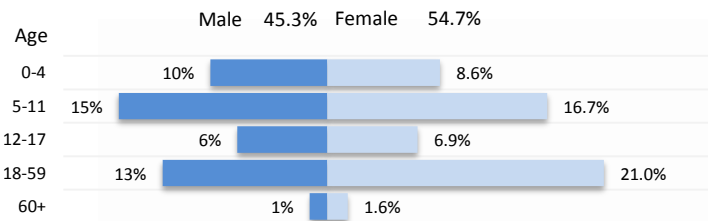
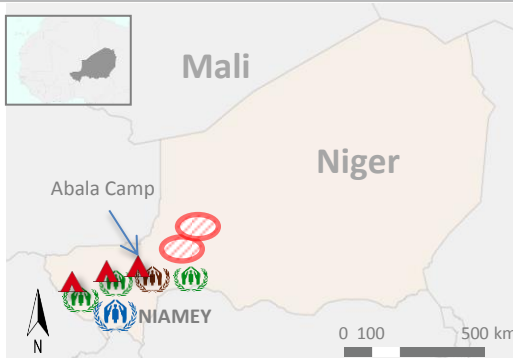


## Refugee Population

People 13,709  
Families 2,774



## Geographic Information



Coordinates (Lat/Long)	N: 14°54'28,6" E: 003°25'13,3
Region/Department	Tillabéri/Abala
Commune	Abala
Area	1,870,634 m2
Number of houses/shelters	2600
Distance from international border	78 km
Hours from the border by road	1 hour
Hours from Niamey by road	4 hour

## Context

**History** In March 2012, Abala camp received refugees who were moved from spontaneous sites (Chinegodrar, Miel, Tigizefan, Kizamwe and others who settled in Abala town) situated at the Malian border. The camp has a capacity to host 10,000 people. In April 2013, UNHCR Niger launched the Gas project, to provide alternative domestic energy to refugee households.

### Areas of Origin

- Anderboukane: 72%
- Menaka: 23%

### Cultural Background

- 85% Tuareg,
- 09 % Hausa,
- 05% Songhai
- 01 % Arab

### Main Occupations

- Pastoralists (livestock herding: goats, cows, sheep and donkeys)

## Protection Issues

## Protection Responses

Refugee women are under-represented in the community structures	Women platform was formed to encourage their participation in community structures
Lack of birth certificates for newborns	A mobile court was introduced to issue birth certificates
Low enrolment rate of girls in school	Involvement of the of marabouts and communities leaders as key actors
Incidence of sexual violence	Prevention and response mechanisms with SOPs are established
Ethnic tension in camps	Co-existence and peace-building programmes are introduced
Conflict over resources with host communities	Host communities are included in the water and health assistance
Forced and early marriages	Targetted awareness campaigns for men, adolescents and families were introduced

## Index

Students attending school in Mali and refugee camp ratio

**1:1.26**

Percentage of refugees with water queuing time less than ten minutes

**97.7**

Percentage of refugee families with animals of their own

**32.4**

