**Camp Snapshot** 

November 2011

Camp Opened: February 2009

Camp Phase: Care & Maintenance

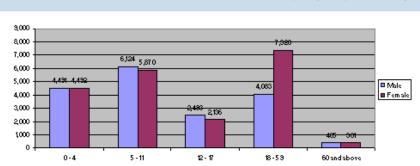
## **Refugee Population**

**37,803** as of 01<sup>st</sup> November 2011

Figure 1: Population breakdown by age-group



Photo: Bokolmanyo refugee camp © UNHCR / Aug 2011





Geographic Snapshot		
GPS Coordinates	Longitude:	41.541801
	Latitude:	4.5432100
Number of Zones		17
Number of Blocks		284
Wings of Reception (	Centre	2
Average Plot Size pe	r Household	225 m <sup>2</sup>
Distance from Borde	r	88 km

# **Contextual Background**

**Pattern in Population** Change

Already established camp received large influx of Somali refugees in the first half of 2011.

**Areas of Origin** 

- 56.87% are from Gedo, 22.97% are from Bay and the rest of the population is from various other locations in Somalia.
- Sunni Muslim

**Cultural Background** 

49% are May May speakers from Rahanweyn clan, 24% are Mahatiri speakers from Maheren clan and the remaining are from various other Somali clans.

**Main Occupations** 

Pastoralists (livestock herding: goats, camels, cows, sheep and donkeys); professionals from Mogadishu

### Tips for Humanitarians

- **UNHCR** provides protection and monitors delivery of services to all refugees in Bokolmanyo Camp.
- Camp Management is done by ARRA with support from UNHCR.
- Interagency Camp Coordination Meetings, co-chaired by ARRA and UNHCR, are held bi-weekly in the local ARRA Office with humanitarian actors.
- All refugees in Bokolmanyo Camp are individually registered in UNHCR's proGres database and hold ration cards. Ration card numbers are useful for referral between partners and for distribution events.
- Registration verification was last conducted in Bokolmanyo Camp in July 2010. Biometric (fingerprinting) has been used to register refugees living in Bokolmanyo.
- Treatment of SAM (Severe Acute Malnutrition) and Treatment of MAM (Moderate Acute Malnutrition), for both Under 5's and MOC (Malnourished Other Categories) Programme, a targeted feeding programme for severely malnourished children between 5 years and 18 years

#### **Administrative Structure**

#### Role of Ethiopian Government in Bokolmanyo

- ARRA is active in the following sectors:
- ► Camp Management
- ► Food Distribution
- ► Nutrition (Blanket Feeding)
- ► Hygiene & Sanitation ▶ Distribution
- ► Registration
- ARRA staff posted inside the camp include:
  - Camp Manager ► Sanitation Specialist
- ► Food & CRI Distribution Staff
- ► Health & Nutrition Staff
- ▶ Teachers
- ► Protection Officers

## ▶ Programme Officer

▶ Primary Healthcare

► Primary Education

#### Role of Camp Residents in Self-Management

- Refugee Central Committee (RCC) is a resident coordination and leadership body that is consulted on multi-sectoral issues pertaining to camp life. It's made up of a Chairman, Secretary, Child Protection Representative, Women's Representative, Disabled Representative and Representatives from each Zone. Committee members are elected by camp
- Women's Association runs a grinding mill (income generation project), helps with the distribution of sanitary pads, the mobilization of women for community projects and represents women's interests in camp management
- Food Distribution Committee provides information about food distribution to the community, monitors the scooping and provides feedback on the quality of food and the distribution process.
- Youth Committee represents youth, advocates for their interests and organizes sport activities.

  Refugee Security Committee ("neighbourhood watch") responsible for crowd control and overall conflict management in the camp; the committee also refers cases to ARRA and UNHCR Protection Staff.
- Child Protection Committee works with Save the Children to assist in identification of children with specific needs and to mobilize the community's children to attend school.

#### **Local Administration**

The Kebele Chairman is responsible for local (non-refugee) administration on behalf of Dollo Ado Woreda, Somali Regional State, Ethiopia. The Kebele Chairman and his administrative committee are consulted about refugee-host community relationship, natural resource use and managing conflicts between the refugee and host communities, with the help of local elders.



