

## KEY FIGURES

**45,098**

Asylum seekers received since influx began in December 2013.

**2,755**

UAMS in Kakuma Camp.

**9**

SGBV cases reported in the past week.

**18.05**

Litres of water provided per person per day in Kakuma.

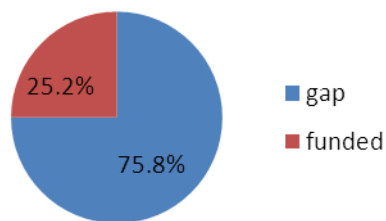
**7,115**

Number of roofed durable shelters in Kakuma 4.

## FUNDING

**USD 36.5 MILLION**

Requested for the operation



## PRIORITIES

- Facilitating general distribution of NFIs to households in the entire camp
- Finalizing Partner Agreements for 2015.
- Monitor trends of daily new arrivals and their unhindered access to asylum.

## KENYA

### KAKUMA OPERATIONAL UPDATE

5 – 12 FEBRUARY 2015

### HIGHLIGHTS

- As at 12 February 2015, Kakuma had received 45,098 asylum seekers from South Sudan. The total camp population is currently at 179,958. As at 2 February, 179,931 refugees had been registered by UNHCR and DRA, with South Sudanese making up 49.7% of the registered population.
- The General Distribution for NFIs which commenced on 26 January 2015 continued during the reporting week and will end on 13 February 2015. UNHCR identified a target population of 96,600 individuals (25,250 households) in the entire camp to receive kitchen sets, mosquito nets, blankets and jerry cans.



# UPDATE ON ACHIEVEMENTS

## Operational Context

- UNHCR has continued to field border monitoring visits to Nadapal three days a week with the aim of ensuring that asylum seekers received at the border have unhindered access to asylum and are treated humanely.
- The trend of daily new arrivals has remained low with UNHCR continuing to receive new arrivals at the transit centre in Nadapal. Arrivals undergo initial medical screening and receive hot meals and accommodation; they stay at the centre for an average of three days before being transported to the camp. The trend continues to be monitored closely for any possible upsurge.
- Issues of visa charges at the border by Immigration officials continue to pose a challenge to the unhindered passage of asylum seekers, despite the prima-facie status conferred on them by the Kenya Government. Discussions have been ongoing between the Immigration Office in Nairobi, the Department of Refugee Affairs and the Refugee Consortium of Kenya to address the matter.

## Achievements

### Protection

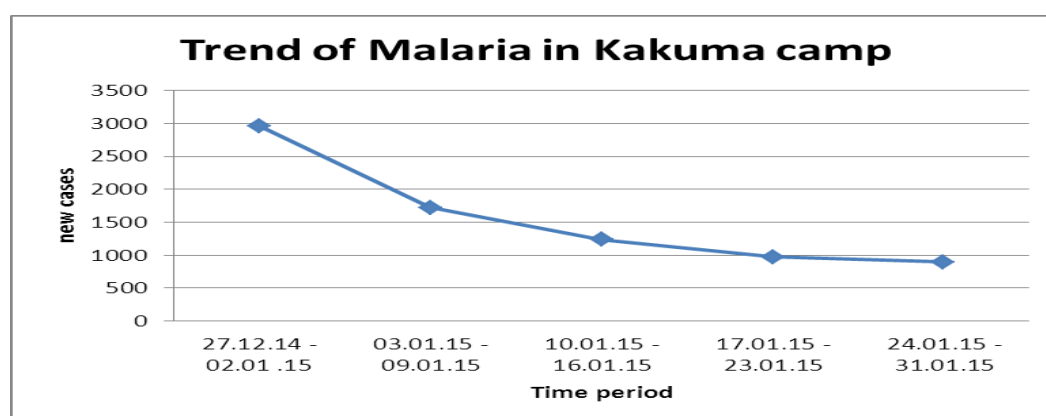
#### Achievements and Impact

- As per LWF data's of 9 February, 1,260 new UAMS and 6,658 separated children had arrived in the Kakuma camps since December 2013. Since then to date, 1,163 UAMs including 828 South Sudanese UAMs and 4,874 separated children have been registered, bringing the cumulative number of registered UAMs in Kakuma to 2,755 and 11,900 separated children.
- 9 SGBV cases were reported in the course of the reporting period. The survivors received psychosocial counseling services and medical treatment. NCCK and LWF conducted 26 home visits in the course of the week to assess the progress of SGBV survivors and vulnerable community members.
- UNHCR facilitated a coordination meeting with all partners on 6 February to discuss and plan for the upcoming Participatory Assessment which began on 9 February. Nine sectors with lead coordinators were identified for the assessment. The activity will be implemented in collaboration with all operational and implementing partners in the operation.

