



## Daily Report



**Planning and Preparation:** The European Commission [announced](#) that they would allocate €83 million, under the new Emergency Assistance Instrument, to improve living conditions for refugees in Greece; with funding dispersed immediately to UNHCR (€25 million), the International Federation of the Red Cross and six international NGOs. EU Commissioner for Humanitarian Aid and Crisis Management, Christos Stylianides, signed the first contracts in Athens under the new instrument for emergency support within the EU, set up to help Member States cope with crises, such as large numbers of refugees.

The European Commission further announced that regarding its [commitment](#) to accelerate the implementation of the Facility for Refugees in Turkey, the implementation of a new set of projects will receive EU support. A further €60 million will be allocated to DGMM to cover expenses for food, health care and accommodation of people who have been returned from Greece to Turkey. A further €50 million in humanitarian aid will address the immediate needs of Syrian refugees in Turkey.

**Arrivals and Departures:** Italian Interior Minister, Angelino Alfano, stated in a media [interview](#) that compared to last year, the number of people arriving irregularly to Italy by sea has increased by 4.7% in 2016. As such, he described the situation as “not an emergency nor is the reception system under collapse”.

In Greece, 134 people arrived on average to the islands in April. There are currently 46,333 people located on the mainland

and 7,645 on the islands. Of those on the islands, 5,844 have expressed intention to apply for asylum as of the 18 April. Of the 2,671 relocation requests, 860 transfers took place so far. A total of 3,288 pledges have been made available by EU Member States as of 19 April.

**Conditions of People:** In Greece, the media reports that [people](#) who have been kept at the hotspots’ closed facilities on Lesbos and Chios islands, are gradually being released as they complete the maximum detention period of 25 days. However, this does not imply that they have had their asylum claims processed. On Lesbos, people can be accommodated at the open facility in Kara Tepe awaiting the assessment of their asylum applications. On Chios, alternative open accommodation sites are overcrowded. UNHCR continues to collaborate with the authorities to promote alternatives to the restriction of liberty through the creation of new and/or expansion of already existing open sites on the islands.

**Deaths at Sea:** On Tuesday, a UNHCR team [interviewed](#) survivors of what could be one of the worst tragedies involving refugees and migrants in the last 12 months. If confirmed, as many as 500 people may have lost their lives when a large ship went down in the Mediterranean Sea at an unknown location between Libya and Italy. The 41 survivors (37 men, three women and a three-year-old child) were rescued by a merchant ship and taken to Kalamata, in the Peloponnese peninsula of Greece on 16 April. Those rescued include 23 Somalis, 11 Ethiopians, 6 Egyptians and a Sudanese.

The survivors told UNHCR that they had been part of a group

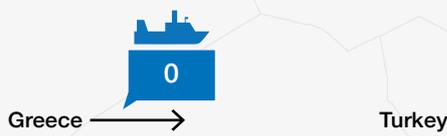


## Key Figures

**178**  
Arrivals to Greek Islands  
Yesterday

**39**  
Departures to Greece Mainland  
Yesterday

**0**  
Departures to Turkey  
on 20 April 2016



## Past and Upcoming Meetings and Events

**15 April**  
17 Syrian refugees arrive at Hannover airport from Turkey

**18-19 April**  
Foreign Affairs Council, Luxembourg

**Today 20 April**

**20 April**  
Securing the external borders of the EU – a challenge for external and internal security

**20-21 April**  
Secretary General of NATO, Jens Stoltenberg to visit Greece and Turkey

**21 April**  
Justice and Home Affairs Council, Luxembourg

**23 April**  
Donald Tusk to visit Gaziantep, Turkey with Angela Merkel and Frans Timmermans



of between 100 and 200 people who departed last week from a locality near Tobruk in Libya on a 30-metre-long boat.

### Critical Developments

During an address to the Parliamentary Assembly of the Council of Europe in Strasbourg held on the 19 April, Turkish Prime Minister Ahmet Davutoğlu stated that regarding the EU-Turkey agreement, Turkey intends to fulfil its commitments and stressed that the same is expected from the EU. He mentioned that Chancellor Angela Merkel, European Council President Donald Tusk, and European Commission vice-president Frans Timmermans, will travel to Turkey on 23 April.

