

SOUTH SUDAN

October 2017

11,055

Refugees and IDPs received non-food items assistance from UNHCR across South Sudan in October 2017.

4,350

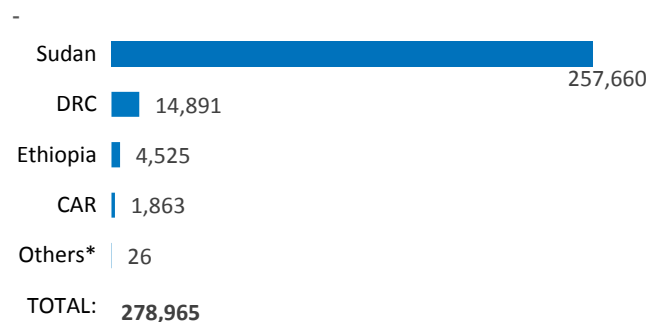
Tree seedlings planted across South Sudan in October.

3,308

Refugee children attended child friendly space and community centres in October 2017.

POPULATION OF CONCERN

Countries of Origin

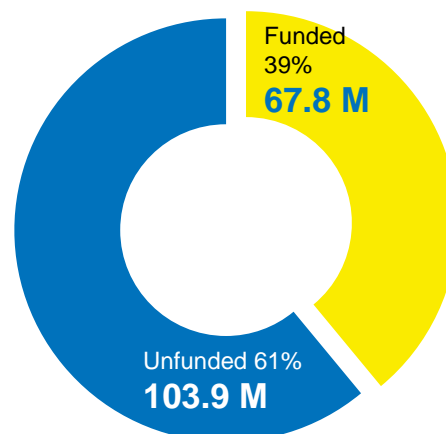


* Refers to refugees from Uganda, Somalia, Eritrea, Syria, Burundi and Egypt

FUNDING AS OF 27 OCTOBER

USD 172 M

requested for the situation



UNHCR PRESENCE

Staff

448 national and international staff

Offices

- 1** Branch Office in Juba
- 2** Sub Offices in Jamjang and Bunj
- 7** Field Offices in Yambio, Yei, Bor, Rumbek, Kwajok, Malakal, Bentiu
- 3** Field Units in Wau and Yida



Farming yields display by Host community and refugee farmers during joint agriculture trade fairs held in Yusuf Batil refugee camp. UNHCR/Eujin Byun/

Working with Partners

- UNHCR works closely with the Government of South Sudan to deliver assistance and protection services to refugees and internally displaced persons (IDPs).
- In the **refugee response**, the main government counterparts are the Ministry of Interior and Wildlife Conservation, and the Commission for Refugee Affairs (CRA). Implementing partners in 2017 are the following: Action Africa Help International (AAHI), Africa Humanitarian Action (AHA), ACROSS, ACTED, CARE International, Danish Refugee Council (DRC), Humanitarian Development Consortium (HDC), International Medical Corps (IMC), International Rescue Committee (IRC), Lutheran World Federation (LWF), Relief International (RI), Samaritan's Pursue (SP), Save the Children International (SCI), UMCOR (United Methodist Committee on Relief), UNV and World Vision International (WVI).
- In the **IDP response**, the main government counterpart is the Relief and Rehabilitation Commission (RRC). Implementing partners in 2017 are: ADRA, UMCOR, Danish Refugee Council, Handicap International, Humanitarian Development Consortium, INTERSOS, International Rescue Committee, Nile Hope, UNV, Women Aid Vision and Women Development Group. Within the IDP response cluster system, UNHCR in South Sudan is Lead of the Protection Cluster (with NRC co-leading), Co-Lead of the CCCM Cluster along with IOM and ACTED, and undertakes enhanced participation in the IOM-led Shelter/NFI Cluster.
- On **prevention of statelessness**, UNHCR's main counterpart is the Directorate of Nationality, Passports and Immigration (DNPI).
- UNHCR maintains an **operational partnership** with CAFOD, Caritas, CMMB, Food Agriculture Organization (FAO), ICRC, Jesuit Refugee Service (JSR), Médecins Sans Frontières (France, Belgium), Medair, Mentor Initiative, OXFAM, UNAIDS, UNOCHA, UN-Habitat, UNDP, UNFPA, UNICEF, UNIDO, UNMAS, UNMISS, World Food Programme (WFP), World Health Organization (WHO), Women for Women International and UN Women.

