Inter-Agency Coordination Türkiye

Cash-Based Interventions Technical Working Group

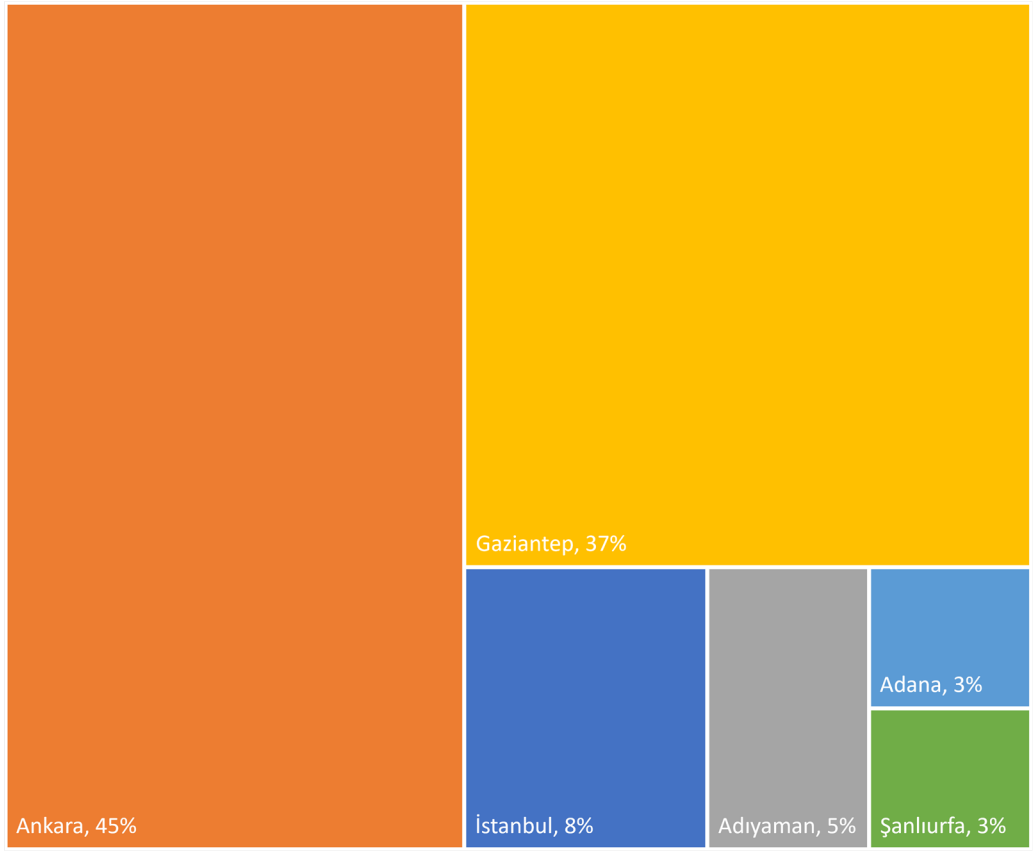
Ankara

May 21, 2024

Agenda

Agenda Items	Time	Responsible	Details
1. Welcome & Introductions	14.00 – 14.05	All partners	Welcome & Introductions
2. Review: Action Points & Announcements	14.05 – 14.15	UNHCR/TRC	**Review of Action Points** **Announcements**
3. Operational Issues	14.15 – 14.30	All partners	**Learning and Sharing** • Partner CVA Updates • CVA Updates from sectors/hubs
	14.30 – 14.55	UNHCR	**Presentation of CVA Mapping 2023 Findings** *Presentation of CVA achievements in 2023, including aspects of targeting, modality, FSP choice, accountability, and M&E aspects.*
	14.55 – 15.25	All partners	**MPCA: Revision of Targeting Criteria** • Reviewing MPCA Targeting Criteria & criteria shared by partners. (10 mins) • Feedback and discussion (10 mins) • Way forward for updating MPCA Targeting criteria. (10 mins)
	15.25 – 15.55	TRC/IFRC, ASAM, UNHCR	**PDM Presentations** • TRC & IFRC: PDM Presentation • SGDD-ASAM: PDM & FGDs Results Presentation (8 min) • UNHCR cash for protection interventions PDM presentation (8 min) • Q&A
4. AoB	15.55 – 16.00	All partners	**Any other Business** • Suggestion for coming meeting • Other issues

Welcome & Introductions



CALP	SARD
CARE	SEVKAR
Concern Worldwide	SGDD-ASAM
DRC	SHAFAK
GIZ	Support to Life
IBC	Takaful Alsham
IFRC	TRC
IDA	Trust Consultancy
IOM	UNHCR
Olive Branch	Violet
PRM – US Embassy	WFP
REALs	WHH

Review Action Points

Action Points	Progress
M&E experts and members to share feedback on the PDM Guidance Note prepared by CBI TWG	No Progress
Members to share repository of PDM questions	No Progress
Co-chairs to announce TAG openings for interested partners	This week
CBI TWG to share CVA Mapping 2023 results and dashboard once available	This week

Announcements

- Call for TAG Membership
- Fundamentals of MPCA Webinar, May 23

Learning & Sharing

- Partner CVA Updates
- CVA Updates from sectors/hubs

Overview: CVA Mapping 2023

- CVA Mapping Objective: To compile members' activities and achievements of the completed year. The mapping exercise focus on **cash and voucher activities achieved in 2023**. Additionally, this mapping captured **cash for winterisation** for the winter of 2023-24.
- CVA Mapping Data Collection commenced: March 1, 2024
- CVA Mapping Workshop: March 6, 2024

Presentation of CVA Mapping 2023 Findings

Overview: CVA Mapping 2023

2021-22 CBI Mapping

- 20 organizations
- 70 programmes
- 19 nation-wide, 26 directly targeting provinces
- **Partners provided data:** ASAM, CARE, Concern, FAO, HRDF, IFRC-TRC, ILO, IOM, MoFSS-TRC, SEVKAR, SPI, Tzu Chi, UNDP, UNFPA, UNHCR, UNICEF, Violet Organization, WFP, WHH, WSA

