



REFUGEE RESPONSE PLAN QUARTERLY MONITORING REPORT

PoCs from South Sudan



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POCS FROM SOUTH SUDAN IN WESTERN ETHIOPIA

- CHAPTER 1-

OPERATIONAL CONTEXT





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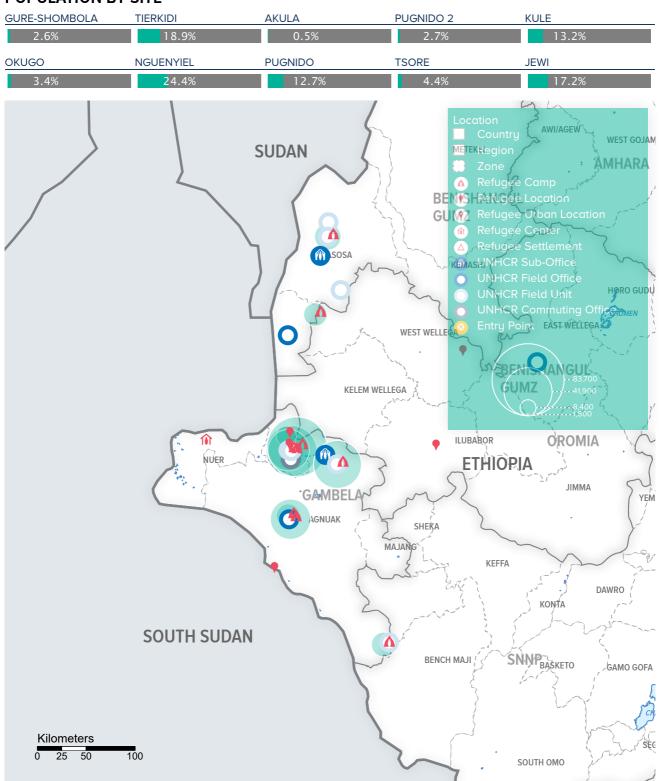








POPULATION BY SITE



TOP NATIONALITIES OF POCS



South Sudanese 334.921 97.66%

Sudanese 7.835 2.28%

AGE GROUPS









ORGANIZATIONS BY SECTOR



LIVELIHOODS

MSA, FC, DAI, CISP, IRC, CWW, DCA, VIS, MCMDO, OXFAM GB, UN-IOM, UN-UNHCR, LWF, NRC, DRC and GN



NCA, IRC, DCA, MF, OXFAM GB, UN-UNICEF, UN-IOM, ARRA, ADRA, NRC,



Organizations

HEALTH

CVT, IMC, IRC, BCSG, RaDO, MF, UN-UNICEF, ARRA, TAAAC, CUAMM, MSF-Holland and RHB



EDUCATION

DRC, WVI and ANE

MFM. PI. UN-UNICEF. UN-UNHCR. ARRA, SCI, DICAC, NRC, DRC and WVI



PROTECTION

RaDO, PI, UN-IOM, UN-UNHCR, HelpAge, SCI, LWF, DRC and HI



Oraanizations

NUTRITION

IMC, CWW, DCA, ACF, UN-UNICEF, ARRA, GOAL and NRC



SGBV

IMC, IRC, OXFAM GB, UN-UNHCR, ARRA, TAAAC, DRC and HI



Organizations

CP

BCSG, UN-UNICEF, PI, UN-UNHCR, SCI, NRC and DRC



ENVIRONMENT

CISP, AICS, ZOA, GIZ and NRDEP



SHELTER

UN-IOM, DRC, NRC and ANE



4 Organizations **ENERGY**

CISP, AICS, GIZ and GAIA



UN-IOM, UN-UNHCR and ARRA



FOOD SECURITY DCA, UN-WFP and ARRA



REGISTRATION UN-UNHCR and ARRA



Organizations

CBP UN-IOM and UN-UNHCR



Organizations

COORDINATION





PARTNERS



ARRA - Administration For Refugee And Returnee Affairs , IRC - The International Rescue Committee , UN-UNHCR - United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees , ANE - Action For The Needy In Ethiopia , BCSG - Bethany Christian Service Global, LLC , CWW - Concern Worldwide , IMC - International Medical Corps , MF - Maternity Foundation , NRC - Norwegian Refugee Council , NRDEP - Natural Resources Development And Environmental Protection , PI - Plan International, RaDO - Rehabilitaion And Development Organization, SCI - Save The Children International, UN-WFP -World Food Program , *DICAC* - Ethiopian Orthodox Church Development And Interchurch Aid Commission Refugee And Returnee Affairs Department , *HelpAge* - HelpAge International , *UN-IOM* - International Organization for Migration , *UN-IOM* -UNICEF - United Nations Children's Fund , GIZ - Deutsche Gesellschaft für Internationale Zusammenarbeit , ZOA - ZOA Relief Hope Recovery, MSA - MarketShare Associate, DAI - DAI Europe, FC - FC (First Consult), DRC - Danish Refugee Council, GOAL - GOAL, ADRA - The Adventist Development and Relief Agency, DCA - Dan Church Aid, MSF-Holland - Médecins Sans Frontières - Holland, OXFAM GB - Oxfam GB, WVI - World Vision, MCMDO - Mothers And Children Multisectoral Development Organization, GAIA - GAIA Association, TAAAC - Toronto Addis Ababa Academic Collaboration, CISP - Comitato Internazionale per lo Sviluppo dei Popoli, AICS - Italian Agency for Development Cooperation, GN - Good Neighbors, NCA - Norwegian Church Aid, LWF - The Lutheran World Federation, ACF - Action Hunger CUAMM Doctors

Africa , CVT - Center for Victims of Trauma , HI - Humanity & Inclusion , VIS - Volontariato Internazionale per lo Sviluppo , MFM - Menschen fur Menschen Ethiopia and RHB - Regional Health Bureau

National NGO | 6 Others | 3 International NGO | 27 Development Organisation 11

UN Agency | 4 Governmental Organization | 4



RRP FUND APPLICANTS



HelpAge - HelpAge International , GOAL - GOAL , UN-UNHCR - United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees, RaDO - Rehabilitaion And Development Organization, DRC - Danish Refugee Council, OXFAM GB - Oxfam GB , ACF - Action against Hunger , IMC - International Medical Corps , UN-UNICEF - United Nations Children's Fund , *LWF* - The Lutheran World Federation , *IRC* - The International Rescue Committee , $\emph{UN-IOM}$ - International Organization for Migration , $\emph{UN-WFP}$ - World Food Program , \emph{NRC} - Norwegian Refugee Council , *CUAMM* - Doctors with Africa , *RTP* - Right to Play , *ZOA* - ZOA Relief Hope Recovery , UN-UNDP - United Nations Development Program , Pl Ethiopia - Plan International Ethiopia , ANE - Action For The Needy In Ethiopia , ASDEPO - Action for Social Development and Environmental Protection Organization , UN-FAO - Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations , AHADA - African Humanitarian Aid and Development Agency , NCA - Norwegian Church Aid , CWW - Concern Worldwide , DICAC - Ethiopian Orthodox Church Development And Interchurch Aid Commission Refugee And Returnee Affairs Department , BCSG - Bethany Christian Service Global, LLC and SCI - Save The Children International