Main Activities – Refugee Programme

Protection

- As of 31 October 2017, the refugee population in South Sudan stood at 278,965 individuals, consisting of 65,199 households spread in 21 different locations across South Sudan. In June South Sudan received 1,315 new arrivals mainly from Sudan's South Kordofan and registered 189 newborns. Women and children represent 82% of the total refugee population in South Sudan. The Sudanese refugee population remains the largest - 257,660 individuals (92%) followed by Democratic Republic of Congo - 14,891 individuals (5%), Ethiopia - 4,525 individuals (2%) and Central African Republic - 1,863 (1%). The majority (90%) of these refugees are hosted in South Sudan's Upper Nile and Unity regions. Over 1.88 million people are internally displaced in South Sudan. Furthermore, the country hosts 1,758 asylum seekers. The overall refugee population has gone down by 0.06% compared to September figure of 279,160, following the inactivation of refugees who were absent during the recently concluded verification exercise in Urban Juba.

Central Equatoria

- In Juba, UNHCR reinvigorated the process of accession of South Sudan to the 1951 Refugee Convention and its 1967 Protocol. During the roundtable attended by 30 members of the South Sudan Transition National Legislative Assembly (TNLA), the Minister of Humanitarian Affairs and Disaster Management Hon Hussein Mar Nyuot urged parliamentarians to accelerate the ratification of this key international document.
- In Juba, UNHCR held a briefing with the newly appointed Chairperson of the Refugee Eligibility Committee, an inter-ministerial committee established by the Refugee Act to consider and deal with applications for refugee status and advise the minister on matters relating to refugee status. The Chairperson then travelled to the International Institute of Humanitarian Law in Italy to undertake the Refugee Law Course.
- In Yei, UNHCR in coordination with its partner UMCOR and CRA trained 45 refugee leaders (20 Congolese and 25 Nuba) including youth, men and women on Conflict Resolution and Management, Leadership and Communication. The training identified poverty as a major cause of conflict in the community, coupled with poor leadership, tribalism, insecurity and alcoholism. Also, UNHCR conducted a two-day training for 35 refugees on dry season vegetable production techniques.
- In Yei, UNHCR partner ACROSS distributed Digital Audio Players (DAPs) with pre-recorded messages on Reproductive Health and Family Planning to community health workers in refugee locations in Lasu. Since this activity was rolled out in June, 18 awareness sessions have been conducted using DAPs, reaching approximately 3,000 refugees in Lasu and the other four locations.
- In Juba, 17 inactive refugees were re-activated after a joint UNHCR- Commission for Refugee Affairs (CRA) protection screening. Also, UNHCR registered 71 newly arrived refugees, including 11 new-borns and 48 asylum-seekers, bringing the total number of persons of concern who were registered and issued UNHCR/CRA registration documents (Refugees ID card, asylum certificates) to 130 during the reporting period.
- In Juba, UNHCR registered 35 (22 M, 13 F) asylum-seekers including 33 from Eritrea and two from Ethiopia. Also, UNHCR registered 28 news arrivals, including three new-borns from Sudan.

