

## KEY FIGURES

**\*121,395**

South Sudanese have arrived to Sudan since 15<sup>th</sup> December 2013.

\*this figure currently does not include a number of newly arrived South Sudanese known to be living with host communities. These statistics will be determined following individual registration in host communities.

**91%**

Average percentage of female heads of household in sites in White Nile State (Al Alagaya, Jouri, Al Kashafa and El Redis).

**71%**

Percentage of children living in sites in White Nile State.

## PRIORITIES

- Continued registration of South Sudanese under the Memorandum of Understanding between UNHCR, the Commissioner for Refugees and the Ministry of the Interior on registration.
- Relocation of the South Sudanese community in Shagara (Khartoum) to the new Bantiu site.

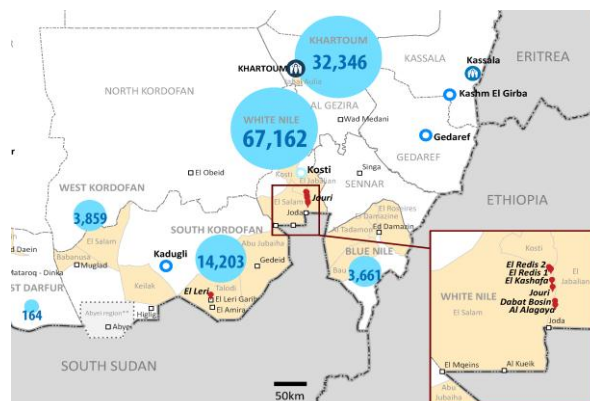
## SUDAN

### UNHCR OPERATIONAL UPDATE FOR SOUTH SUDAN

12 to 19 February 2015

## HIGHLIGHTS

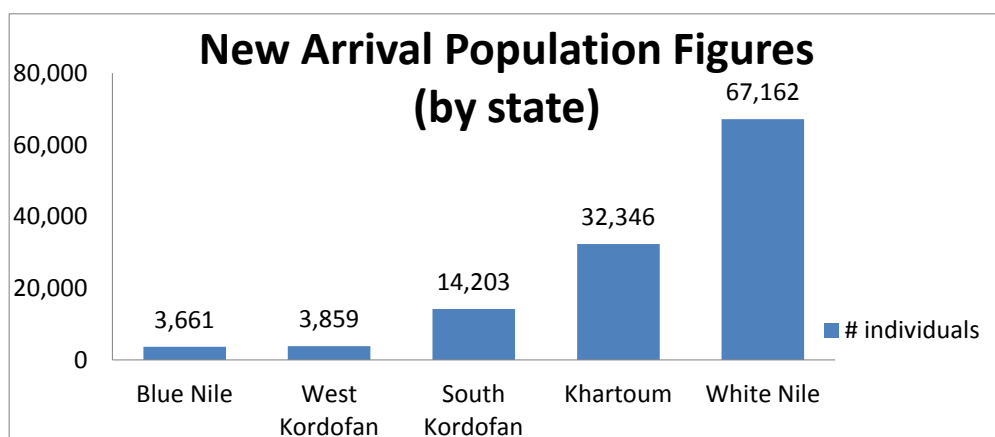
The United States Bureau of Population, Refugees and Migration (BPRM) visited El Redis 1, Jouri and Al Kashafa in White Nile State this week with the UNHCR Deputy Representative as part of their mission to Sudan. The mission also met with the Deputy Governor and State Emergency Committee of White Nile State, confirming a pledge of USD 6.2 million for 2015.



Approximately 30,000 individuals have now been registered across 12 sites in both Jebel Aulia and Khartoum localities in Khartoum State, under the framework of the joint MoU between the Directorate General of Passports and Immigration (DPI) the Commissioner for Refugees (COR) and UNHCR. Distribution of corresponding identity cards is ongoing.

#### Population of concern

A total of **121,395** individuals



# UPDATE ON ACHIEVEMENTS

## Operational Context

The overall security situation of South Sudanese communities in Khartoum, as well as in relocation sites and host communities remains stable.

The decongestion of sites in White Nile State through relocation to El Redis 2 and Dabat Bosin is continuing. A total of 1,633 households (8,569 individuals) have now been moved from Al Kashafa, Jouri, El Redis 1 and Al Alagaya. Some 500 households are now in Dabat Bosin, along with 1,133 in El Redis 2.

