individuals were displaced to Guri-Ceel settlement, making it the largest displacement incident due to Other.

- district was the district with the second highest recorded displacement incidents in the region (0).

0 individuals were displaced to - settlement, making it the second largest displacement incident due to -.

- district was the district with the third highest recorded displacement incidents in the region (0).

0 individuals were displaced to - settlement, making it the third largest displacement incident due to -.

In April 2025, 2% of protection violations across Somalia were recorded in Galgaduud region.

Dhuusamarreeb district had the highest recorded percentage of protection violations across the Galgaduud region (75%).

The highest recorded protection violations in the region from January to March 2025 include the following:

- Physical Assault/Attack Not Resulting In Death (58%)

Cabudwaaq district was the distict with the highest number of protection violations in the region from January to April 2025 (650).

Top 3 Protection Risks Identified

1. Gender-based violence
2. Attacks on civilians and other unlawful killings, and attacks on civilian objects
3. Abduction, kidnapping, enforced disappearance, arbitrary or unlawful arrest and/or detention

PRIORITY NEED ON ARRIVAL (APRIL 2025 IN %)

Food	0%
Water	0%
Shelter	0%
Health	0%
Protection[4]	0%
Livelihood	0%
Transport	0%
Other	100%

[6]Protection figures are underreported due to the concerns related to the sensitivety of this topic in the context of Somalia.

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PROTECTION & RETURN MONITORING NETWORK (PRMN)

GEDO, SOMALIA | APRIL 2025

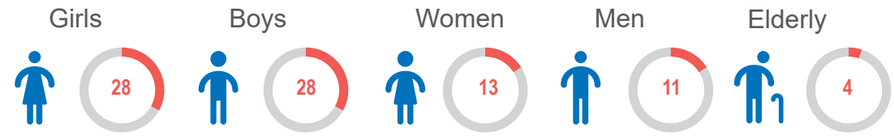
	APRIL 2025	IN 2025
# OF INCIDENTS THAT CAUSED DISPLACEMENT	11	870
# OF NEWLY DISPLACED POPULATION	86	8973
# OF PROTECTION VIOLATIONS RECORDED[1]	0	21

[1]Some protection violations were not recorded due to security risks in some regions.

TRIGGERS OF DISPLACEMENT (APRIL 2025 IN %)

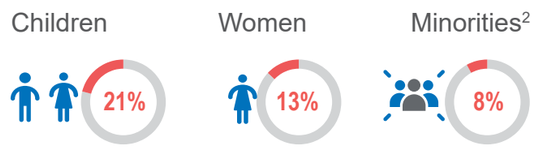
Drought	14%
Flood	0%
Other	19%
Conflict	67%

DEMOGRAPHICS (APRIL 2025)[3]



[3]Disaggregated data for displaced persons are based on those displacement reports where data has been collected at household level.

PROTECTION VIOLATIONS CONCERNING CHILDREN, WOMEN AND MINORITIES (2025 IN %)

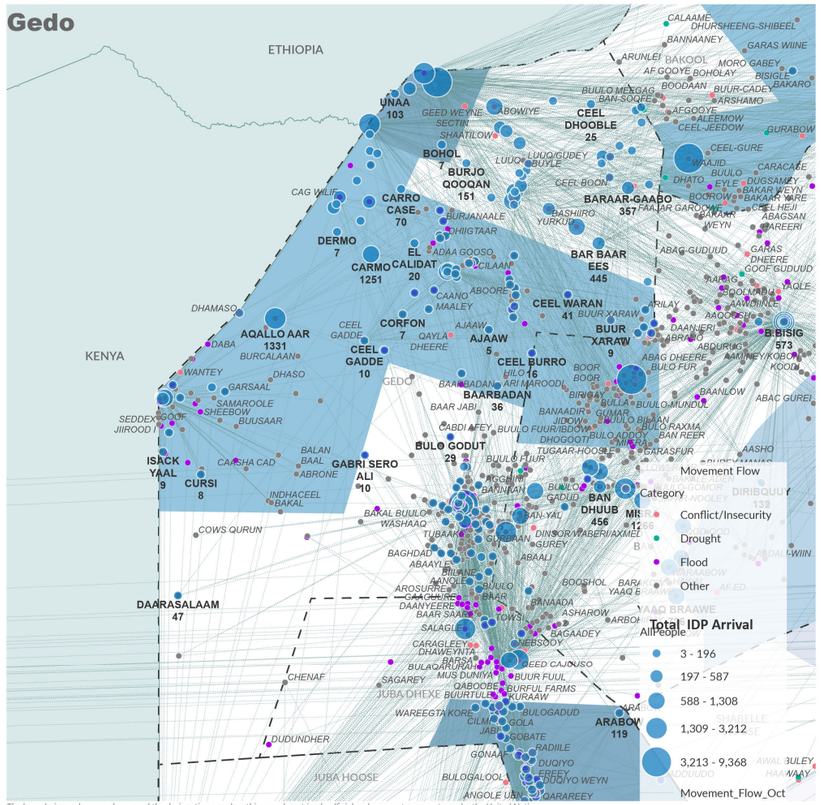


[2]Members of minority clans include the Benadiri, Bantu, Barawans, Gardere, Yakabur and Rahanweyne.

SPECIFIC NEEDS OF THOSE WHO EXPERIENCED PROTECTION VIOLATIONS (IN 2025)[4]

[4]In APR 2025, 22 specific needs were recorded of those individuals who experienced protection violations.
[5]Others who are at risk include the following categories family unit, specific legal and physical protection needs, unaccompanied or seperate child, pregnant or lactating, serious medical condition, single parent, SGBV and torture. Individuals can have multiple vulnerabilities

DISPLACEMENT LOCATION (JAN - APR 2025)



The boundaries and names shown and the designations used on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by the United Nations.

Baardheere district was the district with the highest recorded displacement incidents in the region (55).

20 individuals were displaced to Baardheere/ Waaberi settlement, making it the largest displacement incident due to Conflict/Insecurity.

Belet Xaawo district was the district with the second highest recorded displacement incidents in the region (23).

15 individuals were displaced to Buulo Kurmaan settlement, making it the second largest displacement incident due to Conflict/Insecurity.

Garbahaarey district was the district with the third highest recorded displacement incidents in the region (8).

12 individuals were displaced to Tuulo Qallooc settlement, making it the third largest displacement incident due to Drought.

In April 2025, 0% of protection violations across Somalia were recorded in Gedo region.

- district had the highest recorded percentage of protection violations across the Gedo region (0%).

The highest recorded protection violations in the region from January to March 2025 include the following:

- Killing/Manslaughter (43%)
- Torture (29%).

Baardheere district was the distict with the highest number of protection violations in the region from January to April 2025 (527).

Top 3 Protection Risks Identified

1. Theft, extortion, forced eviction or destruction of personal property
2. Attacks on civilians and other unlawful killings, and attacks on civilian objects
3. Torture or cruel, inhuman, degrading treatment or punishment

PRIORITY NEED ON ARRIVAL (APRIL 2025 IN %)

Food	31%
Water	0%
Shelter	33%
Health	0%
Protection[4]	0%
Livelihood	27%
Transport	0%
Other	9%

[6]Protection figures are underreported due to the concerns related to the sensitivety of this topic in the context of Somalia.

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PROTECTION & RETURN MONITORING NETWORK (PRMN)

HIRAAN, SOMALIA | APRIL 2025

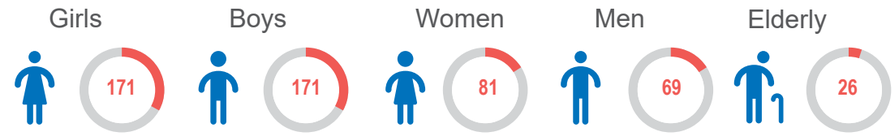
	APRIL 2025	IN 2025
# OF INCIDENTS THAT CAUSED DISPLACEMENT	55	246
# OF NEWLY DISPLACED POPULATION	517	4389
# OF PROTECTION VIOLATIONS RECORDED[1]	32	121

[1]Some protection violations were not recorded due to security risks in some regions.

TRIGGERS OF DISPLACEMENT (APRIL 2025 IN %)

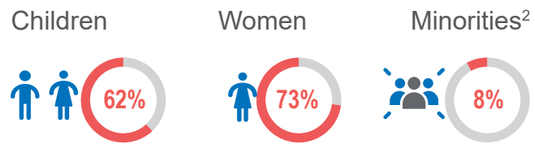
Drought	92%
Flood	0%
Other	0%
Conflict	8%

DEMOGRAPHICS (APRIL 2025)[3]



[3]Disaggregated data for displaced persons are based on those displacement reports where data has been collected at household level.

