



Providing life-saving assistance at the berm

46,528	41,587	4,941	6,441	1,358	66%
Estimated number of Syrians assisted at the berm in January 2017	Estimated number of Syrians assisted at Rukban	Estimated number of Syrians assisted at Hadalat	Estimated number of shelters in Rukban	Estimated number of shelters in Hadalat	of the assisted population are women and children

The figures in this report estimating the number of individuals receiving assistance should not be interpreted as population figures. While every effort was made to ensure the accuracy of the enrolment exercise, challenges regarding the inconsistency of data were encountered throughout the process.

Situation Overview

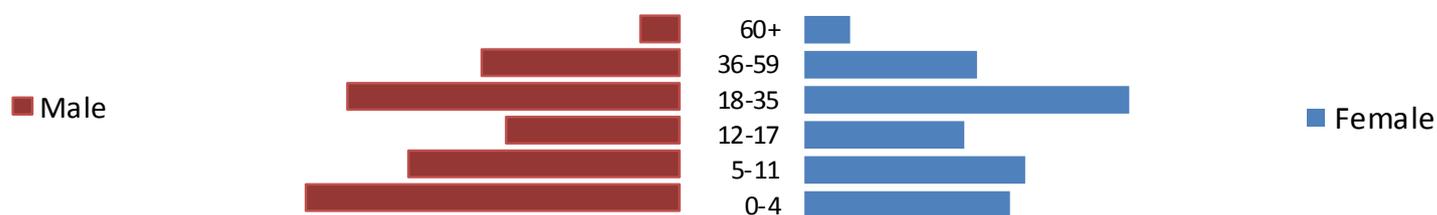
- A second round of humanitarian aid distributions is expected to start on 12 February.
- 382 patients have been received and treated at the new UN clinic in Rukban since 15 December with 32 referred onwards to hospitals in Jordan for further treatment.
- A satellite image captured of Hadalat on 24 January shows a 13 per cent increase in shelters since November 2016 – the first such increase since July 2016. Latest imagery analysis from Rukban is pending.

Demographics

Figures for the distributions at Hadalat at 14 January 2016

Case Status	Total Cases	Total Individuals	Average Family Size
Active Cases	1,113	5,032	4.52

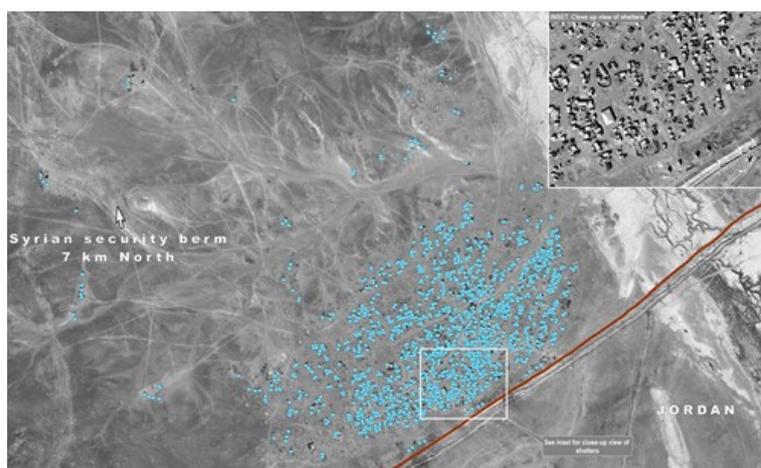
Gender	0-4	5-11	12-17	18-35	36-59	60+	Total	%
Female	464	495	358	729	387	100	2,533	50.34%
Male	519	531	339	649	385	76	2,499	49.66%
Total	731	1,026	697	1,378	772	176	5,032	
	14.53%	20.39%	13.85%	27.38%	15.34%	3.50%		



Satellite imagery (right) captured on 24 January 2016 of shelters in Hadalat. ©UNITAR-UNOSAT

Figures in the demographics section above show the distribution enrolment numbers at Hadalat between 22 November and 14 January.

It is important to note that these figures are lower than the number of people who received assistance due to incomplete information preventing the computerized consolidation of data from 604 forms. These will be cross-checked during the second round of distributions.



Operational developments

Distribution of Food and Non-Food Items

- The second cycle is anticipated to start on 12 February and will include food, hygiene kits, children's clothing, baby kits, insulation kits, solar lamps, jerry cans, and sleeping mats. The most important difference during the second round will be that distributions will be based on household size. Litigation tables will be available to assist individuals who have not received aid, lost their ration cards, or need assistance with enrollment, to ensure all receive assistance.
- A total of 5,482 children under 16 have received kits of winter clothes by UNICEF. Children's kits, including warm winter clothes, ready-to-use supplementary food, diapers, and petroleum jelly are currently being packaged for the upcoming second distribution.
- At the request of the Border Guards (BGF), IOM has installed thermal and regular surveillance cameras in close proximity to the service centre to monitor the distribution site. The surveillance system will be operational imminently.

