

**1,776,023 individuals reached with community mobilization, awareness or information campaigns across the region**

### HIGHLIGHTS:

In Lebanon, the number of individuals who received individual legal counselling on obtaining legal stay Documentation is 15,063 out of a target of 30,000. Documents required to obtain legal residency (for UNHCR-registered refugees) include: certified copies of a lease agreement or real-estate deed; certified attestation from a mukhtar (village leader) that the landlord owns the property; notarized pledge not to work; and proof of financial means or support received.

In Jordan, the mental health Psychosocial Support (MHPSS) Sub-Working Group developed an advocacy paper presenting the global standards upon which its work is based, and providing guiding criteria for designing and implementing MHPSS projects and activities. It also explains the importance of psychosocial support (PSS), levels of interventions, and how to specifically describe PSS projects when applying for any intervention. The paper is expected to be finalised and shared by the end of December.

In Iraq, 3,804 Syrians arrived in the Kurdistan Region of Iraq (KR-I) through Peshkhabour border crossing in November. Out of these 1,130 individuals were admitted on 15 days entry visa mainly for medical and visitation reasons while 2,674 individuals were readmitted after they were previously allowed to temporarily return to Syria by the KR-I authorities. No one was admitted as an asylum seeker on arrival.

In Egypt, In November 2016, UNHCR continued to provide counselling on legal and administrative issues for Syrian refugees. As a result, 26 cases were referred to UNHCR's legal partner for legal assistance. Throughout the reporting period the legal assistance continued to be extended for a variety of reasons. Nevertheless civil registration was the main reason for referrals, including marriage and birth registration to acquisition of Egyptian nationality.

### NEEDS ANALYSIS:

With the crisis in the region showing no signs of abatement, the depletion of family savings and the difficulty to find gainful employment is increasing the socio-economic vulnerability among refugees in the region.

With over 4.8 million Syrian refugees already hosted in the region, ensuring continued access to safety and non-refoulement continues to be a regional challenge. Borders remain managed, limiting the ability of many to seek the international protection they need. In 2016, continued armed conflict in Syria contributed to further displacement within the country, leaving some civilian populations trapped and unable to move freely or to access safety outside the country.

As community-based activities aimed at mitigating rights violations and empowering refugees is paramount for short term solutions, information sessions and legal aid becomes critical. Underfunding reduces humanitarian actors' ability to provide counselling and support community-owned initiatives.

Additional opportunities for resettlement and other forms of admission, including humanitarian visas, academic scholarships, and labour mobility schemes, are also needed.

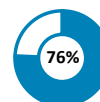


Young refugees are supporting their family business, Kawergosk camp. O Zhdanov

#### Sector Response Summary:



**6,435,500 Refugees & Local Community Members targeted for assistance by end of 2016**  
**4,872,700 assisted in 2016**



#### Syrian Refugees in the Region:



**4,740,000 Syrian Refugees expected by end-2016**  
**4,807,700 currently registered**



#### 3RP Overall Funding Status:



**USD 4.54 billion required in 2016**  
**USD 2.54 billion received in 2016**



### REGIONAL RESPONSE INDICATORS: JANUARY - NOVEMBER 2016

	Progress	Planned Response, by end-2016
91% Syrian refugees (above 7 years old) with updated registration records including iris scan enrolment	91%	100%
71,751 Syrian refugees submitted for resettlement or humanitarian admission	104%	69,142
43,355 girls and boys received specialist child protection support	102%	42,592
692,955 girls and boys participated in structured, sustained child protection or psychosocial support programmes	108%	643,963
176,533 WGBM who are survivors or at risk of SGBV received multi-sectoral services	44%	396,958
529,911 WGBM who have knowledge of, access to, and benefited from empowerment opportunities	127%	418,583
1,766,023 individuals reached with community mobilization, awareness or information campaigns	38%	4,682,455
24,669 individuals trained on child protection & SGBV	85%	29,159

These dashboards reflect the achievements of the more than 200 partners, including governments, UN Agencies, and NGOs, involved in the 3RP response in Egypt, Iraq, Jordan, Lebanon and Turkey. Progress and targets may change in line with data revisions. All data on this Dashboard is current as at 30 November 2016.