

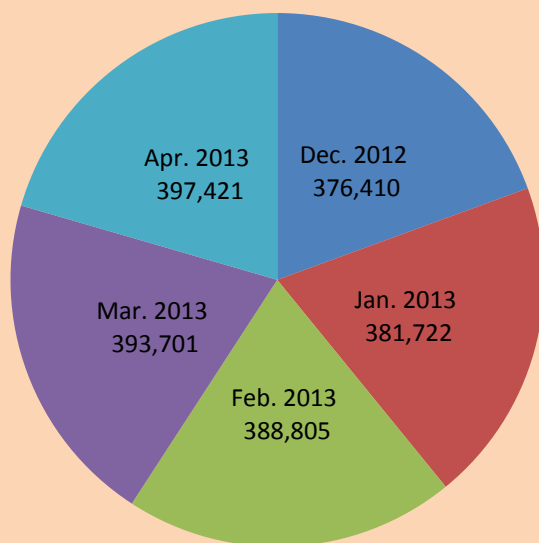
Ethiopia, Operational Overview

Camp Demographic Population breakdown by age and sex

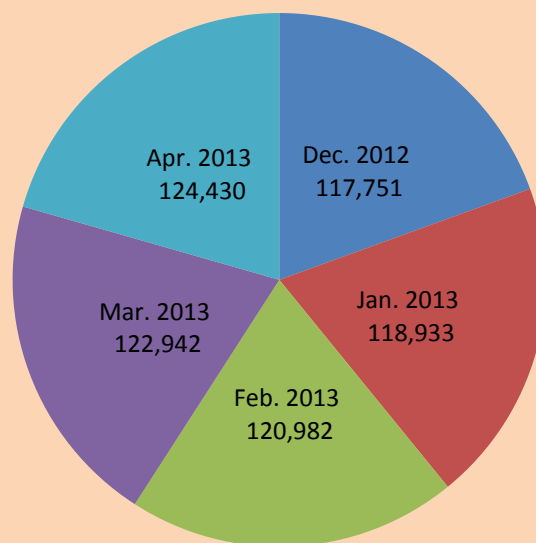
(As of 30 April 2013)

	0-4		5-11		12-17		18-59		60 and Above		Total		Grand Total
	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	
Addis-Ababa	199	198	284	350	219	242	1,066	1,632	48	126	1,816	2,548	4,364
Ken-Borena	301	315	344	359	231	165	571	413	101	92	1,548	1,344	2,892
Adi-Harush	383	435	792	840	386	423	4,510	17,359	44	95	6,115	19,152	25,267
Mai-Aini	633	711	494	517	568	1,583	3,972	8,327	42	64	5,709	11,202	16,911
Shimelba	452	494	500	502	375	435	1,041	1,791	161	175	2,529	3,397	5,926
Hitsats	12	16	25	27	29	82	250	901	3	5	319	1,031	1,350
ERT-Afar	1,124	1,265	1,822	2,060	823	1,056	3,088	3,606	156	297	7,013	8,284	15,297
Pugnido	3,957	3,866	4,511	4,760	2,561	2,822	8,203	3,691	459	110	19,691	15,249	34,940
Wanthowa											11,000	9,000	20,000
Sherkole	941	991	1,080	1,134	565	738	1,776	2,019	75	83	4,437	4,965	9,402
Tongo	943	1,024	1,230	1,249	579	674	1,939	1,935	173	165	4,864	5,047	9,911
Gizan/Ad-Damazin	205	226	344	335	135	179	615	592	56	87	1,355	1,419	2,774
Bambasi	1,311	1,354	1,515	1,534	681	804	2,646	2,351	239	230	6,392	6,273	12,665
Aw-barre	999	874	1,956	1,876	1,167	1,262	2,941	2,038	181	98	7,244	6,148	13,392
Sheder	1,044	1,114	1,582	1,704	957	1,074	2,750	1,827	149	70	6,482	5,789	12,271
Kebribeyah	1,411	1,343	2,252	2,340	1,012	1,069	3,249	2,844	201	249	8,125	7,845	15,970
Bokolmanyoy	3,607	3,584	6,932	7,191	2,899	3,427	7,977	4,845	443	483	21,858	19,530	41,388
Hilaweyn	3,649	3,702	5,977	5,915	2,178	2,448	6,365	3,858	367	398	18,536	16,321	34,857
Kobe	3,636	3,573	5,712	5,913	2,099	2,487	6,191	4,324	511	548	18,149	16,845	34,994
Melkadida	3,768	3,894	7,687	7,922	3,193	3,449	8,192	4,327	454	497	23,294	20,089	43,383
Buramino	4,307	4,209	6,737	6,852	2,222	2,456	7,199	4,481	459	448	20,924	18,446	39,370
Dolo Ado transit and reception centre	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	97
Grand Total	32,882	33,188	51,776	53,380	22,879	26,875	74,541	73,161	4,322	4,320	197,400	199,924	397,421

