

KEY FIGURES

***113,221**

South Sudanese have arrived to Sudan since 15th December 2013.

*this figure currently does not include a number of newly arrived South Sudanese known to be living with host communities. These statistics will be determined following individual registration in host communities.

91%

Average percentage of female heads of household in sites in White Nile State (Al Alagaya, Jouri, Al Kashafa and El Redis).

71%

Percentage of children living in sites in White Nile State.

PRIORITIES

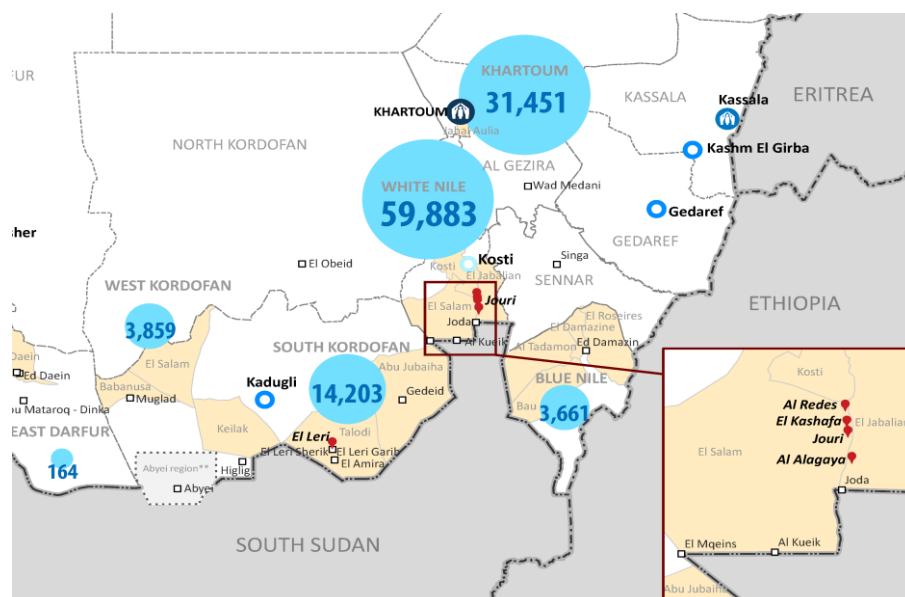
- Clarification of status for South Sudanese in Sudan, giving effect to the expressed Government position that South Sudanese are brothers and sisters and which would accord access to rights and adequate assistance.
- Relocation of the South Sudanese community in Shagara (Khartoum) to the new Bentiu site is expected to be imminent, as household-level registration has now been finalized.

SUDAN

UNHCR OPERATIONAL UPDATE FOR SOUTH SUDAN

28th November to 4th December 2014

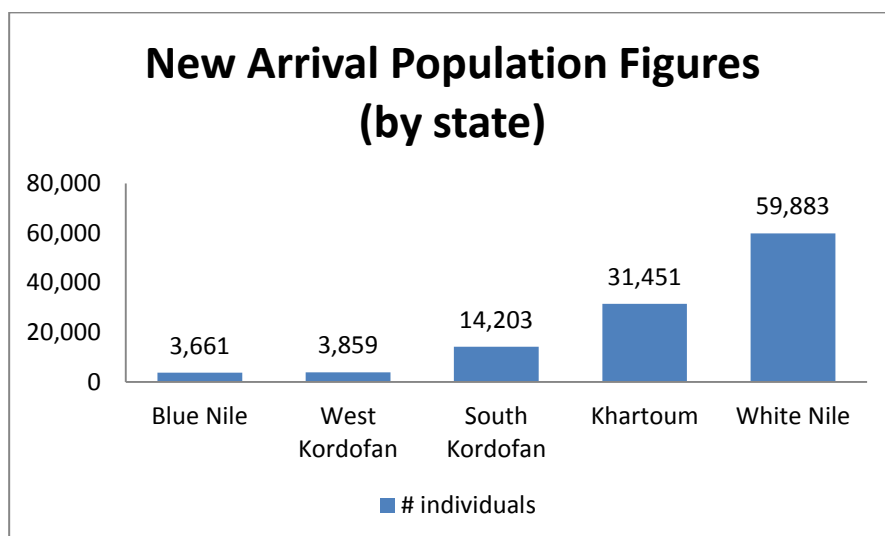
HIGHLIGHTS



Preparations for two new relocation sites in White Nile State (El Redis 2 and Debat Bosin) have now commenced. Establishment of initial facilities including Health and WASH is currently underway (see below).

Population of concern

A total of **113,221** individuals



UPDATE ON ACHIEVEMENTS

Operational Context

A further 2,174 new arrivals are reported in White Nile State this week. The situation of overcrowding in Al Alagaya continues, but will be alleviated by the imminent establishment of the two new sites (see above and below). An inter-agency coordination meeting was convened on this issue by the Humanitarian Affairs Commissioner in Kosti on 1st December, including UNHCR, WFP, SRCS, Plan Sudan, ADRA, Rafa, ASSIST, GHW, WES, Ministry of Health and Tadabeer.

The security situation in all hosting sites remains stable.