The Italian government has [presented](#) a "strategic coordination" proposal regarding the EU and NATO operations in the Mediterranean. The proposal, shared by Germany,

France, Spain and the UK, was delivered by Defence Minister Roberta Pinotti during an EU Foreign and Defence Ministers meeting in Luxemburg, to EU High Representative for Foreign Affairs Federica Mogherini and NATO Secretary-General Jens Stoltenberg.

On 19 April, the Greek Alternate Minister of Migration Policy, Yiannis Mouzalas, called a High Level Inter-agency Steering Committee meeting. The Minister chaired the meeting in cooperation with the UNHCR Representative and highlighted the close cooperation with UNHCR. He emphasized the three priorities for the Government: decongestion of Eidomeni, Piraeus and Elliniko; improving overall conditions at sites on the mainland and the islands. On the islands he stressed the particular need to speed up the examination of asylum claims and the increase of the capacity of the asylum services and the intention of the Government to transit from closed facilities to alternative accommodation.



### Average Daily Arrivals and Arrival Trends Greece



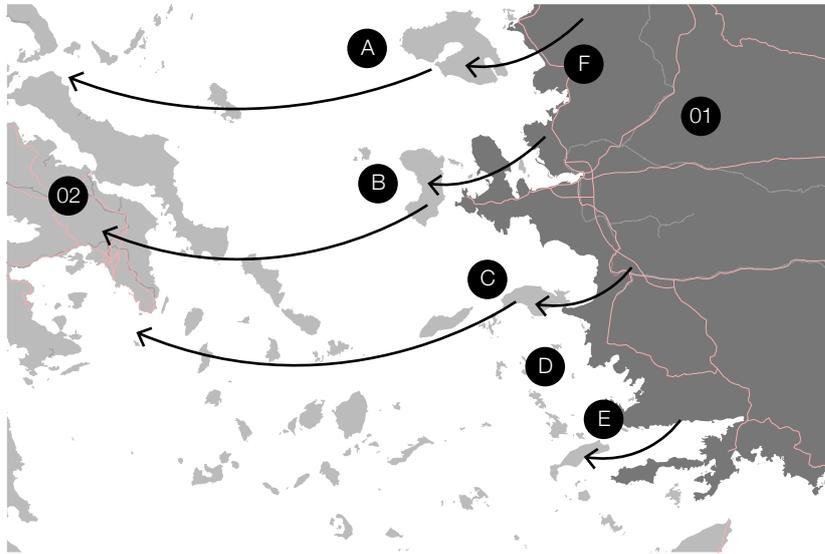
### Estimated Arrivals and People Present\* per Country Yesterday

	Arrivals	Present*
01 Turkey		
02 Greek Island	178	7,645
Greece Mainland	39	46,333
03 fYRoM**	0	918
04 Serbia	34	950
05 Croatia	0	0
06 Hungary	174	
07 Slovenia	0	38
08 Austria	183	

\* Number of people present in Greece and estimated number of people currently present in countries along the previous route not applying for asylum  
 \*\* The former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia (please note that the fYRoM abbreviation is used for design purposes)



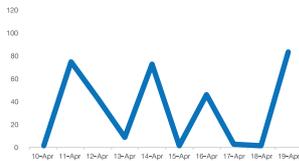
## Greek Islands and Turkey: Estimated Arrivals and Transfers



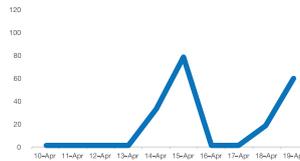
	Arrivals	Departures to Mainland
01 Turkey		
02 Greece	178	39
<b>Breakdown</b>		
A Lesvos	84	34
B Chios	60	4
C Samos	13	1
D Leros		
E Kos	21	
F Dikili		
Other		

