



Camp Opened: 17 May 2014

Camp Phase: Emergency/ Stabalisation



Population: 48,696
As of 30 May 2016



Photo: ©UNHCR/Atim Grace / July 2015

Contextual Background

- Pattern in Population Change**
 - As the refugee camps in Gambella quickly reached their capacity, Kule Refugee Camp was opened on 17 May 2014 to receive the new arrivals, transiting mainly from Akobo, Pagak and Burbiey entry points.
- Areas of Origin**
 - The population is primarily comprised of refugees originating from South Sudan's Unity, Upper Nile and Jonglei states.
- Cultural Background**
 - The refugees are predominantly ethnic Luo-Nuer.
- Main Occupations**
 - Primarily farmers and pastoralists.

Administrative Structure

- UNHCR provides **Protection, Community Services** and **Logistics**, and monitors delivery of services.
- Camp Management** is conducted by the Ethiopia's **Administration for Refugee and Returnee Affairs (ARRA)** with support from UNHCR.
- ARRA is also responsible for **Primary Health Care** and distribution of **Food** and **Core Relief Items**.
- Camp Coordination Meetings** are held biweekly between UNHCR, ARRA and partners.
- Refugees are **individually registered** in UNHCR's proGres database (called Level 2 registration) and hold **food ration cards** and the **Proof of Registration document**.
- Biometrics (fingerprinting)** are used for refugee registration in order to avoid double registration.
- Ration card** numbers and **Individual registration numbers** are used for identification and referral between partners and for distribution events.

Operations and Services

- Detailed individual registration (L2):** Refugees are individually registered in UNHCR's proGres database. Fingerprints are recorded to avoid double registration. Photos captured and food ration cards and the proof of registration document are issued.
- Emergency Education:** Pre-school education is facilitated by Plan International (PI) and Primary education is also facilitated by Plan International/World Vision International (op)/ARRA. DICAC is facilitating secondary education in the camp.
- Referral and Response activities:** Regular reception and counseling of refugees is provided by the UNHCR/ARRA protection teams to address diverse protection concerns.
- WASH status:** The water tracking system is being phased out and replaced by the permanent water system run by IRC/WVE (op). WVI, ADRA and NRC constructed household latrines, showers and facilitate hygiene promotion and awareness. The current latrine coverage in the camp is 1:11. Water provision on average is 16 litres per person per day.
- Food distributions:** Is facilitated by ARRA through biometric system. The following WFP food basket is provided per person per month: 13.5 kg of grains, 1.5 kg of corn soy blend, 1.5 kg of pulses, and 0.9 liter of oil, 0.15 kg of salt and when possible 0.45 kg of sugar per person per month.
- Core relief items:** The following CRIs have been provided to refugees in Kule camp: sleeping mats, blankets, sanitary kits, jerry cans, kitchen sets, buckets, soap, mosquito nets, fuel-efficient cooking stoves and hand-held solar lanterns.
- Refugee Central Committee (RCC):** Is a resident coordination and leadership body that is consulted on multi-sector issues pertaining to camp life. The RCC comprises a Chairman, Representatives for Specific Needs (Child Protection, Women, and Persons with Disabilities) and Representatives from each community.
- Livelihoods:** MCMDO is facilitating agricultural projects while ZOA is provided vocational skill training to the youth. DRC is running grinding mill. NRDEP is involved environmental protection.

Kule Refugee Camp: Who does What Where (3Ws)

Health 	
Activities	Actors
▪ Primary health care	MSF-H (OP)
▪ vaccination	MSF-H/ARRA/UNICEF/WHO/RHB
▪ Reproductive & HIV/AIDS (facilities based)	ARRA/MSF-H
▪ HIV/AIDS reproductive (community based)	IMC/MSF-H
▪ Physical rehabilitation (PWD)	RaDO
▪ Facilities based mental health	ARRA/IMC (OP)
▪ Community based mental health	ARRA/GOAL (OP)
Nutrition 	
Activities	Actors
▪ Nutrition (OTP, SFP & BFP)	GOAL
▪ Nutrition Screening	GOAL
Water, Sanitation & Hygiene (WASH) 	
Activities	Actors
▪ Supply of Water/management of permanent water system	IRC/WVI (OP)
▪ Sanitation & Hygiene promotion/awareness	WVI
Protection & Community Services 	
Activities	Actors
▪ Camp management and security	ARRA
▪ Registration	UNHCR/ARRA
▪ Provision of psychosocial counseling	UNHCR, IMC
▪ Child Protection	PIE/UNHCR
▪ SGBV/GBV prevention and response	IMC/ UNHCR
▪ Support to persons with specific needs (Elderly, Persons living with disabilities)	RADO
Shelter 	
Activities	Actors
▪ Construction of transitional shelters	NRC, IOM(OP)
▪ Road maintenance	GRRR
Core Relief Items 	
Activities	Actors
▪ Distribution of Core Relief Items e.g. Sleeping mats, jerry cans, buckets, kitchen sets, soap and blankets	UNHCR, ARRA
Livelihood 	
Activities	Actors
▪ Agricultural activities	MCMDO
▪ Vocational skill training	ZOA (OP)
▪ Grinding mill operation & management	DRC
Logistics and Site Planning 	
Activities	Actors
▪ Relocation and transportation of refugees	IOM
▪ Physical planning of camp layout	UNHCR
Education 	
Activities	Actors
▪ Pre-school education	PIE
▪ Primary education	PIE/WVI (OP)/ARRA
▪ Secondary education	DICAC
Environment 	
Activities	Actors
▪ Environmental protection	NRDEP, ZOA (OP)
Food 	
Activities	Actors
▪ Food supply and transportation	WFP
▪ General Food Distribution	ARRA
▪ Grinding mill operation and management	DRC

UNHCR acknowledges the support of the following partners in Kule Camp