National NGO | 6 Others | 1



International NGO | 15



UN Agency 16

The South Sudanese (SSD) are the largest refugee population in Ethiopia, totaling 344,874 as of June 2020, of whom 319,130 are accommodated in seven camps in the Gambella Regional State. Most SSD new arrivals into the Gambella region are expected to be relocated to the Benishangul-Gumuz Region following a Government policy issued in January 2019 requiring such transfers. Between 31 August 2019 and 30 March 2020, a total of 7,000 individuals were in the Pamdong Transit Center, 718 of whom were relocated to Assosa. On March 30, the Government directed the closure of the Pamdong Transit Centre, and 2,190 individuals were relocated to the Nguenyyiel refugee camp. In response to the COVID-19 pandemic, Pagak Reception Centre was re-opened in May and is now hosting more than 8,000 refugees from SSD. There is limited accommodation, and services are overstretched for the increasing number of new asylum seekers, raising public health concerns. Substantial reinvestments have been made to ensure the delivery of assistance in Pagak including rehabilitation of shelters (and other infrastructure), provision of WASH, health, nutrition, and other protection services.

As of March 2020, Ethiopia closed its land borders to prevent the spread of COVID-19. However, new arrivals continue to enter Ethiopia through informal crossings, often fleeing ethnic conflict and food insecurity in parts of South Sudan. On 16 April 2020, the Gambella Regional Health Bureau (RHB) released the third version of the COVID-19 Emergency Preparedness and Response Plan (ERRP) aligned with WHO and Ethiopia Government guidelines. UNHCR and partner resources were re-prioritized to cover critical preparedness activities, including the provision of COVID-19 related training for health care workers, awareness-raising campaigns, and distribution of medical equipment and Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) for frontline workers. Nevertheless, COVID-19 has adversely impacted the humanitarian response to the SSD refugees in Ethiopia. UNHCR and its partners have sought alternative implementation modalities in various sectors to sustain humanitarian assistance. In an endeavor to curb the spread of COVID-19, response assistance in critical areas such as protection, health promotion, Core Relief Items (CRI), WASH, and shelter was scaled up. Increased gaps are foreseen in the second half of the year, and continuous initiatives are being explored to secure additional funding and resources to sustain delivery of lifesaving assistance and to support the implementation of activities that were suspended.

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CHALLENGES

Relief Items (CRI), WASH, and shelter was scaled up. Increased gaps are foreseen in the second half of the year, and continuous initiatives are being explored to secure additional funding and resources to sustain delivery of lifesaving assistance and to support the implementation of activities that were suspended.

CHALLENGES

During the COVID-19 pandemic, learning institutions remain closed, increasing the risks of students dropping out of school.

- CHAPTER 2 -

STRATEGIC ACHIEVEMENTS

KEY ACHIEVEMENTS TOWARD STRATEGIC OBJECTIVES

Progress was made towards the six strategic objectives as highlighted in the Ethiopia Country Refugee Response Strategic Direction 2020. UNHCR, ARRA, and partners made joint efforts, prioritizing the provision of basic needs and essential services to refugees in the camps and surrounding host communities while ensuring that the minimum standards were met within the respective sectors during the COVID-19 pandemic.

To promote family-based care for the high number of unaccompanied and separated children, child protection services were availed through trained child protection caseworkers and protection officers. Community-based child protection structures were strengthened to offer basic psychosocial support services to vulnerable children in their respective communities within the camps. Concerning SGBV prevention and response, UNHCR worked with its partners to enhance justice and physical protection of survivors through case referral and management systems, including the provision of psychosocial support amidst the COVID-19 pandemic.

Although the security situation in Gambella continues to be unpredictable, initiatives have been undertaken to promote peaceful co-existence between the refugee communities. Construction of a Federal police station and accommodation units in Pugnido was commenced to increase police deployments to the area and improve security. Furthermore, as part of the response to natural resource degradation, risk reduction, and mitigation measures are implemented including planting seedlings which also helps to maintain the peaceful coexistence between the two communities.

In Assosa, a mixed approach initiative was implemented to provide refugees with alternative sources of energy for cooking, and at the same time mitigate degradation of the natural environment. As part of this initiative, several resources were provided such as the distribution of charcoal briquettes, communal kitchens, and provision of firewood. An economic inclusion pilot project was initiated through an agricultural assistance program in two camps which supported 2,663 refugee households and 875 households from the host community.

Refugees continued to receive basic services across food, health, WASH, and shelter sectors, and targeted assistance for nutrition programs to address acute malnutrition and anemia. Joint coordination efforts are being made with the Regional Health Bureau to strengthen the Public Health Emergency Operation Centre (PHEOC) in the response to COVID-19. Education partners in Gambella engaged in different activities to ensure continuity of learning amidst the COVID-19 pandemic. UNHCR, operational partners, parenting groups, and center facilitators supported ECCE level learners with home-based literacy and numeracy activities, and for primary education, radio and print media-based learning initiatives were provided for Grades 1-8 in collaboration with the Regional Education Bureau and UNICEF.

Ethiopia's new refugee policy which grants refugees rights including that to undertake livelihood activities, and promotes their inclusion within the national development system. During the reporting period, 6,483 refugees received cash grants and business development services for their micro-businesses to sustain trading and livelihood opportunities. Moreover, food security and nutrition-sensitive interventions have been implemented including vegetable production activities, provision of small ruminants, provision of e-vouchers, and aggregation of vendors of fresh food. On durable solutions, 185 South Sudanese refugees from the Assosa operation (Tsore and Gure Shembola Refugee Camps) were identified in need of resettlement, out of whom 109 were submitted to resettlement countries.

KEY ACHIEVEMENTS TOWARD CROSS CUTTING COMMITMENTS

The Refugee Proclamation No. 1110/2019 which came into force in 2019 aims to cater to the implementation of Ethiopia's pledges and Comprehensive Refugee Response Framework (CRRF) commitments which include local integration of refugees in protracted situations. It spells out protection rights and grants to access to local integration and opportunities for improved socio-economic integration. The majority of SSD refugees are hosted in relatively remote, under-developed, and economically under-served areas. The Ethiopian government made nine pledges to comprehensively respond to refugee needs and has prepared a roadmap detailing the implementation of each pledge, outlining key opportunities and partnerships that must be put in place.

