



RRP 5 TARGET

(assumes 1 million refugees by end 2013)



895,000

individuals receive food assistance in camp & urban areas through food vouchers, cash assistance for food



GAM
(Global Acute Malnutrition)

5.8% in camps
5.1% in community

Current Planning Figures



500,945

Total Person of Concern as of 1 September 2013



257 M

USD required budget

NEEDS

Syrian refugees fleeing from poor Governorates in Syria (Daraa, Al Suwayda, Al Hasakeh, Aleppo) are extensively settling in the poverty-hit and highly populated rural areas in northern Jordan. Food security and livelihoods as agriculture is the primary source of income for 60 % of those living in small towns and villages. 23% of community based refugees were found to have a 'poor' or 'borderline' Food Consumption Score compared to 18.5 per cent in the camp community. 4% of Syrian children under the age of five need treatment for moderate acute malnutrition, recommending the provision of specialized nutritious food to malnourished young children and pregnant and nursing mothers. Assistance to refugees living outside the camps will be increasingly targeted to identify and reach the most vulnerable based on the conclusions drawn from the participatory assessment and the Joint Assessment Mission.

OBJECTIVES (as per RRP5)

- 1) Save lives and protect livelihoods in emergencies, through:
 - 1) Enhance food and nutrition security; 2) Maintain appropriate, consistent food support to Syrian refugees in urban/rural areas, camps and transit centres. 3) Initiate food assistance, livelihood support, self-reliance and food production programmes to most vulnerable Jordanians affected by the Syrian Crisis. 4) Integrate cross-cutting themes such as gender, environment and social protection in food security and livelihood interventions. 5) Enhance enrolment and attendance of Syrian school children in the camp schools. 6.) Prevent deterioration of nutritional status of young children and women by introducing supplementary feeding programme to malnourished children under the age of five and pregnant and lactating women in camps and local communities.

ACTION/OUTPUTS

- Distribution of in-kind food (welcome meals, general food rations, date bars in schools) and value-based vouchers
- Planned distribution of SuperCereal Plus for moderately malnourished children
- Income generating activities for Jordanian households in poverty pockets
- Enhancing income generation and nutritious food production, including increased egg production and small scale food processing
- Improved animal health services (i.e. surveillance, vaccination campaigns, quarantine facilities)
- Improved food quality control services along the Jordanian/Syrian border.
- Vulnerability mapping, profiling
- Monitoring of all programme activities including distribution process, household satisfaction, impact of assistance and voucher redemption in shops as well as market prices
- Assessments

KEY AUGUST DEVELOPMENTS, MONITORING & PLANNING

- RRP 6 Planning including UNICEF/UNHCR/WFP Assessments
- Contingency planning (scenarios and stock count)
- GBV Guidelines revision: food security/sector chapter
- Voucher introduction in Za'atri Camp

MONTHLY ACHIEVEMENTS



302,781 individuals received food assistance through food vouchers

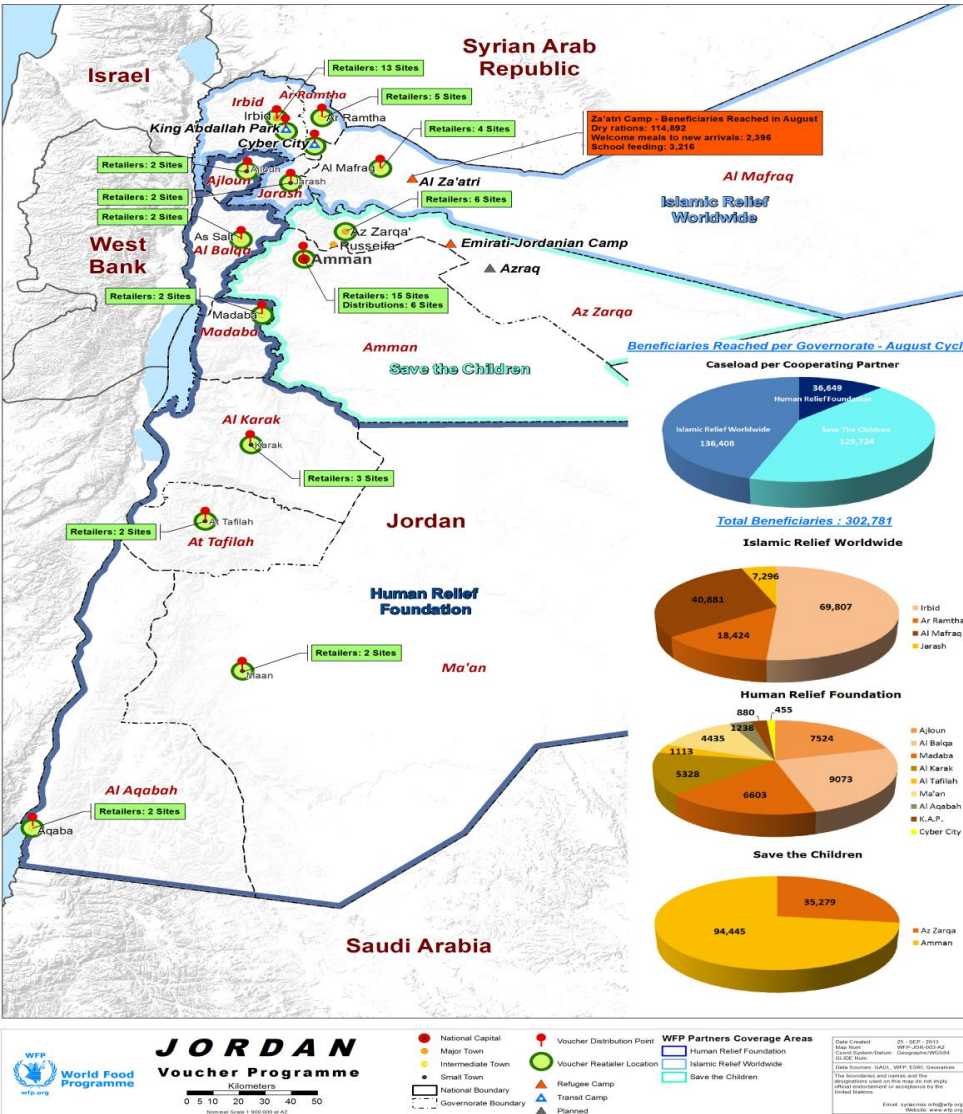


133,941 individuals in camp received food assistance through in-kind general food distribution



2,201 school children received date bars in camp schools (note: schools on summer holiday)

August food and voucher assistance to registered Syrians refugees in Jordan



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Participating Agencies: ACTED, ADRA, CARE, Caritas, FAO, HRF, IOCC, IRD, JRC, LDS Charities, Medair, MC, Muslim Aid, NAJMAH, NICODE, Oxfam, QRC, SCI, Tkiyet Um Ali, UNHCR, UNRWA, UN WOMEN, World Vision

