

## KEY FIGURES

**13,964\***

Burundian refugees have been received in Uganda since November 2014

*Further breakdown of the above figure:*

**10,610**

Refugees received in Nakivale Refugee Settlement

**233**

Refugees received in Kyaka II Refugee Settlement

**138**

Refugees received in Oruchinga Refugee Settlement

**215**

Refugees received in Kisoro Refugee Settlement

**2,768**

Urban refugees received in Kampala

*\*statistics are provided by the Government of Uganda Office of the Prime Minister*

## PRIORITIES

- Kabazana Reception Centre is nearing capacity. OPM are deploying additional staff to prevent congestion;
- Efforts are continuing to improve school enrolment rates;
- Border officials have been trained to ensure correct processes are followed for new arrivals;
- Water trucks continue to be utilized to maintain the quality and quantity of the water supply.

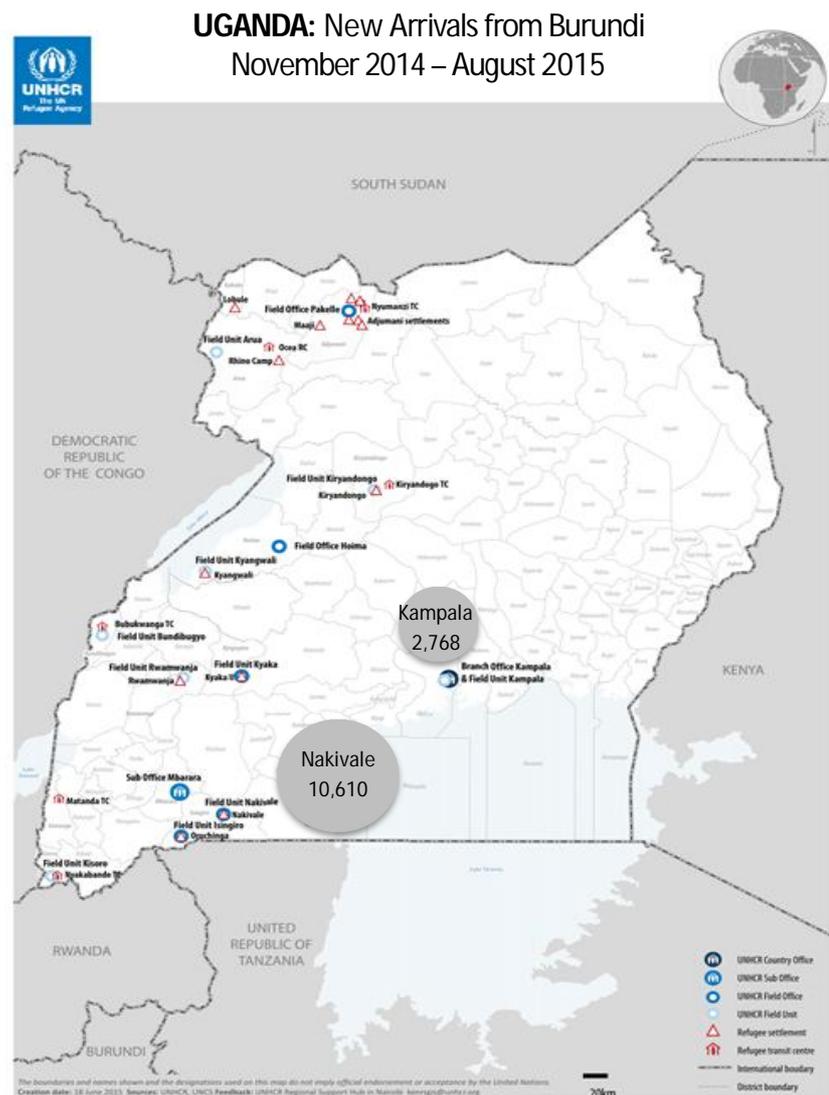
## UGANDA

### UPDATE ON THE BURUNDI REFUGEE RESPONSE

28-August – 03 September 2015

## HIGHLIGHTS

- A total of 13,964 Burundian refugees (13,676 registered and 288 pending registration) have been received in Uganda since the onset of the influx: 10,610 in Nakivale; 208 in Kyaka II; 233 in Orukyinga Refugee Settlements; 215 in Kisoro with another 2768 urban refugees registered in Kampala.
- There has been a small increase in new arrivals in the reporting period. Fifty four (54) Burundians were transported from Mirama hills compared to last week's 47, although the trend is still downward compared to the 137 people received three weeks ago.
- The population in Kabazana Reception Centre is steadily increasing. Compared to last week's 1,128 people, currently 1,147 Individuals -868 Burundians, 244 Congolese and 35 Rwandans, are accommodated by the centre. This was a small number added-almost last week's daily admission average (17). Kabazana RC has a holding capacity of 1,500 people.