Unity

- In Yida, UNHCR registered 1,223 new arrivals. Cumulatively, 11,017 new arrivals have been registered since the beginning of 2017 against 9,583 in 2016 due to increased number of children leaving their parents in South Kordofan to pursue education opportunities in refugee camps.
- In October, UNHCR relocated 1,310 refugees to Ajuong Thok and Pamir refugee camps. Cumulatively, 12,821 refugees have been relocated to these two camps since the beginning of the year, including 1,824 refugees who were previously settled in Yida. The Pamir refugee camp population stands at 16,893 individuals, while the Ajuong Thok's is 37,697 individuals. As of October 31 2017 there were 54,928 refugees still remaining in Yida refugee settlement.
- In Ajuong Thok, 33 men graduated from the Engaging Men through Accountable Practices 4-month training. The participants committed to sensitise communities on violence against women and the role men can play to minimise such abuse.
- Eight new SGBV cases (6 in Ajuong Thok and 2 in Pamir), involving emotional abuse (4), physical assault (2), denial of resources (1) and rape (1) were provided with appropriate assistance, including medical and psychosocial support.
- In Pamir, UNHCR trained 31 Youth Peer Educators to carry out awareness on SGBV through peer to peer sessions.
- UNHCR conducted Child Protection training including the specific topic on child protection case management to 60 staff from Lutheran World Federation (LWF) and UNHCR staff.
- In Ajuong Thok, LWF provided clothes, petroleum jelly and blankets to 179 separated children. While 44 Best Interest Assessments were conducted for 24 boys and 20 girls.
- In Ajuong Thok, 1,025 children (321 girls and 704 boys) attended and participated in games and other activities in 13 child-friendly spaces in the camp.
- In Yida refugee settlement, UNHCR and Commission for Refugee Affairs (CRA) held a town hall meeting with 130 refugee leaders. UNHCR and CRA encouraged leaders to provide a concrete schedule to relocate to camps in Jamjang.
- In Pamir refugee camp, UNHCR trained 35 members (17 girls, 18 boys) of child parliament club on their roles and responsibilities, debate structuring, identification and referrals of protection risks to partners as part of strengthening child protection community structures.

Upper Nile

- Across Maban camps, as part of the ongoing verification and issuance of identity cards to refugees, 7,633 refugees in 1,622 households have been verified and 2,406 issued biometric ID cards. The ID cards will facilitate easy identification of refugees as well as their access to services.
- In Maban camps, UNHCR registered 206 new arrivals (70 households) mainly women and children from SPLA-North liberated areas of Sudan's Blue Nile State. Refugees have been internally displaced in the region since May 2017. Upon arrival, they underwent medical screening and were provided with aid items, including blankets, mats, jerry cans and mosquito nets.
- In Doro refugee camp, UNHCR and partners Danish Refugee Council (DRC) and Save the Children International (SCI) identified and screened 17 Persons with Specific Needs (PSNs), including 12 children at-risk and 5 elderly persons among the group of new arrivals to be prioritised during aid delivery.
- In Yusuf Batil and Doro refugee camps, UNHCR and DRC conducted a two-day refresher training for 67 focal points and advocates on SGBV basic concepts. The training was meant to build their knowledge on Prevention and Response in the camps as well as to strengthen their advocacy skills supporting the community to address violence against women and girls.
- Across Maban camps, the average number of children who attended Child Community Centre (CCC) stands at 2,283 (1,288 boys, 995 girls). UNHCR partner Lutheran World Federation (LWF) equipped the centre with recreational materials such as hula hoops, volleyballs and volleyball nets, skipping ropes, drawing books, crayon, and playing cards.
- In Doro and Kaya refugee camps, UNHCR and its partners Lutheran World Federation (LWF) and Save the Children International (SCI) conducted an innovation training for 58 children, applying one of the innovative approaches (design thinking/human-centered design) to children's project design/development. During the training, children and youth learned how to translate their ideas into tangible products and services and design and develop projects that tackle their problems in the community.

Western Equatoria

- In October, UNHCR in collaboration with CRA renewed 1,060 ID cards for refugees including 923 in Makpandu refugee settlement and 135 in Tombura County.

Education

Unity

- In Ajuong Thok refugee camp, UNHCR extended electricity supply to Soba Secondary School and Napata Primary School to operationalize the Instant Networking of Schools (INS) kit and enable to project the lesson through a projector.

Upper Nile

- In Yusuf Batil, Gendrassa and Kaya refugee camps, UNHCR partner Lutheran World Federation (LWF) distributed 158 desks, 971 school uniforms and 64 balls for football/volleyball. The assistance provided aimed at improving learning environment and attendance of students.
- In Maban, UNHCR and its partners LWF and Save the Children International (SCI) submitted names of 779 students, including 720 refugees and 59 host community members, for South Sudan Primary Leaving Examinations. This will promote uniformity in Government-provided education in both host and refugee community.

Western Equatoria

- In Makpandu refugee settlement, 24 female students of reproductive age received a cash transfer of 250,000 SSP each to improve their coping mechanisms.
- In Yambio, UNHCR in collaboration with the State Ministry of Education, Gender, Child and Social Welfare enrolled 15 refugees and 5 host community youth members in a six-month vocational training in tailoring, masonry, carpentry, driving, plumbing and mechanic.
- In Makpandu, WVI distributed 2,324 sanitary kits to 116 girls of reproductive age in primary and secondary schools.

