### Protection & Return Monitoring Network (PRMN)

**Awdal, Somalia | May 2023**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th># of Incidents That Caused Displacement</th>
<th>MAY 2023</th>
<th>IN 2023</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>36</td>
<td>278</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th># of Newly Displaced Population</th>
<th>MAY 2023</th>
<th>IN 2023</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>263</td>
<td>3,137</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th># of Protection Violations Recorded(^\d)</th>
<th>MAY 2023</th>
<th>IN 2023</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>17</td>
<td>48</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

\(^\d\)Some protection violations were not recorded due to security risks in some regions.

### Displacement Location (May 2023)

- **Awdal, Somalia**
  - **Borama district** was the district with the highest recorded displacement incidents in the region (182).
  - 77 individuals were displaced to Cara-Cad settlement, making it the largest displacement incident due to **Drought**.

- **Baki district** was the district with the second highest recorded displacement incidents in the region (47).
  - 30 individuals were displaced to Garba Dadar settlement, making it the second largest displacement incident due to **Drought**.

- **Lughaye district** was the district with the third highest recorded displacement incidents in the region (23).
  - 12 individuals were displaced to Geerisa settlement, making it the third largest displacement incident due to **Drought**.

### Specfic Needs of Those Who Experienced Protection Violations (In 2023)\(^b\)

- **Girls**
  - 87\(^a\)
- **Boys**
  - 87\(^a\)
- **Women**
  - 41
- **Men**
  - 35
- **Elderly**
  - 13

\(^a\)Disaggregated data for displaced persons are based on those displacement reports where data has been collected at household level.

### Specific Needs of Those Who Experienced Protection Violations (In 2023)\(^b\)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Category</th>
<th>Girls</th>
<th>Boys</th>
<th>Women</th>
<th>Men</th>
<th>Elderly</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Children</td>
<td>33%</td>
<td>0%</td>
<td>81%</td>
<td>0%</td>
<td>0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Women</td>
<td>0%</td>
<td>100%</td>
<td>0%</td>
<td>0%</td>
<td>0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Minorities(^c)</td>
<td>0%</td>
<td>0%</td>
<td>3%</td>
<td>0%</td>
<td>0%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

\(^b\)In May 2023, 3 specific needs were recorded of those individuals who experienced protection violations.

\(^c\)Members of minority clans include the Benadiri, Bantu, Mayle, Barawa, Gardere, Yakub and Rahatweyne.

### Protection & Return Monitoring Network (PRMN)

**Priority Need on Arrival (May 2023 In %)**

- **Food**
  - 16%
- **Water**
  - 0%
- **Shelter**
  - 0%
- **Health**
  - 0%
- **Protection**\(^d\)
  - 0%
- **Livelihood**
  - 81%
- **Transport**
  - 0%
- **Other**
  - 3%

\(^d\)Protection figures are underreported due to the concerns related to the sensitivity of this topic in the context of Somalia.

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UNHCR is grateful for the generous contributions of donors who have directly contributed to the UNHCR Somalia operation in 2023.
May 2023 - 1%
273
97%
0%
Men
100
Women
0%
Other
Others
Food
Boys
Transport
0%
101
0%
Shelter
Livelihood
as the district with the second highest recorded displacement incidents in the region (54%).

Xudur district was the district with the highest recorded protection violations in the region from January to May 2023 include the following:
• Domestic Violence (93%)
• Female Genital Mutilation (FGM) (5%).

In May 2023, 7% of protection violations across Somalia were recorded in Awdal region.

Xudur district had the highest recorded percentage of protection violations across the Awdal region (54%).

The highest recorded protection violations in the region from January to May 2023 include the following:
• Domestic Violence (93%)
• Female Genital Mutilation (FGM) (5%).

Xudur district was the district with the highest number of protection violations in the region from January 2016 to May 2023 (854).

In May 2023, 8 specific needs were recorded of those individuals who experienced protection violations. *Others who are at risk include the following categories: family unit, specific legal and physical protection needs, unaccompanied or separated child, pregnant or lactating, serious medical condition, single parent, SGBV and torture.*

Individuals can have multiple vulnerabilities.