STRATEGIC ACHIEVEMENTS

efforts in 2020. The implementation of the Ethiopian Government's (GoE's) pledge to expand its Out-of-Camp policy to benefit 10 percent of the current refugee population requires continuous engagement and proper consideration. Substantive progress toward full integration and Out-of-Camp has not yet been achieved and requires more attention. Nevertheless, refugees can move in out of the camp settlements and engage with local communities. UNHCR and its partners are routinely engaged in information sharing through operational and security briefings, training, and incident management.

In line with the CRRF objectives, UNHCR and its partners have continuously engaged in sustainable livelihood interventions aiming to enhance refugee and host community resilience and self-reliance. The interventions have focused on vocational and entrepreneurship skills training, development of the agricultural sector, supporting fishermen and women with proper equipment, providing beneficiaries with business management training, and supporting refugees and host communities with cash grants for establishing small-scale businesses. UNHCR is exploring the expansion of Cash-Based Interventions (CBI) instead of CRIs, following successful pilot interventions in several refugee settings in Ethiopia. Although these interventions have yielded positive results, more coordination and collaboration among government entities, UNHCR, and partners are required to address the multi-faceted livelihood challenges.

Break Out Box - Good Practices and Innovative Approaches

The COVID-19 pandemic has compelled ARRA, UNHCR, and partners operating in Gambella and Assosa to identify alternative modalities to deliver appropriate and timely humanitarian assistance to South Sudanese refugees. Concerning protection activities, children have been provided with playing materials, and youth outreach activities have enabled the necessary support for children-at-risk. Moreover, in efforts to strengthen SGBV case management amid the COVID-19 pandemic, a remote case management mechanism has been established and SGBV survivors can seek help and assistance through the telephone helpline. On the education front in Gambella, initiatives are underway to support students through specially developed radio-based distance learning programs. In the context of livelihoods, refugees have been engaged in producing face masks in Assosa in response to the COVID-19 pandemic.

Monthly food distributions were delivered to refugees in line with COVID 19 preventive measures (physical distancing, handwashing, and temperature checks before food collection). Cash-based interventions (CBI) delivered through electronic fresh food voucher (e-FFV) targeting households with under two-year children, and small-scale nutrition-sensitive backyard gardening was promoted to improve household food security and dietary diversity to reduce anemia.

The pandemic has created a shift in the way the humanitarian responses are provided but has also compelled UNHCR, and its partners to adopt new ways of working. For instance, inter-agency coordination meetings and training were conducted using online platforms, communication systems, and tools.

- CHAPTER 3 -

SECTOR ACHIEVEMENTS



GENERAL PROTECTION



REGISTRATION



CHILD PROTECTION



SGBV PROTECTION



COMMUNITY MOBILIZATION AND PEACEFUL CO-EXISTENCE



DURABLE SOLUTIONS



EDUCATION





WATER HYGIENE AND SANITATION (WASH)





FOOD SECURITY



SHELTER AND INFRASTRUCTURE



CORE RELIEF ITEMS



LIVELIHOODS



ENVIRONMENT



ENERGY

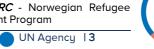




RRP FUND APPLICANTS

 $\label{eq:helpAge} \textit{HelpAge} \text{ - HelpAge International , } \textit{RaDO} \text{ - Rehabilitation And Development Organization , } \textit{UN-UNHCR} \text{ - United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees , }$ UN-IOM - International Organization for Migration , LWF - The Lutheran World Federation , DRC - Danish Refugee Council , NRC - Norwegian Refugee Council and *UN-UNDP* - United Nations Development Program

International NGO 14





PARTNERS



UN-IOM - International Organization for Migration , PI - Plan International , RaDO - Rehabilitaion And Development Organization , HelpAge - HelpAge International , LWF - The Lutheran World Federation , DRC - Danish Refugee Council , HI - Humanity & Inclusion , SCI - Save The Children International and UN-**UNHCR** - United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees



National NGO |1





FOCAL POINTS Price GERVIER Snr, Protection Officer | UN-UNHCR

PROGRESS ON INDICATORS

OBJECTIVE: 1 Access to legal assistance and legal remedies improved

TYPE	INDICATOR	BASELINE	CURRENT	PROGRESS	TARGET
Impact	Extent persons of concern have access to legal assistance	70	50	-28.571%	100
Performance	# of PoC receiving legal assistance		15	0.75 %	2,000

OBJECTIVE: 2 Services for persons with specific needs strengthened

TYPE	INDICATOR	BASELINE	CURRENT	PROGRESS	TARGET
Performance	# of HH receiving cash/voucher support as a result of COVID-19		0	0.00 %	1,000



RRP FUND APPLICANTS







PARTNERS



ARRA - Administration For Refugee And Returnee Affairs and UN-UNHCR - United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees







FOCAL POINTS Deo NEMES Registration Officer | UN-UNHCR



The Gambella region recorded new arrivals through Pagak and Raad border entry points and was registered as prima facie refugees.

KEY ACHIEVEMENTS TOWARD SECTOR OBJECTIVES

While the international land borders remain closed, Ethiopia continued to receive new arrivals through informal crossings, often fleeing ethnic conflict and food insecurity in parts of South Sudan. UNHCR and ARRA conducted a fixing and screening exercise at Pagak Reception Centre with 3,562 individuals confirmed as new arrivals from South Sudan. Basic lifesaving services were provided at Pagak, and protection assessments and awareness activities conducted in coordination with partners.

PROGRESS ON INDICATORS

OBJECTIVE: 1 Quality of registration and profiling improved or maintained

TYPE	INDICATOR	BASELINE	CURRENT	PROGRESS	TARGET
Impact	% of persons of concern registered on an individual basis	100	100	0.00 %	100
Performance	Increase in the refugee population during the reporting period		11,172	186.20 %	6,000
Performance	# of asylum seekers and refugees biometrically registered in BIMS		247,747	97.962 %	252,901
Performance	Decrease in the refugee population during the reporting period		1,072	13.40 %	8,000

OBJECTIVE: 2 Reception conditions improved

TYPE	INDICATOR	BASELINE	CURRENT	PROGRESS	TARGET	
Performance	# of reception centre buildings/ structures improved or maintained		•	-%	5	



RRP FUND APPLICANTS



UN-UNHCR - United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees , UN-UNICEF -United Nations Children's Fund , *PI Ethiopia* - Plan International Ethiopia , *DRC* - Danish Refugee Council , SCI - Save The Children International , BCSG -Rethany Christian Service Globaland LLC International NGO | 4 UN Agency | 2



PARTNERS



DRC - Danish Refugee Council , PI - Plan International , SCI - Save The Children International , NRC -Norwegian Refugee Council, *BCSG* - Bethany Christian Service Global, LLC, *UN-UNICEF* - United Nations Children's Fund and UN-UNHCR - United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees





FOCAL POINTS







Children with specific needs received individual case management.