Health

Upper Nile

- In Maban, UNHCR procured New-born Care items including drugs/medicines and medical equipment for Maban hospital, Kaya and Gendrassa Public Health Care Centres (PHCC) as well as medical kits for community health workers.

Western Equatoria

- In Yambio, UNHCR in collaboration with CARE International conducted a training for 34 participants of partner organizations on clinical management of rape. Participants were drawn from various humanitarian organizations, including World Vision International (WVI), Government Health Facilities, Yambio Prison, World Health Organization (WHO), United Nations Population Fund (UNFPA) and UNHCR).

Food Security and Nutrition

Achievements and Impact

- In October, UNHCR, World Food Programme (WFP), and partners conducted nutrition surveys in refugee camps. The surveys have been completed in Gorom and Doro refugee camps and were under way in Yusuf Batil, Gendrassa, Kaya and Makpandu. The survey focused on anthropometric features (weight, height, mass mid-upper arm circumference-MUAC), nutritional oedema, health indicators, anaemia testing, infant and young child feeding practices and food security, targeting children aged 6-59 months and non-pregnant women of reproductive age.

Upper Nile

- In Maban refugee camps, UNHCR, World Food Programme (WFP), Danish Refugee Council (DRC), ACTED and Samaritan's Purse (SP) distributed food supplies to 139,405 refugees. The 70% food basket included cereals, pulses, and vegetable cooking oil
- In Maban camps, UNHCR and partners Medair, International Medical Corps (IMC), Relief International (RI) and SP together with WFP concluded the 2017 Standardized Expanded Nutrition Survey (SENS). The survey will help in evaluating the impact of the nutrition interventions in place, their effectiveness and guide the planning in 2018.

Unity

- General Food Distribution (GFD) for October was conducted by WFP partner SP. A total of 46,519 refugees were provided with food assistance in Ajuong Thok and 54,055 in Pamir on 15-20 October 2017.

Western Equatoria

- In Makpandu refugee settlement, UNHCR partner World Vision International (WVI) distributed WFP-provided food to 3,480 refugees. Food items included 36.54 MT of cereal, 3.654MT of beans and 2.19 MT of vegetable oil.

Water and Sanitation

Unity

- In Ajuong Thok, water supply coverage stood at 18.78 litres per person per day, while in Pamir camp – 18.78 litres per person per day. Crude latrine coverage stood at 7 in Ajuong Thok and 8 in Pamir.
- UNHCR partner Samaritan's Purse constructed 47 family and nine communal latrines in Ajuong Thok and 48 family and three communal latrines in Pamir. Pamir has now 1,493, while Ajuong Thok 4,551 family latrines.
- As part of the pilot project, UNHCR fabricated 58 slabs in Ajuong Thok and 25 slabs in Pamir.

Upper Nile

- In Maban camps, the average water supply stood at 17 litres per person per day. The low levels of water supply (3 litres below the UNHCR minimum standard) is due to the positive impact of rains on water supply during the rainy season.

Shelter and NFIs

Western Equatoria

- In Makpandu refugee settlement, UNHCR distributed pieces of laundry soap to 3,480 refugees to improve their hygiene.

Upper Nile

- In Yusuf Batil and Doro refugee camps, the construction of 50 mudbrick transitional shelters for persons with special needs (PSNs) is under way. To date, 27 transitional shelters have been completed which represents 54% of the year target.
- In Gendrassa, Yusuf Batil and Doro, the construction of 1,050 mud daub wall transitional shelters is under way. To date, 840 transitional shelters have been roofed with corrugated iron sheets, representing 80% of the year target.

- In Kaya refugee camp, the upgrade of 325 transitional shelters is under way. To date, 241 transitional shelters have been roofed with corrugated iron sheets, representing 65% of the year target.
- In Gendrassa and Kaya camps, the major upgrade of 30 classrooms is under way. To date, 16 out of 30 classrooms have been completed, providing a conducive learning environment for more than 2,720 schoolchildren.