## UPDATE ON ACHIEVEMENTS

### Operational Context

- A total of 54 Burundian refugees were transported from Mirama hills comprising of 32 males and 22 females out of which 40 were children. This is more than last week's 47 but less than the figure of two weeks ago (137).
- There are currently 1,147 (581 females & 566 males) individuals residing at the Kabazana Reception Centre comprising: 868 Burundians, 244 Congolese and 35 Rwandans. There is a slight increase of 19 individuals from last week. In a bid to improve on the hygiene conditions at the reception center, UNHCR met with ARC, who agreed to install large waste bins/containers, construct permanent structures for the health unit (waiting shade, shade for pregnant women), increase tap stands and hand washing facilities, plus an information desk and complaints box.

### Protection

#### Achievements and challenges

- In Nakivale, a total of 209 individuals (109HH) were registered by OPM. This is a drop from 525 refugees (294HH) registered last week and 388 individuals (193HH) two weeks ago. Still, it means that more Burundians will be relocated to free more space at the reception centre.
- There was a joint border monitoring exercise (UNHCR, OPM, ARC and AIRD) to assess refugee reception at the border. The mission covered Mirama hills, Kizinga and Kisenyi police posts. The main challenges reported by the border officials were: limited sanitation facilities, lack of accommodation for refugees at the border, shortage of water and food. The team observed that the nearest health facility is about 12 kilometers away from Mirama hills, which undermines timely medical attention, for those who need it. SOM program committed to support border officials for improved service delivery while the UNHCR Sub Office in Mbarara will provide a temporary shelter (tent), clean water and high energy biscuits for refugees at the border before they are picked.

#### People with Specific needs

- A total of 59 (43 females and 16 males) persons with specific needs (PSNs) were identified by the inter-agency team (OPM, UNHCR, ARC, & MTI) at the Reception and Misiera B village in the on-going identification and verification exercise for PSNs among the newly arrived Burundian refugees. The exercise has already been completed in three villages of Kabahinda C and D and Misiera and a total of 177 PSNs identified. The exercise will be conducted in the other villages and is expected to be completed by 4th September.
- Eight PSNs, one visually impaired child and 11 separated children were identified at Kabazana Reception Centre during interagency headcount. All the persons were supported with core relief items and allocated separate accommodation for easy follow up and monitoring, before transfer to the settlement.

#### Child Protection

- ARC placed two male unaccompanied minors under foster care arrangement in Kabazana C village. They also identified another two (a boy and a girl) at Kabazana Reception Centre and conducted best interest assessments.

#### Sexual and Gender-Based Violence (SGBV)

- ARC conducted focus group discussions on SGBV with men and women in Misiera and Nyarugugu villages where it was noted that women were afraid to report SGBV incidents. ARC committed to conduct more sensitization in the Burundian community to mitigate the situation.

## Education

### Achievements and Impacts

- Windle Trust Uganda, recruited an Education Project Assistant to support the Burundian emergency. The IP also conducted two SGBV and health talks with children in Nakivale and Nyarugugu primary schools. The children were encouraged to report all cases related to SGBV to teachers.

### Identified Needs and Remaining Gaps

- There are close to 200 children between 7-9 years in Misiera A and Kabahinda D villages who have not enrolled in the nearby Nakivale and Kabazana primary schools. The children and their parents sighted long distances (about 7kms) as reasons for not attending school. The recommended standard distance that school children can trek to school is not more than 5km.



## Health

### Achievements and Impacts

- Malaria cases seem to be on the increase at 21.1% as compared to 20% reported last week, up from 15% in the previous one. While nets have been distributed, there are some refugees who are using the nets for shelter construction. There is on-going sensitization through their mobile teams on the dangers of malaria and why it is important to correctly use provided ITNs.

### Immunization

- In Nakivale, a total of 348 children aged between 0-15yrs were vaccinated against measles and polio. They were also dewormed and given Vitamin A supplementation. Fourteen women also received Tetanus Toxide (TT) as part of routine antenatal care.



## Food Security and Nutrition

### Achievements and Impacts

- A total of 198 individuals were screened for malnutrition, upon which nine cases were found with moderate acute malnutrition. They were enrolled on the supplementary feeding program (SFP). Another three cases with severe acute malnutrition were enrolled in outpatient therapeutic programs. The three severe cases reported were all children less than 15yrs.



## Water and Sanitation

### Achievements and Impacts

- Water supply was steadily maintained at 420,000 litres through water trucking and pipeline distributions. UNHCR Sub Office Mbarara is scaling up water trucking to address f water supply to villages that are receiving less than the minimum standard of 15 l/p/d. The villages with water indicator gaps include Nyarugugu 12, Misiera B 14, Ngarama A 11.4, Nyakagando B 14, and Kabahinda C 14. 1 l/p/d
- Over two hundred households in Kabahinda D received 226 slabs and 650 treated logs for latrine construction while 242 Burundian refugees attended a hygiene education session conducted by village health teams at Nyarugugu village. The participants were taught how to install latrine slabs and poles.

