

# BASIC ASSISTANCE WORKING GROUP

21 JAN 2019

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# **AGENDA**

- 1. Sector Updates:
  - a) Targeting Assistance
- 2. Winter Support:
  - a) Winter activities implemented / preparedness
  - b) Storm Response
  - c) Additional cash support in emergencies

# 1) Sector Updates:

# 1) Sector Updates: Targeting Assistance

Reported activities in December 2018 (AI, RAIS)

63,819 vulnerable households received monthly cash transfers / multi-purpose cash

54,159\* SYR HHs (CLMC, ICRC, LRC, RI, Solidar Suisse, UNHCR, WFP)

8,959 PRS HHs (UNRWA, NABAA)

701 Leb HHs (ACTED\*\*,CLMC, LRC)

# USD 11,168,325 injected in the local economy (Dec)

\*drop due to new caseloads being reached based on the new eligibility list; 58,000 cases are booked and expected to be fully reached by January 2019.

<sup>\*\*</sup>new

# 2) Winter Support

# 2.a) Winter Support: Winter Activities / Preparedness

# Reported activities by end December 2018

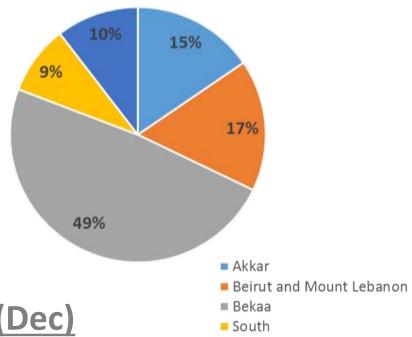
177,447 vulnerable households received winter cash assistance

**167,349**\* SYR HHs → \$75 X 5 = \$375 one-off package

9,358 PRS / PRL HHs  $\rightarrow$  \$75 X 5 = \$375 one-off package

**740** Leb HHs → \$100 (PCPM – North – another transfer to take place)

**21,295**\*\* SYR HHS received a one off \$40/child top up



USD \$68,433,290 injected in the local economy (Dec)

\*\* From within the 167,000 HHs targeted with winter cash – priority given to SV HHs discontinued from cash / food assistance (UNICEF)

<sup>\*</sup> AI / RAIS: reported figure by UNHCR,CLMC, NRC)

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# 2.b) Winter Support: Storm Response Overview

### AFFECTED POPULATION



850

Settlements are at risk of extreme weather<sup>1</sup>



70,000 Refugees at risk



39,900

of them are children

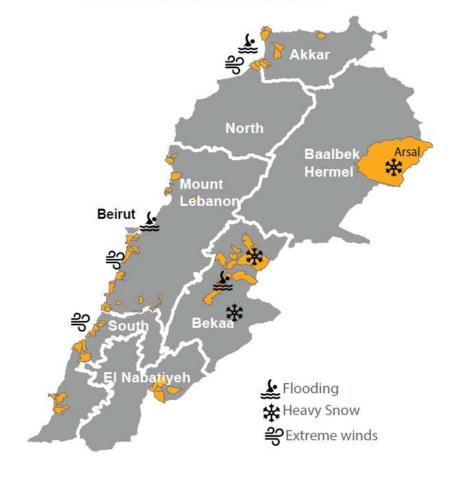


**574** Sites Affected



22,595
People affected

### AREAS MOST AFFECTED



# 2.b) Winter Support: Storm Response Overview

### **Preparedness**

- Emergency SOPs
- Weather forecast/ flood hazard
- Stocks
- IAMP
- Assessment/reporting tools
- Activation of communication tree

### Needs Assessment

- Phone Survey for initial prioritization
- Adapted RNA for multi-sectoral assessment
- Sector assessment as needed

### Response

- Coordination among partners and relevant ministries
- Distribution of CRIs, shelter kits, drainage kits, baby kits, etc. and relocation
- Dewatering and desludging
- Distribution tracking

### **Lessons Learned**

- Identify gaps and issues
- Action planning:
   steps to be taken to
   improve
   preparedness/risk
   mitigation and
   response
- Advocacy

# 2.b) Winter Support: Storm Response Overview

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### Winter Storms Assistance 16-January 2019

19,984

Individuals ((()) assisted

1,307

Weather proofing kits distributed

20,686

**Blankets** distributed

**Families** received E - cash assistance

Sites Water Pumped 169

Baby Kits () distributed

844

Non - Food items distributed

Food Parcels provided



Desludging sites

Families received Hygiene kits



**Fuel Cards** Distributed 3,935



299

Sites assisted



8,229



144





### **Lessons Learned**

- Harmonized IA needs assessments for quick response; use of existing data
- Field working groups to activate communication trees as early as possible and outreach to partners – especially local NGOs;
- to discuss an intersectoral sequenced response plan: wash / shelter  $\rightarrow$  Basic Assistance  $\rightarrow$  etc...
- **Geo-split** is effective
- Additional cash support to mitigate shocks?

# 2.b) Winter Support: Storm Response Overview

In focus — use of existing data:



**INTERACTIVE MAP** 



### Altitude Data

Used GPS location of informal settlements to get the corresponding altitude.

Weather forecast & Satellite Imagery
Used several weather forecasting sites to know

forecasting sites to know what areas will be most affected by snow.



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# 2.b) Winter Support: Storm Response Per Area

### **NORTH**

- Harmonized IA needs assessments RNA
- Geo split
- Assessments by phone made to flood prone sites
- Coordination with the governor's office
- Extreme weather alerts → activation of RNA network

# 2.b) Winter Support: Storm Response Per Area

### **MOUNT LEBANON**

- Coordination with partners and local authorities data and maps shared;
- IS, collective shelters affected and covered;
- Rapid needs assessments:
  - Extreme Weather Phone Questionnaire 2019
  - Extreme Weather Questionnaire 2019

# 2.b) Winter Support: Storm Response Per Area

### **BEKAA**

- Three rounds of rapid phone assessments has been conducted by UNHCR during the two consecutive storms;
- Coordination with implementing agencies WhatsApp groups / communication trees;
- Cash assistance: not to be used in bekaa as a modality for assistance (in emergencies that include floods, snow accumulation, fire...);
- Relocation site assessments done by protection;
- Referrals mechanism Sites that agencies are planning to distribute to are flagged PRIOR to distribution as to avoid duplication in the field – google doc.

# 2.b) Winter Support: Storm Response Per Area

### **SOUTH**

- Localized impact of the storm;
- As the majority of the refugees in the South reside in residential or non-residential buildings
  (around 94% as per the VASyR 2018), the South did not witness the large scale destruction of
  Information Settlements;
- RNA tool used geo split; assessments ongoing;
- Several partners prepositioning materials to be used as needed;

# 2.c) Additional cash support in emergencies

Emergency Cash during storms: how effective according to implementing agencies experience?

- Links with emergency cash managed by the protection sector, does it follow the same SOP?
- Intervention logic?
- What is the assessment tool used?
- Selection criteria? Any targeting applies?
- Assistance package?
- Lessons learned and next steps