Camp Coordination and Camp Management

Upper Nile

- In Maban, UNHCR and Danish Refugee Council (DRC) conducted a refresher training for 25 participants (14 men, 11 women) on roles and responsibilities of outreach workers to improve coordination and community mobilization.
- In Doro, DRC provided mobile phones to 15 members of the Outreach Workers and 5 Community Watch Groups to facilitate feedback mechanism and support the Watch Group in the community-based approach to safeguarding facilities.
- In Maban, DRC conducted training for 32 (11 F, 21 M) members of the Outreach Workers that focused on key camp management techniques for improved mobilization, recording of complaints, follow-ups, feedback and coordination of service provision.

Access to Energy

Upper Nile

- In Maban, UNHCR partner Relief International (RI) distributed 1,400 tree seedlings to 158 households. Also, RI distributed 700 seedlings to Maban Primary School as part of tree planting effort.

Community Empowerment and Self-Reliance

Central Equatoria

- In Yei, UNHCR facilitated 52 trainees including 35 refugees and 17 host community members on tree nursery establishment and management.
- In Yei, UNHCR in coordination with its partner UMCOR and Commission for Refugee Affairs (CRA) trained 82 (35 refugees, 28 host community members, 19 IDPs) on dry season vegetable production.

Upper Nile

- In Yusuf Batil, Kaya and Doro refugee camps, UNHCR and partners Relief International (RI) and ACTED facilitated climate-smart nutrition-focused permagardening training for 190 refugees (119 female and 71 male). As a result, five permagardens were established and persons of concern provided with assorted tools comprising hoes, spade and watering can as well as vegetable seeds to enable them establish their gardens. The overall aim of permagardening is to promote year-round vegetable production for nutritionally vulnerable households ensuring increased access to nutrient-dense vegetables for consumption.
- In Kaya and Gendrassa refugee camps, UNHCR and ACTED provided support to 30 SGBV survivors engaged in poultry rearing. All participants were provided with 180-parent stock comprising 60 cocks and 120 hens. Support for poultry rearing is aimed at promoting consumption of protein at the household level and income generation.
- In Yusuf Batil and Doro camps, UNHCR and RI provided technical support to 37 Village Saving Loans Associations. As a result, members were able to save 148,770 South Sudanese Pounds. The Village Saving Loans Associations have increased members' access to financial and social capital for microenterprise creation. Additional training provided to sustain microenterprises established included: marketing, gender in entrepreneurship, financial literacy and financial record keeping.
- In Yusuf Batil refugee camp, UNHCR and partner RI in collaboration with LWF organized a week-long Inter-School Environment Sports Competition and tree planting campaign in eight primary schools. During the campaign, 2,250 tree seedlings were planted. 401 students including 80 community youth group members participated in the tree planting campaign and sports competition.
- In Yusuf Batil and Gendrassa refugee camps, UNHCR and partners RI, ACTED, DRC, SCI, SP and Humanitarian Development Consortium (HDC) facilitated host community and refugee farmers participation in joint agriculture trade fairs. At the event, 151 farmers exhibited agricultural produce including staple crops, assorted vegetables, poultry and handicraft items. The event promoted access to the market as well as increased cash income for both refugee and host communities while creating awareness on agricultural livelihood interventions. Refugee and host community participants raised 135,750 South Sudanese Pounds from sales of agricultural commodities during the events.
- In Maban, UNHCR partner ACTED trained 50 members (21 F, 29 M) of livelihood sectorial committee on basic agriculture, principles of agriculture extension and community dynamics. The training sought to strengthen existing camp structures to ensure sustainability of livelihood interventions implemented in the camps.
- In Maban, UNHCR and partners, Relief International and ACTED, facilitated a three-day perma-gardening training for 82 persons of concern. As a result, 14 perma-gardens were established to promote year-round vegetable production at the household level.
- In Yusuf Batil refugee camp, ACTED distributed 100 beehives to the host community to support livelihood diversification through beekeeping activities.

Western Equatoria

- In Makpandu refugee settlement, 150 agricultural plots have been allocated to refugees and host community. UNHCR will allocate more resources for provision of additional 300 plots in the remaining of 2017 and in 2018 to assist farmers to achieve self-reliance.