### Arrivals to Greek Islands 10 April - 18 April

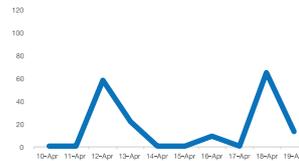
Lesvos arrivals



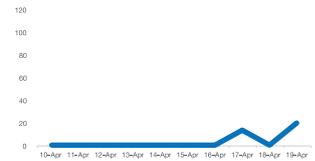
Chios arrivals



Samos arrivals

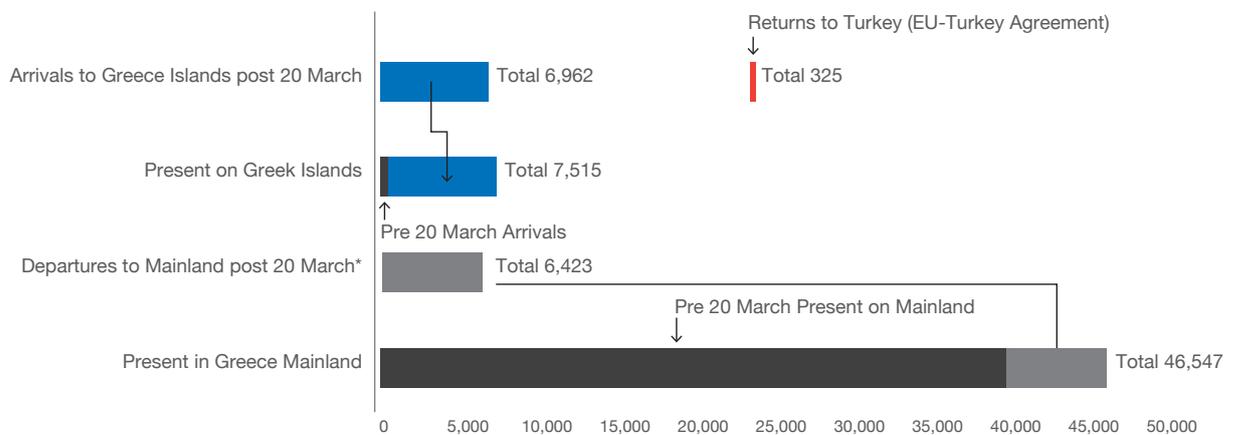


Kos arrivals



## Population Overview

Arrived, present and transferred to Greece Mainland and returned to Turkey since 20 March



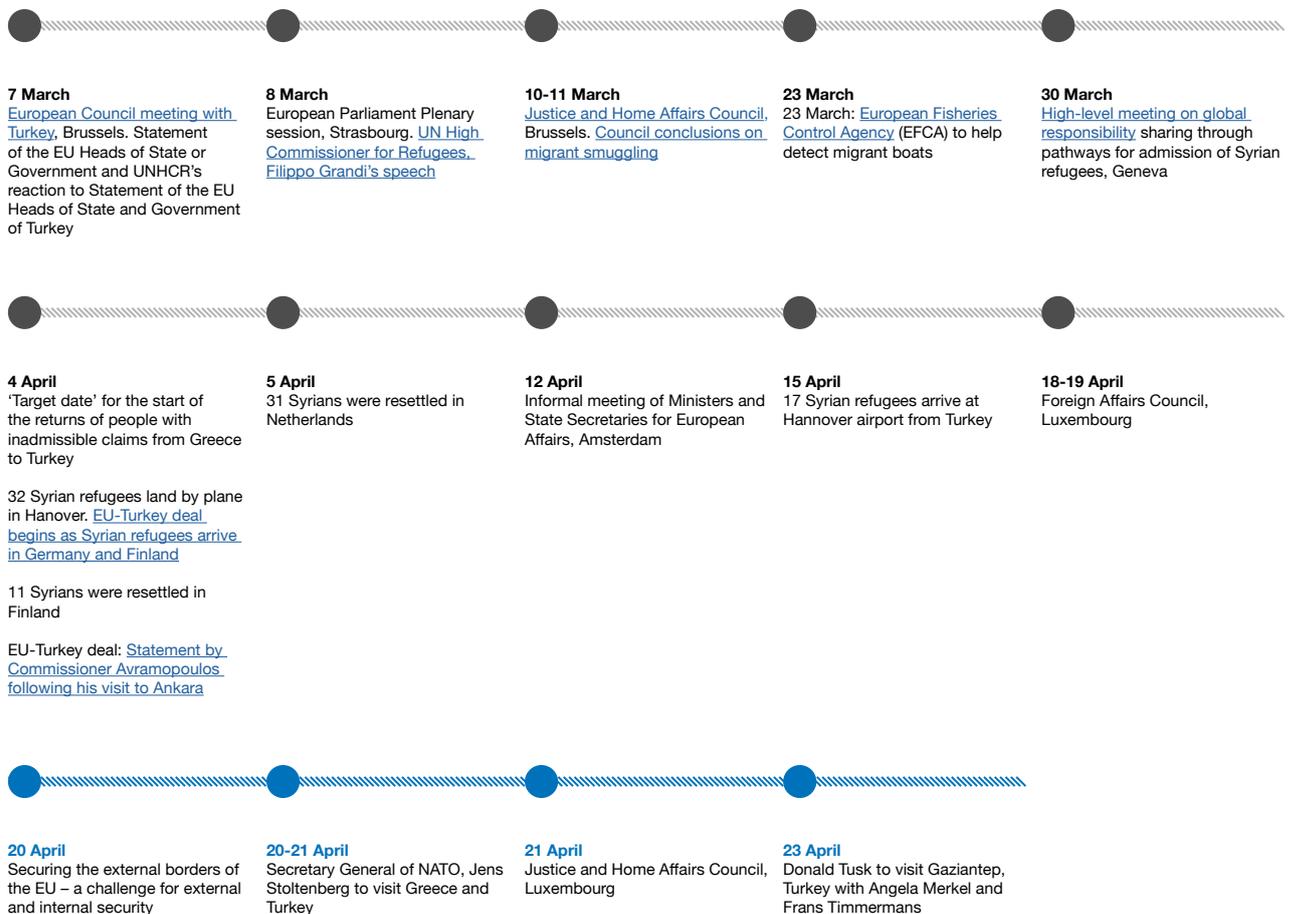
\*People able to depart are those only who arrived before 20 March

