CHAD

Sudanese emergency - Protection situation of new arrivals

(From: 19/12/2025 to 25/12/2025)

PROJET 21

581 Household interviewed

62% Female | 38% Male

Entry point | Transit site

Province/Entry point: All

Date: Multiple selections

Change language: Version française

Remove filters

Suivant

SUMMARY

This dashboard summarizes the views of Sudanese refugees, on the situation and protection risks in Chad. The perceptions of these households, interviewed either at the entry points or at the transit sites, a few days after their arrival in Chad, reflect the trauma of fleeing and the relief of having crossed the border.

581 households of **1360** individuals interviewed.

The main trends to be highlighted from the interviews are as follows:

Access to the asylum country

54% of households surveyed fled Sudan because of insecurity while **15%** and **8%** respectively cited reasons relating to lack of access to economic opportunities and basic services and preventive flight.

50% declared that they had been victims of human rights violations during their flight to Chad, including **21%** physical attacks, **9%** extortion of property, **6%** arbitrary arrests.

52% of households surveyed said that members of their family were still in Sudan because of a **lack of means of travel** (83%) **fear of arbitrary arrest** (2%)

Documentation

2% have birth certificates and **16%** have identity cards or other types of documents.

81% of households don't have documents and claimed that their documents were lost or burnt (**92%**) or confiscated during their flight to Chad (**7%**)

Child protection

0% and **0%** of households respectively say they have access to **medical services** and **hygiene services** (water, latrines, etc.) for their children

Education

61% of households indicated that their children dropped out of school due to the crisis.

38% of households have children at school age.

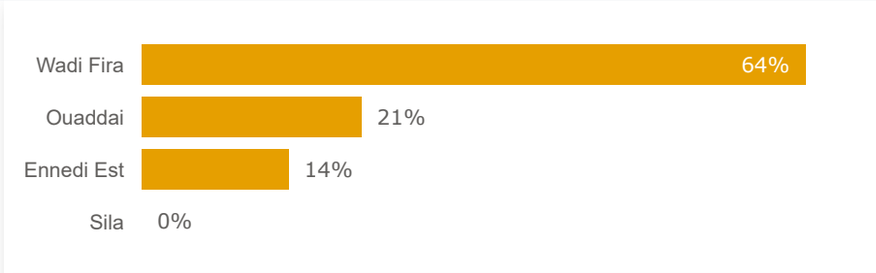
Community engagement *

How to access services (0%), and **Services available** (0%) are the types of information preferred by the households surveyed.