2022-23 CBI Mapping

- 20 organizations
- 60 programmes
- 12 nation-wide, 30 directly targeting provinces
- **Partners provided data:** ASAM, CARE, Concern, FAO, HRDF, IFRC-TRC, IOM, JCCP, KADAV, MoFSS-TRC, SEVKAR, SPI, Tzu Chi, UNDP, UNFPA, UNHCR, UNICEF, Violet Organization, WFP, WHH, WSA
- **New partners** provided data: JCCP-REALs, KADAV
- Partners that **did not** provide data: Bonyan, MSYD-ASRA, Takaful al Sham, ILO, GOAL, Hand in Hand

If you want to provide data, please contact
Ahmet Unver (unver@unhcr.org) or
Ozgur Savascioglu (savascio@unhcr.org)

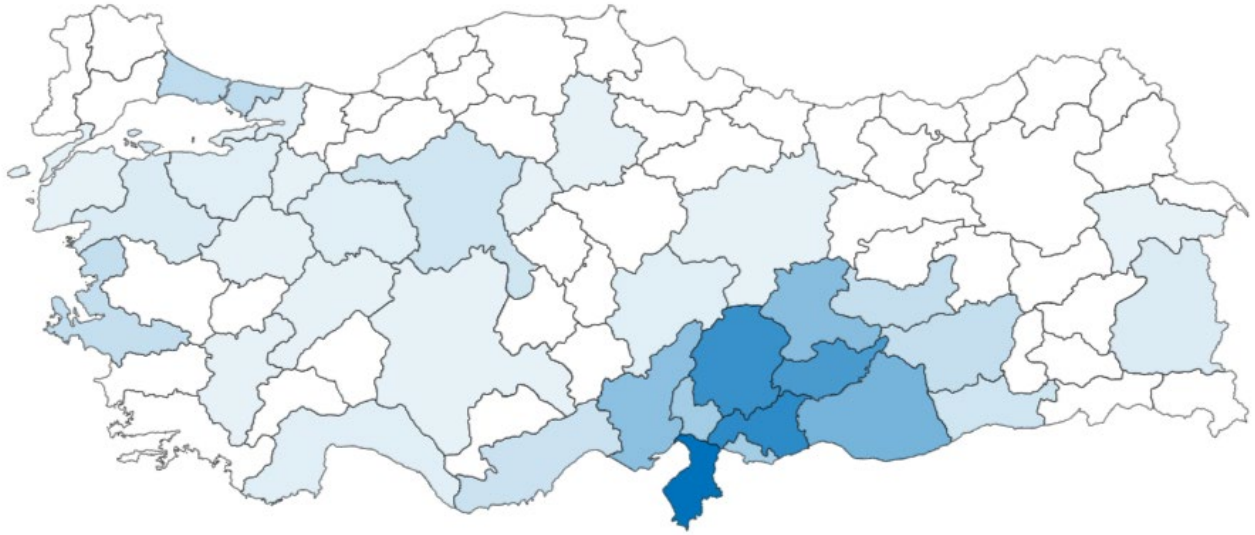
Overview: CVA Mapping 2023

- 27 Organizations
- 72 Programmes
- 14 nation-wide, 34 directly targeted provinces.

- **Participating Agencies:** ASAM, Bahar, CARE, Concern, DRC, FAO, GOAL, HRDF, IBC, IOM, IRW, Mavi Kalem, MUDEM, Orange, Oxfam-KEDV, PIN, REALs, Save the Children, SEVKAR, SHAFAK, TRC, TRC-WFP-IFRC, UDER, UNFPA, UNFPA-PLA-Kırmızı Şemsiye, UNHCR, WFP, WHH, YSYD