Total in Greece: **53,824**

Reporting period 20 March - 18 April



## Timeline Overview



## Social Media

### Twitter Activity

The Twitter account of [NoBorders](#), a page dedicated to posting updates and breaking news regarding the refugee crisis, posted images of their kitchen camp which was destroyed by Greek authorities.

The European Asylum Support Office (EASO) [retweeted](#) David Stellini, Spokesperson on Justice and Home Affairs and Social Policies for the EPP Group: "EASO's Jean Pierre Schembri tells MEPs 'EASO needs adequate human and financial resources to carry out its tasks'".

The European Commission posted: "Don't be afraid of #refugees: they bring their talent, energy and knowledge". This is an excerpt from a speech given by European Commission President Jean-Claude Juncker at the Parliamentary Assembly of the Council of Europe which took place yesterday, 19 April in Strasbourg. In his speech, Mr Juncker referred to the refugee crisis as one of the "most difficult tests". The full speech can be accessed [here](#).

### Current Statistics for #refugeecrisis

- 50 tweets, 17 retweets per hour
- Less than 100 impressions per hour
- **Related hashtags:** #childrenofsyria, #greece, #refugees, and #lesvos

### #refugees over the last month:

**3,100**

Highest no. of tweets on 4 April

**8,000**

Highest no. of retweets on 4 April

**39,400**

Highest no. impressions on 8 April

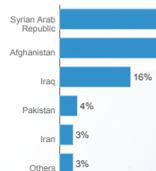


## Annex 1 Key Figures from the Portal

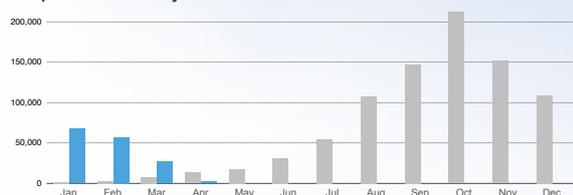
Increasing numbers of refugees and migrants take their chances aboard unseaworthy boats and dinghies in a desperate bid to reach Europe. The vast majority of those attempting this dangerous crossing are in need of international protection, fleeing war, violence and persecution in their country of origin. Every year these movements continue to exact a devastating toll on human life.

