New arrivals from Burkina Faso and Mali are currently registered as asylum seekers. The main reasons for the departure of asylum seekers from their villages in Burkina Faso are armed conflicts / generalized insecurity, threats, intimidation and attacks by non-state armed groups in the villages.

Key Figures

- **32,258** Estimated Arrivals
- **6,294** Households
- **22,808** Individuals registered
- **5,325** Households

10,363 Person with Specific Needs

- **12,297** Children at School Age

Age and Gender Breakdown*

- Male (45%)
- Female (55%)

- 60+ yrs: 2%
- 18-59 yrs: 15%
- 12-17 yrs: 5%
- 5-11 yrs: 12%
- 0-4 yrs: 10%

Sub-prefectures hosting asylum seekers

- Tougou: 3,586
- Kansour: 3,501
- Ouagadougou: 1,799
- Donna: 1,775
- Ferkessedougou: 1,669
- Tahoua: 1,453
- Gourma: 1,331
- Sikasso: 1,284
- Dama: 1,046
- Niamey: 813
- Tourou: 638
- Diarra: 570
- Kour: 527
- Bla: 279
- Koumbia: 275
- Simandou: 244
- Minguene: 206
- Bouka: 172
- Kanokro: 100

- Sub-prefectures having received at least 100 asylum seekers

Country of Origin of registered asylum seekers

- Burkina Faso: 22,582
- Mali: 202
- Niger: 16
- Mauritania: 7

Principal regions of origin in Burkina Faso

- Cascades: 53%
- Hauts-Bassins: 13%
- Sud-Ouest: 13%
- Boucle du Mouh: 7%
- Centre-Nord: 3%
- Sahel: 2%

Principal regions of origin in Mali

- Sikasso: 39%
- Mopti: 37%
- Ségué: 17%
- Tombouctou: 3%
- Koulikoro: 3%

Distribution of specific needs*

- Child at risk: 61%
- Women at risk: 22%
- Risky elderly: 4%
- Single parent: 3%
- Specific needs for legal and physical protection: 3%
- Handicap: 2%
- Family unification: 1%
- Serious medical condition: 1%

Children and women in reproductive age*

- of the asylum seekers population in Côte d’Ivoire are children.
- 55% of the female asylum seekers population are of reproductive age (13-49 years).

* The data is exclusively that of biometrically registered persons. The boundaries and labels shown and the designations used on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by the United Nations.