Overview: CVA Mapping 2023

Provincial Breakdown for Cash-Based Interventions in Türkiye

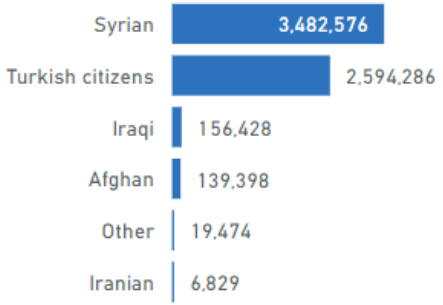


2,908,351,469
2023 Budget

5,311,372
Beneficiaries (total) 2023

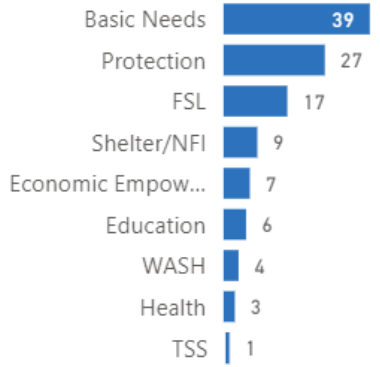
Nationality Breakdown

2023 CBI Beneficiaries by Nationality



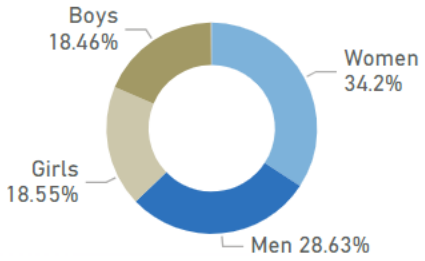
Sectoral Breakdown

CBI Projects by Sector



Gender Breakdown

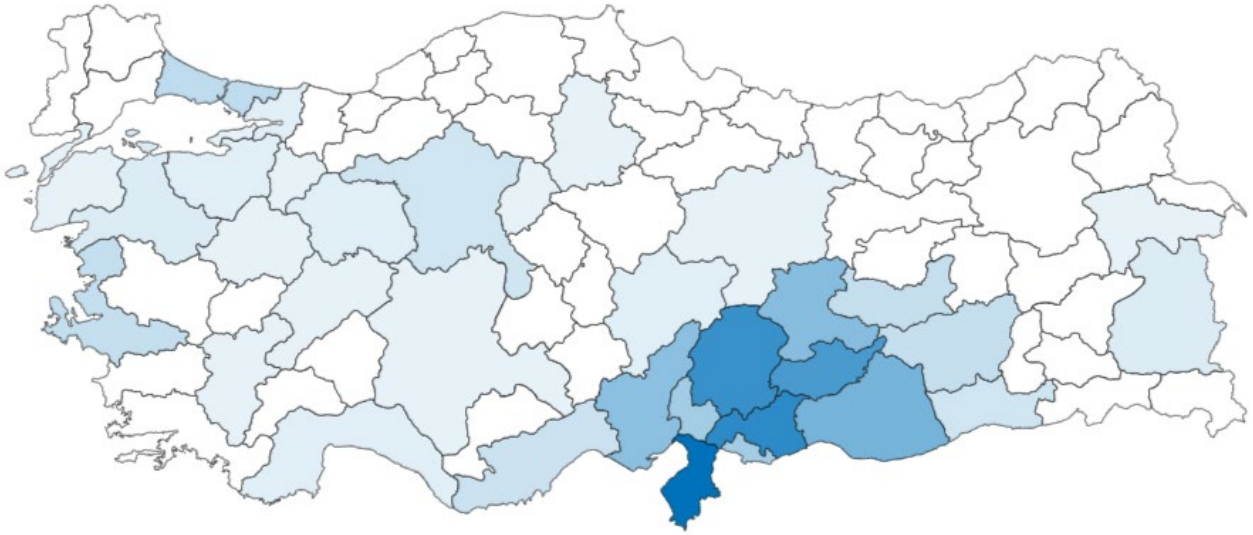
Age-Gender Breakdown of CBI Beneficiaries



Attribute	Sum of Value
Women	2444754
Men	2046678
Girls	1325728
Boys	1319851
Non-Binary Children	6289
Non-Binary Adults	5401

Overview: CVA Mapping 2023

Provincial Breakdown for Cash-Based Interventions in Türkiye



2,908,351,469
2023 Budget

5,311,372
Beneficiaries (total) 2023

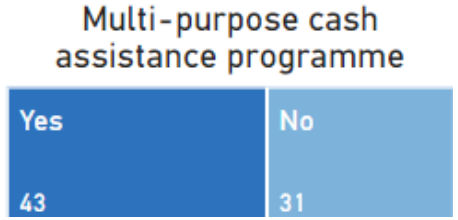
Donor	Sum of 2023 Budget
European Union ECHO	626,670,102
United States Of America-USAID	626,037,200
Other Donors	34,792,542
United States Of America-Population Refugee & Migration	2,903,692
Private Donors (foundations, individuals etc.)	2,131,660
Canada (Government)	1,244,440
Netherlands (Government)	762,576
Danish International Development Agency - DANIDA	696,602
Swiss Agency for Development and Cooperation - SDC	696,602
Norway (Government)	356,285
Sweden (Government)	356,285
Taiwan (Government)	198,270
Luxembourg (Government)	3,417

The funds not listed in the table amount to USD 1,6 Billion

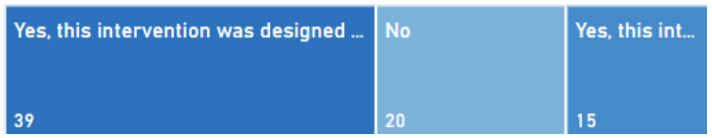
i.e. ESSN: 269M, CESSN; 94,7M, CCTE; 29,5M, WFP In-camp 13,7M, WFP SES: 3,5M UNHCR SNF: 3,8M