*Some protection violations were not recorded due to security risks in some regions.

*Members of minority clans include the Benadiri, Bantu, Mayle, Barawaans, Gardere, Yakabur and Raahayenye.

**This dashboard should be read in conjunction with the Notes on PRMN Methodology which outline the approach and certain limitations. More information on Somalia can be found on the UNHCR Somalia Data Portal.

UNHCR is grateful for the generous contributions of donors who have directly contributed to the UNHCR Somalia operation in 2023.

Implemented by:
**DISPLACEMENT LOCATION (MAY 2023)**

Banadir district was the district with the highest recorded displacement incidents in the region (12,826).

8,540 individuals were displaced to Kaxda/Mogadishu settlement, making it the largest displacement incident due to Drought.

0 district was the district with the second highest recorded displacement incidents in the region.

1,634 individuals were displaced to Mogadishu/Daynile settlement, making it the second largest displacement incident due to Conflict/Insecurity.

- district was the district with the third highest recorded displacement incidents in the region.

89 individuals were displaced to Mogadishu/Heliwa settlement, making it the third largest displacement incident due to Flood.

In May 2023, 10% of protection violations across Somalia were recorded in Awdal region.

Banadir district had the highest recorded percentage of protection violations across the Awdal region (100%).

The highest recorded protection violations in the region from January to May 2023 include the following:

- Physical Assault/Attack Not Resulting In Death (38%)
- Killing/Manslaughter (24%)

Banadir district was the district with the highest number of protection violations in the region from January 2016 to May 2023 (8,700).

**Priorities on Arrival (May 2023 in %)**

- **Food**: 76%
- **Water**: 0%
- **Shelter**: 2%
- **Health**: 0%
- **Protection**: 0%
- **Livelihood**: 17%
- **Transport**: 0%
- **Other**: 4%

*Protection figures are underreported due to the concerns related to the sensitivity of this topic in the context of Somalia.*
## Displacement Location (May 2023)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>District</th>
<th># of New Displaced Population</th>
<th># of Incidents that Caused Displacement</th>
<th># of Protection Violations Recorded</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Bari</td>
<td>6,443</td>
<td>327</td>
<td>43</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sool</td>
<td>64,938</td>
<td>1,011</td>
<td>250</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Some protection violations were not recorded due to security risks in some regions.*

## Triggers of Displacement (May 2023 in %)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Trigger</th>
<th>%</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Drought</td>
<td>61%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flood</td>
<td>38%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other</td>
<td>0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Conflict</td>
<td>1%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

## Demographic (May 2023)*

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Gender</th>
<th>Girls</th>
<th>Boys</th>
<th>Women</th>
<th>Men</th>
<th>Elderly</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2,125</td>
<td>2,135</td>
<td>1,005</td>
<td>858</td>
<td>319</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Disaggregated data for displaced persons are based on those displacement reports where data has been collected at household level.

## Specific Needs of Those Who Experienced Protection Violations (2023)*

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Category</th>
<th>Child at Risk</th>
<th>Women at Risk</th>
<th>Disabilities</th>
<th>Elderly</th>
<th>Others</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>9%</td>
<td>79%</td>
<td>0%</td>
<td>0%</td>
<td>12%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*In May 2023, 13 specific needs were recorded of those individuals who experienced protection violations.

## Protection & Return Monitoring Network (PRMN)

**Implementer:**

[Image: Implemented by: NRC NORWEGIAN REFUGEE COUNCIL]

**PROTECTION & RETURN MONITORING NETWORK (PRMN)**

**BARI, SOMALIA | MAY 2023**

**Proportion of protection violations by category:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Category</th>
<th># of Incidents</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Conflict</td>
<td>1,782</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Domestic Violence</td>
<td>1,047</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Attempted Rape</td>
<td>18</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Highest recorded protection violations in the region from January 2016 to May 2023:**

- **Domestic Violence (58%)**
- **Attempted Rape (15%)**

**Bossaso district was the district with the highest number of protection violations in the region from January 2016 to May 2023 (1,782).**