KEY ACHIEVEMENTS TOWARD SECTOR OBJECTIVES

A COVID-19 Preparedness and Response Plan was activated. Simultaneously, a multi-sector sensitization campaign promoting physical distancing and hygiene practices was launched to address misinformation amongst a population largely unconvinced about the threat of the pandemic. Child protection and SGBV partners continued to provide psychosocial support and to follow-up on cases for vulnerable children and women-at-risk. They distributed playing and awareness materials to be used at home while engaging youth inhome visits and outreach activities to support children with their education. Child-friendly communication techniques (drawing, acting, singing, and storytelling) were widely used in camps targeting children, youth, and caregivers, assisting them to express their feelings around the COVID-19 situation, and adopt positive coping mechanisms.

PROGRESS ON INDICATORS

OBJECTIVE: 1 Protection of children strengthened

TYPE	INDICATOR	BASELINE	CURRENT	PROGRESS	TARGET
Impact	% refugee children with specific needs who receive individual case management	80	64.75	-19.062 %	87
Impact	% of UASC for whom a best interests process has been initiated or completed	23	71.05	208.913 %	30
Impact	% of identified children of concern with specific needs that are assisted	23	84.8	268.696 %	30.3
Impact	# of reported cases of child abuse, neglect, violence and exploitation	0	888	0.00 %	3,000
Impact	% of registered UASC in appropriate interim or long-term alternative care	76.3	90.29	18.336 %	76
Impact	Ratio of refugee children to caseworker	58	59.44	2.483 %	64

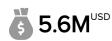
TYPE	INDICATOR	BASELINE	CURRENT	PROGRESS	TARGET
Performance	# of best interests determination decisions taken by BID panel		0	0.00%	20
Performance	# of best interests assessments conducted		13,739	327.119 %	4,200
Performance	% of identified children with disabilities receiving specific support		1.81	2.105 %	86

CHALLENGES

During the COVID-19 pandemic, learning institutions remain closed, increasing the risks of students dropping out of school.



RRP FUND APPLICANTS



UN-UNHCR - United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees , OXFAM GB -Oxfam GB , IMC - International Medical Corps , DRC - Danish Refugee Council and NCA - Norwegian Church Aid

International NGO 13 Others 11 UN Agency 11



PARTNERS



ARRA - Administration For Refugee And Returnee Affairs , IRC - The International Rescue Committee DRC - Danish Refugee Council, IMC - International Medical Corps, HI - Humanity & Inclusion, OXFAM GB - Oxfam GB , TAAAC - Toronto Addis Ababa Academic Collaboration and UN-UNHCR - United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees









FOCAL POINTS 🙀 Eric GERVIER Snr. Protection Officer | UN-UNHCR

KEY ACHIEVEMENTS TOWARD SECTOR OBJECTIVES

Improvements were made in areas of mainstreaming of child protection and SGBV into other sectors, and community mobilization and engagement in awareness and referral of cases. Remote case management mechanisms and helpline numbers were activated in all locations in anticipation of a possible lockdown where humanitarian actors would not be able to access the refugee camps. Partners provided COVID-19 related training for community workers and tailored awareness-raising activities/prevention messages through audio recorded sound systems and home visits when possible. 21,709 children-at-risk were supported, and 75 SGBV survivors were referred to as health, legal, and psychosocial support services.

An active joint CP/SGBV and Mental Health and Psychosocial Support working group enhanced coordination among protection partners and cooperation with other sectors especially in response to COVID-19. Nevertheless, children continued to face abuse and exploitation with cases of child marriage identified in all locations. The suspension of social activities has affected the stability and well-being of children and adolescents in all locations. Lack of youth-targeted programs for the SSD youth affects their behavior and interactive engagement.

PROGRESS ON INDICATORS

OBJECTIVE: 1 Risk of SGBV is reduced and quality of response improved

TYPE	INDICATOR	BASELINE	CURRENT	PROGRESS	TARGET
Impact	% of identified SGBV survivors assisted with appropriate support	91	[100]	9.89 %	92
Impact	Extent known SGBV survivors receive appropriate support	90	100	11.111 %	100
Impact	Extent community is active in SGBV prevention and survivor centered protection	80	80	0.00 %	80
Performance	# of awareness raising campaigns on SGBV prevention and response conducted		2	15.385 %	13



RRP FUND APPLICANTS





PARTNERS





PROGRESS ON INDICATORS

OBJECTIVE: 1 Community mobilization strengthened and expanded

TYPE	INDICATOR	BASELINE	CURRENT	PROGRESS	TARGET
Impact	% of active female participants in leadership/ management structures	24	56.22	134.25 %	58
Impact	Extent persons of concern represented in leadership management structures	75	100	33.333 %	75
Performance	# of community groups supported		158	98.75 %	160

OBJECTIVE: 2 Peaceful co-existence with local communities promoted

TYPE	INDICATOR	BASELINE	CURRENT	PROGRESS	TARGET
Performance	# of projects benefiting local and displaced communities implemented		10	125.00 %	8



RRP FUND APPLICANTS







PARTNERS



FOCAL POINTS 😜 Eric GERVIER Snr, Protection Officer | UN-UNHCR



Resettlement forms were submitted for South Sudan refugees.

KEY ACHIEVEMENTS TOWARD SECTOR OBJECTIVES

185 SSD refugees from the Assosa operation (Tsore and Gure Shembola Refugee Camps) were identified in need of resettlement, out of whom, 109 were submitted to resettlement countries. 75 SSD refugees from the Gambella camps were submitted to resettlement countries

PROGRESS ON INDICATORS

OBJECTIVE: 1 Potential for resettlement realized

TYPE	INDICATOR	BASELINE	CURRENT	PROGRESS	TARGET
Impact	% of persons of concern identified in need of resettlement submitted for resettlement	65	71.32	9.723 %	100
Performance	# of Resettlement Registration Forms (RRFs) submitted		184	47.179 %	390





RRP FUND APPLICANTS

PI Ethiopia - Plan International Ethiopia , *UN-UNICEF* - United Nations Children's Fund , *UN-WFP* - World Food Program , *NRC* - Norwegian Refugee Council , *DICAC* - Ethiopian Orthodox Church Development And Interchurch Aid Commission Refugee And Returnee Affairs Department, UN-UNHCR -United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees and SCI - Save The Children International

National NGO 11 International NGO 13 UN Agencu 13



PARTNERS





FOCAL





POINTS

UN Agency | 2

The gross enrolment rate (GER) was recorded in the reporting period, respectively 52% for pre-primary, 75% for primary, and 19 % for secondary education, and finally 2.2% for tertiary education

KEY ACHIEVEMENTS TOWARD SECTOR OBJECTIVES

UNHCR and partners managed 38 Early Childhood Care and Education (ECCE) centers, 24 primary and five secondary schools while strengthening tertiary and adult education for more than 112,000 children and youth. Gross Enrollment Rate (GER) for ECCE was 52%, 75% for primary, and 19% for secondary school. Tertiary education scholarships were provided to 1,122 students enrolled in Bachelor (663), diploma (55), and certificate (404) programs.