Overview: CVA Mapping 2023

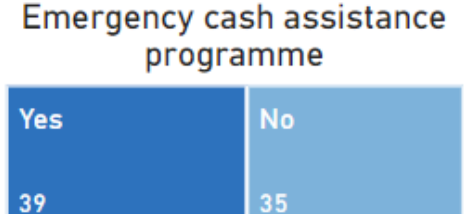
MPCA



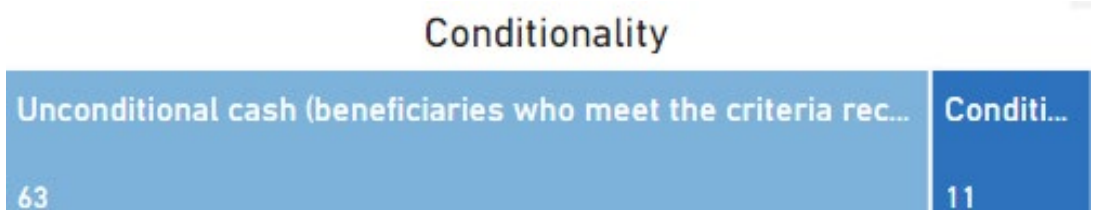
EQ Response



Emergency Cash

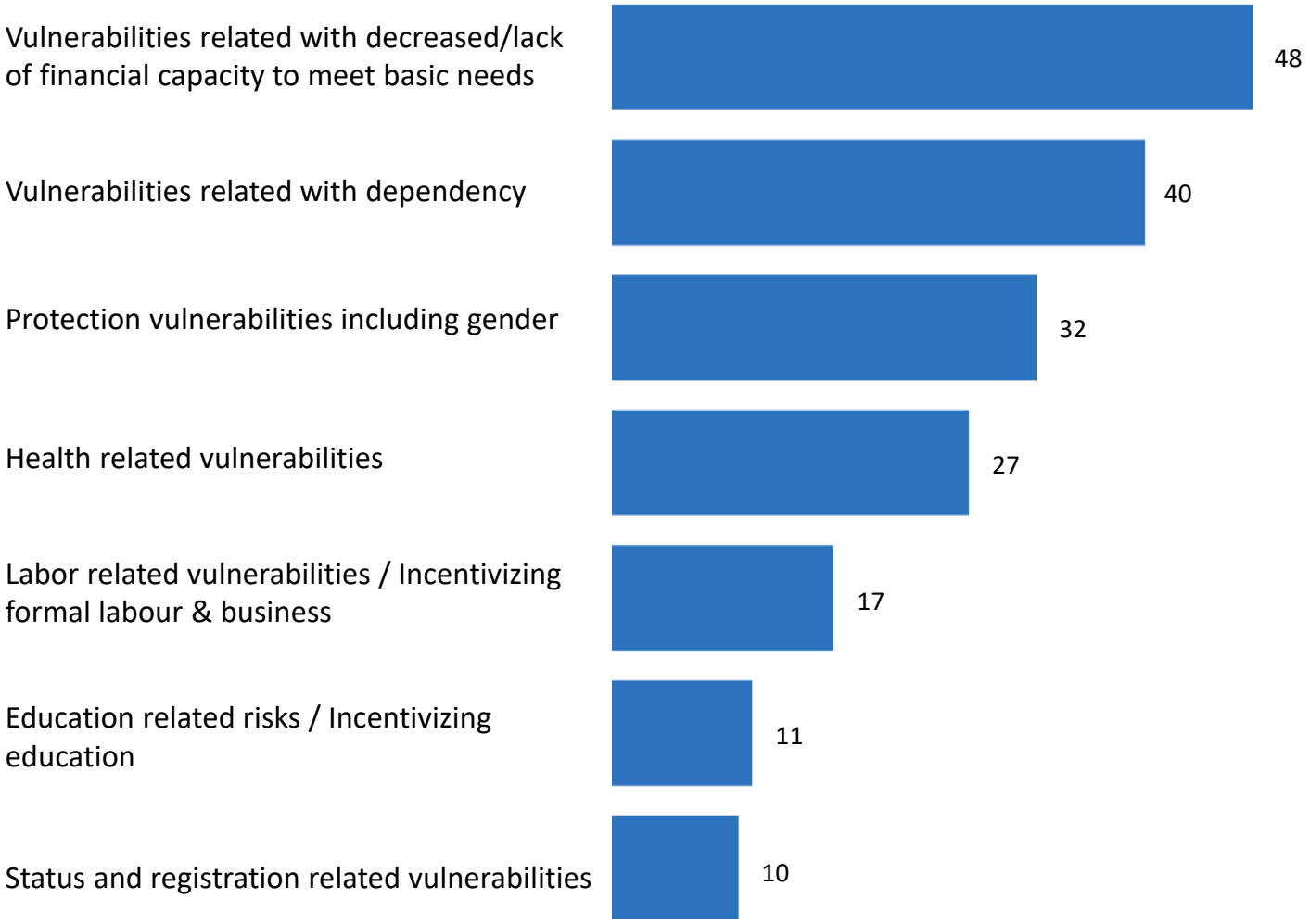


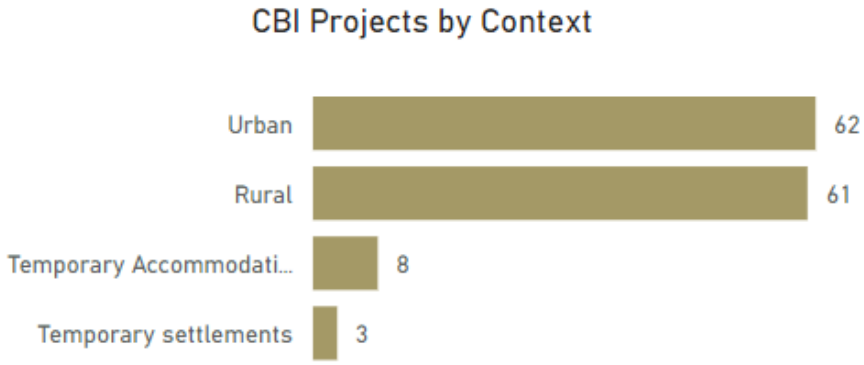
Restriction	# of projects
Unrestricted	51
Restricted (cash provided can only be spent for certain items/services)	14
Partially Restricted (e.g. restricted to market/shop, but not to item or service or otherwise)	9



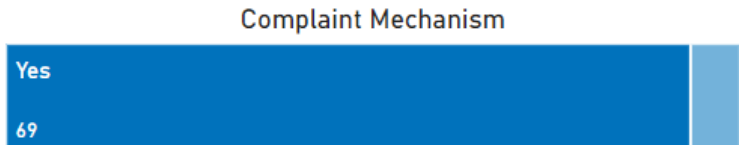
Conditionality of the CBI	# of projects
Unconditional cash (beneficiaries who meet the criteria receives the cash without any condition)	63
Conditional cash (beneficiaries meets conditions such as training completion, school attendance etc.)	11