Achievements and Needs Assessment

Protection

Achievements and Impact

- Three child friendly spaces for host community children have now been established by El Eithar and Plan Sudan in El Redis, Al Kashafa and Jouri, respectively.
- The State Council for Child Welfare has now assumed formal responsibility for all family tracing, reunification and foster care arrangements for children in White Nile State. Additional child protection assessments will now be undertaken to follow up on the initial identification of vulnerable children by Elbir.
- Ahfad University for Women has conducted two trainings in conjunction with the Sudanese Red Crescent Society on prevention and response to risks faced by individuals with specific needs in Al Alagaya. The 60 participants included humanitarian staff, teachers and community members.
- UNICEF facilitated training on child's rights for UNHCR staff members 3rd to 4th December.

Education

Achievements and Impact

- 111 schools in a box, 88 recreation kits and 70 plastic mats (for a total 4,440 students) have been distributed to schools in El Redis, Al Kashafa and Jouri sites, as well as host community schools in El Redis Almadrasa, El Redis Albahar and Jouri village.
- In South and West Kordofan, where children are largely absorbed into existing host community schools, 224 South Sudanese children of a total 3,240 students were also provided with school supplies.
- Procurement of school books in White Nile State has now been finalized with the State Ministry of Education, with distribution expected to take place next week.
- 60 educational management staff from the State Ministry of Education in Al Salaam, Al Jelelein and Kosti localities have been trained by UNICEF in child protection, child rights and psychosocial support.
- 60 children and 2 teachers from El Redis Albahar and El Redis Almadrasa host communities were also trained in children's health and sanitization, and have commenced mobilization of a school environmental society to raise hygiene awareness within schools.
- Plan Sudan has committed to continuing teacher support through meal incentives until 31st December 2014. UNICEF, UNHCR and Plan Sudan are currently in discussions to address this issue for 2015.

Identified Needs and Remaining Gaps

- Overcrowding remains a concern in relocation sites in White Nile State. To respond to the issue relocation to two new sites in Redis and Alagaya will commence in the coming week.



Logistics

Achievements and Impact

- 2,235 metric tonnes of WFP rations were delivered to Abu Jubaiha town this week (see Food Security, below).
- UNICEF has also pre-positioned 639 primary health care kits in El Redis, 437 in Jouri and 699 in Al Alagaya. 102 boxes of oral rehydration salts were delivered to El Redis, along with 30 to Jouri and 131 to Al Alagaya.

Identified Needs and Remaining Gaps

- Access to El Redis site is currently hampered by flood water. All other relevant locations remain accessible.



Nutrition

Achievements and Impact

- Throughout November, 14,801 children under 5 years of age have been screened for malnutrition, with a total 2,308 cases of severe acute malnutrition identified across all four sites in White Nile State.
- 1,843 pregnant and lactating women have also been provided with counselling on infant and young child feeding practices in the same locations.



Water and Sanitation

Achievements and Impact

- Daily water provisions per site continue to meet the relevant SPHERE standard in all four sites in White Nile State.
- 290 women and 561 children were trained in hygiene promotion activities in Al Kashafa, El Redis and Jouri relocation sites by Plan International Sudan
- General clean up campaigns and hygiene promotion (via focus group discussions) are continuing in Al Kashafa, El Redis and Jouri.
- SIDO has now constructed an additional 9 communal latrines in Al Alagaya site. Plan Sudan and El Eithar have also begun construction of a further 25 block latrines in El Redis.

Identified Needs and Remaining Gaps

- WASH support to schools in relocation sites in White Nile States remains critical, with no water currently available at present.
- With regard to the establishment of new sites, WES has confirmed it will provide 6 water bladders in El Redis 2 and 4 in Debat Bosin. Two Oxfam tanks and 720 meters of pipeline are already available, but additional financial support is required to set-up platforms and support tanking costs.



Achievements and Impact

- The Sudanese Red Crescent Society (with support from the Dutch Red Cross) has now erected an emergency clinic in the new El Redis 2 site.
- A yellow fever vaccination campaign covering all four sites in White Nile State has now commenced as of 1st December. All individuals from 9 months to 60 years or age will be targeted.
- A total 3,624 medical consultations took place in the four relocation sites in White Nile State this week. Acute respiratory infection remains the most common cause of attendance, followed by malaria, diarrhoea and eye infection.
- Drug supplies in all four sites in White Nile State are currently adequate.

Shelter and NFIs

Identified Needs and Remaining Gaps

Current shelter gaps in all four sites in White Nile State have increased markedly in the past month as a result of significant new arrivals.

Location	Total HHs	Total HHs assisted	Shelter Gap as at 16 th October	Current Shelter Gap/per HH
Al Kashafa	2,011	1,431	164	580
El Redis	2,348	1,389	343	959
Jouri	2,122	1,839	75	283
Al Alagaya	2,164	1,504	161	660
Total	6,846	6,103	743	1514

FINANCIAL INFORMATION

TOTAL REQUIREMENTS	\$113,565,811
FUNDING LEVEL (13th November 2014)	\$29,287,090
FUNDING PERCENTAGE	26%

UNHCR is grateful for the critical support provided by donors who have contributed to this operation as well as those who have contributed to UNHCR programs with un-earmarked and broadly earmarked funds.

Contact:

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Links:

Regional portal-UNHCR South Sudan operation - <http://data.unhcr.org/SouthSudan/country.php?id=204>

ANNEX 1 - SUDAN ARRIVALS FROM SOUTH SUDAN MAP