In line with the nationwide directive to prevent the spread of COVID-19, learning institutions were closed on 17 March 2020, affecting over 100,000 SSD refugee children. These measures have the potential to adversely affect the development, safety, and well-being of children especially in the camps where schools play an important role in child protection and promoting peaceful co-existence.

Education actors supported the national distance-learning plan by distributing self-learning materials and through home-to-home visits. 5,000 solar-powered radio sets were procured by partners for distribution as pilot radio-based learning, targeting refugee students enrolled in primary and accelerated learning programs in Nguenyyiel camp. Lessons were adapted to suit the home-based environment, self-learning materials provided through interactive exercises and quizzes, and subjects adjusted to the new process for Grades 1-7, to continue the preparation of lessons for Grade 8. Out of 113,955 ECCD, primary and secondary level students, only 12,504 (11%) were reached through distance learning due to refugee movements from camps and spontaneous returns, and protection concerns such as child marriage. Limited transmission coverage and capacity to broadcast lessons across the region, and the need to translate lessons to multiple languages remain major obstacles for qualitative distance learning for all children.

The sector faces structural gaps relating to lack of access to safe learning environments, learning facilities such as libraries, recruitment of qualified teachers, limited community participation, and interruption of education due to ethnic conflicts.

PROGRESS ON INDICATORS

OBJECTIVE: 1 Population has optimal access to education

TYPE	INDICATOR	BASELINE	CURRENT	PROGRESS	TARGET
Impact	% of refugee children enrolled in national schooling systems	0.31	0.26	-16.129 %	0.5
Impact	% of children aged 3-5 yrs enrolled in early childhood education	45		-%	50
Impact	% of secondary school-aged young people enrolled in secondary education	15.14	19.06	25.892 %	24.3
Impact	% of primary school-aged children enrolled in primary education	76.71	56.5	-26.346 %	80.6
Impact	% of refugees enrolled in tertiary education	1.91	2.2	15.183 %	2.5
Impact	% of children enrolled in primary education	89	74.76	-16.00 %	90
Impact	% of young people enrolled in secondary education	24	-	-%	30
Impact	% of children enrolled in early childhood education	51	51.91	1.784 %	55
Performance	# of PoC who receive tertiary education scholarships		1,122	121.166 %	926
Performance	% of childhood-aged children enrolled in early childhood education who are not registered PoC		=	-%	48
Performance	# of households receiving conditional cash grants or vouchers for education		-	-%	150
Performance	% of students reached with remote learning (e.g. via radio, home study packs etc)		0.06	0.24%	25

CHALLENGES

WASH is a critical gap in all school facilities. The ratio of pupils to latrines stands at 1:170, 1:320, and 1:126 at ECCE, primary, and secondary levels respectively, against a UNHCR standard of 1:40.





RRP FUND APPLICANTS

National NGO | 1

UN-UNHCR - United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees , RaDO -Rehabilitaion And Development Organization , \emph{IMC} - International Medical Corps , *HelpAge* - HelpAge International , *UN-UNICEF* - United Nations Children's Fund , BCSG - Bethany Christian Service Global, LLC , CUAMM -Doctors with Africa and *GOAL* - GOAL

International NGO 15



PARTNERS

ARRA - Administration For Refugee And Returnee Affairs , **IRC** - The International Rescue Committee , **MSF-Holland** - Médecins Sans Frontières - Holland , **RaDO** - Rehabilitaion And Development Organization , *IMC* - International Medical Corps , *MF* - Maternity Foundation , *UN-UNICEF* - United Nations Children's Fund, CUAMM - Doctors with Africa, CVT - Center for Victims of Trauma, BCSG - Bethany Christian Service Global, LLC, TAAAC - Toronto Addis Ababa Academic Collaboration and RHB - Regional Health



National NGO 11 UN Agency 11

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Persons of concerns

FOCAL POINTS 🛊 Ataklti FISSEHA Health Programme Officer | UN-UNHCR

Medical consultations were registered in refugee camp health facilities with 1% from the host community.

KEY ACHIEVEMENTS TOWARD SECTOR OBJECTIVES

Essential healthcare was provided to meet the needs of refugees and asylum seekers, including 24-hour emergency services, immunization, out-patient consultation and treatment, HIV/AIDs management, reproductive health, ambulance, and referral services. 13 health care centers have been established and supported in response to the COVID-19 pandemic.

Rapid Response Teams (RRT) conducted disease surveillance, reporting, and contact tracing for COVID-19. A total of 296 health care personnel, representing 80% of the health care capacity were trained in active case finding, surveillance, and risk communication activities. Awareness-raising campaigns were conducted through home-to-home visits and over media outlets. To strengthen the existing health structures and their response to the pandemic, additional PPE, medical equipment for isolation centers and ambulances have been provided. The Gambella University which acts as an isolation and treatment center cannot manage critical cases and requires additional medical equipment. Preparations are underway for the extension of isolation capacity and case management at the camp level. Other challenges are the reluctance of refugees to visit health centers due to fear of contracting the coronavirus, inadequate PPEs, and medical personnel at the different sections of service delivery, including maternal health care.