**Bosasso district had the highest recorded percentage of protection violations across the Awdal region (98%).**

**Iskushaban district was the district with the highest recorded displacement incidents in the region (1,955).**

- **414 individuals were displaced to Qandala settlement, making it the largest displacement incident due to Flood.**

- **Qardho district was the district with the second highest recorded displacement incidents in the region (1,730).**

- **367 individuals were displaced to Jedad settlement, making it the second largest displacement incident due to Drought.**

- **Qandala district was the district with the third highest recorded displacement incidents in the region (1,128).**

- **312 individuals were displaced to Budunbuto settlement, making it the third largest displacement incident due to Other.**

**In May 2023, 6% of protection violations across Somalia were recorded in Awdal region.**

**The highest recorded protection violations in the region from January to May 2023 include:**

- **Domestic Violence (58%)**
- **Attempted Rape (15%)**

**Bossaso district was the district with the highest recorded protection violations in the region from January to May 2023 (1,782).**

**Priority Need on Arrival (May 2023 in %):**

- **Food** | 34%
- **Water** | 0%
- **Shelter** | 3%
- **Health** | 2%
- **Protection** | 0%
- **Livelihood** | 56%
- **Transport** | 0%
- **Other** | 3%

*Protection figures are underreported due to the concerns related to the sensitivity of this topic in the context of Somalia.*

**UNHCR is grateful for the generous contributions of donors who have directly contributed to the UNHCR Somalia operation in 2023.**
Baidoa district was the district with the highest recorded displacement incidents in the region (1,858).

1,701 individuals were displaced to Baidoa settlement, making it the largest displacement incident due to Drought.

Dinsoor district was the district with the second highest recorded displacement incidents in the region (260).

260 individuals were displaced to Dinsoor settlement, making it the second largest displacement incident due to Drought.

Qansax Dheere district was the district with the third highest recorded displacement incidents in the region (202).

202 individuals were displaced to Qansax Dheere settlement, making it the third largest displacement incident due to Drought.

In May 2023, 0% of protection violations across Somalia were recorded in Awdal region.

Dinsoor district had the highest recorded percentage of protection violations across the Awdal region (100%).

The highest recorded protection violations in the region from January to May 2023 include the following:
- Illegal Arrest and Detention (32%)
- Rape (18%).

Baidoa district was the district with the highest number of protection violations in the region from January 2016 to May 2023 (3,536).

PRRNM Methodology

Specific needs of those who experienced protection violations in the region from January 2016 to May 2023 include the following:
- Illegal Arrest and Detention (32%)
- Rape (18%).

Protection figures are underreported due to the concerns related to the sensitivity of this topic in the context of Somalia.
**PROTECTION & RETURN MONITORING NETWORK (PRMN)**

**GALGADUUD, SOMALIA | MAY 2023**

### DISPLACEMENT LOCATION (MAY 2023)

Cabudwaq district was the district with the highest recorded displacement incidents in the region (128).

108 individuals were displaced to Abutwaq settlement, making it the largest displacement incident due to Conflict/Insecurity.

### DEMOGRAPHIC (MAY 2023)

In May 2023, 2% of protection violations across Somalia were recorded in Awdal region.

Cabudwaq district had the highest recorded percentage of protection violations across the Awdal region (86%).

The highest recorded protection violations in the region from January to May 2023 include the following:

- **Killing/Manslaughter (26%)**
- **Kidnapping/Abduction (26%).**

### SPECIFIC NEEDS OF THOSE WHO EXPERIENCED PROTECTION VIOLATIONS (IN 2023)

Dhuusamareeb district was the district with the highest number of protection violations in the region from January 2016 to May 2023 (541).

- **Conflict/Insecurity**
- **Drought**
- **Conflict**

This fact sheet should be read in conjunction with the Notes on PRMN Methodology which outline the approach and certain limitations. More information on Somalia can be found on UNHCR Somalia Data Portal.