### Health

#### Achievements and Impact

- The general health status of refugees remained stable during the week. The weekly disease surveillance report showed a steady decline in incidence of malaria, one of the major causes of morbidity and mortality of under-fives.



- The African Medical and Research Foundation (AMREF) specialists that were on ground in the past week from 2 – 6 February managed to serve 50 patients with gynecological issues. 80 patients with eye conditions and 50 with dental conditions were also assisted with various minor surgeries and treatments.
- IRC and NRC are organizing trainings for their community hygiene and health promoters on heightened surveillance of watery diarrhea. They have also increased hygiene promotion activities across the camp as part of the cholera preparedness measures in place.

### Identified Needs and Remaining Gaps

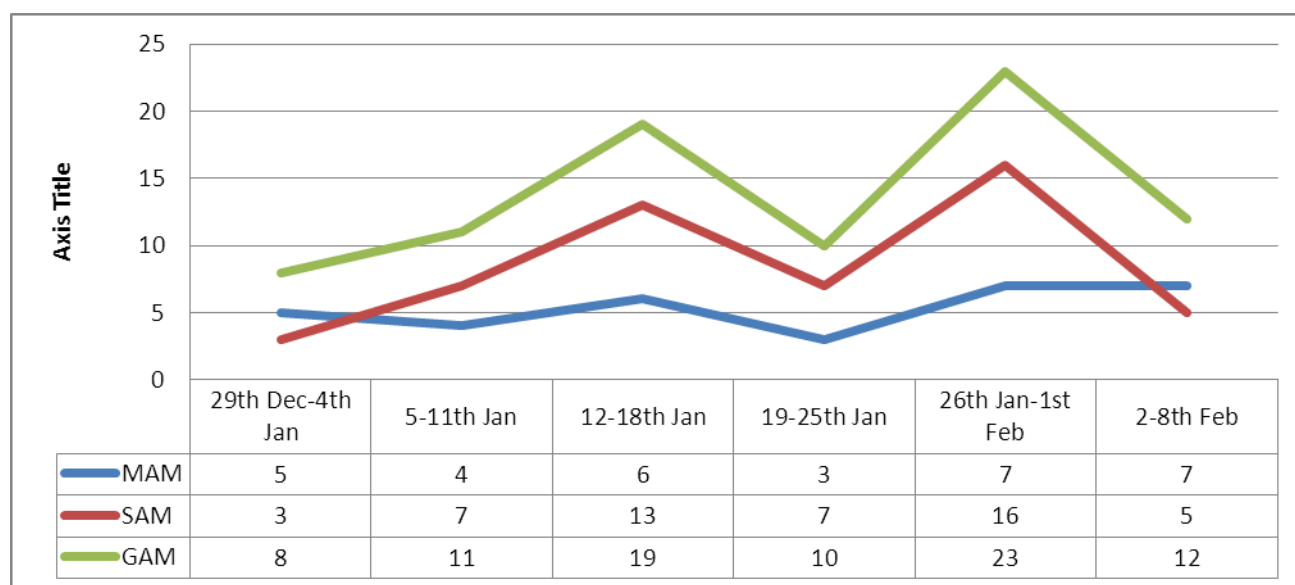
- There has been a high turnover of staff including top management, doctors, nurses, allied health professionals and trained refugee incentive workers; this creates a gap in consistent efficiency of service delivery to persons of concern. Staff recruitment is ongoing to fill in the gap and new staff are expected by March 2015.
- Supply of condoms has been inadequate and while UNFPA has provided 50,000 pieces of condoms to lighten the current shortage, the stock may run out after three months. UNHCR has made plans to purchase some 2 million pieces for both Dadaab and Kakuma camps. Additionally, a request has been submitted to the County Health Department.
- There has been insufficient supply of vaccines and associated supplies, including solo-shots. UNICEF has promised to procure additional immunization commodities from Copenhagen to mitigate shortages experienced in the refugee camp.



