

KEY FIGURES

167,811

South Sudanese arrivals in Sudan since 15 December 2013.

* This figure does not include a number of newly arrived South Sudanese living with host communities. These statistics will be determined following individual registration in host communities.

129,249

South Sudanese new arrivals who received emergency shelter and/or NFI assistance since December 2013.

64,651

Number of South Sudanese arrivals residing in the seven sites of White Nile State, as per UNHCR individual registration.

PRIORITIES

- Establishment of new sites in White Nile State to address congestion at existing sites.
- Emergency response to arrivals in West Kordofan and White Nile State.

SUDAN

UNHCR OPERATIONAL UPDATE FOR SOUTH SUDAN

2-15 February 2016

HIGHLIGHTS

- The roll-out of UNHCR's individual bio-metric registration has been finalized in all seven sites in White Nile State. The exercise was declared complete in El Redis II on 10 February and in Um Sangor on 15 February, respectively. A total of 64,651 arrivals have been individually registered. This figure represents a 36 per cent decrease (31,797 individuals) from the household registration figures previously available. Through completion of this exercise UNHCR has an accurate demographic profile of the South Sudanese arrivals and their specific needs. The registration team will now return to Al Alagaya site in Al Jabalain Locality to register new arrivals since they were last at the site in December 2015. Each site in turn will be updated for new arrivals in the coming weeks.
- The total number of South Sudanese arrivals in Sudan is currently 167,811, following the completion of UNHCR's individual registration exercise in the seven sites in White Nile State. During the reporting period, 455 new arrivals were identified in the White Nile State.



*A rehabilitated ferry on the White Nile River supported through an initiative of the UN High Commissioner for Refugees in support of the host community in White Nile State.
Photo: UNHCR*

UPDATE ON ACHIEVEMENTS

Operational Context

The situation remained calm in the border area during the reporting period. Some 455 new arrivals were identified in White Nile State during 2-15 February. The arrivals settled in Al Alagaya (233), El Kashafa (120), El Redis II (81), El Redis I (19) and Um Sangor (1).

The planning and demarcation of a new area in Al Waral in El Salaam Locality (White Nile State) started from 16 February. The Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry started to clear the grounds which will be prepared for hosting an initial 10,000 individuals (over 2,000 households) relocated from existing sites in order to help decongest them.

Achievements and Needs Assessment

Protection

Achievements and Impact

- UNHCR in cooperation with UNFPA and Sudanese Red Crescent Society (SRCS) finalized the distribution of sanitary materials for 11,222 women of reproductive age in all seven arrival camps in White Nile State.
- On 4 February, the Commission of Voluntary and Humanitarian Works (CVHW) began the distribution of sanitary materials with UNHCR's support in areas where South Sudanese are living in Khartoum, including Dar El Salam Block 7 and Block 8, Mayo Block 7, Al Baraka Block 3, Soba Kongor and Soba Block 11. To date, 1,783 women of the total target of 3,500 women have received kits.
- On the same day, UNHCR's livelihood partner Business Professional Voluntary Women's Organization (BPWVO) held a graduation ceremony for the 351 beneficiaries (291 women and 60 men) of a livelihood project for South Sudan arrivals in Khartoum. The event was attended by UNHCR, CVHW, the International Friendship Council, senior government officials and representatives from the South Sudanese Embassy. The beneficiaries were trained on self-reliance skills such as bakery, hair dressing, henna art, mobile phone maintenance, iron smithing and mechanic training. The training lasted for two months and all graduates were given start-up kits.
- On 8–9 February, UNHCR conducted a birth registration workshop in the main hall of the White Nile State police in conjunction with the Civil Registry of the Ministry of Interior. The workshop helped clarify the procedures for registering South Sudanese children in Sudan. It was well attended with 52 participants, including from the Ministry of Health, and the Ministry of Social Welfare.



Health

Achievements and Impact

- Curative consultations were provided to 10,684 individuals at seven clinics in the White Nile State sites between 31 January and 13 February 2016. Acute respiratory infection (ARI) remains the primary cause of attendance for some 28.5 per cent of all consultations, followed by malaria at 11 per cent, and diarrheal disease at 9.7 per cent.
- No disease under surveillance has been reported during this period (meningitis, measles, acute watery diarrhea, or acute flaccid paralysis).



Food Security

Achievements and Impact


- In North Kordofan State, 418 South Sudanese arrivals were assisted by WFP with 14.4 MTs of a full general food distribution basket for the months of January and February.