PROTECTION VIOLATIONS CONCERNING CHILDREN, WOMEN AND MINORITIES (2025 IN %)

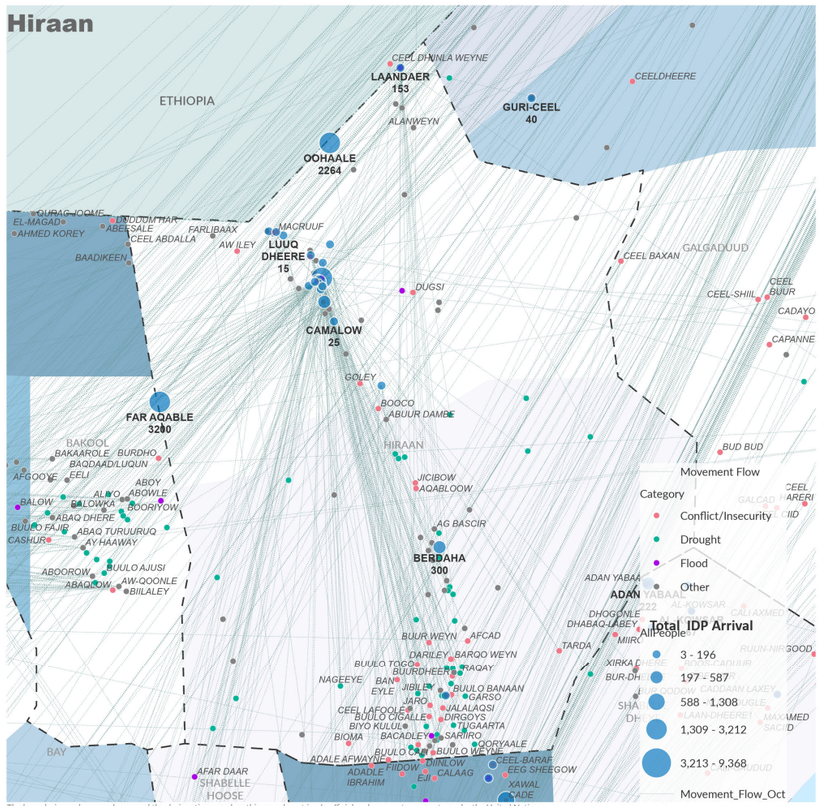


[2]Members of minority clans include the Benadiri, Bantu, Barawans, Gardere, Yakabur and Rahanweyne.

SPECIFIC NEEDS OF THOSE WHO EXPERIENCED PROTECTION VIOLATIONS (IN 2025)[4]

[4]In APR 2025, 109 specific needs were recorded of those individuals who experienced protection violations.
[5]Others who are at risk include the following categories family unit, specific legal and physical protection needs, unaccompanied or seperate child, pregnant or lactating, serious medical condition, single parent, SGBV and torture. Individuals can have multiple vulnerabilities

DISPLACEMENT LOCATION (JAN - APR 2025)



The boundaries and names shown and the designations used on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by the United Nations.

Belet Weyne district was the district with the highest recorded displacement incidents in the region (234).

159 individuals were displaced to Belet Weyne settlement, making it the largest displacement incident due to Drought.

Bulo Burto district was the district with the second highest recorded displacement incidents in the region (186).

110 individuals were displaced to Bulo Burto settlement, making it the second largest displacement incident due to Drought.

Jalalaqsi district was the district with the third highest recorded displacement incidents in the region (97).

97 individuals were displaced to Jalalaqsi settlement, making it the third largest displacement incident due to Drought.

In April 2025, 13% of protection violations across Somalia were recorded in Hiraan region.

Belet Weyne district had the highest recorded percentage of protection violations across the Hiraan region (84%).

The highest recorded protection violations in the region from January to March 2025 include the following:

- Female Genital Mutilation (FGM) (26%)
- Domestic Violence (17%).

Belet Weyne district was the distict with the highest number of protection violations in the region from January to April 2025 (539).

Top 3 Protection Risks Identified

1. Psychological/emotional abuse or inflicted distress
2. Attacks on civilians and other unlawful killings, and attacks on civilian objects
3. Gender-based violence

PRIORITY NEED ON ARRIVAL (APRIL 2025 IN %)

Food	0%
Water	0%
Shelter	95%
Health	5%
Protection[4]	0%
Livelihood	0%
Transport	0%
Other	0%

[6]Protection figures are underreported due to the concerns related to the sensitivity of this topic in the context of Somalia.

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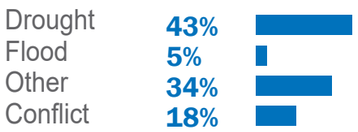
PROTECTION & RETURN MONITORING NETWORK (PRMN)

LOWER JUBA, SOMALIA | APRIL 2025

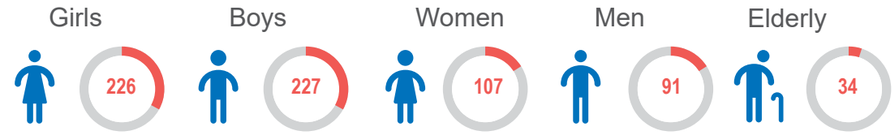
	APRIL 2025	IN 2025
# OF INCIDENTS THAT CAUSED DISPLACEMENT	81	529
# OF NEWLY DISPLACED POPULATION	686	13590
# OF PROTECTION VIOLATIONS RECORDED[1]	2	40

[1]Some protection violations were not recorded due to security risks in some regions.

TRIGGERS OF DISPLACEMENT (APRIL 2025 IN %)

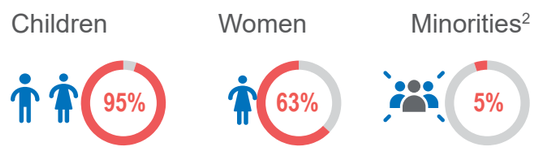


DEMOGRAPHICS (APRIL 2025)[3]



[3]Disaggregated data for displaced persons are based on those displacement reports where data has been collected at household level.

PROTECTION VIOLATIONS CONCERNING CHILDREN, WOMEN AND MINORITIES (2025 IN %)

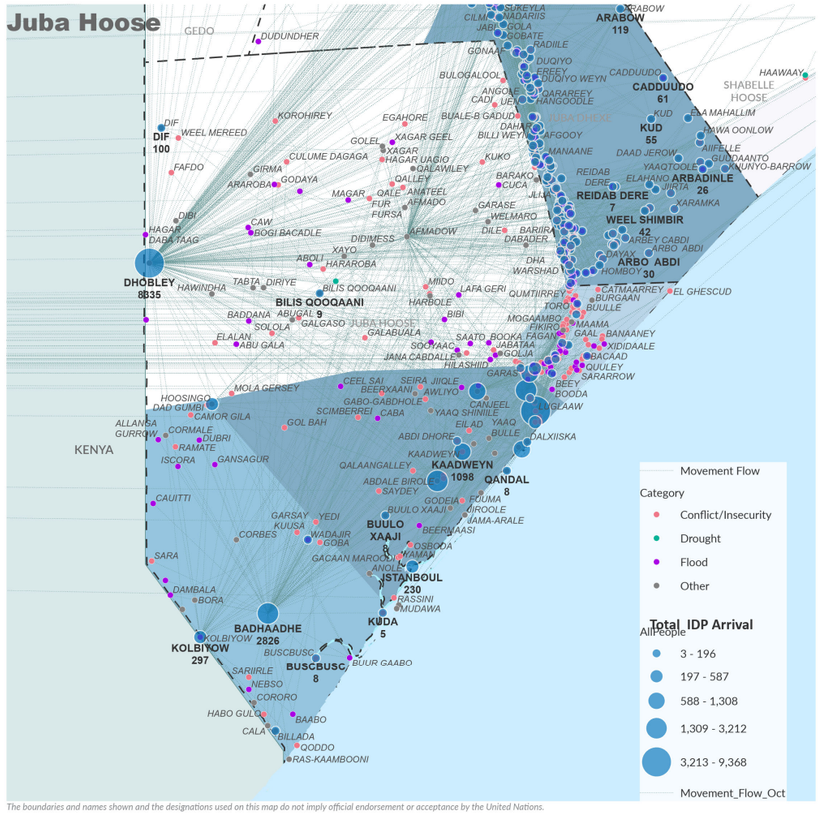


[2]Members of minority clans include the Benadiri, Bantu, Barawans, Gardere, Yakabur and Rahanweyne.

SPECIFIC NEEDS OF THOSE WHO EXPERIENCED PROTECTION VIOLATIONS (IN 2025)[4]

[4]In APR 2025, 92 specific needs were recorded of those individuals who experienced protection violations.
[5]Others who are at risk include the following categories family unit, specific legal and physical protection needs, unaccompanied or seperate child, pregnant or lactating, serious medical condition, single parent, SGBV and torture. Individuals can have multiple vulnerabilities

DISPLACEMENT LOCATION (JAN - APR 2025)



Afmadow district was the district with the highest recorded displacement incidents in the region (369).