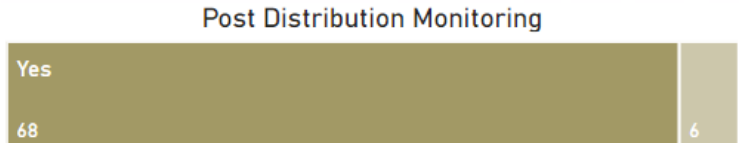
Overview: CVA Mapping 2023

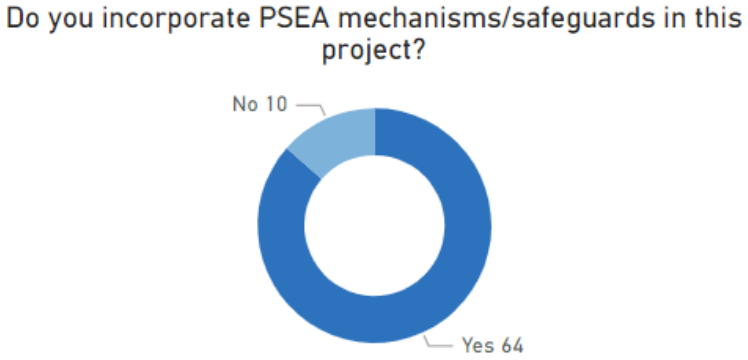


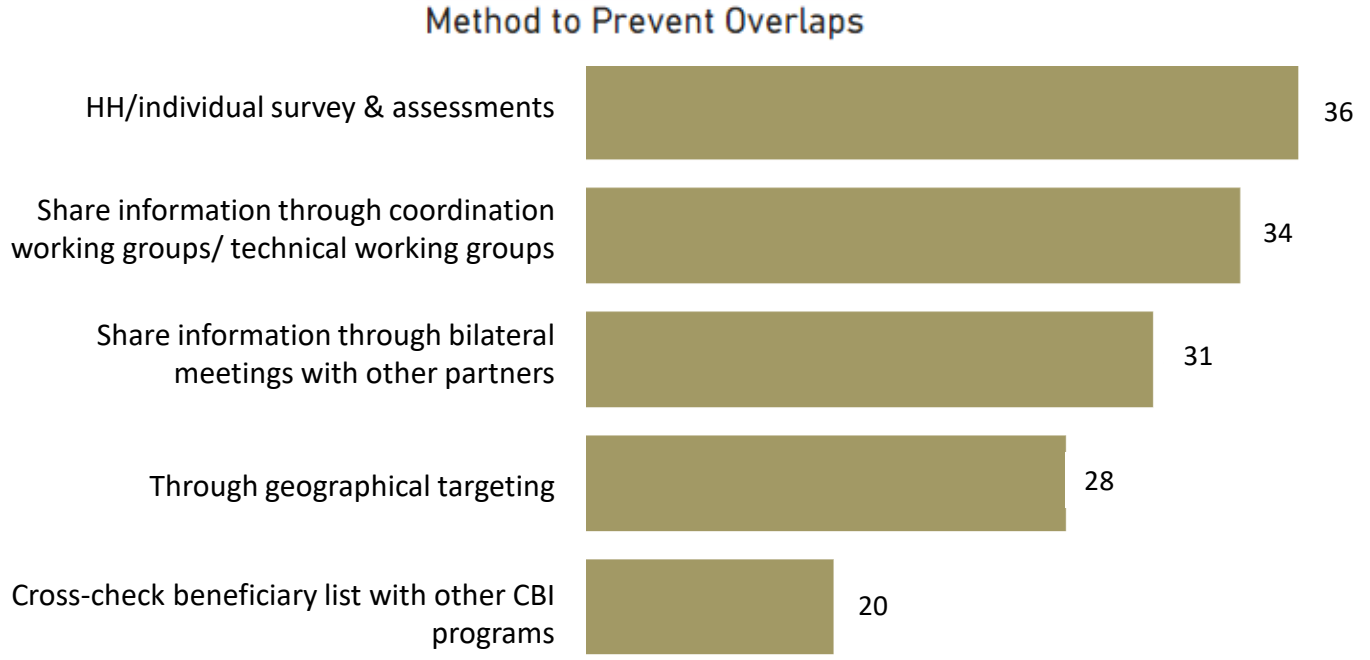


Overview: CVA Mapping 2023









CVA Mapping 2023

Next Steps

- Detailed report to be published
- Financial Service Providers to be mapped
- MPCA criteria to be analysed
- **Key highlights shared with donors**

CVA MAPPING 2023 – Dashboard PowerBI

MPCA: Revision of Targeting Criteria

- Reviewing MPCA Targeting Criteria & criteria shared by partners.
- Feedback and discussion
- Way forward for updating MPCA Targeting criteria

MPCA Criteria – Emergency Response 2023

Inter-Agency Coordination Türkiye

Source	Category	Revised for EQ MPC	Priority/Prerequisite	Validation
CBI TWG	Emergency	Level of damage of the house: Group A: Households whose house is demolished, heavily or moderately damaged Group B: Households whose house is lightly damaged or not damaged -but vulnerable.	Defines priority Group A Group B	e-devlet
CBI TWG	Deduplication	Not being an ESSN beneficiary	Prerequisite	TRC cross-check mechanism
CBI TWG	Deduplication	Not being the beneficiary of Collective Kindness	Prerequisite	TRC cross-check mechanism
Collective Kindness Project	Work status	Not working as a civil servant, public worker, notary or mukhtar and not having someone in the household like this	Prerequisite	social security log/e-devlet
Collective Kindness Project	Work status	Not being someone working abroad and not having someone in the household like this	Prerequisite	social security log/e-devlet
Collective Kindness Project	Household composition	Families with children	Priority	nüfus/e-devlet
Collective Kindness Project	Household composition	Individuals over 65 years old, households having someone like this	Priority	nüfus/e-devlet
Collective Kindness Project	Household composition	Women who lost their spouses under their last civil marriage and not being remarried	Priority	nüfus/e-devlet
Collective Kindness Project	Household composition	Pregnant and lactating women	Priority	health report
CBI TWG	Household composition	Single female headed households	Priority	assessment / claim
Collective Kindness Project	Household composition	Children whose mother, father or both have died and who are thus in need within the scope of Law No. 3294.	Priority	nüfus/e-devlet
Collective Kindness Project	Income status	Household income per capita being less than 1/3 of the monthly net minimum wage (2,835.60 TL for the year 2023).	Priority	assessment / claim
Collective Kindness Project	Special Needs	Individuals with chornic diseases and health assistance (whose disease information is obtained from the Public Health Management System as approved by the Board of Trustees of the SASFs)	Priority	health report
Collective Kindness Project	Special Needs	Individuals over 18 with a disability of 40%	Priority	health report
Collective Kindness Project	Special Needs	Individuals under 18, having received one of the statements: Mild (40-49), Moderate (50-59), Advanced (60-69) Very Advanced (70-79), Has Significant Special Needs (80-89), Special Conditions Needed" (90-99).	Priority	health report
Collective Kindness Project	Special Needs	Those who have lost at least 15% of their earning power in the profession due to silicosis	Priority	health report
Collective Kindness Project	Social Security	Not having social security	Priority	e-devlet

PDM Presentations

- TRC & IFRC: PDM Presentation
- SGDD-ASAM: PDM & FGDs Results Presentation
- UNHCR cash for protection interventions PDM Presentation
- Q&A

TÜRK KIZILAY | IFRC

ESEN CARD

POST DISTRIBUTION MONITORING

MAY 2024

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

WE EXTEND OUR HEARTFELT GRATITUDE TO ALL PARTIES WHO HAVE PLAYED A CRUCIAL ROLE IN FACILITATING THIS EXERCISE. ADDITIONALLY, WE WOULD LIKE TO EXPRESS OUR SINCERE THANKS TO OUR INTERVIEWEES FOR THEIR INVALUABLE PATIENCE AND UNWAVERING COOPERATION IN RESPONDING TO THE QUESTIONNAIRES. THEIR CONTRIBUTIONS HAVE BEEN IMMENSELY HELPFUL IN ACHIEVING THE GOALS OF THIS EXERCISE.