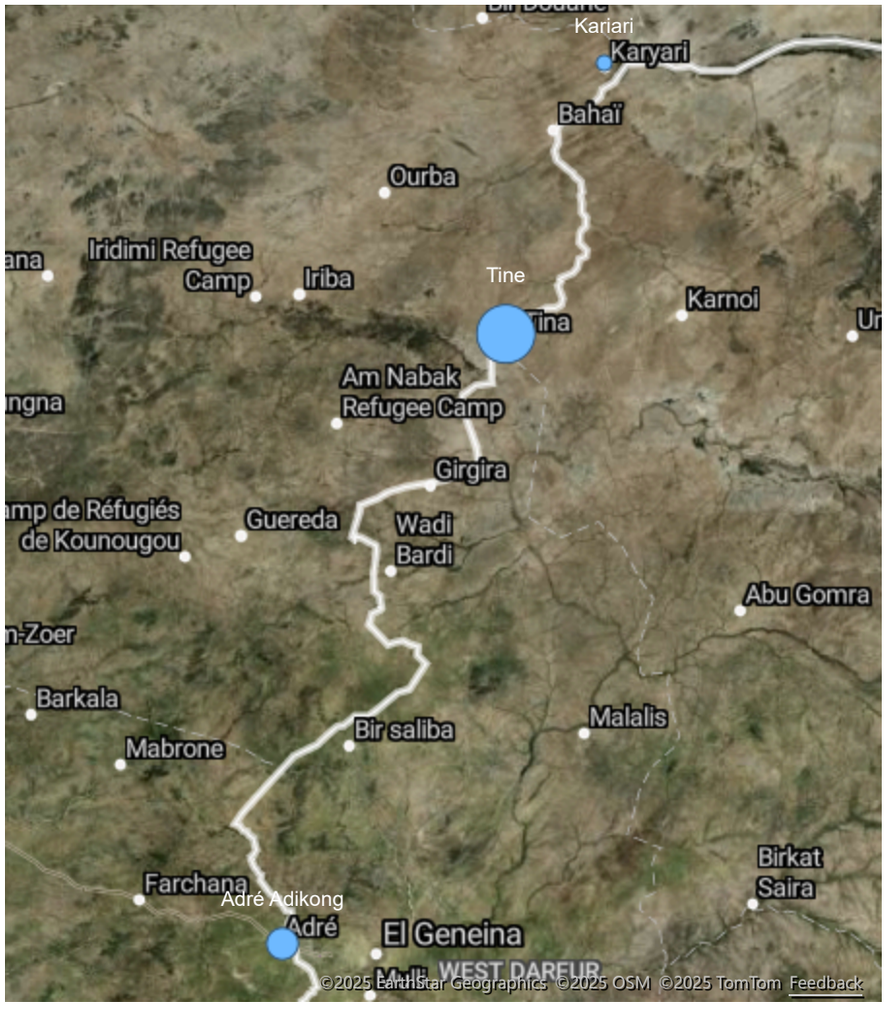
Basic needs and essential services

0% of households say they have access to water, while **0%** claimed they have access to health and nutrition services.

HOUSEHOLD BY PROVINCE



PENTRY POINT



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Feedback P21

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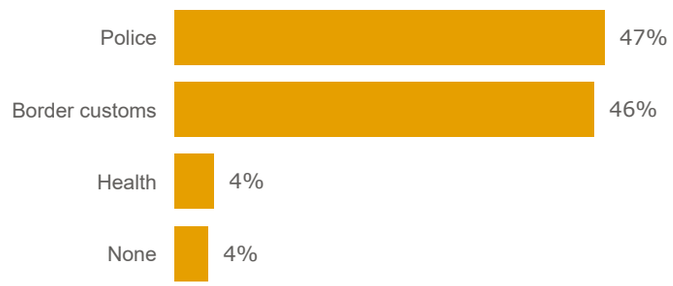
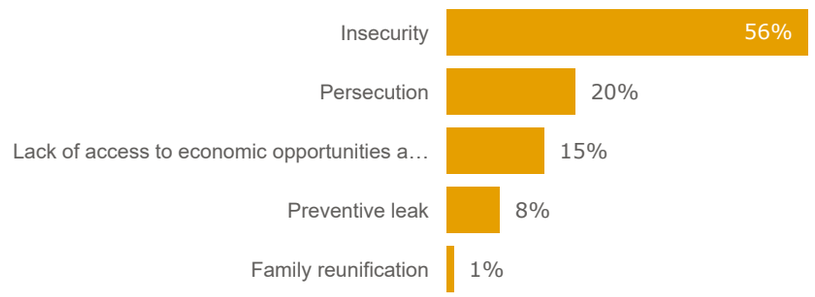
Previous | Next