Unity

- In Ajoung Thok, UNHCR partner Danish Refugee Council (DRC) carried out community awareness campaign on environment protection through Jamjang FM radio.
- In Yida refugee settlement, DRC expanded the Yida Orchard from 3.3 feddans to 6.7 feddans (1 feddan=70m by 60m), which will enable to plant a wider variety of fruit trees and establish an agro-forestry demo corner.

Main Activities – IDP Programme

COORDINATION

Achievements and Impact

Upper Nile

- In Maban, UNHCR in partnership with HDC, DRC and UNMISS Civil Affairs Department facilitated a three-day workshop under the theme of “enhancing the abilities of community and traditional leaders in conflict mitigation and management and social cohesion”. The workshop was attended by 50 participants: refugees, IDPs and host community, including 11 women. This training is organized to build capacity of the community leaders to identify and resolve communal conflicts at early stages.

OPERATIONS

Achievements and Impact

Central Equatoria

- In Yei, UNHCR and its partner UMCOR conducted a four-day training for 92 participants (46 IDP and 46 host community leaders) on Leadership, Communication, Conflict Resolution and Management. The issues identified during the training included tribalism, poor leadership, violation of human rights, jealousy, alcoholism, hunger, lack of access to livelihoods and insecurity as a cause of conflict in the community.
- In Yei, UNHCR conducted a two-day SGBV training for 47 Chiefs (Paramount Chief, Head Chiefs, Headmen) as part of a strategy to create awareness on SGBV, response mechanisms in place and the need for the Chiefs to play frontline roles in eliminating stigmatization of rape survivors.
- In Yei, UNHCR provided fencing materials including poles, nails and chain link to help IDPs relocated from UNMISS site to fence the area to enhance physical safety.
- In Juba, UNHCR Community Outreach Team supported 55 individuals with specific needs (PSNs) including elderly, physically disabled and others with serious medical conditions during the general food distribution in Protection of Civilians (POC) 3 site.
- In Juba, UNHCR verified over 350 individuals with specific needs in 20 out of 55 blocks in POC 3 site. Their vulnerabilities range from physical disabilities, serious medical conditions, separated/unaccompanied minors, elderly with no support, women at risk, etc.
- In Yei, UNHCR and its partner UMCOR conducted a one-day training for 32 (13F and 19M) Community-Based Sexual and Gender-Based Violence (SGBV) committees on SGBV and basic counselling principles. The training focused on SGBV concepts as a human rights violation, causes, risk factors and negative consequences as well as discussions on referral pathway.
- In Yei, UNHCR partner UMCOR trained 50 foster caregivers (31F 19M) on good parenting skills, ways of fostering good relationship with neglected children, confidentiality and anti-discriminatory practices.

Unity

- In Bentiu, the demarcation of additional land consisting of 340 plots is ongoing through the Ministry of Physical infrastructure and Bentiu Town Mayor’s Office. So far, 172 plots were surveyed and are ready to be allocated to the most vulnerable IDP households living in collective centres.

Upper Nile

- During the General Food Distribution for IDPs in Malakal, UNHCR and HDC and DRC prioritized 1,275 PSNs (929 female, 346 male).
- In Maban, UNHCR and Protection Cluster partners launched a new awareness-raising campaign. This included the joint development of common messaging about how what and why to report cases of harassment.
- In Maban, in various IDP sites, UNHCR and HDC conducted community-based protection training on general protection, SGBV, child protection and peaceful coexistence for 90 members of the community-based protection networks.
- In Makak Payam, Nasir County, UNHCR and its partner ADRA conducted training for 20 persons on SGBV prevention and response.
- In Melut, UNHCR concluded the Comprehensive Household Survey for IDPs inside the POC and New Palouge Primary School Site to ascertain actual return/relocation intentions and intended places of return of the IDP population residing in these locations. This will facilitate planning and preparation to support the possible relocations or return of the IDPs, with the overall aim of phasing out of the POC. Preliminary reports indicated that in the Melut POC, the majority of families had expressed willingness to return to their places of origin.
- In Maban, UNHCR and Humanitarian Development Consortium (HDC) in coordination with UNMISS Civil Affairs from Malakal conducted a joint training for 60 National Police Officers on conflict mitigation, social cohesion and peace building,

covering key thematic areas of community policing, crime investigation, South Sudan Police Act, conflict early warning and response, police as a tool for child protection. Also, 60 young people from the host community and IDPs were trained in conflict management.