## Shelter / Infrastructure

### Achievements and Impacts

- A total of 611 refugees (326 households) were settled in Kabazana A and Kyeibale B villages and served with core relief items.

### Livelihoods and Environment

- OPM allocated land for cultivation to 94 Burundian households, who had been settled in Misiera A village but not given plots of land for cultivation.
- Over 120 refugees in Ngarama C and Kabahinda D participated in the sensitization and demonstration of making mud wood fuel saving stoves. The sensitization was aimed at minimizing use of firewood and also protecting the environment.

## Working in partnership

The Government of Uganda Office of the Prime Minister and UNHCR are assisted by:



#### Contacts:

Irene Edith Nabusoba, Senior External Relations Assistant, [nabusoba@unhcr.org](mailto:nabusoba@unhcr.org), Tel: +256 (0) 776 701176  
Abdelrahman JABER, Associate Information Management Officer, [Jaber@unhcr.org](mailto:Jaber@unhcr.org), Tel: +256 (0)772 701057

Links: [Burundi regional portal](#) - [Twitter](#) – [UNHCR: Thousands continue to flee Burundi](#)



# Uganda - Burundi Situation as of (31 August, 2015)

Print Date

04/09/2015 10:34

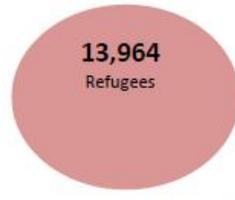
Info-graphic and statistics

## Total

Pre 01 January 2015

Post 01 January 2015

Grand Total



Registered :13,676 | Unregistered: 288 \*

## Key Statistics for (Post 01 January 2015)



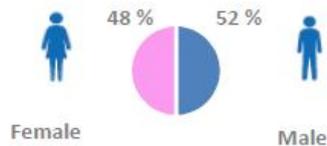
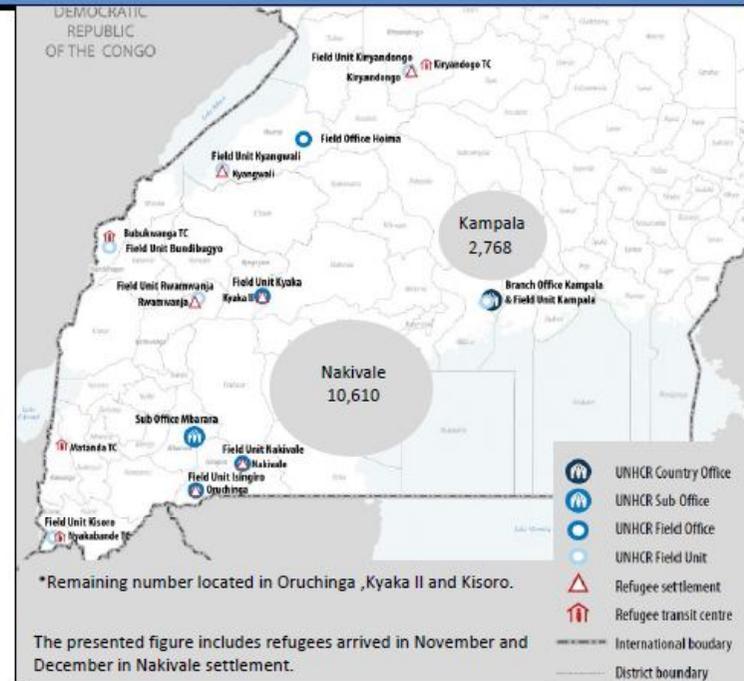
51 %  
of the population are  
**Children <18**  
7,122 individuals



74 %  
of the population are  
**Women and Children**  
10,333 individuals



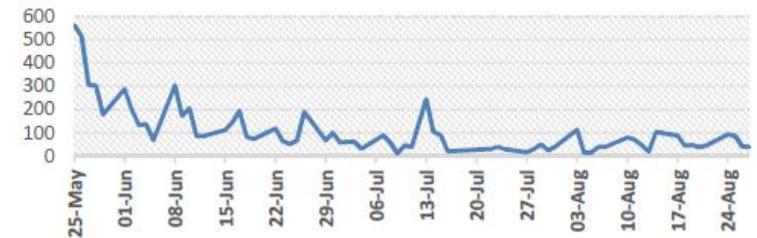
02 %  
of the population are  
**Elderly**  
279 individuals



## Age and Gender Breakdown



## Daily trend of new arrivals since late May 2015



\* Registered : person of concern who went through level 1/ level 2 registration with government , Unregistered : new arrivals pending registration

Source : Government (OPM) , Refugee Information Management System (RIMS)

Contact : Abdelrahman JABER, Associate Information Management officer, jaber@unhcr.org, Tel: +256(0)772 707057 | Web-portal : <http://data.unhcr.org/>