## Food Security and Nutrition

### Achievements and Impact

- During the reporting week, 49 children aged 6-59 months, among the new arrivals were screened for acute malnutrition. 12 children (24.4%) were found with Global Acute Malnutrition, 5 (10.2%) with Severe Acute Malnutrition and 7(14.2%) had moderate acute malnutrition.



Trend of malnutrition among new arrival children screened at reception centre.

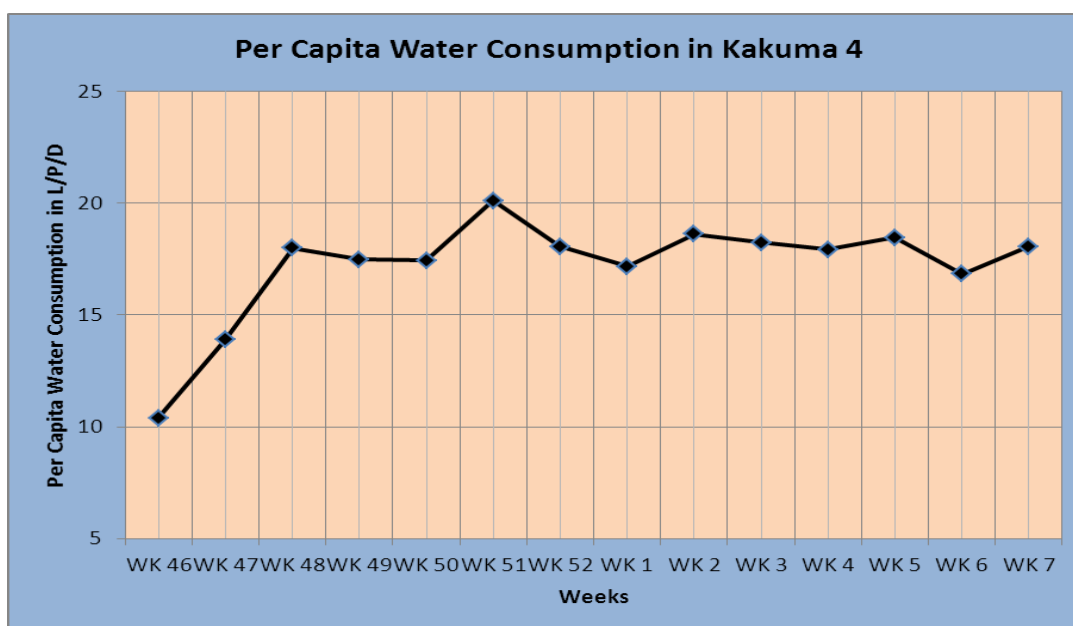


## Water and Sanitation

### Achievements and Impact

- The total amount of water supplied to residents in Kakuma 4 during the reporting week was 5,986m<sup>3</sup> which translated to per capita water distribution of 18.05 litres per person per day. This is an increase from last

week's 16.5l. The increase is attributed to the repair of borehole 5 which was under repairs for the past few weeks.



- NRC has so far constructed 56 family shared latrines in Kakuma 4, translating to coverage of 79%. 382 household latrines have been completed out of the 800 latrines marked for construction in 2015, resulting in coverage of 26%. The latrine to user ratio in Kakuma 4 is currently at 1:17.
- Kakuma camp will benefit from the drilling of two new boreholes by Team & Team International. Drilling is underway and will see the replacement of borehole 4 and the collapsed borehole in Kakuma 1.
- Since the taking up of WASH activities by NRC from LWF, a fuel test was carried out in January 2015 on all the camp's boreholes. This has resulted in saving of 200 litres of fuel per week with a cumulative saving of 815 litres during the month of January.