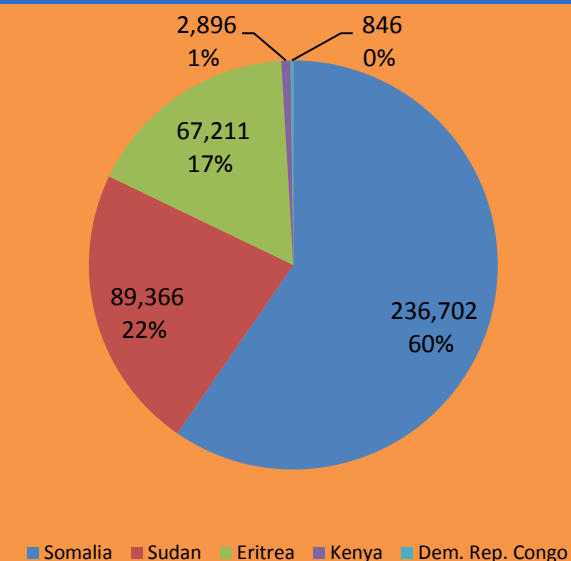
Monthly Total number of individual



Monthly Total number of household



Top 5 (Country Of Origin)



Population statistics as of 30 April 2013

















Total population: 397,421 124,430

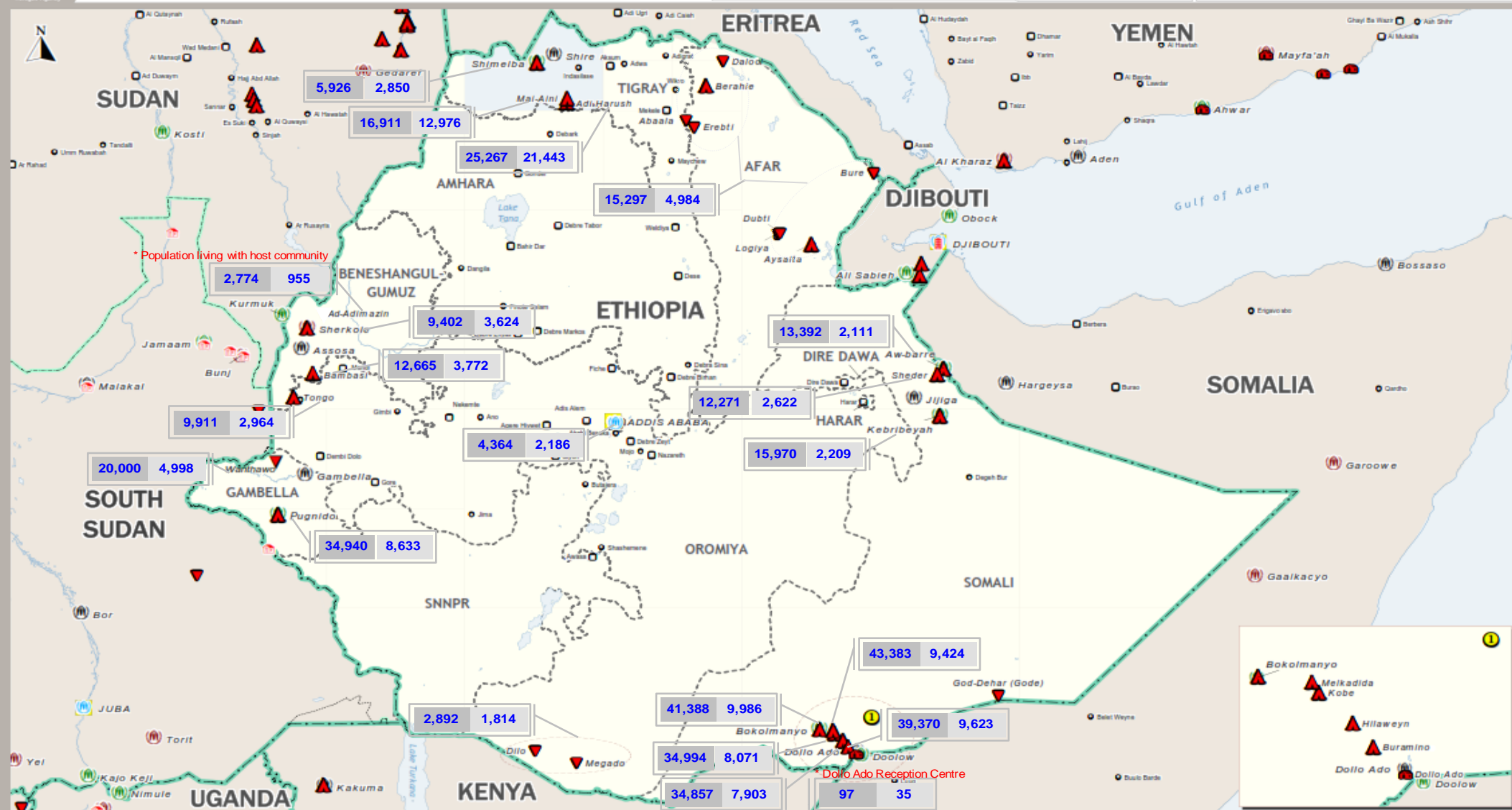
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 Tel.: +254 20 4222000 Email: kennarsh@unhcr.org

Sources:
UNHCR, Global Insight digital mapping © 1998
Europa Technologies Ltd.

The boundaries and names shown and the designations used on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by the United Nations.



- | | | | |
|---|----------------------|---|---------------------------|
|  | Capital |  | Refugee transit centre |
|  | UNHCR Country office |  | Refugee settlement |
|  | UNHCR Sub office |  | Main town or village |
|  | UNHCR Field office |  | Secondary town or village |
|  | UNHCR Field unit |  | International boundary |
|  | Refugee camp |  | Undermined boundary |
|  | Refugee location |  | Region boundary |
- Individual Household



Dollo Ado, Ethiopia

Population statistics as of 30 April 2013



Total population: 194,089 45,042

Dollo Ado came into the global picture in early 2009 when UNHCR opened the Bokolmanyio camp to accommodate refugees fleeing insecurity in Somalia. Now, five years on, the small town in south-eastern Ethiopia on the border with Somalia is the second largest refugee operation in the world accommodating more than 194,089 Somali refugees in five camps.

UNHCR Technical Unit

Dollo-Ado, Ethiopia

Sources:
UNHCR, Global Insight digital mapping
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Bokolmanyio (Apr. 2009):

(Full Capacity)

41,388 9,986

Melkadida (Feb. 2010):

(Full Capacity)

43,383 9,424

Kobe (June 2011):

(Full Capacity)

34,994 8,071

Site identified for the sixth camp

Hilaweyn (Aug. 2011):

(Full Capacity)

34,857 7,903

Buramino (Nov. 2011):

(Full Capacity)