- In Maban, UNHCR and HDC enrolled 60 trainees including refugees, host community and IDPs for apprenticeship placements and vocational skills upgrading under the “Peaceful co-existence initiatives.”

Jonglei

- In Akobo, UNHCR partner Nile Hope trained 35 (10 female, 25 male) Community Leaders on Gender Based Violence (GBV), human rights, and the laws of South Sudan related to sexual and gender-based violence.

Shelter and NFIs

Achievements and Impact

Upper Nile

- In Maban, UNHCR and HDC supported the completion of 30 shelters. Cumulatively, 267 shelters have been constructed for IDPs since July 2017.

Central Equatoria

- In Yei, UNHCR and UMCOR identified 350 IDPs and supported them with second-hand clothes.

Jonglei/Lakes

- In Mingkaman, UNHCR distributed sanitary kits to 1,000 women and girls of reproductive age as a result of identification done by UNHCR partner Humanitarian Development Consortium (HDC), South Sudan Women Empowerment Network (SSWEN) and UNHCR. Each sanitary kit contained one bucket, one sanitary cloth, two pieces of soap and two pairs of underwear.

Camp Coordination and Camp Management

Jonglei

- In Bor, UNHCR facilitated the issuance of Nationality Identification Certificates to 158 IDPs following application and registration process through the Directorate of Nationality Passport and Immigration (DNPI).
- In Bor, UNHCR completed data collection for 48 IDPs who are in need of age assessment certificate. Cumulatively, 313 IDPs have been assisted to obtain these certificates.
- In Bor, UNHCR distributed walking sticks and mobility devices to 19 elderly persons, living in the Protection of Civilian (POC) site.

Community Empowerment and Self-Reliance

Upper Nile

- In Malakal town, UNHCR partner DRC distributed phone airtime to 62 Committee members (4 executives and 58 block representatives). This intervention will enhance timely reporting of protection concerns as well as facilitate the communication with and mobilization of communities.
- In Malakal town, UNHCR and HDC conducted a verification exercise for 100 beneficiaries of livelihood support. This intervention targets youth and women. It is aimed at providing livestock inputs, which include goats and sheep.

Jonglei/Lakes

- In Mingkaman, UNHCR partner HDC supported 40 youth to establish 1 agro-pastoralist field school. Latest production has allowed them to earn 4,700 SSP that will help them meet some of their basic livelihood needs.
- In Twic East and Duk counties, UNHCR partner HDC provided 130 families with goats as part of restoring livelihoods to families who lost everything during the crisis. Cumulatively, 300 families have been provided with 600 goats in Twic East and 150 families with 300 goats in Duk. A total of 450 households have been provided with 900 goats.
- In Bor, UNHCR partner Intersos as part of income-generation and self-reliance project trained 26 women in baking techniques. The training helped women to start selling their products and generate income.
- In Awerial, Duk and Twic East counties, UNHCR partner Humanitarian Development Consortium (HDC) supported 40 youth with the establishment of Agro-Pastoralist School Farms. In the past, school farms demonstrated good production in Mingkaman and owing to them each farm was able to accumulate an income of 3,600 South Sudanese Pounds per month.
- During the reporting period, HDC distributed 40 goats to 20 households in Twic East County and 254 goats to 127 households in Duk with the aim to improve their livelihood.

Central Equatoria

- In Yei, UNHCR and UMCOR trained 57 IDPs and host community members with specific needs on business management skills. The trainees that included SGBV survivors will be supported with starter kits/grants to start and boost their various businesses.
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UNHCR's Main Donors in 2017

Special thanks to the major donors of unrestricted and regional funds in 2017

United States of America (266 M) | Sweden (76 M) | Netherlands (52 M) | Norway (41 M) | Private Donors Spain (41 M) | Japan (25 M) | Denmark (23 M) | Private Donors Republic of Korea (20 M) | Australia (19 M) | Canada (16 M) | Switzerland (15 M) | France (14 M) | Private donors USA (13 M) | Private donors Italy (13 M) | Germany (12 M) | Private donors Japan (10 M) | Italy (10 M)

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