SOUTH SUDAN EMERGENCY RESPONSE - ETHIOPIA
FOOD & NUTRITION FACTSHEET

April 2026

Highlights

Sustained nutrition interventions continued across Tormorok and Luak Dong, with partners maintaining screening, referral, and treatment for vulnerable populations, including children and pregnant and lactating women. A positive trend in reduced malnutrition levels was observed in key locations, reflecting coordinated efforts. Newly operational nutrition centers strengthened service delivery, while community engagement through discussions and health education sessions enhanced awareness and early care-seeking. Complementary assistance, including hot meals and fresh food vouchers, continued to expand, supporting immediate needs.

Response & Challenges

Nutrition response activities remained focused on early identification and management of acute malnutrition, with affected individuals enrolled in appropriate treatment programmes such as outpatient and supplementary feeding services. Screening of pregnant and lactating women continued to ensure timely support for at-risk groups, while partners sustained service delivery through facility-based care and outreach activities. However, the response continues to face constraints. Limited availability of blanket supplementary feeding programmes restricts preventive efforts against malnutrition, particularly for vulnerable groups. In addition, persistent fuel shortages have disrupted operational capacity, affecting delivery of key services.

Achievements

Food Distribution

People received 100% dry food ration (April Cycle) (Cumulative rations since August 2025: 327,475)	50,124
People received hot meal (Last Week) (Cumulative meals since August 2025: 112,006)	4,203
Targeted vulnerable individuals addressed by food vouchers(Last week)	3,249

Care for Pregnant & Lactating Women (PLW)

Screened **7,147** New Admission **306** In TSFP Program **690** Prevalence **31%**

Outpatient Therapeutic Program (OTP) - Treatment of Severe Acute Malnutrition (SAM)

New Admission **229** In OTP Program **1,120** % Cured **100%** % Deafultered **0%** % Death **0%**

Stablization Center program (SC) -Treatment of complicated Severe Acute Malnutrition (SAM)

New Admission **24** In SC Program **3** % Stabilized **100%** % Death **0%**

Targeted Supplementary Feeding Program -Treatment of Moderate Acute Malnutrition (MAM)

New Admission **595** In TSFP Program **1,050** % Cured **100%** % Deafultered **0%** % Death **0%**

Infant and Young Child Feeding in Emergencies (IYCF-E) Program

Group Sessions Conducted **779** Health/Nutrition Education Sessions Conducted **674**

PLW Attended Welcoming Session **24,379** People Attended Health/Nutrition Education Sessions **180,988**

Key Figures

100K Population Planning Figure (New arrivals)

447K Refugees from South Sudan in Ethiopia

18 Response Partners Under Emergency Response Plan

50,030 Total Individuals Registered Refugees Level 1 (Since 22 July 2025)

Demographic (Registered Refugees Level 1)

	Female (57%)	Male (43%)
Adults	23%	9%
Children	34%	34%

30,742 Children Screend for Acute Malnutrition (April Cycle)

Proxy GAM* Prevalence in Children (6–59) months)	15%	Increasing**
Proxy SAM Prevalence	8%	Decreasing**
Proxy GAM* Prevalence in PLW	31%	Decreasing**

*GAM: Global Acute Malnutrition
** Compared to previous week**

Working in partnership with