UNHCR is grateful for the generous contributions of donors who have directly contributed to the UNHCR Somalia operation in 2023.
**Protection & Return Monitoring Network (PRMN)**

**Gedo, Somalia | May 2023**

### Displacement Location (May 2023)

- **Baardheere** district was the district with the highest recorded displacement incidents in the region (7,868).
- 1,439 individuals were displaced to Baardheere/Kaskey settlement, making it the largest displacement incident due to Drought.

- **Belet Xaawo** district was the district with the second highest recorded displacement incidents in the region (3,094).
- 690 individuals were displaced to Baardheere/Kaskey settlement, making it the second largest displacement incident due to Flood.

- **Garbhahaarey** district was the district with the third highest recorded displacement incidents in the region (1,310).
- 629 individuals were displaced to Geelaq settlement, making it the third largest displacement incident due to Drought.

### Population (May 2023)

- **Girls**: 1,320
- **Boys**: 1,346
- **Women**: 2,043
- **Men**: 1,744
- **Elderly**: 649

### Protection Violations Concerning Children, Women and Minorities (2023 in %)

- **Children**: 27%
- **Women**: 42%
- **Minorities**: 3%

### Specific Needs of Those Who Experienced Protection Violations (2023 in %)

- **Child at risk**: 22%
- **Women at risk**: 28%
- **Disabilities**: 2%
- **Elderly at risk**: 0%
- **Others**: 47%

### Priority Need on Arrival (May 2023 in %)

- **Food**: 91%
- **Water**: 0%
- **Shelter**: 0%
- **Health**: 1%
- **Protection**: 0%
- **Livelihood**: 6%
- **Transport**: 0%
- **Other**: 2%

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* Some protection violations were not recorded due to security risks in some regions.

* Members of minority clans include the Banadir, Bantu, Mayle, Barawa, Gardere, Yakubur and Rahatweyne.

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This dashboard should be read in conjunction with the notes on PRMN Methodology, which outline the approach and certain limitations. More information on Somalia can be found on the UNHCR Somalia Data Portal.

UNHCR is grateful for the generous contributions of donors who have directly contributed to the UNHCR Somalia operation in 2023.
**PROTECTION & RETURN MONITORING NETWORK (PRMN)**

**HIRAAN, SOMALIA | MAY 2023**

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**Displacement Location (May 2023)**

Belet Weyne district was the district with the highest recorded displacement incidents in the region (257,474).

130,000 individuals were displaced to Jento Kundishe (15Km) settlement, making it the largest displacement incident due to Flood.

Bulo Burto district was the district with the second highest recorded displacement incidents in the region (2,600).

900 individuals were displaced to Dhagaxyaale settlement, making it the second largest displacement incident due to Flood.

Jalalaqsi district was the district with the third highest recorded displacement incidents in the region (6).

240 individuals were displaced to Hawo-tako settlement, making it the third largest displacement incident due to Conflict/Insecurity.

In May 2023, 0% of protection violations across Somalia were recorded in Awdal region.

Belet Weyne district had the highest recorded percentage of protection violations across the Awdal region (100%).

The highest recorded protection violations in the region from January to May 2023 include the following:

- Killing/Manslaughter (55%)
- Kidnapping/Abduction (25%).

Belet Weyne district was the district with the highest number of protection violations in the region from January 2016 to May 2023 (353).

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*In May 2023, 1 specific need were recorded of those individuals who experienced protection violations.

*Others who are at risk include the following categories family unit, specific legal and physical protection needs, unaccompanied or separated child, pregnant or lactating, serious medical condition, single parent, SGBV and torture.

Individuals can have multiple vulnerabilities.

---

**Specific Needs of Those Who Experienced Protection Violations (2023)**

- Child at risk: 20%
- Women at risk: 60%
- Disabilities: 0%
- Elderly at risk: 20%
- Others: 0%

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**Protection & Return Monitoring Network (PRMN) Methodology**

This dashboard should be read in conjunction with the Notes on PRMN Methodology which outline the approach and certain limitations. More information on Somalia can be found on the UNHCR Somalia Data Portal.