Nutrition

Achievements and Impact

- In Joda and Al Kuek reception centres in White Nile State, WFP distributed a total of 0.45 MTs of Plumpy'Sup as transit rations to the 114 new arrivals. Super Cereal Plus was dispatched to the sites in White Nile State as a 15 day ration to meet the needs of 213 individuals, including 49 pregnant and lactating mothers as part of the targeted supplementary feeding programme.



Water and Sanitation

Achievements and Impact

- During the reporting period, Plan International (funded by UNICEF) dislodged 114 latrines in El Redis I site and distributed 4,000 pieces of soap for 1,000 families in El Kashafa site. The State Ministry of Health (funded by UNICEF) completed the dislodging of 50 latrines in Jouri site. The following table illustrates the WASH promotional activities held in the White Nile State sites during the reporting period:

Partners	Location	# of HHs visited by Hygiene Promoters	Total # of Beneficiaries	# of Sessions	Total # of Beneficiaries	Kgs of Solid Waste Disposed (Dislodging of Latrines)
Catholic Agency for Overseas Development (CAFOD) (in collaboration with UNHCR)	Al Alagaya	2,080	16,706	7	223	5,500
	Dabat Bosin	450	2,245	4	109	3,000
	Um Sangor	515	2,844	3	254	4,000
	Dabat Bosin Host Community	480	2,580	5	188	
Plan International-Sudan (in collaboration with UNICEF)	El Redis I	425	1,358	5	302	
	El Redis II	240	1,566	6	363	2,500
	El Kashafa	120	358	2	120	
	Jouri	300	1,631	4	242	
Total		4,610	28,658	36	1,801	15,000

Identified Needs and Remaining Gaps

- The WASH indicators showing an improvement in sites in White Nile State, as results of the individual registration that was finalized in 15 February based on the number of individually registered arrivals. Currently, three sites are within the emergency standard of 20 persons per latrine and two sites meet the emergency standard of 20 litres of water per person per day.

Site	Total Population	Total # of Latrines As of As of 12 January 2016	Total # of Latrines As of 15 February 2016	Persons per Latrine As of 15 February 2016	Litres of Water /Person/Day 12 January 2016	Litres of Water /Person/Day As of 15 February
Al Alagaya	9,688	514	514	19	9.6	18
Dabat Bosin	1,688	160	160	11	16.6	23.7
Jouri*	11,242	269	319	35	11.1	11.1
El Kashafa	9,687	162	162	60	11	18.5
El Redis I	12,213	485	546	22	8	12.3
El Redis II	20,030	120	120	167	5.4	7
Um Sangor	3,248	240	240	14	15.9	31
Total /Average	67,796	1,950	2,061	33	11.1	13.3

* The figures for the site in White Nile State are based on the individual registration data that finalized in 15 February, except for Jouri which includes an estimated 3,152 individuals that arrived after the registration in May 2015.

Contact: Won-Na Cha, Associate Reporting Officer chaw@unhcr.org

Links: Regional portal-UNHCR South Sudan operation -<http://data.unhcr.org/SouthSudan/>



SUDAN: Arrivals from South Sudan | 2- 15 February 2016

Over **167,811** persons have arrived in Sudan from South Sudan

- 129,249 persons have received humanitarian assistance (specific assistance only)
- Sudan hosts an estimated 350,000 Southern Sudanese individuals following the separation of South Sudan from Sudan

* Abyei PCA Box is estimated to have received 2,496 (IOM)

State			
White Nile	85,794	51%	
Khartoum	34,487	21%	
South Kordofan	23,117	14%	
West Kordofan	20,214	12%	
Blue Nile	3,661	2 %	
North Kordofan	374	< 0.1%	
East Darfur	164	< 0.1%	
	167,811		

TOTAL

- UNHCR Country Office
- UNHCR Sub Office
- UNHCR Field Office
- UNHCR Field Unit
- South Sudanese refugee sites
- Town of interest
- International boundary
- Undetermined boundary*
- State boundary
- Localities hosting South Sudanese

The boundaries and names shown on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by the United Nations.

* Final boundary between the Republic of Sudan and the Republic of South Sudan has not yet been determined. ** Final status of the Abyei area is not yet determined.

Sources: UNHCR, SRC, UNCS, UNDP

Feedback: UNHCR Regional Support Hub in Nairobi: kenrigis@unhcr.org

