A joint IDP site verification exercise was conducted in Kismayo town and Luglow in May 2022. The operation was led by JUCRI, IOM, Alight, BDS, NRC, SEA, WRRS, KABO, MercyCorps, ACTED, WASDA and UNHCR. 146 IDP sites were identified hosting 12,858 households or 62,361 individuals. Compared to the last site verification conducted in December 2021, there was an increase of 18 IDP sites, 7,847 households or 62,246 individuals. 8 new IDPs in Kismayo North were verified during the assessment.

Using the Washington Group disability questions, statistics of people living with disabilities were derived:

- 1,667 (52% Female) have difficulty seeing (even wearing glasses)
- 950 (53% Female) have difficulty hearing (even using a hearing aid)
- 683 (48% Female) have difficulty communicating and/or understanding
- 1,305 (52% Female) have difficulty walking and/or climbing stairs
- 638 (53% Female) have difficulty dressing and/or washing
- 739 (54% Female) have difficulty remembering/concentrating

5,982 (4.8%) people living with disability

IDP sites were assessed based on their risk of eviction. Several factors were put into consideration such as IDP site tenure, type of agreements in place and whether an eviction notice has been issued recently:

- 67% of sites are landlord authorized occupancy
- 39% of sites have no agreement in place
- 42% of sites that have agreements have oral agreements
- 58% of sites that have agreements have no agreed end dates
- 16% of sites have been issued with eviction notice within the last 3 months

IDP sites were assessed based on their risk of flooding:

- 14% Extreme (always floods)
- 16% High (floods frequently)
- 24% Medium (floods infrequently)
- 46% Low (does not flood)

50 IDP sites (30%) have been classified as extreme (always floods) and high (floods frequently)