


30,000

Estimated arrivals


25

Potential entry points


25,994

Fixed new arrivals


7,880

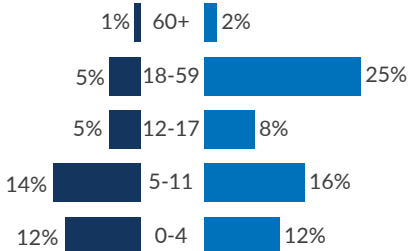
Pre-registered












67%

pre-registered are children


12%

pre-registered have specific needs

Age and gender breakdown of pre-registered

Partner presence by sector in Ouaddai, Wadi Fira and Sila province

	Protection	UNFPA, UNHCR, UNICEF
	CCCM	CNARR
	Education	CARE, JRS, UNFPA, UNICEF
	Food Security	CARE, UNFPA
	GBV	CARE, HIAS, UNFPA
	Health	CARE, IRC, PUI, UNFPA
	Monitoring	CRT, UNHCR
	Nutrition	PUI
	Shelter/ NFI	ADES, CARE, UNFPA, UNICEF
	WASH	CARE, IRC, LMI, SECADEV, UNFPA, UNICEF

Sources: UNHCR, CNARR, OSM

Context

Since the beginning of the conflict in Sudan on 15 April 2023, UNHCR has registered an **influx of Sudanese refugees and Chadian returnees from Darfur** at border entry points in eastern Chad.

UNHCR field teams in Ouaddai, Sila and Wadi Fira provinces are working with the Chadian government, CNARR, local authorities, and partners to continue **monitoring the situation at the border, and to receive, protect and respond to the urgent humanitarian needs** of refugees and returnees fleeing the violence.

