

Ethiopia

September 2018

As of 31 August 2018, Ethiopia hosted **905,831** refugees, **50.2%** of them girls and women. The Majority came from Sudan, South Sudan, Somalia, Eritrea

80,748 female refugees are enrolled in formal education within and outside of the refugee camps in Ethiopia.

There are a total of **35** women and girls centres in five field operations across the country.

HIGHLIGHTS

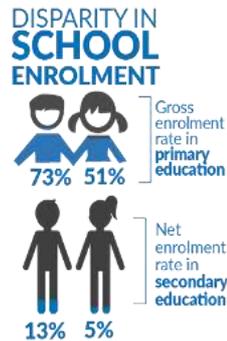
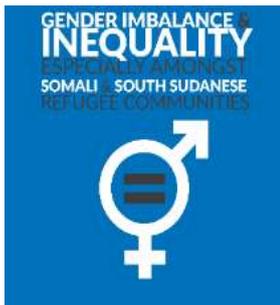
- Community based Complaints Mechanism (CBCM) for Protection from Sexual Exploitation and Abuse (PSEA) is operational in camps under Sub-Offices Melkadida and Gambella. Refresher training in both locations are ongoing to enhance the multiple reporting mechanisms. The same mechanism has been established in Addis Ababa, while work is underway to operationalise CBCMs in the rest of the refugee-hosting locations in Ethiopia.
- Gender-based Violence Information Management system (GBVIMS) is functional in most of the locations in Ethiopia. GBVIMS aims at enhancing data collection, storing and sharing in an ethical manner. As part of the efforts to enhance GBVIMS data analysis, UNHCR is organising a series of webinars to enhance staff capacity.
- SGBV mainstreaming across different sectors is a priority in the Ethiopia refugee operation for which SGBV risk analyses are being conducted to support relevant efforts.
- The National CP/SGBV Sub-Working Group has endorsed the Guidance Note on **Responding to Sexual Violence against Males and Engaging Men and Boys in Preventing Sexual and Gender-Based Violence**. These key interventions aim at raising awareness among different SGBV actors and share tips on how to ensure the inclusion of men and boys in SGBV programmes as survivors of SGBV as well as key actors in preventing and responding to it.
- Refugee communities together with protection actors are working hand in hand to protect children from harmful traditional practices. Anti-FGM groups were established in Melkadida where facilitators were trained on consequences of FGM to support in leading dialogues with the community on FGM.

STRATEGIC PRIORITIES

- *Strengthen capacity of community based structures to prevent and respond to SGBV*
- *Improve engagement of men and boys*
- *Protect children against harmful traditional practices such as FGM and child marriage*
- *Address survival sex as a coping mechanism*

- *Ensure the use of the Gender Based Violence Information Management System by GBV partners*
- *Strengthen Access to Justice*

CHALLENGES



DOMESTIC VIOLENCE AS THE MOST REPORTED



External / Donors Relations

UNHCR is grateful for the direct contributions to the UNHCR Ethiopia Operation from:

USA| CERF| Netherlands| UK (DFID)| Denmark| IKEA Foundation | European Union (ECHO)| Japan| UN Children Fund| Germany| Educate A Child Programme-EAC/EAA| Sweden| Country-Based Pooled Funds| Ireland| "la Caixa" Banking Foundation| Canada |Republic of Korea| Private Don Spain| UN Dept. of Economic and Social Affairs| UN Program on HIV/AIDS

Special thanks to the major donors of unrestricted and regional funds:

Sweden 98.2 M | Private donors Spain 52.8 M| Norway 42.5 M | Netherlands 39.1 M | United Kingdom 31.7 M | Denmark 25.5 M |Private donors Republic of Korea 25.4 M| Switzerland 15.2 M | France 14 M |Germany 13.7 M| Priv Don Italy 13.5 M| Priv Don Japan 13 M| Italy 11.2 M | Priv Don Sweden 10.2 M

CONTACT: RANA MILHELM, PROTECTION & SGBV OFFICER, MILHELM@UNHCR.ORG; +251 11 617 0590 EXT. 2415; +251 91 125 5645