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**UNHCR is grateful for the generous contributions of donors who have directly contributed to the UNHCR Somalia operation in 2023**

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**PRMN Methodology**

This methodological approach is based on a combination of data collected from various sources, including displacement reports, protection violations, and needs assessments. The data is compiled and analyzed to provide an overview of the protection landscape in the region. The methodology includes the following components:

- **Data Collection:** Displacement incidents and protection violations are reported through various sources, including government agencies, non-governmental organizations, and local communities.
- **Data Analysis:** The collected data is analyzed to identify patterns and trends related to displacement and protection.
- **Reporting:** The analysis is used to produce regular reports that highlight key findings and recommendations for action.

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**Notes on PRMN Methodology**

This methodological approach is based on a combination of data collected from various sources, including displacement reports, protection violations, and needs assessments. The data is compiled and analyzed to provide an overview of the protection landscape in the region. The methodology includes the following components:

- **Data Collection:** Displacement incidents and protection violations are reported through various sources, including government agencies, non-governmental organizations, and local communities.
- **Data Analysis:** The collected data is analyzed to identify patterns and trends related to displacement and protection.
- **Reporting:** The analysis is used to produce regular reports that highlight key findings and recommendations for action.

**The boundaries and names shown and the designations used on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by the United Nations.**
**Transport**

- 0% of displacement incidents caused by transport
- 88% of displacement incidents caused by other reasons
- 2% of displacement incidents caused by Boys
- 0% of displacement incidents caused by Girls
- 1% of displacement incidents caused by Health
- 0% of displacement incidents caused by Others
- 52% of displacement incidents caused by Protection

**Demographic (May 2023)**

- Girls: 1,130
- Boys: 1,135
- Women: 535
- Men: 456
- Elderly: 170

**Protection & Return Monitoring Network (PRMN)**

- In May 2023, 2% of protection violations across Somalia were recorded in Awdal region.
- Afmadow district had the highest recorded percentage of protection violations across the Awdal region (100%).
- The highest recorded protection violations in the region from January to May 2023 include:
  - Kidnapping/Abduction (28%)
  - Attempted rape (20%)

**Specific Needs of Those Who Experienced Protection Violations (In 2023)**

- Children: 56%
- Women: 76%
- Minorities: 0%

**Disaster Location (May 2023)**

- Kismayo district was the district with the highest recorded displacement incidents in the region (1,769).
- Afmadow district was the second highest recorded displacement incidents in the region (1,129).
- Jamaama district was the district with the third highest recorded displacement incidents in the region (288).

**Priority Need on Arrival (May 2023)**

- Food: 88%
- Water: 1%
- Shelter: 3%
- Health: 0%
- Protection*: 0%
- Livelihood: 5%
- Transport: 0%
- Other: 2%

*Protection figures are underreported due to the concerns related to the sensitivity of this topic in the context of Somalia.

**Disaggregated Data for Placed Persons**

- Members of minority clans include the Benadiri, Bandu, Mayle, Barawa, Gardare, Yakubur and Rahatweyne.

**Implementation by:**

-NORWEGIAN REFUGEE COUNCIL
In May 2023, Marka district was the district with the highest recorded displacement incidents in the region (10,665).

6,910 individuals were displaced to Gol-Weyn settlement, making it the largest displacement incident due to Conflict/Insecurity.

Kurtunwaarey district was the district with the second highest recorded displacement incidents in the region (7,170).

2,400 individuals were displaced to Mukay Dumis settlement, making it the second largest displacement incident due to Conflict/Insecurity.

Qoryooley district was the district with the third highest recorded displacement incidents in the region (4,760).

3,000 individuals were displaced to Jeerow settlement, making it the third largest displacement incident due to Conflict/Insecurity.

In May 2023, 10% of protection violations across Somalia were recorded in Awdal region.

Kurtunwaarey district had the highest recorded percentage of protection violations across the Awdal region (66%).

The highest recorded protection violations in the region from January to May 2023 include the following:
- Physical Assault/Attack Not Resulting In Death (28%)
- Threat To Life/Physical Integrity (17%).

Marka district was the district with the highest number of protection violations in the region from January 2016 to May 2023 (2,477).