ESEN CARD IN NUMBERS

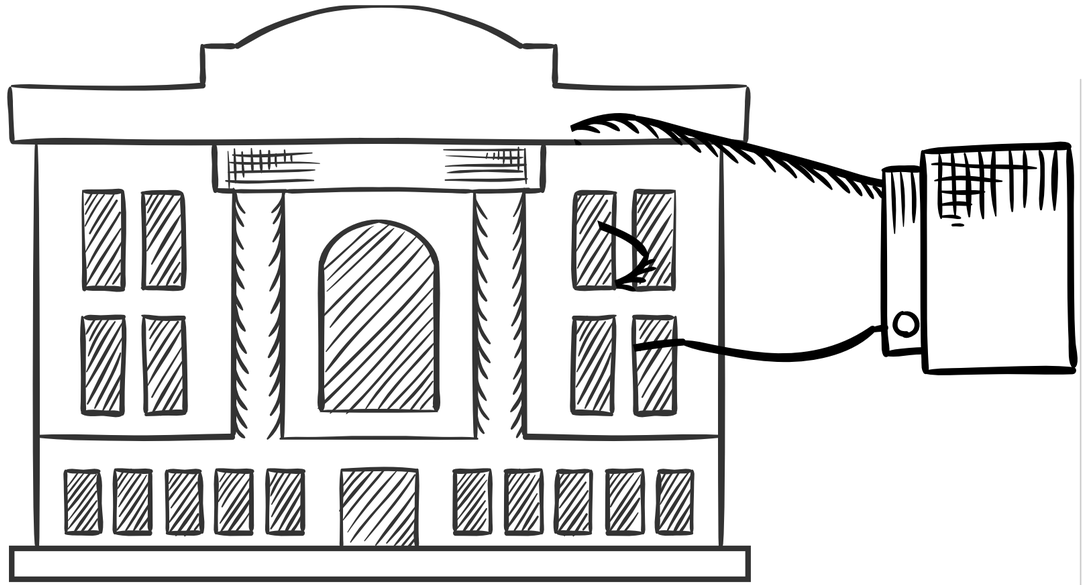
In Febraury 2024

24,416 HOUSEHOLDS REACHED

97,664 * INDIVIDUALS

*Average household size is 4 based on TURKSTAT data.

ESEN CARD IN NUMBERS



TRANSFER VALUE

TRY 4,500

USD 141
per household

ELIGIBILITY CRITERIA

HOUSEHOLDS WHOSE HOMES HAVE BEEN

- MODERATELY DAMAGED
- SEVERELY DAMAGED
- DEMOLISHED
- URGENT DEMOLITION DECISION
- NO RECORD OF REGULAR EMPLOYMENT IN THE SGK
- RETIREES EARNING LESS THAN A THIRD OF THE MINIMUM WAGE PER MONTH.

THE PDM USES A CONFIDENCE LEVEL OF 90% WITH A 5% MARGIN OF ERROR

90%

CONFIDENCE LEVEL

5%

MARGIN OF ERROR

395 Households interviewed

REPRESENTING

1,580* Individuals

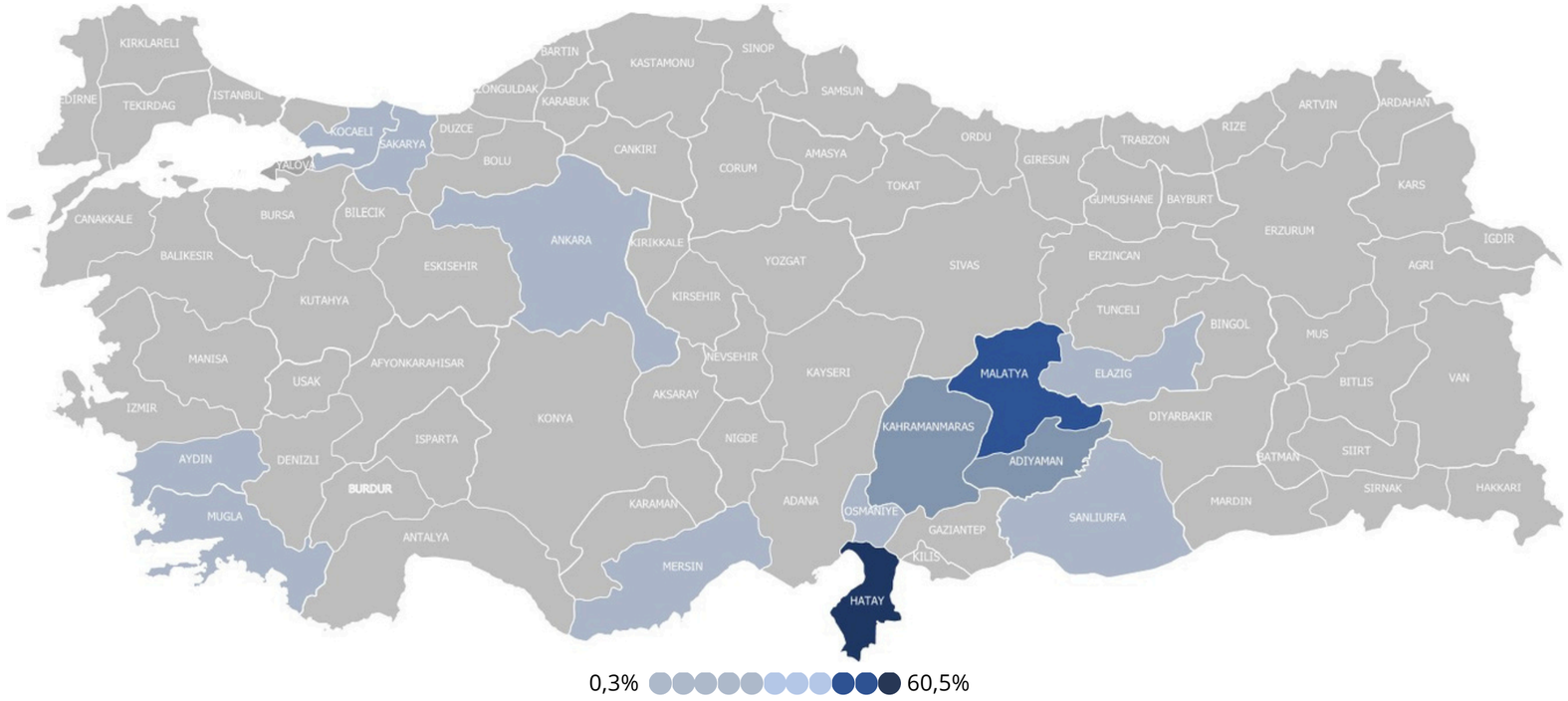
*Average household size is 4 based on data collected.