81 individuals were displaced to Qalawiley settlement, making it the largest displacement incident due to Drought.

Kismayo district was the district with the second highest recorded displacement incidents in the region (212).

58 individuals were displaced to Camp Bari settlement, making it the second largest displacement incident due to Drought.

- district was the district with the third highest recorded displacement incidents in the region (66).

53 individuals were displaced to Dalxiiska settlement, making it the third largest displacement incident due to Other.

In April 2025, 1% of protection violations across Somalia were recorded in Lower Juba region.

- district had the highest recorded percentage of protection violations across the Lower Juba region (100%).

The highest recorded protection violations in the region from January to March 2025 include the following:

- Forced Family Separation (25%)
- Forced Marriage (23%).

Afmadow district was the distict with the highest number of protection violations in the region from January to April 2025 (1088).

Top 3 Protection Risks Identified

1. Discrimination and stigmatization, denial of resources, opportunities, services and/or humanitarian access
2. Child and forced family separation
3. Gender-based violence

PRIORITY NEED ON ARRIVAL (APRIL 2025 IN %)

Food	4%
Water	2%
Shelter	8%
Health	5%
Protection[4]	3%
Livelihood	45%
Transport	0%
Other	34%

[6]Protection figures are underreported due to the concerns related to the sensitivity of this topic in the context of Somalia.

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Implemented by: NRC NORWEGIAN REFUGEE COUNCIL

PROTECTION & RETURN MONITORING NETWORK (PRMN)

LOWER SHABELLE, SOMALIA | APRIL 2025

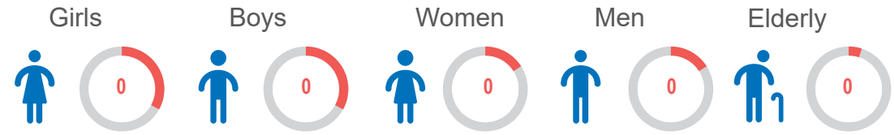
	APRIL 2025	IN 2025
# OF INCIDENTS THAT CAUSED DISPLACEMENT	0	8
# OF NEWLY DISPLACED POPULATION	0	98
# OF PROTECTION VIOLATIONS RECORDED[1]	32	245

[1]Some protection violations were not recorded due to security risks in some regions.

TRIGGERS OF DISPLACEMENT (APRIL 2025 IN %)

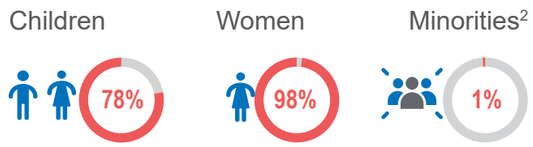
Drought	0%
Flood	0%
Other	0%
Conflict	0%

DEMOGRAPHICS (APRIL 2025)[3]



[3]Disaggregated data for displaced persons are based on those displacement reports where data has been collected at household level.

PROTECTION VIOLATIONS CONCERNING CHILDREN, WOMEN AND MINORITIES (2025 IN %)

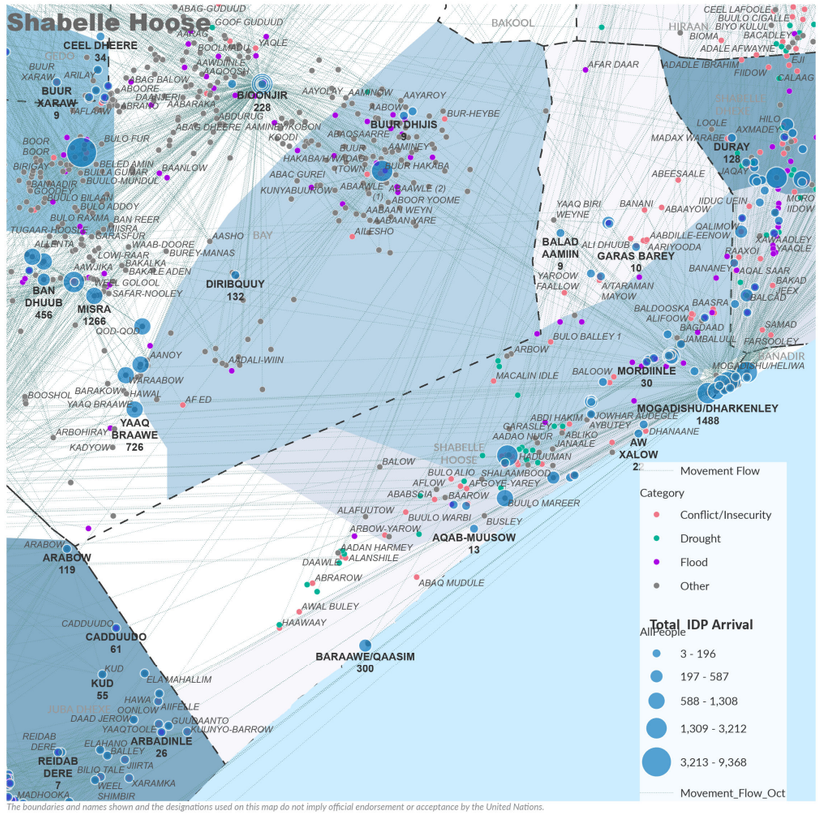


[2]Members of minority clans include the Benadiri, Bantu, Barawans, Gardere, Yakabur and Rahanweyne.

SPECIFIC NEEDS OF THOSE WHO EXPERIENCED PROTECTION VIOLATIONS (IN 2025)[4]

[4]In APR 2025, 242 specific needs were recorded of those individuals who experienced protection violations.
[5]Others who are at risk include the following categories family unit, specific legal and physical protection needs, unaccompanied or seperate child, pregnant or lactating, serious medical condition, single parent, SGBV and torture. Individuals can have multiple vulnerabilities

DISPLACEMENT LOCATION (JAN - APR 2025)



- district was the district with the highest recorded displacement incidents in the region (0).

0 individuals were displaced to - settlement, making it the largest displacement incident due to -.

- district was the district with the second highest recorded displacement incidents in the region (0).

0 individuals were displaced to - settlement, making it the second largest displacement incident due to -.

- district was the district with the third highest recorded displacement incidents in the region (0).

0 individuals were displaced to - settlement, making it the third largest displacement incident due to -.

In April 2025, 13% of protection violations across Somalia were recorded in Lower Shabelle region.

Qoryooley district had the highest recorded percentage of protection violations across the Lower Shabelle region (31%).

The highest recorded protection violations in the region from January to March 2025 include the following:

- Female Genital Mutilation (FGM) (60%)
- Domestic Violence (20%).

Marka district was the distict with the highest number of protection violations in the region from January to April 2025 (3635).

Top 3 Protection Risks Identified

1. Theft, extortion, forced eviction or destruction of personal property
2. Gender-based violence
3. Torture or cruel, inhuman, degrading treatment or punishment

PRIORITY NEED ON ARRIVAL (APRIL 2025 IN %)

Food	0%
Water	0%
Shelter	0%
Health	0%
Protection[4]	0%
Livelihood	0%
Transport	0%
Other	0%

[6]Protection figures are underreported due to the concerns related to the sensitivity of this topic in the context of Somalia.

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UNHCR Somalia

PROTECTION & RETURN MONITORING NETWORK (PRMN)

MIDDLE JUBA, SOMALIA | APRIL 2025

	APRIL 2025	IN 2025
# OF INCIDENTS THAT CAUSED DISPLACEMENT	0	412
# OF NEWLY DISPLACED POPULATION	0	2256
# OF PROTECTION VIOLATIONS RECORDED[1]	0	0

[1]Some protection violations were not recorded due to security risks in some regions.

TRIGGERS OF DISPLACEMENT (APRIL 2025 IN %)

Drought	0%
Flood	0%
Other	0%
Conflict	0%

DEMOGRAPHICS (APRIL 2025)[3]

Girls	Boys	Women	Men	Elderly
0	0	0	0	0

[3]Disaggregated data for displaced persons are based on those displacement reports where data has been collected at household level.