In May 2023, 0 specific needs were recorded of those individuals who experienced protection violations.

*Some protection violations were not recorded due to security risks in some regions.

*Members of minority clans include the Banadir, Bantu, Mayda, Barawa, Gardere, Yakubur and Rahatweyne.

*Disaggregated data for displaced persons are based on those displacement reports where data has been collected at household level.

*In May 2023, 0 specific needs were recorded of those individuals who experienced protection violations.

*Others who are at risk include the following categories family unit, specific legal and physical protection needs, unaccompanied or separated child, pregnant or lactating, serious medical condition, single parent, SGBV and torture.

Individuals can have multiple vulnerabilities.

UNHCR is grateful for the generous contributions of donors who have directly contributed to the UNHCR Somalia operation in 2023.

This dashboard should be read in conjunction with the Notes on PRMN Methodology, which outline the approach and certain limitations. More information on Somalia can be found on UNHCR Somalia Data Portal.
Saakow district was the district with the highest recorded displacement incidents in the region (2,087).

1,455 individuals were displaced to Saakow settlement, making it the largest displacement incident due to Drought.

Bu’aale district was the district with the second highest recorded displacement incidents in the region (494).

37 individuals were displaced to Saakow settlement, making it the second largest displacement incident due to Other.

Jilib district was the district with the third highest recorded displacement incidents in the region (392).

26 individuals were displaced to Boxo settlement, making it the third largest displacement incident due to Conflict/Insecurity.

In May 2023, 11% of protection violations across Somalia were recorded in Awdal region.

Bu’aale district had the highest recorded percentage of protection violations across the Awdal region (48%).

The highest recorded protection violations in the region from January to May 2023 include the following:

- Physical Assault/Attack Not Resulting In Death (96%).
- Illegal Arrest and Detention (1%).

Bu’aale district was the district with the highest number of protection violations in the region from January 2016 to May 2023 (476).

In May 2023, 40 specific needs were recorded of those individuals who experienced protection violations.

Individuals can have multiple vulnerabilities, and some protection violations were not recorded due to security risks in some regions.
Jowhar district was the district with the highest recorded displacement incidents in the region (1,431). 1,000 individuals were displaced to Jowhar settlement, making it the largest displacement incident due to Conflict/Insecurity.

Balcad was the district with the second highest recorded displacement incidents in the region (222). 82 individuals were displaced to Biyo-Cado settlement, making it the second largest displacement incident due to Drought.

Cadale district was the district with the third highest recorded displacement incidents in the region (73). 60 individuals were displaced to Dhagaxow settlement, making it the third largest displacement incident due to Drought.

In May 2023, 3% of protection violations across Somalia were recorded in Awdal region. Jowhar district had the highest recorded percentage of protection violations across the Awdal region (64%).

The highest recorded protection violations in the region from January to May 2023 include the following:
• Killing/Manslaughter (40%)
• Female Genital Mutilation (FGM) (36%).

Jowhar district was the district with the highest number of protection violations in the region from January 2016 to May 2023 (742).
### Displacement Location (May 2023)

- **Sanaag**
  - Galdogob district was the district with the highest recorded displacement incidents in the region (441).
  - 111 individuals were displaced to Darasalam settlement, making it the largest displacement incident due to Drought.

- **Gaalkacyo**
  - Gaalkacyo district was the district with the second highest recorded displacement incidents in the region (276).
  - 57 individuals were displaced to Gaalkacyo settlement, making it the second largest displacement incident due to Drought.

- **Jariban**
  - Jariban district was the district with the third highest recorded displacement incidents in the region (108).
  - 45 individuals were displaced to Jariban settlement, making it the third largest displacement incident due to Drought.

### Specific Needs of Those Who Experienced Protection Violations (In 2023)
- **Child at risk**: 0%
- **Women at risk**: 99%
- **Disabilities**: 1%
- **Elderly at risk**: 0%
- **Others**: 1%

*In May 2023, 48 specific needs were recorded of those individuals who experienced protection violations.