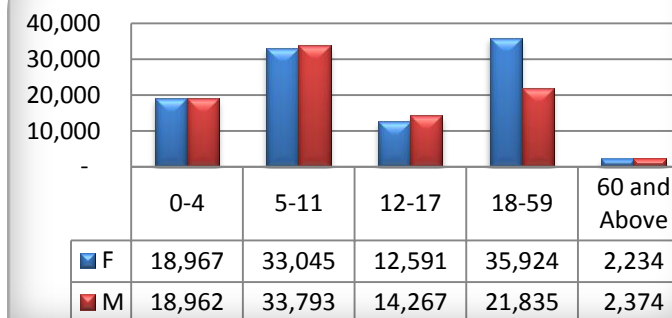
39,370 9,623

Transit Center:
Temporary closed.

Reception Center:

97 35

Camp Population by age and sex breakdown



Dolo Ado wereda

Ethiopia

Somalia

Kenya

Entry point

Entry point

Entry point

Jijiga, Ethiopia

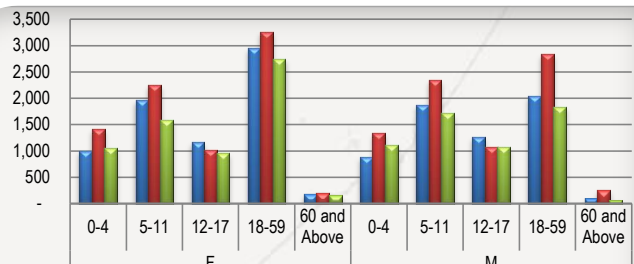
41,633

6,942

Population statistics as of 30 April 2013



UNHCR Sub Office in Jijiga was opened following the arrival of Somali refugees to Ethiopia in the early 1990s. The influx increased significantly with the fall of the Siad Barre Regime in 1991 which led to the establishment of nine refugee camps at the eastern border of Ethiopia. The total population of Somali refugees at that time was over half a million, namely 628,000 persons. A few years later, most of these refugees were able to return to their places of origin. Following the voluntary repatriation that took place from 1997 until 2005, only Kebribeyah refugee camp remained open, hosting over 16,000 refugees. However, in December 2006, following the new outbreak of violence in Somalia, the operation restarted after receiving 833 new refugee families in Hartisheik seeking asylum. A new camp site was found in Aw-barre to house the new refugees. After Aw-barre camp was full to capacity in early 2008, the government started directing asylum-seekers to Lafaisa transit centre in March 2008. To relocate the newly arrived refugees, UNHCR jointly with the Government - ARRA - opened a new camp site at Sheder in May 2008.



Aw-barre	999	1,956	1,167	2,941	181	874	1,876	1,262	2,038	98
Kebribeyah	1,411	2,252	1,012	3,249	201	1,343	2,340	1,069	2,844	249
Sheder	1,044	1,582	957	2,750	149	1,114	1,704	1,074	1,827	70



Gambella, Ethiopia

54,940 13,631

Population statistics as of 30 April 2013



Registered Population		Estimated population (Wanthowa)	
34,940	8,633	20,000	4,998

Pugnido refugee camp is a protracted refugee caseload where considerable number of refugees repatriated in 2006-2008 after the signing of the Comprehensive peace agreement (CPA) in 2005. However, due to the recent conflict between Lou-Nuer and Murules in Denjog, and its surrounding areas in the Jonglei state and bordering state of Upper Nile in South Sudan, up to 13,314 individuals have been fully registered issued with identity cards and assisted alongside the old case load, thus justifying characterizing the operation both as protracted and as emergency. The caseload is not characterized by their religious affiliation. Majority of the Nuer are Protestants, Anuaks are either Catholics or Protestants with very small number of Muslims. While Anuaks speak the Angua language with few groups of this tribe also have a good knowledge of the Arabic language. The Nuer, currently the majority populations in the camp speak mainly Nuer language. The minorities speak mainly Arabic, Denka and shiluk. The refugee population in Pugnido is mainly rural pastoralists with the women undertaking petty trading in the community.