Respondents to the survey were geographically dispersed across Turkiye, with a considerable number residing in the southeast, which was the epicentre of the earthquake.

BREAKDOWN OF RESPONDENTS ACROSS TURKIYE

13

PROVINCES



88% of the respondents remained in the affected provinces, while 12% relocated to other provinces across Türkiye

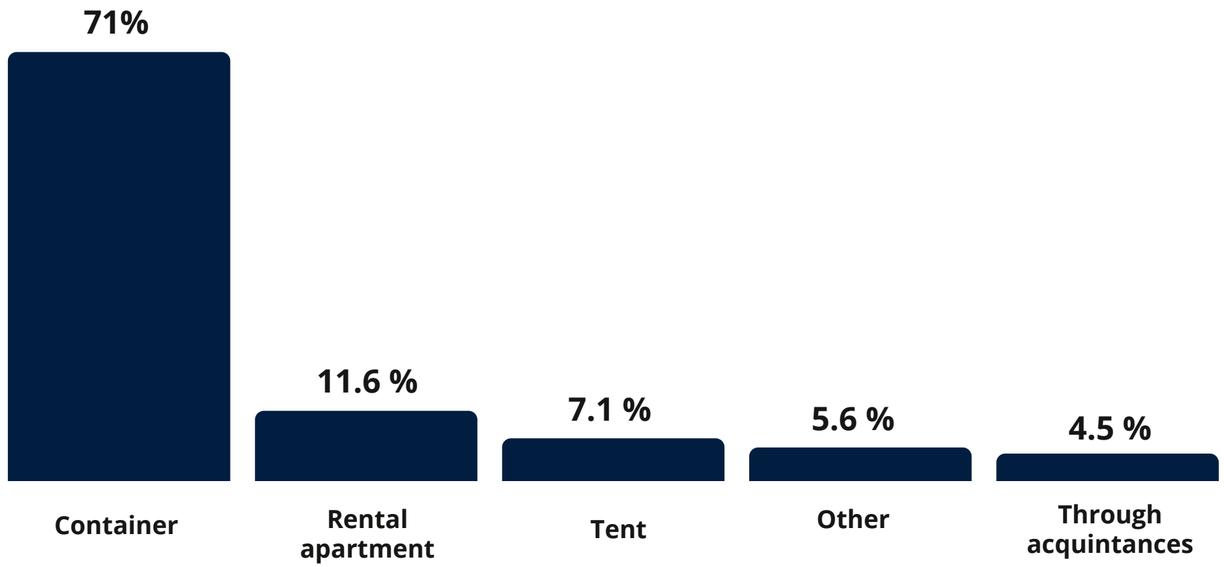
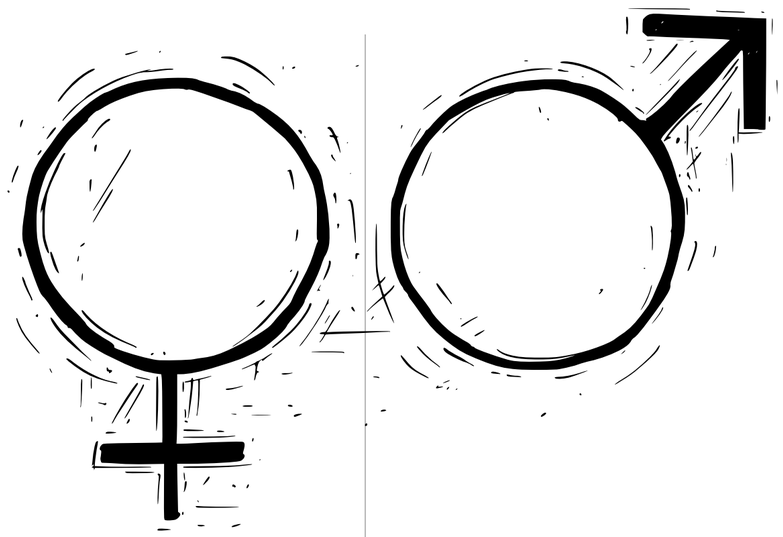


Figure 4: Housing arrangements of respondents



FEMALE	MALE
35%	65%

GENDER

OF RESPONDENTS

DEMOGRAPHICS

92% of the households have three or more members and nearly half of those households have more than five members.

Table 1: Gender breakdown of the surveyed recipients across age groups

Age Groups		Female	Male
	18-25	2%	3%
	26-35	11%	8%
	36-45	13%	20%
	46-55	5%	13%
	55 +	4%	21%