## Achievements and Needs Assessment

### Education

#### Achievements and Impact

- An additional 25 students in Al Alagaya have now registered for Grade 8 examinations, supported by ADRA and UNHCR.
- Enrolment of South Sudanese children in White Nile State now stands at 4,921 as below:

Site	Students
Al Alagaya	603
El Redis	1,528
Al Kashafa	1,235
Jouri School A	706
Jouri School B	849
<b>Total</b>	<b>4,921</b>

#### Identified Needs and Remaining Gaps

- Data relating to the total number of children in the new sites of El Redis 2 and Dabat Bosin remains pending. The Sudanese Red Crescent Society (SRCS) will collect this information as part of the relocation exercise.
- The issue of curriculum and language of instruction remains unresolved, following strong community resistance to the Ministry of Education announcement that Grades 1 to 7 are to be taught in Arabic. A UNHCR mission is scheduled on 28 February to further explore this issue.



### Nutrition

#### Achievements and Impact

- 4,253 children were screened during the past week for acute malnutrition across sites in White Nile State, of which 27 (0.7%) were identified with Severe Acute Malnutrition (SAM) and 87 (2%) with Moderate Acute Malnutrition (MAM). Weekly screenings continue to take place in all sites in White Nile.
- In South Kordofan, partners are in the process of establishing five outpatient therapeutic programs (OTPs) in Elleri locality to service around 14,000 South Sudanese individuals. Community-based infant and young children feeding is currently taking place until the OTPs become operational. A monthly mass screening campaign has commenced this week and will last until the end of the month.

- SRCS (with WFP support) has started providing emergency nutrition transit rations at Joda reception centre where South Sudanese enter Sudan. The intervention is targeting all children under 5 years of age as well as pregnant and lactating women (PLW). In the first five days (12-16 Feb), a total of 184 individuals (139 children under 5 and 45 PLWs) have been screened for malnutrition and received one month worth of plumpy nut, a ready-to-eat nutritious food specifically designed for the prevention and treatment of moderate acute malnutrition.

### Identified Needs and Remaining Gaps

- The nutrition sector is planning a 4W matrix to map all interventions targeting South Sudanese population (countrywide) in 2015. The exercise is suggested to take place in the upcoming monthly sector meeting next week.



## Water and Sanitation

### Achievements and Impact

- UNICEF conducted assessments this week preparing for installation of the water network in El Redis 2 during March. For the next three months, water tanking will continue until finalization of the main network.
- The Department of Water and Sanitation (WES) has scheduled monitoring assessments in Jouri, El Redis 1 and 2 and Al Kashafa from 22 to 24 February. The team will evaluate the current situation of water stations and levels of access. In order to more accurately measure water consumption in White Nile State, all systems will also be connected to flow metres.
- In Elleri and Abu Jubaiha, South Kordofan, Care International (supported by UNICEF) has conducted community-awareness campaigns on hygiene promotion.

### Identified Needs and Remaining Gaps

- With regard to latrines, current gaps in White Nile State are as follows (SPHERE standard = 1:50 individuals):

Site	Registered population	Current # latrines	Gap
Jouri	13,025	120	141 latrines
Al Kashafa	11,557	20	212 latrines
El Redis 1	16,934	120	219 latrines
El Redis 2	4,167	72	12 latrines
Al Alagaya	9,191	174	10 latrines
Dabat Bosin	2,233	52	No gap



## Health

### Achievements and Impact

- A total of 1,029 medical consultations were held this week in Al Kashafa site, along with 1,695 in Jouri clinics, 2,142 in El Redis (two sites) and 744 in Al Alagaya. Acute respiratory infection (ARI) remains the primary cause of attendance, followed by malaria, diarrhea and eye infection.
- A higher number of consultations has been reported this week. This is mainly attributable to the commencement of medical services in El Redis 2. The new clinic will be run by SRCS in coordination with the

State Ministry of Health. WHO is negotiating an agreement to support the new clinic with CERF funding and medicines.

#### Identified Needs and Remaining Gaps

- One neonatal death was reported from Jouri waiting area. The preliminary report attributed the death to Neonatal Sepsis (after referring the case to Kosti Hospital). Further investigation regarding the cause of death has been initiated and a detailed follow up report will be shared.

## FINANCIAL INFORMATION

<b>TOTAL 2015 REQUIREMENTS</b>	<b>\$152,119,709</b>
<b>FUNDING LEVEL (11<sup>th</sup> February 2015)</b>	<b>\$717,875</b>
<b>FUNDING PERCENTAGE</b>	<b>0.5%</b>

The 2015 South Sudan Regional Refugee Response Plan was launched on 17<sup>th</sup> December 2014. Inter-agency requirements for Sudan amount to USD \$152.1 million for an anticipated 196,000 South Sudanese refugees in Sudan by end of year. UNHCR is grateful for the critical support provided by donors who have contributed to this operation as well as those who have contributed to UNHCR programs with un-earmarked and broadly earmarked funds.

#### Contact:

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#### Links:

Regional portal-UNHCR South Sudan operation - <http://data.unhcr.org/SouthSudan/country.php?id=204>

# ANNEX 1 - SUDAN ARRIVALS FROM SOUTH SUDAN MAP