PROTECTION VIOLATIONS CONCERNING CHILDREN, WOMEN AND MINORITIES (2025 IN %)

Children	Women	Minorities[2]
0%	0%	0%

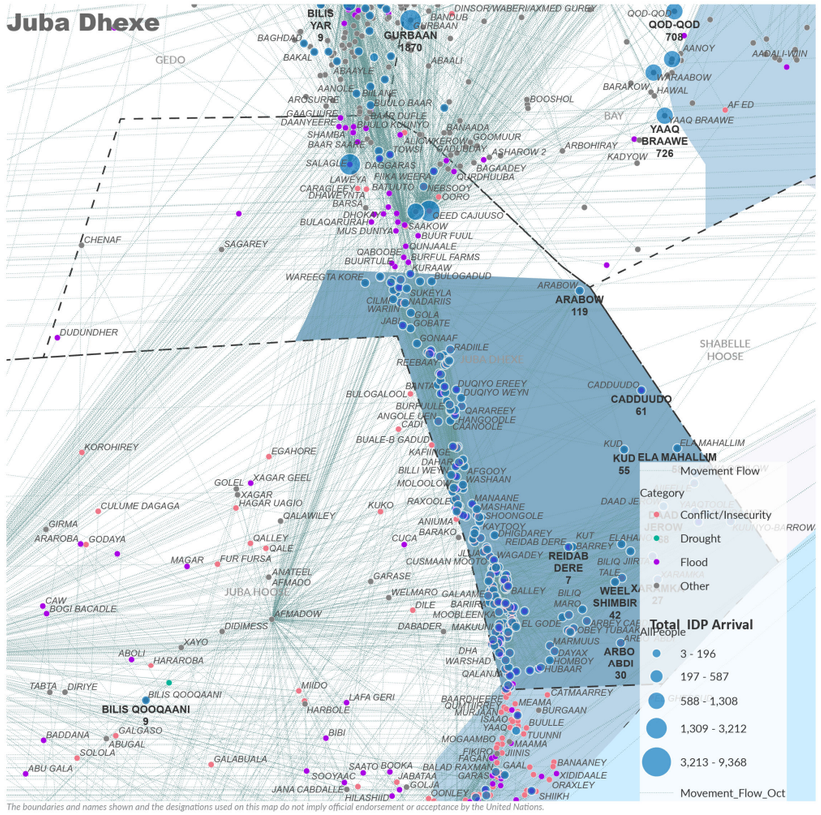
[2]Members of minority clans include the Benadiri, Bantu, Barawans, Gardere, Yakabur and Rahanweyne.

SPECIFIC NEEDS OF THOSE WHO EXPERIENCED PROTECTION VIOLATIONS (IN 2025)[4]

Child at risk	Women at risk	Disabilities	Elderly at risk	Others[5]
0%	0%	0%	0%	0%

[4]In APR 2025, 0 specific needs were recorded of those individuals who experienced protection violations.
[5]Others who are at risk include the following categories family unit, specific legal and physical protection needs, unaccompanied or seperate child, pregnant or lactating, serious medical condition, single parent, SGBV and torture. Individuals can have multiple vulnerabilities

DISPLACEMENT LOCATION (JAN - APR 2025)



- district was the district with the highest recorded displacement incidents in the region (0).

0 individuals were displaced to - settlement, making it the largest displacement incident due to -.

- district was the district with the second highest recorded displacement incidents in the region (0).

0 individuals were displaced to - settlement, making it the second largest displacement incident due to -.

- district was the district with the third highest recorded displacement incidents in the region (0).

0 individuals were displaced to - settlement, making it the third largest displacement incident due to -.

In April 2025, 0% of protection violations across Somalia were recorded in Middle Juba region.

- district had the highest recorded percentage of protection violations across the Middle Juba region (0%).

The highest recorded protection violations in the region from January to March 2025 include the following:

- - (0%)
- - (0%).

Bu'aale district was the distict with the highest number of protection violations in the region from January to April 2025 (743).

Top 3 Protection Risks Identified

1. Child and forced family separation
2. Discrimination and stigmatization, denial of resources, opportunities, services and/or humanitarian access
3. Child, early or forced marriage

PRIORITY NEED ON ARRIVAL (APRIL 2025 IN %)

Food	0%
Water	0%
Shelter	0%
Health	0%
Protection[4]	0%
Livelihood	0%
Transport	0%
Other	0%

[6]Protection figures are underreported due to the concerns related to the sensitivity of this topic in the context of Somalia.

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PROTECTION & RETURN MONITORING NETWORK (PRMN)

MIDDLE SHABELLE, SOMALIA | APRIL 2025

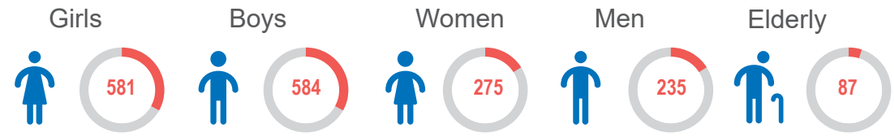
	APRIL 2025	IN 2025
# OF INCIDENTS THAT CAUSED DISPLACEMENT	38	244
# OF NEWLY DISPLACED POPULATION	1761	22589
# OF PROTECTION VIOLATIONS RECORDED[1]	7	71

[1]Some protection violations were not recorded due to security risks in some regions.

TRIGGERS OF DISPLACEMENT (APRIL 2025 IN %)

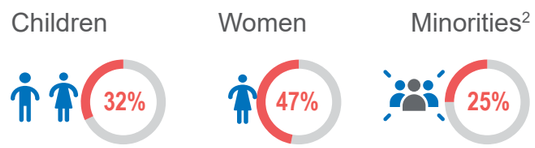
Drought	0%
Flood	0%
Other	0%
Conflict	100%

DEMOGRAPHICS (APRIL 2025)[3]



[3]Disaggregated data for displaced persons are based on those displacement reports where data has been collected at household level.

PROTECTION VIOLATIONS CONCERNING CHILDREN, WOMEN AND MINORITIES (2025 IN %)

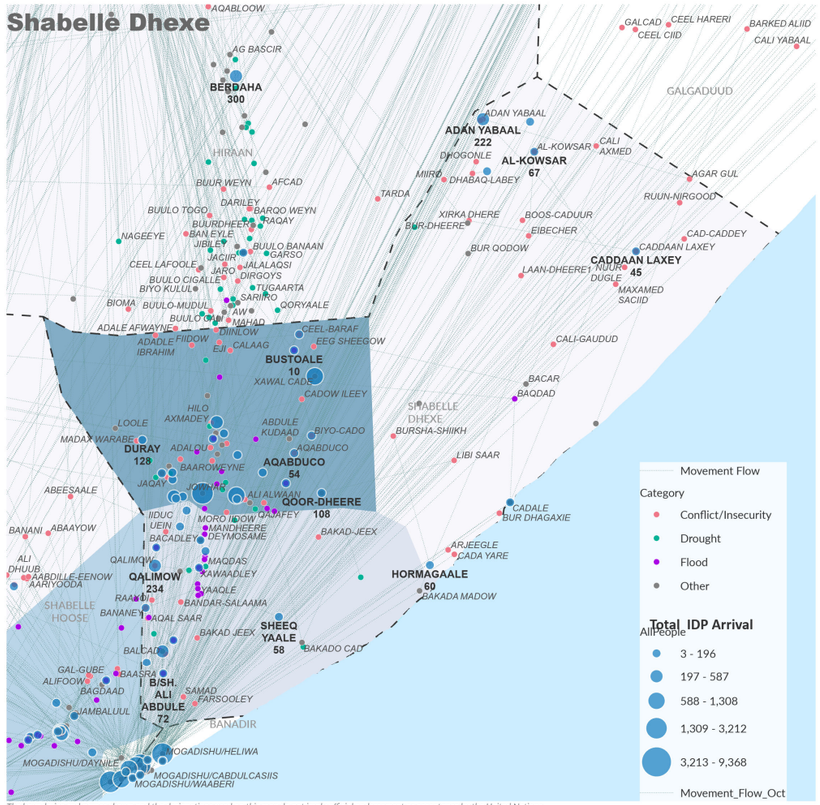


[2]Members of minority clans include the Benadiri, Bantu, Barawans, Gardere, Yakabur and Rahanweyne.

SPECIFIC NEEDS OF THOSE WHO EXPERIENCED PROTECTION VIOLATIONS (IN 2025)[4]

[4]In APR 2025, 106 specific needs were recorded of those individuals who experienced protection violations.
[5]Others who are at risk include the following categories family unit, specific legal and physical protection needs, unaccompanied or seperate child, pregnant or lactating, serious medical condition, single parent, SGBV and torture. Individuals can have multiple vulnerabilities

DISPLACEMENT LOCATION (JAN - APR 2025)



The boundaries and names shown and the designations used on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by the United Nations.

Cadale district was the district with the highest recorded displacement incidents in the region (1761).

1633 individuals were displaced to Wargaadhi settlement, making it the largest displacement incident due to Conflict/Insecurity.

- district was the district with the second highest recorded displacement incidents in the region (0).

128 individuals were displaced to Cadale settlement, making it the second largest displacement incident due to Conflict/Insecurity.