Health and Nutrition

- To date 382 cases have been received and treated at the UN clinic. Continued advocacy by UNHCR has led to an increase in the referral of cases (32) from Rukban and Hadalat to Ruwayshed Hospital, including onward referral to other hospitals. The opening of the clinic at the service area in Rukban took place on 15 December 2016 with partners including UNHCR/JHAS, UNFPA/JHAS, UNICEF/ ESARSV, along with ambulance support from RMS.
- By the end of February, UNFPA will add a mobile maternity unit (a 40 ft container with two tents) which will serve as a fully equipped operations theatre for the provision of cesarean sections and comprehensive emergency obstetric care services for cases.
- 85 children and 30 pregnant or lactating women have been screened for malnutrition at the clinic. Of these, 3 children with moderate acute malnutrition (MAM) and 14 with severe acute malnutrition (SAM) have been identified, and are under treatment and follow-up.
- 51 mothers/care-givers have received counselling on best practices in infant and young child feeding (IYCF) at the clinic. Children visiting the clinic are also provided with newborn, hygiene and winter clothing kits.
- Based on the increase in diarrhoea cases received in the clinic in Rukban, UNICEF is working to restart community-level hygiene promotion and sanitation services in the berm.
- WHO is working with MOH, RMS and implementing partners at disease surveillance and outbreak preparedness and response activities, including procurement and prepositioning of supplies for diarrhoea cases and establishment and training of Rapid Response Team.

Protection

- Meetings with community leaders took place at Hadalat and Rukban at the end of January as part of efforts to ensure greater understanding of the needs of the population at the berm, improve access to the most vulnerable populations, and to hear feedback on past distributions and suggestions for future ones.
- Advocacy continues on implementing the movement plan for the 355 individuals at Ruwayshed Transit Centre (RTC).
- Training on international refugee law, admission processes for asylum seekers and international standards in treating asylum seekers was conducted in Ruwayshed by UNHCR legal experts on 25 and 26 January for 49 officials from the Jordanian Armed Forces (JAF) and BGF working at Rukban and Hadalat.
- Training on Do No Harm and Code of Conduct principles were conducted by UNHCR legal and health experts on 18 and 19 January for 18 workers from Jordan Health Aid Society (JHAS), NGO staff working at the Rukban clinic.
- 16 facilitators/volunteers at RTC continue to provide informal learning and psychosocial support services to over 160 children. UNICEF has met with, and distributed small amounts of basic learning materials to Syrian volunteer teachers in Rukban.

WASH

- UNICEF continues to provide an average of 10 litres per person per day (L/p/d) of safe water is provided in Rukban (based on distribution figures) and 28.8 L/p/d in Hadalat.
- Construction of water infrastructure continues on schedule. The borehole in Rukban has been drilled, and has a yield of 70m³/hour. Water quality tests are ongoing. Once completed, the borehole will be equipped with a treatment unit and connected through a 13 km pipeline from the service centre, and connected to water points in the berm. The new water network is progressing well, with eight 95m³ water storage tanks (T95s) completed, 4 km of trench dug, and 4,500 m of water pipeline installed.
- Engineering work was completed for the rehabilitation of the borehole in Hadalat. A Reverse Osmosis treatment unit is being assembled in Amman to be installed by March, at which point water will be tankered to Hadalat and act as a contingency supply for Rukban.
- During the first distribution phase, from 22 November to 14 January, 15,500 hygiene kits were delivered along with food and other NFIs to households in Rukban and Hadalat. A further 17,000 kits are currently being prepared for the upcoming distribution.
- UNICEF partner Action Contre la Faim has rehabilitated WASH infrastructure at two schools in Ruwayshed town benefitting 750 students. The Water Treatment Plant in Ruwayshed has also been rehabilitated, and provided new filters for the RO unit and new generators.

Operations plan

Assistance from UN agencies	Type and quantity of assistance	Agencies
Food 	17,000 households will receive a 2,100 kcal food ration per person including 5kg rice, 2kg lentils, 4kg wheat flour, 2kg bulgur wheat, 2kg chickpeas, 0.5kg sugar, 1.2kg vegetable oil and 0.3kg salt.	International Organization for Migration (IOM), World Food Programme (WFP)
Water 	Continued water trucking to the berm from Ruwayshed; improvement of water supply in the area with the renovation of a borehole in Hadalat and drilling a new one at Rukban; water storage of up to 800 m ³ , and the distribution of hygiene kits.	United Nations Children’s Fund (UNICEF)
Health 	Medical consultations for acute and chronic diseases (UNHCR); provision of essential medicines, including non-communicable diseases such as hypertension, diabetes, bronchial asthma and cardiovascular (UNHCR); basic and emergency reproductive health services, including caesarean section (UNFPA); provision of primary health care, vaccinations for children, integrated Infant and Young Child Feeding (IYCF), nutrition, new born services and maternal health care (UNICEF).	IOM, United Nations Population Fund (UNFPA), Office of the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees (UNHCR), UNICEF and World Health Organization (WHO). Supporting partners include the Economic and Social Association of Retired Servicemen and Veterans (ESARVS), and Jordan Health Aid Society (JHAS).
Protection 	Network of community representatives identifying the most vulnerable for access to assistance and documentation (births, deaths).	UNHCR, UNICEF
Shelter/NFIs  NFI	Hygiene kits, blankets, plastic sheets, solar lanterns insulation kits, jerry cans, winter clothes, oral rehydration salts, diapers and other items as required.	IOM, UNFPA, UNHCR, UNICEF,

Contacts

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