### Displacement (May 2023 in %)

- **Drought**: 98%
- **Flood**: 0%
- **Other**: 2%
- **Conflict**: 0%

### Protection Violations Concerning Children, Women and Minorities (2023 in %)
- **Children**: 0%
- **Women**: 100%
- **Minorities**: 0%

*Members of minority clans include the Benadiri, Bandu, Mayle, Barwaana, Gardare, Yakubur and Rahayweyn.

### Demographic (May 2023)

- **Girls**: 272
- **Boys**: 273
- **Women**: 129
- **Men**: 110
- **Elderly**: 11

*Disaggregated data for displaced persons are based on those displacement reports where data has been collected at household level.

### Priority Need on Arrival (May 2023 in %)

- **Food**: 16%
- **Water**: 0%
- **Shelter**: 7%
- **Health**: 11%
- **Protection**: 0%
- **Livelihood**: 24%
- **Transport**: 0%
- **Other**: 42%

*Protection figures are underreported due to the concerns related to the sensitivety of this topic in the context of Somalia.

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1. Some protection violations were not recorded due to security risks in some regions.
2. Members of minority clans include the Benadiri, Bandu, Mayle, Barwaana, Gardare, Yakubur and Rahayweyn.
Garowe district was the district with the highest recorded displacement incidents in the region (1,545).

750 individuals were displaced to Garowe/Waberi settlement, making it the largest displacement incident due to Conflict/Insecurity.

Qardho district was the district with the second highest recorded displacement incidents in the region (776).

367 individuals were displaced to Jedad settlement, making it the second largest displacement incident due to Drought.

Eyil district was the district with the third highest recorded displacement incidents in the region (224).

312 individuals were displaced to Budubuto settlement, making it the third largest displacement incident due to Other.

In May 2023, 2% of protection violations across Somalia were recorded in Awdal region.

Garowe district had the highest recorded percentage of protection violations across the Awdal region (83%).

The highest recorded protection violations in the region from January to May 2023 include the following:

- Harassment (18%)
- Domestic Violence (14%).

Garowe district was the district with the highest number of protection violations in the region from January 2016 to May 2023 (958).
Badhan district was the district with the highest recorded displacement incidents in the region (200).

200 individuals were displaced to Ceelub settlement, making it the largest displacement incident due to Drought.

0 district was the district with the second highest recorded displacement incidents in the region (0).
- individuals were displaced to - settlement, making it the second largest displacement incident due to -.
- district was the district with the third highest recorded displacement incidents in the region (0).
- individuals were displaced to - settlement, making it the third largest displacement incident due to -.

In May 2023, 0% of protection violations across Somalia were recorded in Awdal region.

0 district had the highest recorded percentage of protection violations across the Awdal region (0%).

The highest recorded protection violations in the region from January to May 2023 include the following:
- Harassment (100%) 0 (0%).

Ceel Afweyn district was the district with the highest number of protection violations in the region from January 2016 to May 2023 (467).

This dashboard should be read in conjunction with the Notes on PRMN Methodology, which outline the approach and certain limitations. More information on Somalia can be found on the UNHCR Somalia Data Portal.

UNHCR is grateful for the generous contributions of donors who have directly contributed to the UNHCR Somalia operation in 2023.
Laas Caanood district was the district with the highest recorded displacement incidents in the region (154).

36 individuals were displaced to Kala Baydh settlement, making it the largest displacement incident due to Conflict/Insecurity.

0 district was the district with the second highest recorded displacement incidents in the region (-).

34 individuals were displaced to Kala Baydh settlement, making it the second largest displacement incident due to Other.

- district was the district with the third highest recorded displacement incidents in the region (-).

34 individuals were displaced to Boocame settlement, making it the third largest displacement incident due to Drought.

In May 2023, 11% of protection violations across Somalia were recorded in Awdal region.

Laas Caanood district had the highest recorded percentage of protection violations across the Awdal region (82%).

The highest recorded protection violations in the region from January to May 2023 include the following:

- Physical Assault/Attack Not Resulting In Death (45%)
- Killing/Manslaughter (22%).