- district was the district with the third highest recorded displacement incidents in the region (0).

0 individuals were displaced to - settlement, making it the third largest displacement incident due to -.

In April 2025, 3% of protection violations across Somalia were recorded in Middle Shabelle region.

Adan Yabaal district had the highest recorded percentage of protection violations across the Middle Shabelle region (71%).

The highest recorded protection violations in the region from January to March 2025 include the following:

- Killing/Manslaughter (38%)
- Female Genital Mutilation (FGM) (23%).

Jowhar district was the distict with the highest number of protection violations in the region from January to April 2025 (1292).

Top 3 Protection Risks Identified

1. Psychological/emotional abuse or inflicted distress
2. Attacks on civilians and other unlawful killings, and attacks on civilian objects
3. Forced recruitment and association of children in armed forces and groups

PRIORITY NEED ON ARRIVAL (APRIL 2025 IN %)

Food	4%
Water	0%
Shelter	91%
Health	0%
Protection[4]	2%
Livelihood	2%
Transport	0%
Other	0%

[6]Protection figures are underreported due to the concerns related to the sensitivity of this topic in the context of Somalia.

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PROTECTION & RETURN MONITORING NETWORK (PRMN)

MUDUG, SOMALIA | APRIL 2025

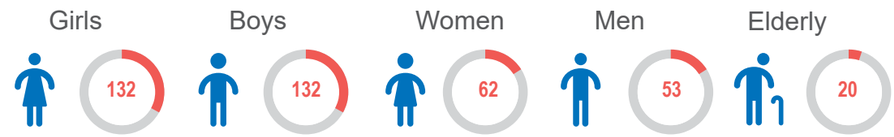
	APRIL 2025	IN 2025
# OF INCIDENTS THAT CAUSED DISPLACEMENT	76	307
# OF NEWLY DISPLACED POPULATION	399	1894
# OF PROTECTION VIOLATIONS RECORDED[1]	43	143

[1]Some protection violations were not recorded due to security risks in some regions.

TRIGGERS OF DISPLACEMENT (APRIL 2025 IN %)

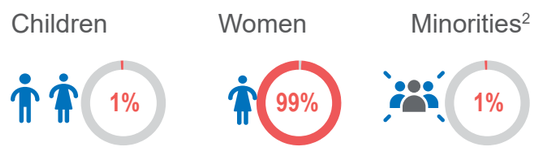
Drought	11%
Flood	0%
Other	89%
Conflict	0%

DEMOGRAPHICS (APRIL 2025)[3]



[3]Disaggregated data for displaced persons are based on those displacement reports where data has been collected at household level.

PROTECTION VIOLATIONS CONCERNING CHILDREN, WOMEN AND MINORITIES (2025 IN %)

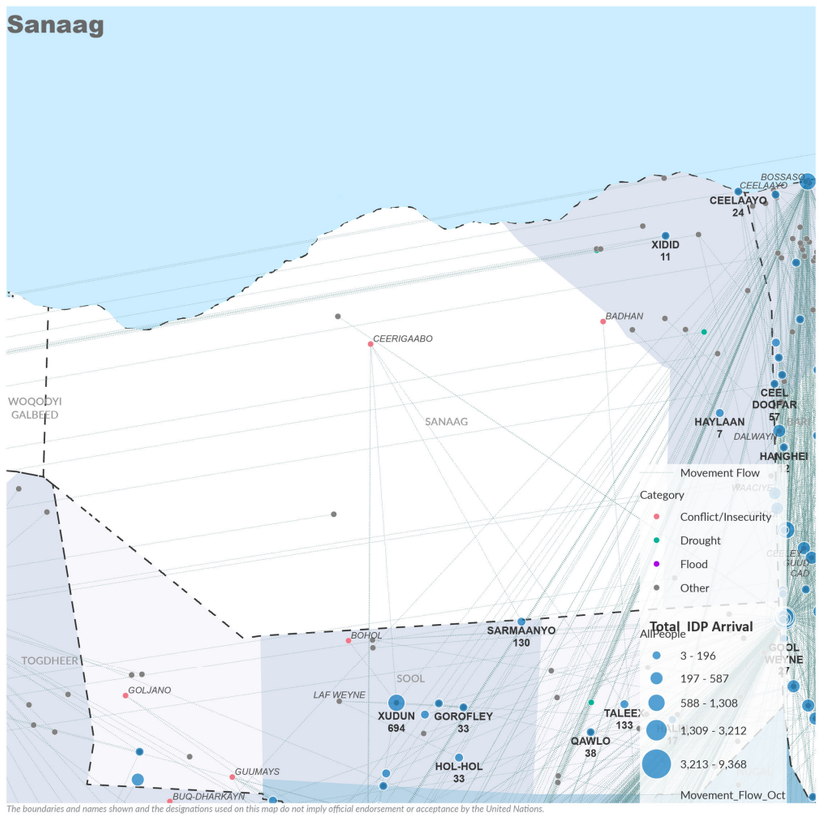


[2]Members of minority clans include the Benadiri, Bantu, Barawans, Gardere, Yakabur and Rahanweyne.

SPECIFIC NEEDS OF THOSE WHO EXPERIENCED PROTECTION VIOLATIONS (IN 2025)[4]

[4]In APR 2025, 157 specific needs were recorded of those individuals who experienced protection violations.
[5]Others who are at risk include the following categories family unit, specific legal and physical protection needs, unaccompanied or seperate child, pregnant or lactating, serious medical condition, single parent, SGBV and torture. Individuals can have multiple vulnerabilities

DISPLACEMENT LOCATION (JAN - APR 2025)



Galdogob district was the district with the highest recorded displacement incidents in the region (190).

55 individuals were displaced to Galdogob settlement, making it the largest displacement incident due to Other.

Gaalkacyo district was the district with the second highest recorded displacement incidents in the region (168).

53 individuals were displaced to Ba'adwein settlement, making it the second largest displacement incident due to Other.

Jariiban district was the district with the third highest recorded displacement incidents in the region (41).

49 individuals were displaced to Darasalam settlement, making it the third largest displacement incident due to Other.

In April 2025, 17% of protection violations across Somalia were recorded in Mudug region.

Gaalkacyo district had the highest recorded percentage of protection violations across the Mudug region (79%).

The highest recorded protection violations in the region from January to March 2025 include the following:

- Domestic Violence (76%)
- Physical Assault/Attack Not Resulting In

Gaalkacyo district was the distict with the highest number of protection violations in the region from January to April 2025 (4817).

Top 3 Protection Risks Identified

1. Disinformation and denial of access to information
2. Discrimination and stigmatization, denial of resources, opportunities, services and/or humanitarian access
3. Gender-based violence

PRIORITY NEED ON ARRIVAL (APRIL 2025 IN %)

Food	6%
Water	0%
Shelter	5%
Health	1%
Protection[4]	0%
Livelihood	10%
Transport	0%
Other	79%

[6]Protection figures are underreported due to the concerns related to the sensitivity of this topic in the context of Somalia.

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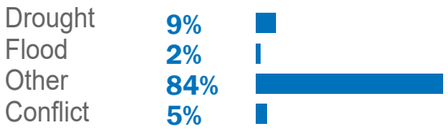
PROTECTION & RETURN MONITORING NETWORK (PRMN)

NUGAAL, SOMALIA | APRIL 2025

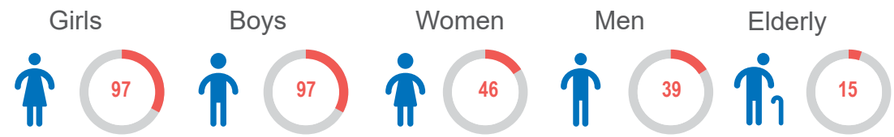
	APRIL 2025	IN 2025
# OF INCIDENTS THAT CAUSED DISPLACEMENT	59	195
# OF NEWLY DISPLACED POPULATION	293	906
# OF PROTECTION VIOLATIONS RECORDED[1]	11	63

[1]Some protection violations were not recorded due to security risks in some regions.

TRIGGERS OF DISPLACEMENT (APRIL 2025 IN %)

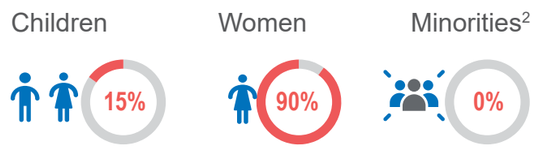


DEMOGRAPHICS (APRIL 2025)[3]



[3]Disaggregated data for displaced persons are based on those displacement reports where data has been collected at household level.