### Top-10 nationalities of Mediterranean sea arrivals

Top-10 nationalities represent 100% of the sea arrivals based on arrivals since 1 Jan 2016



### Comparison of monthly Mediterranean sea arrivals



153,709 arrivals by sea in 2016

856,723 arrivals by sea in 2015

90% of arrivals come from the world's top 10 refugee-producing countries



### Demographics based on arrivals since 1 Jan 2016

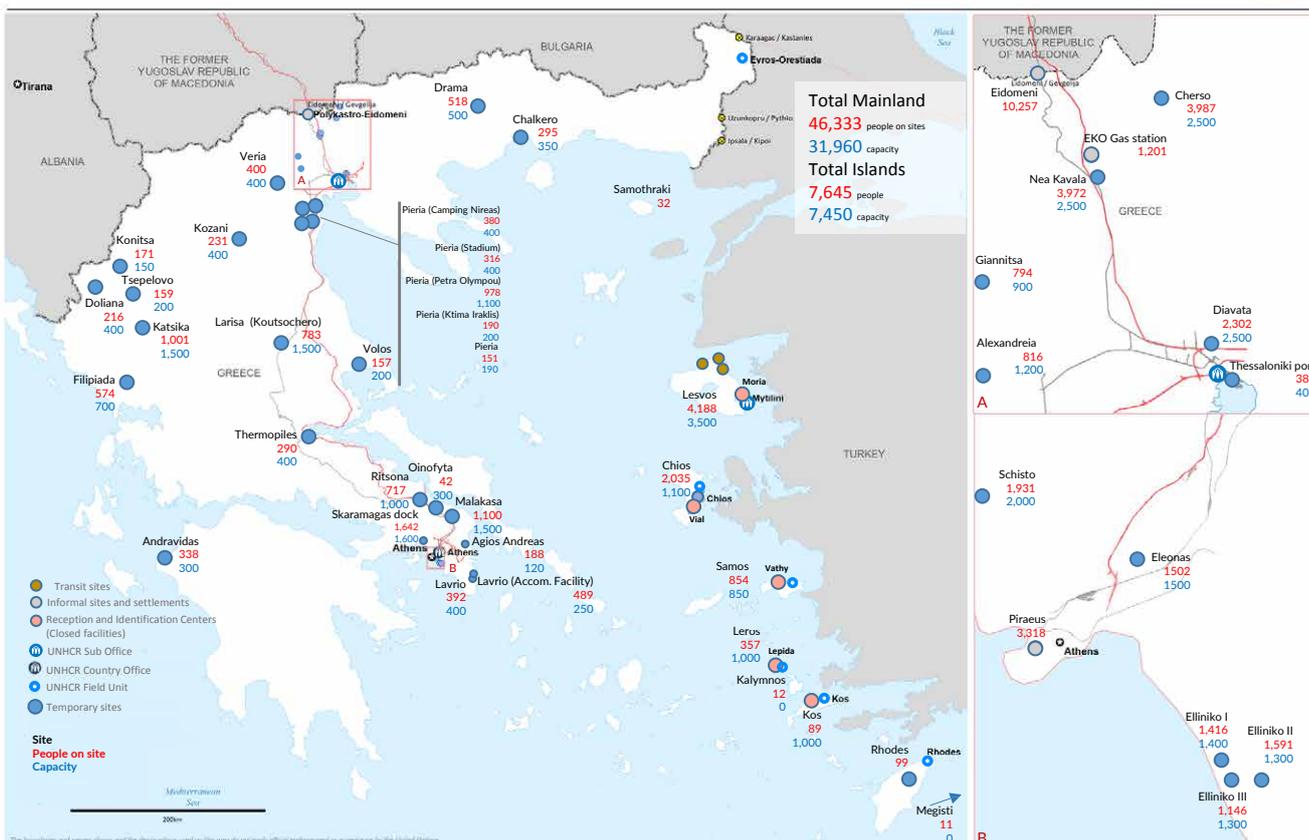


\*Serbia (AND KOSOVO): SRES/1244 (1999) Download excel data  
The boundaries and names shown and the designations used on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by the United Nations

## Europe Refugee Emergency

Daily map indicating capacity and occupancy (Governmental figures)

As of 20 April 2016 08:00 a.m. EET



Presence and capacity are based on Governmental figures from the Coordination Centre for the Management of the Refugee Crisis, as of 20/04/2016 08:00 a.m. Eastern European Time.  
Online map with additional information: <http://www.unhcr.gr/sites>