Bokolmanyo Camp: Who Does What Where	and the state of t
Health	•
Activities	Actors
<ul> <li>Primary Health Care offers in-patient, out-patient, basic laboratory services, Immunization (EPI including basic emergency obstetric and neonatal care services.</li> </ul>	) and reproductive health ARRA
<ul> <li>Mobile health teams have conducted a vaccination campaign for measles and polio, and also p screening</li> </ul>	performed MUAC ARRA, UNHCR, UNICEF, MSF-S
HIV/AIDS Prevention	PAPDA
Community-based mental health services	IMC
Rehabilitation programmes for disabled people	RaDO
Infrastructure	
<ul> <li>Health Clinic has in-patient and out-patient treatment and EPI rooms. For reproductive health, there is an anti-natal care room, delivery room and post-natal care room. The clinic has a laboratory and a drug dispensary. A permanent health building is under construction.</li> </ul>	
Gaps	
Comprehensive Emergency obstetric care and emergency surgical services	
<ul> <li>Community based surveillance system, outbreak notification system and system for updating n</li> </ul>	nortality rates
Drug dispensary regularly experiences medication shortages	
<ul> <li>Demand for specialized medical services and hospital referrals is greater than what can be me</li> </ul>	t
<ul> <li>Satellite Clinics where health services can be decentralized into the camp.</li> </ul>	

Nutrition	<u>څ</u>
Activities	Actors
<ul> <li>Treatment of SAM (Severe Acute Malnutrition), for both Under 5's and MOC (Malnourished Other Categories)</li> <li>Programme, a targeted feeding programme for severely malnourished children between 5 years and 18 years.</li> </ul>	MSF-Spain
<ul> <li>Treatment of MAM (Moderate Acute Malnutrition), for both Under 5's and MOC (Malnourished Other Categories)</li> <li>Programme, a targeted feeding programme for moderately malnourished children between 5 years and 18 years.</li> </ul>	SC-US
<ul> <li>Community Health workers follow up on patients already in the nutrition / health programmes and sensitize community to bring children to nutrition services</li> </ul>	MSF-Spain, ARRA
Blanket / complimentary feeding for all children under 5	SC-US
Infrastructure	
01 OTP Centre, 04 OTP planned	MSF-Spain
<ul> <li>Stabilization Centre (SC) where all severe acute malnourished children with complications are treated in an in-patient department. 01 service established.</li> </ul>	MSF-Spain
MAM / Blanket Feeding Centre, 04 SFP centers planned	ARRA, SC-US
Gaps	
Strengthen outreach program and decentralization of services	

Wa	ater, Hygiene & Sanitation	
	tivities	Actors
•	Trucking of treated water from the non-permanent water treatment plant	IRC, UNHCR, LWF
•	Hygiene Promotion	ARRA, UNHCR, IMC UNICEF
Inf	rastructure	
•	Permanent water system installation, including a water treatment plant is being installed near Bokolmanyo and a pipeline project is underway	IRC, UNHCR
•	Family and communal latrines	ARRA
Ga	ps	
•	Solid waste disposal	_
•	Repairs and maintenance of existing infrastructure	

Protection & Community Services		
Activities	Actors	
<ul> <li>Registration updates, lost ration cards and newborn and death registration ("continuous registration")</li> </ul>	UNHCR, ARRA	
Protection monitoring and counseling; individual case follow-up	UNHCR	
<ul> <li>On-site ARRA Protection Officer is the first point of contact for security liaison and cases of detention</li> </ul>	ARRA	
Child protection activities, including establishing child-friendly spaces	UNHCR, SC-US	
Facilitation of family reunification, including for Unaccompanied Minors and Separated Children	UNHCR, ARRA, SC-US	
Grinding mill for women	UNHCR	
Child friendly spaces need playgrounds, games and materials for children's activities	SC - US	
<ul> <li>Establishing programmes that prevent and respond to Sexual and Gender Based Violence incidents</li> </ul>	PAPDA, IMC, UNHCR	
Provision of community services and psycho-social counseling	UNHCR, PAPDA	
Supporting refugees with specific needs	UNHCR, RADO	
Supporting camp self-management committees	UNHCR, ARRA	
Provision of sanitary materials to women and girls reproductive age (13 – 49)	UNHCR, ARRA	
Infrastructure		
Meeting Hall	IMC	
<ul> <li>UNHCR Offices and counseling rooms are planned</li> </ul>	UNHCR	
Gaps		
Women's Centre		
<ul> <li>Capacity building for Camp Security and Police Officers in the camp</li> </ul>		
Refugees Community Centre		
• Self reliance		
Police Post needs a building		
<ul> <li>Community outreach / information dissemination to the beneficiaries/to the local authorities</li> </ul>		
<ul> <li>Refugee/Host community conflict resolution</li> </ul>		





