PROTECTION VIOLATIONS CONCERNING CHILDREN, WOMEN AND MINORITIES (2025 IN %)

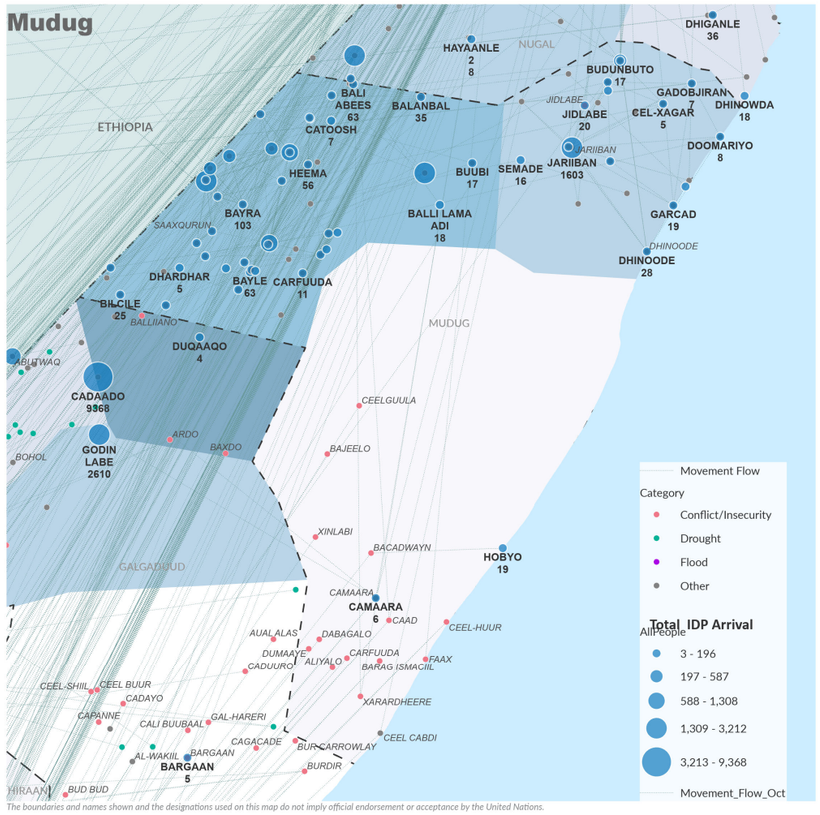


[2]Members of minority clans include the Benadiri, Bantu, Barawans, Gardere, Yakabur and Rahanweyne.

SPECIFIC NEEDS OF THOSE WHO EXPERIENCED PROTECTION VIOLATIONS (IN 2025)[4]

[4]In APR 2025, 78 specific needs were recorded of those individuals who experienced protection violations.
[5]Others who are at risk include the following categories family unit, specific legal and physical protection needs, unaccompanied or seperate child, pregnant or lactating, serious medical condition, single parent, SGBV and torture. Individuals can have multiple vulnerabilities

DISPLACEMENT LOCATION (JAN - APR 2025)



The boundaries and names shown and the designations used on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by the United Nations.

Garoowe district was the district with the highest recorded displacement incidents in the region (150).

81 individuals were displaced to Garowe settlement, making it the largest displacement incident due to Other.

Burtinle district was the district with the second highest recorded displacement incidents in the region (138).

72 individuals were displaced to Burtinle settlement, making it the second largest displacement incident due to Other.

Qardho district was the district with the third highest recorded displacement incidents in the region (5).

23 individuals were displaced to Garowe/Hanti-Wadaag settlement, making it the third largest displacement incident due to Other.

In April 2025, 4% of protection violations across Somalia were recorded in Nugaal region.

Burtinle district had the highest recorded percentage of protection violations across the Nugaal region (45%).

The highest recorded protection violations in the region from January to March 2025 include the following:

- Domestic Violence (83%)
- Child Abandonment (Right to care) (17%).

Garoowe district was the distict with the highest number of protection violations in the region from January to April 2025 (1241).

Top 3 Protection Risks Identified

1. Disinformation and denial of access to information
2. Discrimination and stigmatization, denial of resources, opportunities, services and/or humanitarian access
3. Gender-based violence

PRIORITY NEED ON ARRIVAL (APRIL 2025 IN %)

Food	18%
Water	9%
Shelter	55%
Health	0%
Protection[4]	5%
Livelihood	12%
Transport	0%
Other	2%

[6]Protection figures are underreported due to the concerns related to the sensitivity of this topic in the context of Somalia.

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PROTECTION & RETURN MONITORING NETWORK (PRMN)

SANAAG, SOMALIA | APRIL 2025

	APRIL 2025	IN 2025
# OF INCIDENTS THAT CAUSED DISPLACEMENT	31	108
# OF NEWLY DISPLACED POPULATION	409	2052
# OF PROTECTION VIOLATIONS RECORDED[1]	32	114

[1]Some protection violations were not recorded due to security risks in some regions.

TRIGGERS OF DISPLACEMENT (APRIL 2025 IN %)

Drought	17%
Flood	0%
Other	30%
Conflict	53%

DEMOGRAPHICS (APRIL 2025)[3]

Girls	Boys	Women	Men	Elderly
135	136	64	54	20

[3]Disaggregated data for displaced persons are based on those displacement reports where data has been collected at household level.

PROTECTION VIOLATIONS CONCERNING CHILDREN, WOMEN AND MINORITIES (2025 IN %)

Children	Women	Minorities[2]
4%	95%	0%

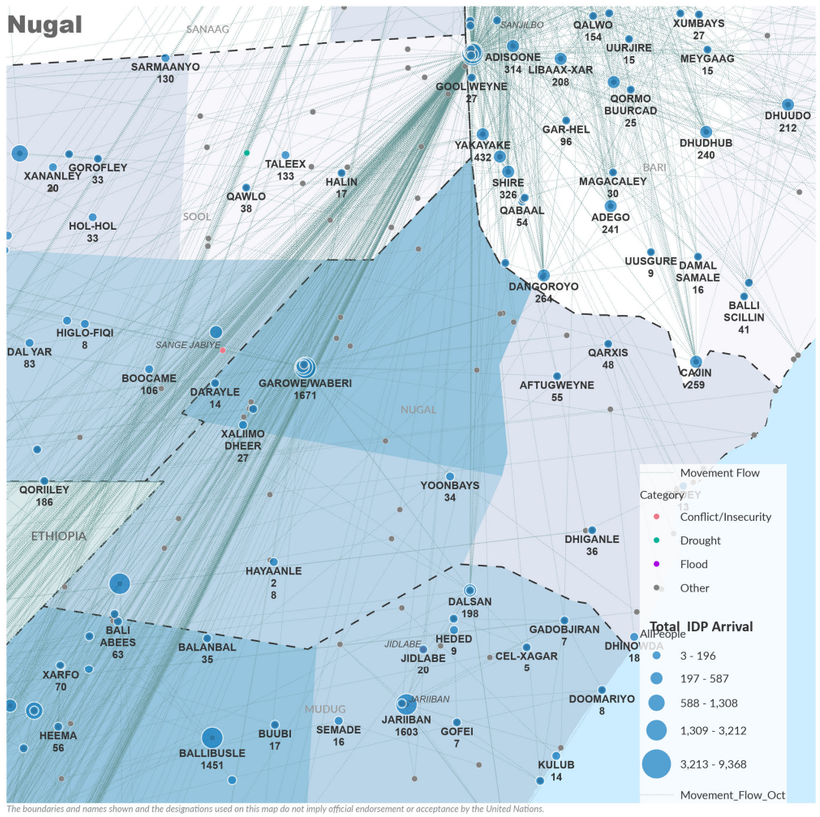
[2]Members of minority clans include the Benadiri, Bantu, Barawans, Gardere, Yakabur and Rahanweyne.

SPECIFIC NEEDS OF THOSE WHO EXPERIENCED PROTECTION VIOLATIONS (IN 2025)[4]

Child at risk	Women at risk	Disabilities	Elderly at risk	Others[5]
18%	17%	0%	0%	65%

[4]In APR 2025, 172 specific needs were recorded of those individuals who experienced protection violations.
[5]Others who are at risk include the following categories family unit, specific legal and physical protection needs, unaccompanied or seperate child, pregnant or lactating, serious medical condition, single parent, SGBV and torture. Individuals can have multiple vulnerabilities

DISPLACEMENT LOCATION (JAN - APR 2025)



The boundaries and names shown and the designations used on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by the United Nations.

Ceerigaabo district was the district with the highest recorded displacement incidents in the region (159).

100 individuals were displaced to Haylaan settlement, making it the largest displacement incident due to Conflict/Insecurity.

Dhahar district was the district with the second highest recorded displacement incidents in the region (126).

100 individuals were displaced to Bilcil settlement, making it the second largest displacement incident due to Other.

Badhan district was the district with the third highest recorded displacement incidents in the region (107).