### Identified Needs and Remaining Gaps

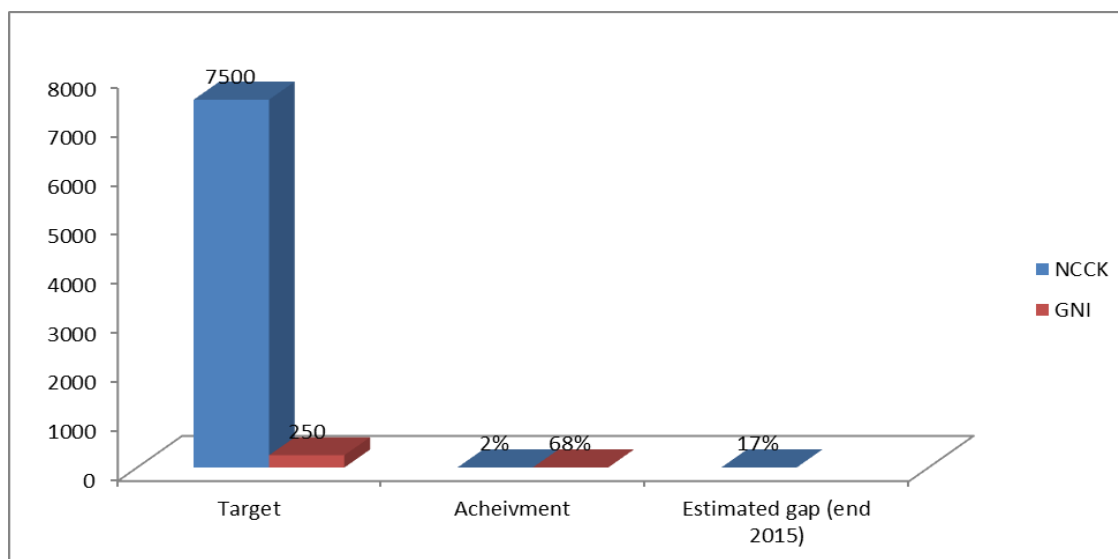
- The current available water storage in the camp will be affected with the disrepair of one Elevated Water Tank. The 100,000 litre capacity steel tank will be dismantled because it has been leaking and the leakage has weakened its foundation. The tank is leaning on one side posing a risk to the refugee population leaving nearby.



## Shelter and NFIs

### Achievements and Impact

- The General Distribution for NFIs which commenced on 26 February 2015 continued during the reporting week. So far, 13,797 individuals (3,243 households) in Kakuma 2 and 30,296 individuals (6,779 households) in Kakuma 3 have received NFIs. The remaining beneficiaries will receive their NFIs after the upcoming General Food Distribution cycle is completed.
- During the reporting week, the two shelter partners – NCKK and Good Neighbors International (GNI) continued with implementation of the 2015 shelter project. As at 12 February 2015, GNI has completed 171 transitional shelters in Kakuma 1 and Kakuma 2. The transitional shelters are meant to be gradually transformed to durable shelters with mud bricks walls. Cumulatively, 301 shelters have been completed by the two shelter partners out of the 7,500 target for 2015.



Overview of the 2015 shelter project progress as at 12 February 2015

### Identified Needs and Remaining Gaps

- Kakuma is currently overstretched by over 55,000 refugees and as such progress on the land for a new camp is a priority. While discussions between UNHCR, DRA, the County Government and the host community have yielded some results, there remains the endorsement of the Governor and signing of a Memorandum of Agreement before it is officially approved and obtained. The target capacity of the identified land is 80,000 refugees and the layout caters approximately for 1,300 ha of agricultural land.

### Working in partnership

- UNHCR continues to work closely with the Government, DRA and other partners to ensure support to refugees and asylum seekers is assured. Bi-monthly Inter-Agency meetings continue to be held as well as monthly meetings with refugee leaders from the entire camp.

## FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Total recorded contributions for the emergency operation amount to **US\$ 36.5 million** representing **25.2%** of the requested funding.

UNHCR is grateful for the critical support provided by donors who have contributed to this operation as well as those who have contributed to UNHCR programmes with un-earmarked and broadly earmarked funds.

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#### Links:

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