

Somalia: Humanitarian Situation Snapshot - Yemen Crisis (as of 31 May 2016)

Key Figures

Source: UNHCR arrivals tracking Matrix



32,405

Total est. people arrived by boat since 27 March 2015

Timeline



Highlights

Peace talks that began on 21 April 2016 in Kuwait resumed on 22 May 2016; they have been suspended three times, in part due to ceasefire violations, and the failure to agree on principles and frameworks for the talks. Airstrikes continue in Aden, Amran, Lahj, Hajjah, Marib, Sana'a and Taizz governorates, and fighting is reported in Abyan, Hadhramaut, Al Jawf, Lahj, Marib, Sana'a, Shabwah and Taizz. The ongoing clashes, electricity blackouts (in Aden and several southern governorates) Last year 2015, 30,202 people made the journey across the gulf of Aden and the Arabian sea to Somalia of which 2,203 persons arrived until end of May 2016 to Bossaso, Berbera, Mogadishu, and other ports within (1,416 Somali returnee, 754 Yemenis and 33 from other nationalities) arrived in 2016

Response

UNHCR provides information to arrivals about the registration, and facilitates the prioritization of people with specific needs and people with disabilities. Also providing regular advice and support to authorities during the initial registration process.

Partners are engaged in a broad array of activities, including pre-positioning of supplies; increasing assessment, monitoring and evaluation efforts; reinforcing coordination and information-sharing structures; and responding to emerging needs. However, funding has been limited, forcing actors to re-orient financing from other programs.

Funding Update

In the 2016 UNHCR working on the Yemen response seek US\$18.3 million to assist people in need of critical humanitarian aid across the country

25%

Funded

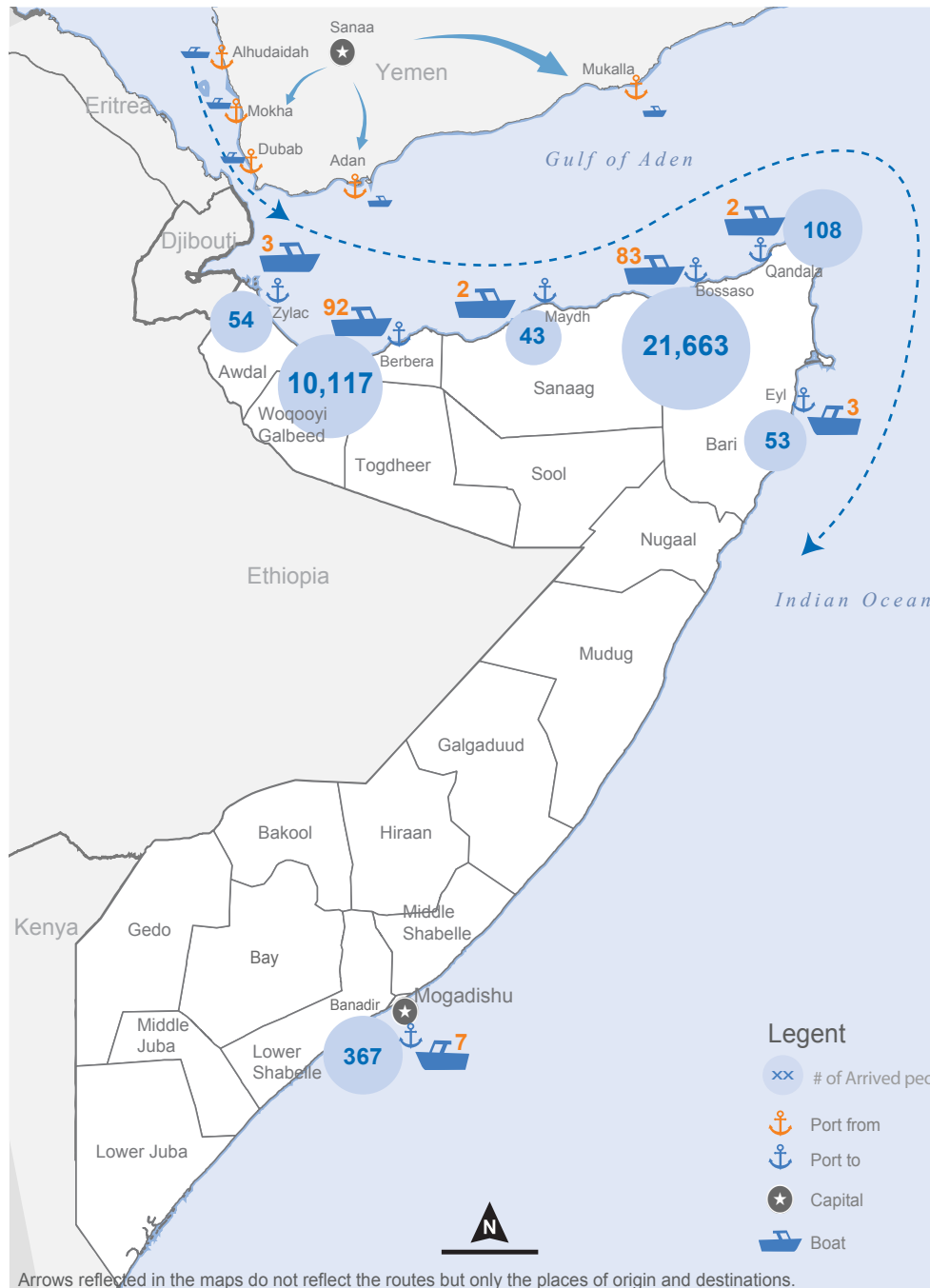
US\$18.3 million

UNHCR request for 2016

25%

Funding Gap \$13.7million

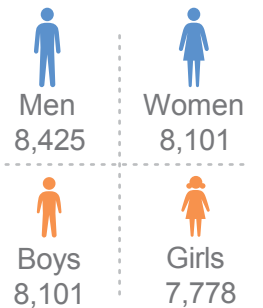
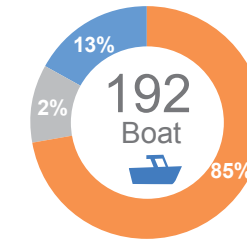
UNHCR Response Plan



% of Arrivals from Yemen

Include Somali Returnees

Yemen Other Somali



Somali Returnees from Yemen

In 2015, Yemen hosted approximately 246,000 registered refugees. The majority of them (95%) were ethnic Somalis. Somalia is receiving boat people arriving to the sea-port in Berbera, Bossaso and other ports, where among war refugees there are many ethnic Somalis from different regions of Somalia. In the self-declared states of Somaliland and Somalia undergo the process of verification of their nationality by the clan elders, while those who have no grounds to claim such nationality are regarded as third country nationals by the authorities.