PROGRESS ON INDICATORS

OBJECTIVE: 1 Health status of the population improved

TYPE	INDICATOR	BASELINE	CURRENT	PROGRESS	TARGET
Impact	Under-5 mortality rate (per 1000 population/month)	0.1	0.27	170.00 %	1.5
Impact	Crude mortality rate (per 1000 population/month)	0	0.2	1,900.00 %	0.8
Performance	# of refugees who tested positive for COVID-19		0	0.00 %	10
Performance	# of COVID-19 quarantine centres established / supported		2	22.222 %	9

SECTOR ACHIEVEMENTS - HEALTH

TYPE	INDICATOR	BASELINE	CURRENT	PROGRESS	TARGET
Performance	# of COVID-19 isolaton centres established / supported		10	111.111 %	9
Performance	# of health centers established / supported for COVID-19 response		13	144.444 %	9
Performance	# of health facilities equipped/constructed/rehabilitated		12	133.333 %	9
Performance	# of confirmed COVID-19 deaths among refugees		0	NaN %	0
Performance	% of health staff participating in COVID-19 related trainings		82.68	82.68 %	100
Performance	# of refugees tested for COVID-19		78	78.00 %	100

OBJECTIVE: 2 Population has optimal access to reproductive health and HIV services

TYPE	INDICATOR	BASELINE	CURRENT	PROGRESS	TARGET
Impact	Coverage of complete antenatal care (4 ANC visits)	51	89.29	75.078 %	90
Impact	% of livebirths attended by skilled personnel	96	96.61	0.635 %	90
Performance	# of PoC receiving ART		1,514	72.095 %	2,100

CHALLENGES

The health facility patient ratio in primary health care is 1:27,000 against the UNHCR standard of 1:10,000



49.4M

RRP FUND APPLICANTS

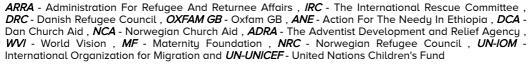
UN Agency 13

DRC - Danish Refugee Council , IRC - The International Rescue Committee $\emph{UN-IOM}$ - International Organization for Migration , \emph{RTP} - Right to Play , $\emph{UN-}$ UNHCR - United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees , NRC - Norwegian Refugee Council , OXFAM GB - Oxfam GB , ANE - Action For The Needy In Ethiopia , *NCA* - Norwegian Church Aid , *HelpAge* - HelpAge International and **UN-UNICEF** - United Nations Children's Fund





PARTNERS



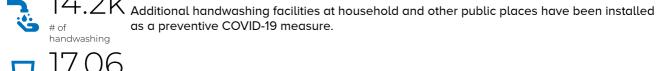


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FOCAL POINTS Andrew NDUNGU Wash Officer | UN-UNHCR





Almost standard quantitiy of water reaches people of concern in the refugee camps



Water provided to the hosting community.

KEY ACHIEVEMENTS TOWARD SECTOR OBJECTIVES

Access to safe water supply improved from the previous 15.3 to 17.06 liters per person per day (I/p/d) in June 2020 attributable to care and maintenance activities at water schemes. Refugee and host community technicians have been trained on WASH areas which have proven successful.

As the COVID-19 pandemic was declared, two of the camps (Nguenyyiel and Tierkidi) located in Itang axis and hosting 47% of the refugee population, received less than 15 Vp/d (average 10 Vp/d) against the standard of 20 Vp/d. Emergency water trucking was supported to enhance water provision to at least 15 Vp/d. The exorbitant costs and unsustainable practice of water trucking however call for additional investments to optimize and expand the Itang water schemes. A groundwater survey is required to explore possibilities of drilling additional water sources to add to the current system such as the drilling of two deep wells (boreholes), the instalment of pumps, and requisite equipment including transmission pipeline to existing tanks in the camp. The water shortage has negatively impacted the lives of the refugees and the operations of other sectors. Moreover, limited access to water collection containers and storage containers pose a challenge to safe and quality water access.

The overall household latrines coverage in the camps stands at 27%. There is a need for additional latrines due to the slight increase in population and the high filling rate of simple pit latrines rendering them into a state of disuse. UNHCR continues to advocate for Urine Diversion Dry Toilets (UDDT) given their recyclability nature. Through trained refugee hygiene promoters, 99% of the refugees received hygiene messages including handwashing practices as a key measure in preventing the transmission of COVID-19.

PROGRESS ON INDICATORS

OBJECTIVE: 1 Population lives in satisfactory conditions of sanitation and hygiene

TYPE	INDICATOR	BASELINE	CURRENT	PROGRESS	TARGET
Impact	# of persons of concern per drop-hole in communal latrine	[13]	15.78	21.385 %	10
Impact	% of households with drop-hole latrine or drop- hole toilet	38	27.14	-28.579 %	38
Performance	# of additional handwashing facilities established (COVID-19)		14,286	79,366.667%	18
Performance	# of PoC reached by environmental health and hygiene campaigns		328,805	134.394 %	244,658
Performance	% of refugees and host community reached with COVID-19 related messaging		99.5	142.143 %	70

OBJECTIVE: 2 Supply of potable water increased or maintained

TYPE	INDICATOR	BASELINE	CURRENT	PROGRESS	TARGET
Impact	Average # of litres of potable water available per person per day	15.3	17.06	11.503 %	18.5

CHALLENGES

Only 27% of the South-Sudanese refugees have a drop-hole latrine or toilet at the household level.



20.8M

RRP FUND APPLICANTS

 $\it ACF$ - Action against Hunger , $\it CUAMM$ - Doctors with Africa , $\it HelpAge$ - HelpAge International , $\it IMC$ - International Medical Corps , $\it ASDEPO$ - Action for Social Development and Environmental Protection Organization, GOAL -GOAL, UN-WFP - World Food Program, NCA - Norwegian Church Aid, UN-UNICEF - United Nations Children's Fund , CWW - Concern Worldwide and UN-**UNHCR** - United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees

National NGO | 1

UN Agency 13



PARTNERS



ARRA - Administration For Refugee And Returnee Affairs , ACF - Action against Hunger , GOAL - GOAL , NRC - Norwegian Refugee Council , DCA - Dan Church Aid , IMC - International Medical Corps , CWW - Concern Worldwide and UN-UNICEF - United Nations Children's Fund



Governmental Organization | 1











Pregnant and Lactating Women (PLW) reached through acute malnutrition treatment programs.



Children less than 5 years old reached through acute malnutrition treatment programs.

KEY ACHIEVEMENTS TOWARD SECTOR OBJECTIVES

7,185 children under 5 years and 1,180 pregnant and lactating women (PLWs) were reached through the management of acute malnutrition, with performance indicators maintained to sphere standards (cure rate of 90.5%). Emergency nutrition response services including regular screenings for SAM were provided at Pagak Reception Centre to an average of 3,800 individuals per day. 10,148 PLWs were reached with key IYCF messages delivered at baby-friendly spaces and through outreach counselors and trained volunteers. In Gambella, BSFS reached 47,464 (84%) children aged 6-59 months and 9,295 (74%) PLWs. 10,202 other cases were served to prevent acute malnutrition through continuous community and facility level nutritional screening for early detection and referral to programs.