ACCESS TO THE ASYLUM COUNTRY

Border services

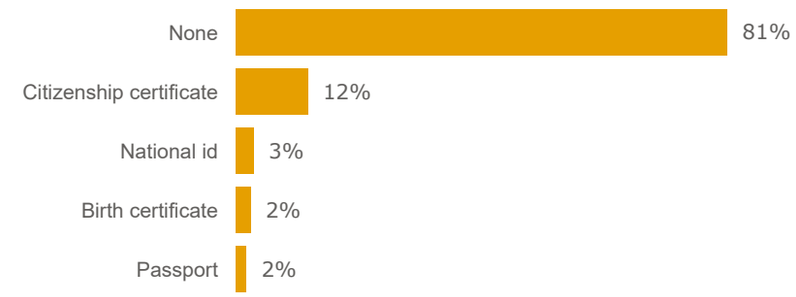


Reason(s) of displacement

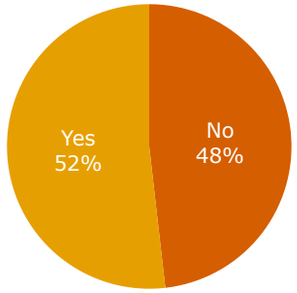


DOCUMENTATION

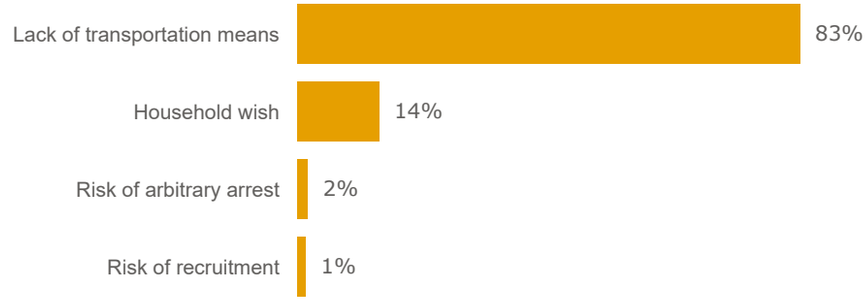
Individual documents possessed by refugees



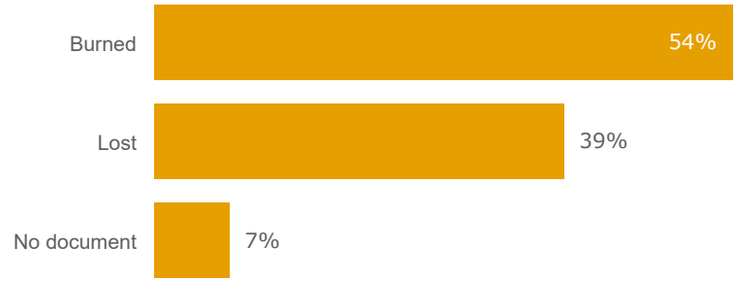
Family members still in Sudan



Family members still in Sudan : raisons

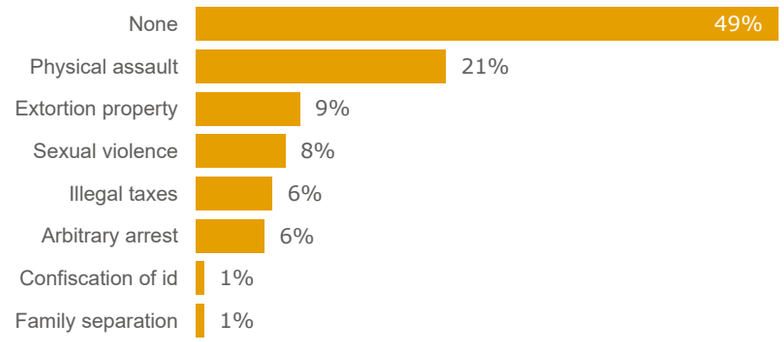


Reason for not having individual documents



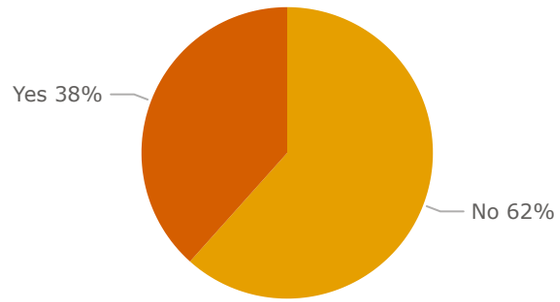
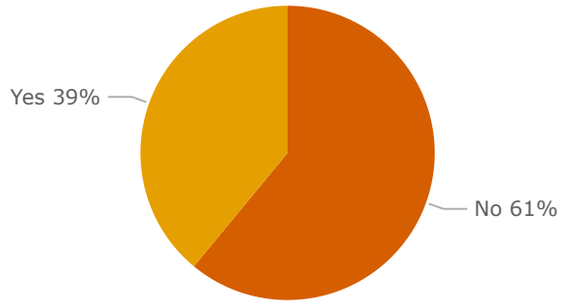
RISK OF PROTECTION DURING DISPLACEMENT

Hazards encountered during displacement



EDUCATION

Presence of school-age children



Children attending school in 2023 in Sudan