Laas Caanood district was the district with the highest number of protection violations in the region from January 2016 to May 2023 (2,150).

*Protection figures are underreported due to the concerns related to the sensitivity of this topic in the context of Somalia.

NUMBERS OF PROTECTION VIOLATIONS CONCERNING CHILDREN, WOMEN AND MINORITIES (2023 IN %)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Category</th>
<th>Children</th>
<th>Women</th>
<th>Minorities</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Child at risk</td>
<td>11%</td>
<td>30%</td>
<td>0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Women at risk</td>
<td>0%</td>
<td>0%</td>
<td>5%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Disabilities</td>
<td>43%</td>
<td>0%</td>
<td>49%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Elderly at risk</td>
<td>0%</td>
<td>5%</td>
<td>0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Others</td>
<td>0%</td>
<td>0%</td>
<td>0%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*In May 2023, 65 specific needs were recorded of those individuals who experienced protection violations.

*Others who are at risk include the following categories family unit, specific legal and physical protection needs, unaccompanied or separate child, pregnant or lactating, serious medical condition, single parent, SGBV and torture.

Individuals can have multiple vulnerabilities
**PROTECTION & RETURN MONITORING NETWORK (PRMN)**

**TODGHEER, SOMALIA | MAY 2023**

### Triggers of Displacement (MAY 2023 IN %)

- **Drought**: 3%
- **Flood**: 0%
- **Other**: 1%
- **Conflict**: 96%

### Displacement

- **Girls**: 3,235
- **Boys**: 3,264
- **Women**: 1,530
- **Men**: 1,306
- **Elderly**: 486

### Protection Violations Concerning Children, Women and Minorities (2023 IN %)

- **Children**:
  - **Men**: 133
  - **Women**: 1,333
  - **Minorities**: 0%

- **Women at risk**: 100%
  - **Girls**: 33%
  - **Boys**: 12%
  - **Elderly at risk**: 96%
  - **Disabilities**: 3%
  - **Children**: 10%

### Demographic (MAY 2023)

- **Girls**: 3,235
- **Boys**: 3,264
- **Women**: 1,530
- **Men**: 1,306
- **Elderly**: 486

### Specific Needs of Those Who Experienced Protection Violations (IN 2023)

- **Child at risk**: 4%
- **Women at risk**: 88%
- **Disabilities**: 0%
- **Elderly at risk**: 0%
- **Others**: 8%

### Priority Need on Arrival (MAY 2023 IN %)

- **Food**: 35%
- **Water**: 0%
- **Shelter**: 1%
- **Health**: 1%
- **Protection**: 61%
- **Livelihood**: 2%
- **Transport**: 0%
- **Other**: 0%

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**Implementation**

UNHCR is grateful for the generous contributions of donors who have directly contributed to the UNHCR Somalia operation in 2023.

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Hargeysa district was the district with the highest recorded displacement incidents in the region (144).

48 individuals were displaced to Gacan Libaax settlement, making it the largest displacement incident due to Conflict/Insecurity.

0 district was the second district with the highest recorded displacement incidents in the region (-).

29 individuals were displaced to 45103 settlement, making it the second largest displacement incident due to Drought.

- district was the third district with the third highest recorded displacement incidents in the region (-).

- individuals were displaced to - settlement, making it the third largest displacement incident due to -.

Hargeysa district had the highest recorded percentage of protection violations across the Awdal region (100%).

In May 2023, 11% of protection violations across Somalia were recorded in Awdal region.

The highest recorded protection violations in the region from January to May 2023 include the following:
- Domestic Violence (51%)
- Physical Assault/Attack Not Resulting In Death (26%).

Hargeysa district was the district with the highest number of protection violations in the region from January 2016 to May 2023 (9,252).

Disaggregated data for displaced persons are based on those displacement reports where data has been collected at household level.

Some protection violations were not recorded due to security risks in some regions.

*Some members of minority clans include the Benadiri, Bantu, Mayle, Barwana, Gardere, Yakabur and Rahatweyne.

**Protection figures are underreported due to the concerns related to the sensitivity of this topic in the context of Somalia.