#### **Bokolmanyo Camp: Who Does What Where (continued)** Shelter **Activities** Actors ARRA, UNHCR, AHA Emergency shelter (tent) supply and erection ARRA, UNHCR, AHA Transitional shelter provision Transitional shelter funding UNHCR Infrastructure Emergency Shelter: Lightweight Emergency Tent; 2 rooms; can accommodate average family size of 5 persons; 15-UNHCR 21m<sup>2</sup> Emergency Shelter: Family Tent; 1 room; can accommodate average family size of 5 persons; 16 m<sup>2</sup> main floor area, **UNHCR** plus two 3.5m2 vestibules, for a total area of 23 m2 AHA, UNHCR Transitional Shelter: dome shelters; 1 room; (metal domes covered with plastic sheeting) Permanent Shelter for persons with specific needs AHA Insufficient number of plots for new arrivals Replacement of severely damaged or destroyed emergency tents Survey Results prepared and send for feedback

Core Relief Items		
Activities	Actors	
<ul> <li>Sleeping mats, jerry cans, buckets, kitchen sets, soap, women's sanitary napkins, female underwear and blankets have been distributed to pre-2011 arrivals</li> </ul>	UNHCR, ARRA	
Infrastructure		
Central Logistics Base in Hilaweyn Camp (which supplies Bokolmanyo) consists of 5 rubhalls	UNHCR	
2 rubhalls for storing food and CRIs	ARRA	
Gaps		
New arrivals have not received CRI distribution		
Cooking stoves		
Fuel		
Lamps		

Logistics	
Activities	Actors
Truck fleet for field deliveries	UNHCR
Transportation of family reunification cases	IOM
Office and facilities construction	UNHCR
Vehicle maintenance, generator repair and other technical support services	THW
Infrastructure	
<ul> <li>Vehicle Maintenance, generator repair and technical support services are provided by THW in UNHCR Dollo Ado compound</li> </ul>	
ARRA is assisting with storage of CRIs	
Logistics infrastructure for Bokolmanyo Camp is located in Hiloweyn Camp and Dollo Ado	
Gaps	
Road to camp needs upgrading and repairing	

Education	
Activities	Actors
Primary education school is under construction	ARRA, UNICEF
School supplies	UNICEF
Infrastructure	
Emergency school	SC-US
<ul> <li>Two primary schools are being constructed for grades 1 – 4</li> </ul>	SC-US
<ul> <li>One primary school is being constructed for grades 5 – 8</li> </ul>	ARRA
Gaps	
<ul> <li>Primary and secondary school facilities (classrooms, books, desks, teachers, school WASH facilities)</li> </ul>	

Environment	
Activities	Actors
<ul> <li>Environment assessment</li> </ul>	PAPDA
Infrastructure	
■ n/a	
Gaps	
<ul> <li>Household fuel / fuel-efficient stoves</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>Environment protection mechanisms</li> </ul>	



























# **Bokolmanyo Camp: Who Does What Where (continued)**

Food	, which is a second of the sec
Activities	Actors
Food supply and transportation	WFP
Food distribution	ARRA, UNHCR
Infrastructure	
Distribution point is under construction	ARRA
Gaps	
<ul> <li>Food distribution system and post-distribution monitoring (no accurate process, no accurate food and stock report)</li> </ul>	
Two additional distribution points	

Livelihoods	
Activities	Actors
Micro-Credit	PAPDA
Women's association grinding mill	UNHCR
Infrastructure	
■ n/a	
Gaps	
No firewood program	



















