South Sudanese spontaneous refugee returnees have been reported in July 2023

An accumulated number of 774,843 spontaneous refugee returnees have been reported since the signing of the revitalized peace agreement in October 2018 to 31 July 2023.

UNHCR and South Sudan’s Relief and Rehabilitation Commission (RRC) are pleased to share this monthly update on spontaneous refugee returnees and the returns of South Sudanese returning in adverse circumstances ascribing to Sudan conflict between armed groups.

The dashboard highlights cross-border refugee movements of South Sudanese from neighboring countries during the month of July 2023.

South Sudanese spontaneous refugee returnees have been reported in July 2023

An accumulated number of 774,843 spontaneous refugee returnees have been reported since the signing of the revitalized peace agreement in October 2018 to 31 July 2023.

UNHCR and South Sudan’s Relief and Rehabilitation Commission (RRC) are pleased to share this monthly update on spontaneous refugee returnees and the returns of South Sudanese returning in adverse circumstances ascribing to Sudan conflict between armed groups.

The dashboard highlights cross-border refugee movements of South Sudanese from neighboring countries during the month of July 2023.

Returns from October 2018 - July 2023

Returns per State for the month of July 2023

Top 3 border entry point July 2023

*Sudan figure as of 31 March 2023*
KEY HIGHLIGHTS ON REFUGEE RETURNS

The return of 56,716 South Sudanese spontaneous refugees was verified and reported in July 2023. This is a significant increase as compared to the returns recorded in the month of June 2023. The significant increase is due to conflict in country of Asylum especially in Sudan, impacting the spontaneous refugee returns to South Sudan.

Most of the returns for July 2023 were from Sudan through Wunthou (Joda) in Upper Nile, Panakuach in Unity and Kir Adam in Northern Bahr El Ghazal States border crossing points of South Sudan. In addition, returns from Uganda crossed via Kajo-Keji in Central Equatoria and Nimule border points in Eastern Equatoria State.

This information on returnees was corroborated through 46 Focus Group Discussions and 26 Key Informant Interviews during month of July 2023 in the following areas of return: Upper Nile, Unity, Warrap, Lakes, Northern Bahr el Ghazal, Western Bahr El Ghazal, Central Equatoria, Eastern Equatoria, Western Equatoria and Jonglei States. Most of the verified returnees to ten States were from Sudan (95%) and less than 10% from Uganda, Ethiopia, Democratic Republic of Congo, Central Africa Republic, Ethiopia, and Kenya.

PULL FACTORS

The most cited reasons for returning to South Sudan from Country of Asylum include:-
I- Reunite with family members (44%)
II- Improvement of security situation in South Sudan (19%)
III- Check and attend to property (11%)

KEY PROTECTION CONCERNS AT BORDER POINTS AND IN AREAS OF RETURN ARE:

The most cited protection concerns at border points and in areas of return include:-
I- Exploitation (Corruption, Extortion) (37%)
II- Physical violence (9%)
III- Loss of belongings (9%)
IV- Medical emergency (8%)

METHODOLOGY

The Relief and Rehabilitation Commission (RRC) in collaboration with UNHCR and partners monitors cross-border movements in areas of high return and at 42 border entry points, with Sudan recording the highest border entry points. Information is collected through interviews with returnees at border points and through KII and FGD regularly in areas of high return. The information was then triangulated with data collected during physical observations, and meetings with local authorities, faith-based leaders, law enforcement agents in areas of return, and immigration officers at border entry points.