44 individuals were displaced to Ceerigaabo settlement, making it the third largest displacement incident due to Drought.

In April 2025, 13% of protection violations across Somalia were recorded in Sanaag region.

Ceerigaabo district had the highest recorded percentage of protection violations across the Sanaag region (94%).

The highest recorded protection violations in the region from January to March 2025 include the following:

- Domestic Violence (80%)
- Attempted rape (10%).

Ceel Afweyn district was the distict with the highest number of protection violations in the region from January to April 2025 (462).

Top 3 Protection Risks Identified

1. Abduction, kidnapping, enforced disappearance, arbitrary or unlawful arrest and/or detention
2. Attacks on civilians and other unlawful killings, and attacks on civilian objects
3. Discrimination and stigmatization, denial of resources, opportunities, services and/or human-

PRIORITY NEED ON ARRIVAL (APRIL 2025 IN %)

Food	2%
Water	0%
Shelter	5%
Health	2%
Protection[4]	40%
Livelihood	24%
Transport	24%
Other	3%

[6]Protection figures are underreported due to the concerns related to the sensitivity of this topic in the context of Somalia.

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PROTECTION & RETURN MONITORING NETWORK (PRMN)

SOOL, SOMALIA | APRIL 2025

	APRIL 2025	IN 2025
# OF INCIDENTS THAT CAUSED DISPLACEMENT	5	133
# OF NEWLY DISPLACED POPULATION	638	5409
# OF PROTECTION VIOLATIONS RECORDED[1]	7	250

[1]Some protection violations were not recorded due to security risks in some regions.

TRIGGERS OF DISPLACEMENT (APRIL 2025 IN %)

Drought	0%
Flood	0%
Other	56%
Conflict	44%

DEMOGRAPHICS (APRIL 2025)[3]

Girls	Boys	Women	Men	Elderly
210	211	100	85	32

[3]Disaggregated data for displaced persons are based on those displacement reports where data has been collected at household level.

PROTECTION VIOLATIONS CONCERNING CHILDREN, WOMEN AND MINORITIES (2025 IN %)

Children	Women	Minorities[2]
8%	83%	0%

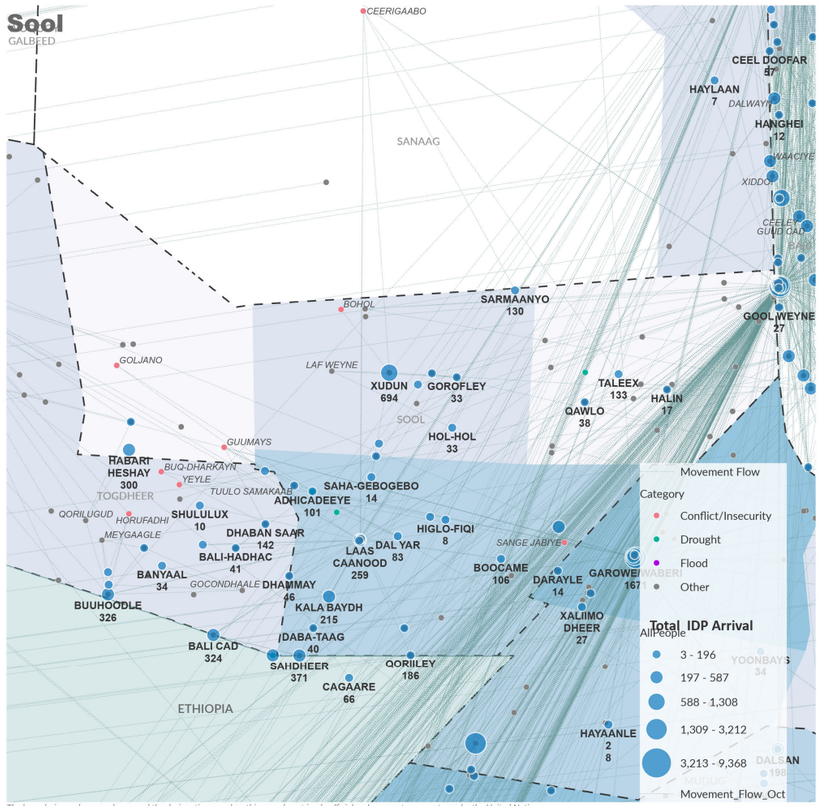
[2]Members of minority clans include the Benadiri, Bantu, Barawans, Gardere, Yakabur and Rahanweyne.

SPECIFIC NEEDS OF THOSE WHO EXPERIENCED PROTECTION VIOLATIONS (IN 2025)[4]

Child at risk	Women at risk	Disabilities	Elderly at risk	Others[5]
21%	58%	0%	0%	21%

[4]In APR 2025, 357 specific needs were recorded of those individuals who experienced protection violations.
[5]Others who are at risk include the following categories family unit, specific legal and physical protection needs, unaccompanied or seperate child, pregnant or lactating, serious medical condition, single parent, SGBV and torture. Individuals can have multiple vulnerabilities

DISPLACEMENT LOCATION (JAN - APR 2025)



The boundaries and names shown and the designations used on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by the United Nations.

Caynabo district was the district with the highest recorded displacement incidents in the region (638).

360 individuals were displaced to Balliga Weyne Satellite settlement, making it the largest displacement incident due to Other.

- district was the district with the second highest recorded displacement incidents in the region (0).

266 individuals were displaced to Oog settlement, making it the second largest displacement incident due to Conflict/Insecurity.

- district was the district with the third highest recorded displacement incidents in the region (0).

12 individuals were displaced to Wadaamagoo settlement, making it the third largest displacement incident due to Conflict/Insecurity.

In April 2025, 3% of protection violations across Somalia were recorded in Sool region.

Caynabo district had the highest recorded percentage of protection violations across the Sool region (100%).

The highest recorded protection violations in the region from January to March 2025 include the following:

- Domestic Violence (68%)
- Physical Assault/Attack Not Resulting In

Laas Caanood district was the distict with the highest number of protection violations in the region from January to April 2025 (3053).

Top 3 Protection Risks Identified

1. Attacks on civilians and other unlawful killings, and attacks on civilian objects
2. Gender-based violence
3. Presence of Mine and other explosive ordnance

PRIORITY NEED ON ARRIVAL (APRIL 2025 IN %)

Food	42%
Water	0%
Shelter	0%
Health	0%
Protection[4]	0%
Livelihood	56%
Transport	0%
Other	2%

[6]Protection figures are underreported due to the concerns related to the sensitivity of this topic in the context of Somalia.

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PROTECTION & RETURN MONITORING NETWORK (PRMN)

TOGDHEER, SOMALIA | APRIL 2025

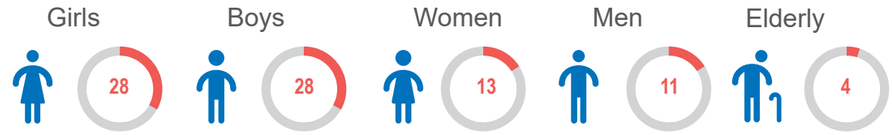
	APRIL 2025	IN 2025
# OF INCIDENTS THAT CAUSED DISPLACEMENT	15	266
# OF NEWLY DISPLACED POPULATION	85	3586
# OF PROTECTION VIOLATIONS RECORDED[1]	20	242

[1]Some protection violations were not recorded due to security risks in some regions.

TRIGGERS OF DISPLACEMENT (APRIL 2025 IN %)

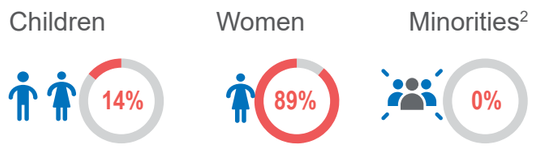
Drought	0%
Flood	0%
Other	87%
Conflict	13%

DEMOGRAPHICS (APRIL 2025)[3]



[3]Disaggregated data for displaced persons are based on those displacement reports where data has been collected at household level.