PROGRESS ON INDICATORS

OBJECTIVE: 1 Nutritional well-being improved

TYPE	INDICATOR	BASELINE	CURRENT	PROGRESS	TARGET
Impact	Prevalence of anaemia in children (6-59 months)	40.5	38.08	-5.975 %	40
Impact	Prevalence of chronic malnutrition (stunting) (6-59 months)	10.4	11.65	12.019 %	10
Impact	Prevalence of anaemia in women of reproductive age (15-49 yrs)	29.1	[14.07]	-51.649 %	25
Impact	Prevalence of global acute malnutrition (6-59 months)	13.2	12.02	-8.939 %	10
Impact	Prevalence of severe acute malnutrition (6-59 months)	86.6	4.03	-95.346 %	75



RRP FUND APPLICANTS







PARTNERS



ARRA - Administration For Refugee And Returnee Affairs , DCA - Dan Church Aid and UN-WFP - World **Food Program**



Governmental Organization | 1

UN Agency 11



FOCAL POINTS - Millicent KAVOSA Nutrition Officer | UN-UNHCR



concerns

% of food distribution assistance was provided to the population in the current context of COVID-19.

KEY ACHIEVEMENTS TOWARD SECTOR OBJECTIVES

Food and nutrition programs were implemented by observing physical distancing, and without the use of biometrics to keep in line with COVID-19 precautionary measures. Every month, General Food Distribution was provided to refugees, with an average of 97% of the population in need receiving food assistance in-kind. Community Management of Acute Malnutrition Programmes (CMAM), Infant and Young Child Feeding (IYCF) Programmes, and Blanket Supplementary Feeding Programmes (BSFP) and community engagement were in place across all camps. The programs targeted children under five years, pregnant and lactating women, and medical cases. Malnutrition has multi-faceted causes and remains an area of attention.

Only 86% (1,806 kcal/person/day) of the food requirements were met against the recommended dietary allowances of 2,100 kcal/person/day. UNHCR and WFP continue advocacy for additional funding to enable the provision of food in-kind to refugees given the limited livelihoods opportunities for self-reliance. Additional resources are required to continue with the support and strengthening of the engagement of nutrition activities including prioritization of small scale agricultural subsistence production by households and small groups.

PROGRESS ON INDICATORS

OBJECTIVE: 1 Food security improved

TYPE	INDICATOR	BASELINE	CURRENT	PROGRESS	TARGET
Performance	% of refugees benefitting from 75% or more ration assistance (in kind/CBI at recommended 2,100 kcal/person/day)		97.39	97.39 %	100

CHALLENGES

Only 1,806 kcal of recommended dietary allowance was met against the recommended 2,100 kcal/person/day.



RRP FUND APPLICANTS







PARTNERS



DRC - Danish Refugee Council , ANE - Action For The Needy In Ethiopia , NRC - Norwegian Refugee Council and $\emph{UN-IOM}$ - International Organization for Migration



International NGO | 2







FOCAL POINTS 🏟 Olana TOLA Associate Civil Engineer | UN-UNHCR



57.5 % of households are living inadequate dwellings.

KEY ACHIEVEMENTS TOWARD SECTOR OBJECTIVES

With the continued registration of new arrivals, shelter coverage remains a challenge with 42.5% of South Sudanese households in need of adequate shelter. As of June 2020, the overall shelter coverage in Gambella camps stood at 60.2%, leaving 39.58% of the population either to share shelters with family members or live outside the camps. 485 transitional shelters have been provided, and 6.5% of households in need of shelter upgrades or repairs were assisted. Construction of 05 communal accommodation hangers, 02 facility hangers for ARRA clinic and AAH nutrition centers, and 50 emergency shelters were completed at Pagak Reception Center to reduce overcrowding and provide accommodation to new arrivals. In Itang, 1.2km access road construction was completed to provide access to boreholes and water pumping stations to enhance water supply as part of COVID-19 interventions in Tierkidi, Kule, and Nguenyyiel camps.

Due to reprioritization for COVID-19 preparedness responses and budget constraints, planned activities for implementation including the construction of 1,617 new shelters and maintenance of the road to Okugo camp were suspended.

PROGRESS ON INDICATORS

OBJECTIVE: 1 Shelter and infrastructure established, improved and maintained

TYPE	INDICATOR	BASELINE	CURRENT	PROGRESS	TARGET
Impact	% of households living in adequate dwellings	52	57.58	10.731%	56.8
Performance	% of refugee households living in permanent shelter		0	NaN %	0
Performance	# of transitional shelters provided		485	19.40 %	2,500
Performance	% of refugee households living in semi- permanent shelter		57.58	84.676 %	68
Performance	% of refugee households living in emergency shelter		42.23	131.969 %	32
Performance	% of PoC households whose shelter was upgraded/repaired		6.51	49.318 %	13.2

CHALLENGES

There is an urgent need for a hanger and emergency shelters for new arrivals at Pagak Reception Center pending their relocation to refugee camps in the Gambella Region.



RRP FUND APPLICANTS









PARTNERS



ARRA - Administration For Refugee And Returnee Affairs , UN-UNHCR - United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees and *UN-IOM* - International Organization for Migration









FOCAL POINTS 📺 Judit PRIGGE Programe Officer | UN-UNHCR 📺 Lalu Melese Snr, Programe Assistant | UN-UNHCR



% of households have their needs for basic and domestic items met during the reporting

KEY ACHIEVEMENTS TOWARD SECTOR OBJECTIVES

The provision of basic and domestic items for new arrivals was prioritized. 63,012 households received additional core relief items with the onset of the COVID-19 pandemic. Additional soap was provided to enhance handwashing practices; 97% of persons of concern have been receiving 450 grams of soap/person/month. 630 households that were relocated from Pamdong Transit Centre to Nquenyyiel camp were issued with CRI kits comprising sleeping mats, blankets, jerry cans, soap, kitchen sets, mosquito nets, and solar lanterns.

Budgetary constraints to allow for distribution and replenishment of core relief items remains a persistent challenge. Poor road infrastructure hampering access to camps (and worsened during the rainy season) and insecurity in the region negatively affected the timely delivery of CRIs to refugee camps.