PROTECTION VIOLATIONS CONCERNING CHILDREN, WOMEN AND MINORITIES (2025 IN %)

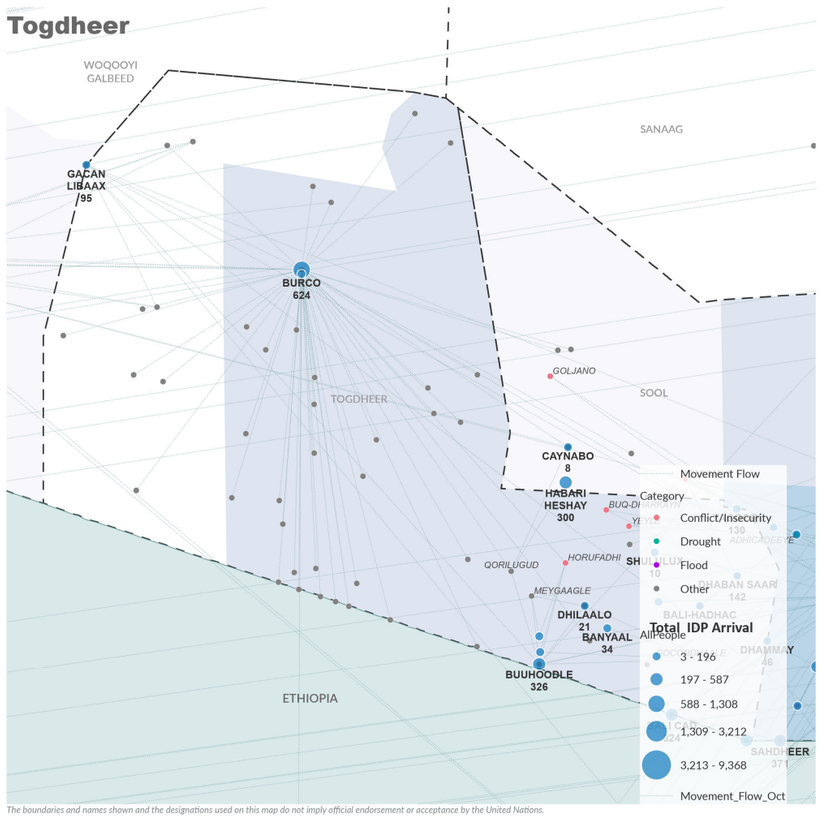


[2]Members of minority clans include the Benadiri, Bantu, Barawans, Gardere, Yakabur and Rahanweyne.

SPECIFIC NEEDS OF THOSE WHO EXPERIENCED PROTECTION VIOLATIONS (IN 2025)[4]

[4]In APR 2025, 317 specific needs were recorded of those individuals who experienced protection violations.
[5]Others who are at risk include the following categories family unit, specific legal and physical protection needs, unaccompanied or seperate child, pregnant or lactating, serious medical condition, single parent, SGBV and torture. Individuals can have multiple vulnerabilities

DISPLACEMENT LOCATION (JAN - APR 2025)



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Burco district was the district with the highest recorded displacement incidents in the region (85).

60 individuals were displaced to Burco settlement, making it the largest displacement incident due to Other.

- district was the district with the second highest recorded displacement incidents in the region (0).

11 individuals were displaced to Aadan Saleebaan settlement, making it the second largest displacement incident due to Other.

- district was the district with the third highest recorded displacement incidents in the region (0).

6 individuals were displaced to Burco settlement, making it the third largest displacement incident due to Conflict/Insecurity.

In April 2025, 8% of protection violations across Somalia were recorded in Togdheer region.

Burco district had the highest recorded percentage of protection violations across the Togdheer region (100%).

The highest recorded protection violations in the region from January to March 2025 include the following:

- Domestic Violence (74%)
- Physical Assault/Attack Not Resulting In

Burco district was the distict with the highest number of protection violations in the region from January to April 2025 (1685).

Top 3 Protection Risks Identified

1. Gender-based violence
2. Attacks on civilians and other unlawful killings, and attacks on civilian objects
3. Psychological/emotional abuse or inflicted distress

PRIORITY NEED ON ARRIVAL (APRIL 2025 IN %)

Food	21%
Water	0%
Shelter	19%
Health	0%
Protection[4]	0%
Livelihood	60%
Transport	0%
Other	0%

[6]Protection figures are underreported due to the concerns related to the sensitivity of this topic in the context of Somalia.

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PROTECTION & RETURN MONITORING NETWORK (PRMN)

WOQOOYI GALBEED, SOMALIA | APRIL 2025

	APRIL 2025	IN 2025
# OF INCIDENTS THAT CAUSED DISPLACEMENT	0	0
# OF NEWLY DISPLACED POPULATION	0	0
# OF PROTECTION VIOLATIONS RECORDED[1]	0	0

[1]Some protection violations were not recorded due to security risks in some regions.

TRIGGERS OF DISPLACEMENT (APRIL 2025 IN %)

Drought	0%
Flood	0%
Other	0%
Conflict	0%

DEMOGRAPHICS (APRIL 2025)[3]

Girls	Boys	Women	Men	Elderly
0	0	0	0	0

[3]Disaggregated data for displaced persons are based on those displacement reports where data has been collected at household level.

PROTECTION VIOLATIONS CONCERNING CHILDREN, WOMEN AND MINORITIES (2025 IN %)

Children	Women	Minorities[2]
0%	0%	0%

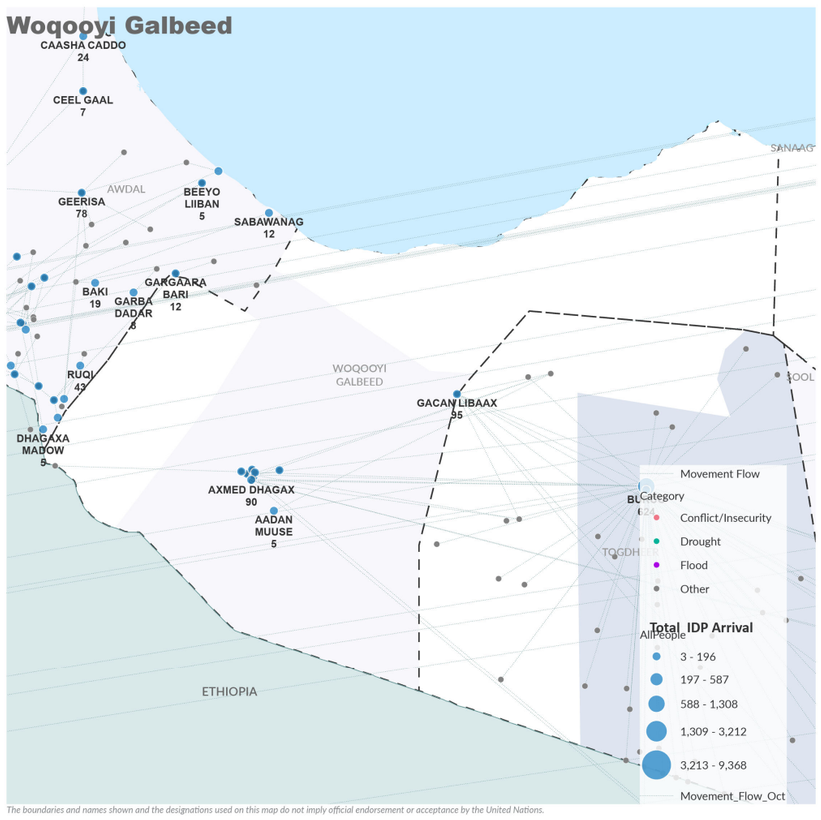
[2]Members of minority clans include the Benadiri, Bantu, Barawans, Gardere, Yakabur and Rahanweyne.

SPECIFIC NEEDS OF THOSE WHO EXPERIENCED PROTECTION VIOLATIONS (IN 2025)[4]

Child at risk	Women at risk	Disabilities	Elderly at risk	Others[5]
0%	0%	0%	0%	0%

[4]In APR 2025, 0 specific needs were recorded of those individuals who experienced protection violations.
[5]Others who are at risk include the following categories family unit, specific legal and physical protection needs, unaccompanied or seperate child, pregnant or lactating, serious medical condition, single parent, SGBV and torture. Individuals can have multiple vulnerabilities

DISPLACEMENT LOCATION (JAN - APR 2025)



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- district was the district with the highest recorded displacement incidents in the region (0).

0 individuals were displaced to - settlement, making it the largest displacement incident due to -.

- district was the district with the second highest recorded displacement incidents in the region (0).

0 individuals were displaced to - settlement, making it the second largest displacement incident due to -.

- district was the district with the third highest recorded displacement incidents in the region (0).

0 individuals were displaced to - settlement, making it the third largest displacement incident due to -.

In April 2025, 0% of protection violations across Somalia were recorded in Woqooyi Galbeed region.

- district had the highest recorded percentage of protection violations across the Woqooyi Galbeed region (0%).

The highest recorded protection violations in the region from January to March 2025 include the following:

- - (0%)
- - (0%).

Hargeysa district was the distict with the highest number of protection violations in the region from January to April 2025 (11913).

Top 3 Protection Risks Identified

1. -
2. -
3. -

PRIORITY NEED ON ARRIVAL (APRIL 2025 IN %)

Food	0%
Water	0%
Shelter	0%
Health	0%
Protection[4]	0%
Livelihood	0%
Transport	0%
Other	0%

[6]Protection figures are underreported due to the concerns related to the sensitivety of this topic in the context of Somalia.

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