PROGRESS ON INDICATORS

OBJECTIVE: 1 Population has sufficient basic and domestic items

TYPE	INDICATOR	BASELINE	CURRENT	PROGRESS	TARGET
Impact	% of households whose needs for basic and domestic items are met	20	50.3	151.50 %	50
Impact	% of persons of concern receiving >=450 grams of soap/person/month	50	96.95	93.90 %	50
Performance	# of persons receiving hygienic supplies		177,155	289.639 %	61,164
Performance	# of HH receiving additional core relief items as a result of COVID-19		63,012	6,301.20 %	1,000



RRP FUND APPLICANTS

UN-IOM - International Organization for Migration , ZOA - ZOA Relief Hope Recovery , *UN-UNDP* - United Nations Development Program , *HelpAge* - HelpAge International , *UN-FAO* - Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations , NCA - Norwegian Church Aid , UN-UNHCR - United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees, *CWW* - Concern Worldwide, *SCI* - Save The Children International , *UN-WFP* - World Food Program , *DRC* - Danish Refugee Council and OXFAM GB - Oxfam GB

LWF - The Lutheran World Federation , NRC - Norwegian Refugee Council ,







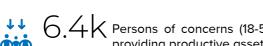
PARTNERS

NRC - Norwegian Refugee Council , DCA - Dan Church Aid , DRC - Danish Refugee Council , LWF - The Lutheran World Federation , MCMDO - Mothers And Children Multisectoral Development Organization , OXFAM GB - Oxfam GB , VIS - Volontariato Internazionale per lo Sviluppo , CWW - Concern Worldwide , UN-UNHCR - United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees , CISP - Comitato Internazionale per lo Sviluppo dei Popoli , \emph{GN} - Good Neighbors , $\emph{UN-IOM}$ - International Organization for Migration , \emph{IRC} - The International Rescue Committee , MSA - MarketShare Associate , DAI - DAI Europe and FC - FC (First









Persons of concerns (18-59 years) were benefitted from livelihood interventions aimed at providing productive assets, training, and/or business support in cash or kind.

KEY ACHIEVEMENTS TOWARD SECTOR OBJECTIVES

Several market-based livelihood initiatives were implemented aiming at developing the agriculture sector, providing vocational and entrepreneurship skills training, and providing microfinance services. 5.6% of the targeted population received productive assets, training, and or business support in cash or kind. In Gambella, 370 refugees and 85 host community members received cash grants and business development services. Essential farming inputs and livelihood resources were provided in 7 camps in Gambella and 5 camps in Assosa as a part of the COVID-19 business continuity plan. Food security and nutrition interventions were implemented including vegetable production activities, as well as the provision of small ruminants, e-vouchers, and aggregation of vendors of fresh food. A total of 120.25 hectares of arable farmland has been cultivated. In Assosa, refugees were engaged in producing facemasks to prevent COVID-19 transmission. Formation of a savings and credit cooperative with USD 50,000 start-up capital for loan administration did not fully kick-off in Assosa due to the COVID-19 situation.

PROGRESS ON INDICATORS

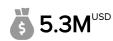
OBJECTIVE: 1 Self reliance and livelihoods improved

TYPE	INDICATOR	BASELINE	CURRENT	PROGRESS	TARGET
Impact	% PoC who received productive assets, training and /or business support in cash or kind	13.8	-	-%	15.5
Impact	% of targeted PoC who are employed/self- employed	5.1	46.68	815.294 %	5.8
Impact	% of persons of concern (18-59 yrs) earning at least minimum wages for more than 6 months per year	5.8	-	-%	5.8
Impact	% of targeted PoC who self-report increased savings compared to previous year	1.3		-%	5
Impact	% of persons of concern using banking services (e.g. savings, loans, transfers)	1.3	0.06	-95.385 %	5

TYPE	INDICATOR	BASELINE	CURRENT	PROGRESS	TARGET
Performance	% of vocational training students who graduate (successful completion and receipt of certification)		-	-%	85



RRP FUND APPLICANTS



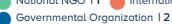


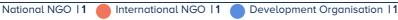


PARTNERS



NRDEP - Natural Resources Development And Environmental Protection , CISP - Comitato Internazionale per lo Sviluppo dei Popoli , GIZ - Deutsche Gesellschaft für Internationale Zusammenarbeit , ZOA - ZOA Relief Hope Recovery and *AICS* - Italian Agency for Development Cooperation







FOCAL POINTS 💜





% surviving rate scored form last year's trees planting.

KEY ACHIEVEMENTS TOWARD SECTOR OBJECTIVES

As part of the response to natural resource degradation, risk reduction, and mitigation measures are implemented including planting seedlings. Despite the re-afforestation efforts, the replacement rate falls far short of the degradation rate.

PROGRESS ON INDICATORS

OBJECTIVE: 1 Natural resources and shared environment better protected

TYPE	INDICATOR	BASELINE	CURRENT	PROGRESS	TARGET
Performance	# of tree seedlings planted		297,500	59.50 %	500,000
Performance	# of hectares of land reforested		85.3	42.65 %	200
Performance	Survival rate after planting (%)		94.23	134.614 %	70





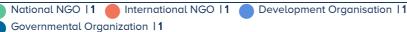




PARTNERS



GAIA - GAIA Association , GIZ - Deutsche Gesellschaft für Internationale Zusammenarbeit , CISP -Comitato Internazionale per lo Sviluppo dei Popoli and AICS - Italian Agency for Development Cooperation





FOCAL POINTS A Getachew MUCHE Energy Export | UN-UNHCR

RRP FUND APPLICANTS



KEY ACHIEVEMENTS TOWARD SECTOR OBJECTIVES

Approximately 34% of households have access to electricity and lighting. However, cooking energy remains a critical gap in the operation with only 1.6% of refugee households using alternative and/or renewable energy. As a result, refugees continue to access firewood as the primary source of energy causing deforestation in the surrounding areas of the host community. New initiatives are planned to increase the provision of alternative energy sources, including briquettes, solar energy for lighting, and grid-connected communal kitchens. In Assosa, a mixed approach initiatives have been implemented including distribution of charcoal briquettes, the communal kitchen at Tsore and Sherkole camps, and provision of firewood to Gure-Shombola camp.

PROGRESS ON INDICATORS

OBJECTIVE: 1 Population has sufficient access to energy

TYPE	INDICATOR	BASELINE	CURRENT	PROGRESS	TARGET
Impact	% refugee households with energy saving stove and equipment	2.32	7.35	216.81%	26.2
Impact	Amount of fuel (kg or L) distributed per refugee household	4.8	237.37	4,845.208%	57
Impact	% of refugee households receiving fuel (firewood or other fuel) distribution	2.32	3.43	47.845 %	26.2
Performance	% of health facilities with access to electricity/lighting		65	295.455 %	22
Performance	% of public places with access to electricity/lighting		23.25	89.423 %	26
Performance	# of kilograms of fuel provided		583,446	7.675 %	7,602,120
Performance	% of households with access to electricity/lighting		33.86	130.231 %	26
Performance	% of households using alternative and/or renewable energy (e.g. solar, biogas, ethanol, environmentally friendly briquet, wind)		1.59	6.115 %	26

CHALLENGES

91% of the refugee Household need energy-saving stoves and equipment.



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Concept design: UNHCR

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Data in this report are drawn from the most recent statistics available to UNHCR, and from other United Nations agencies. For any corrigenda found subsequent to printing, please visit the Publications page on the UNHCR Ethiopia Data Portal website (https://data2.unhcr.org/en/country/eth).

All amounts are in US dollars unless otherwise specified.