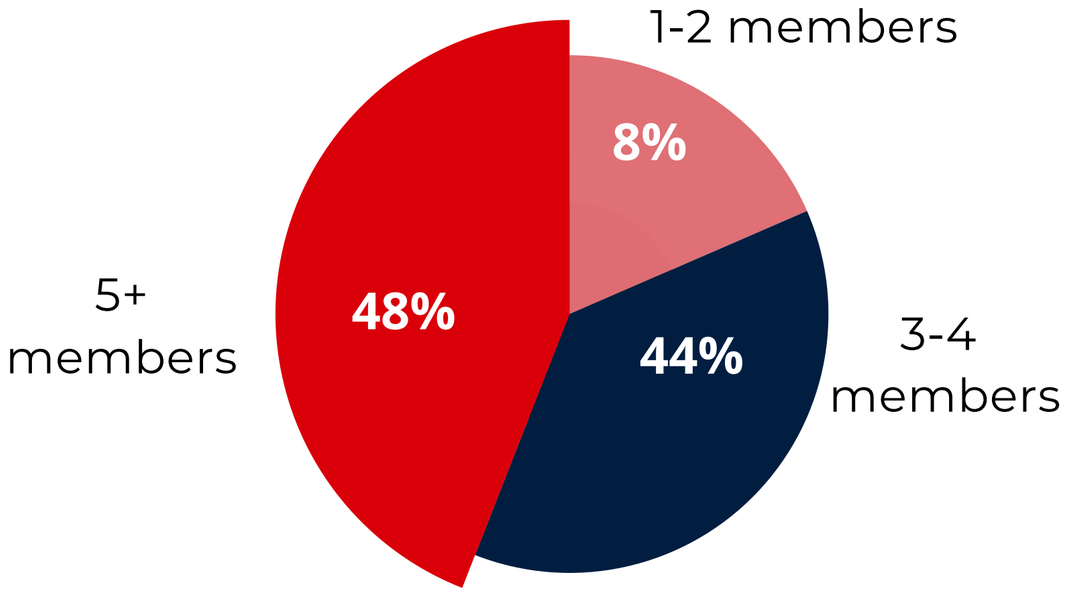


Figure 2: Household size of respondents

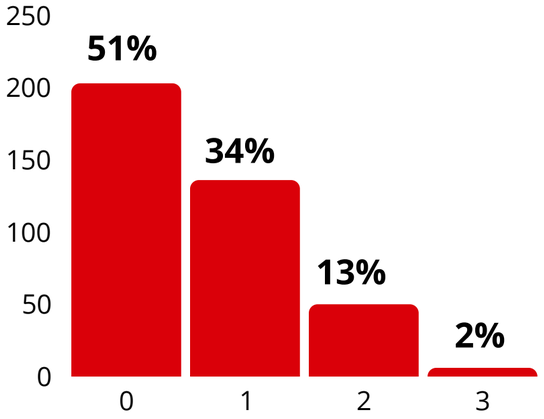


Figure 3: Percentage of members with disabilities in households

0

Satisfied
99.5%

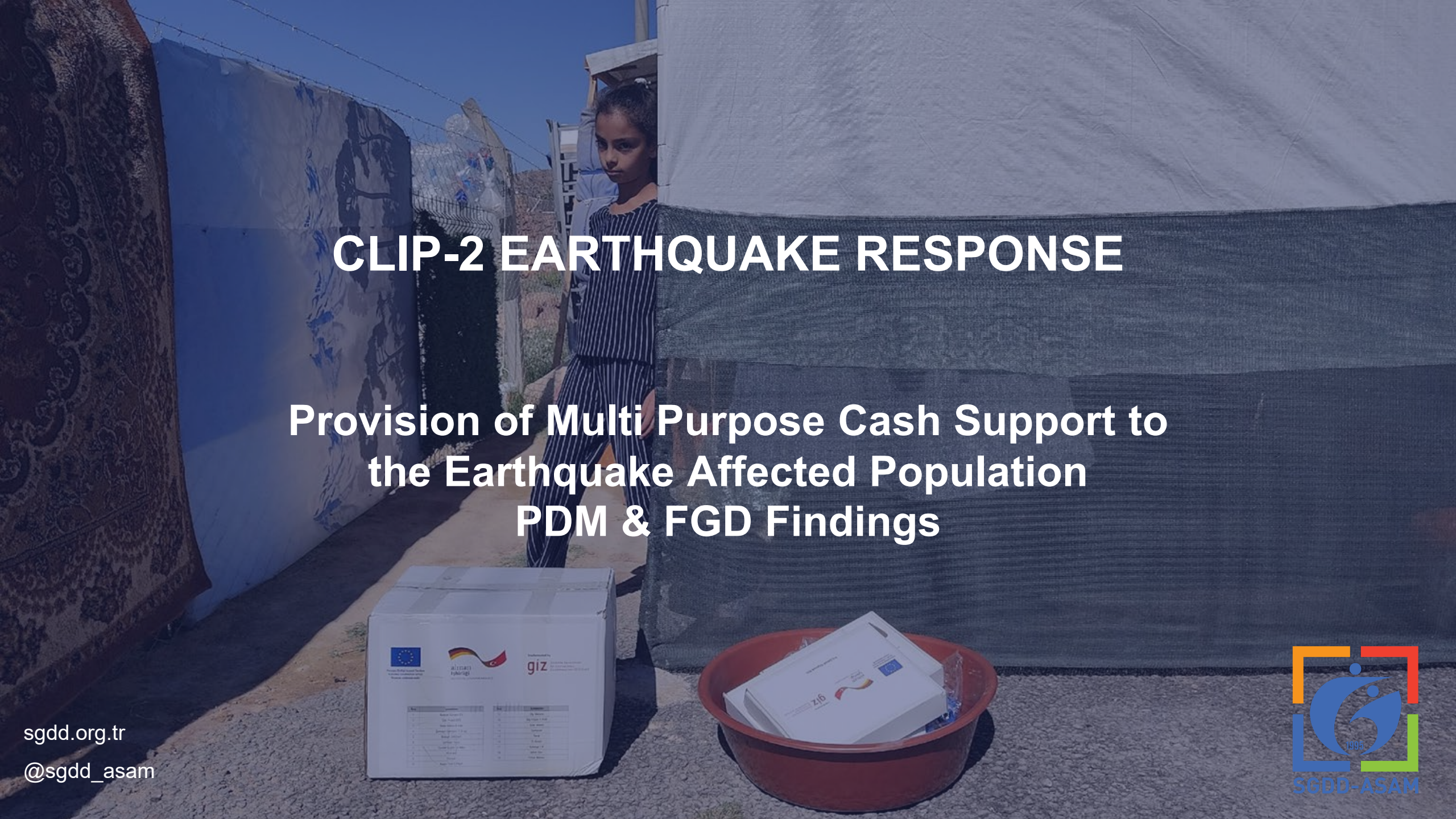
OVERALL SATISFACTION

KEY TAKEAWAYS AND RESULTS OVERVIEW

THE CRUCIAL ROLE THAT ESEN CARD	ASSISTANCE UTILISED PRIMARILY ON FOOD	NEGATIVE COPING MECHANISM	ESEN SATISFACTION LEVEL
A high dependency on the ESEN assisatnce for addressing essential needs	A significant portion (98%) of the surveyed households utilised the ESEN Card primarily for food	64% of households are struggling with debt, with a median household debt of TRY 10,500	99.5% of recipients are satisfied with the ESEN Card program

QUESTIONS?

TÜRK
KIZILAY
IFRC



CLIP-2 EARTHQUAKE RESPONSE

Provision of Multi Purpose Cash Support to the Earthquake Affected Population
PDM & FGD Findings

sgdd.org.tr

@sgdd_asam

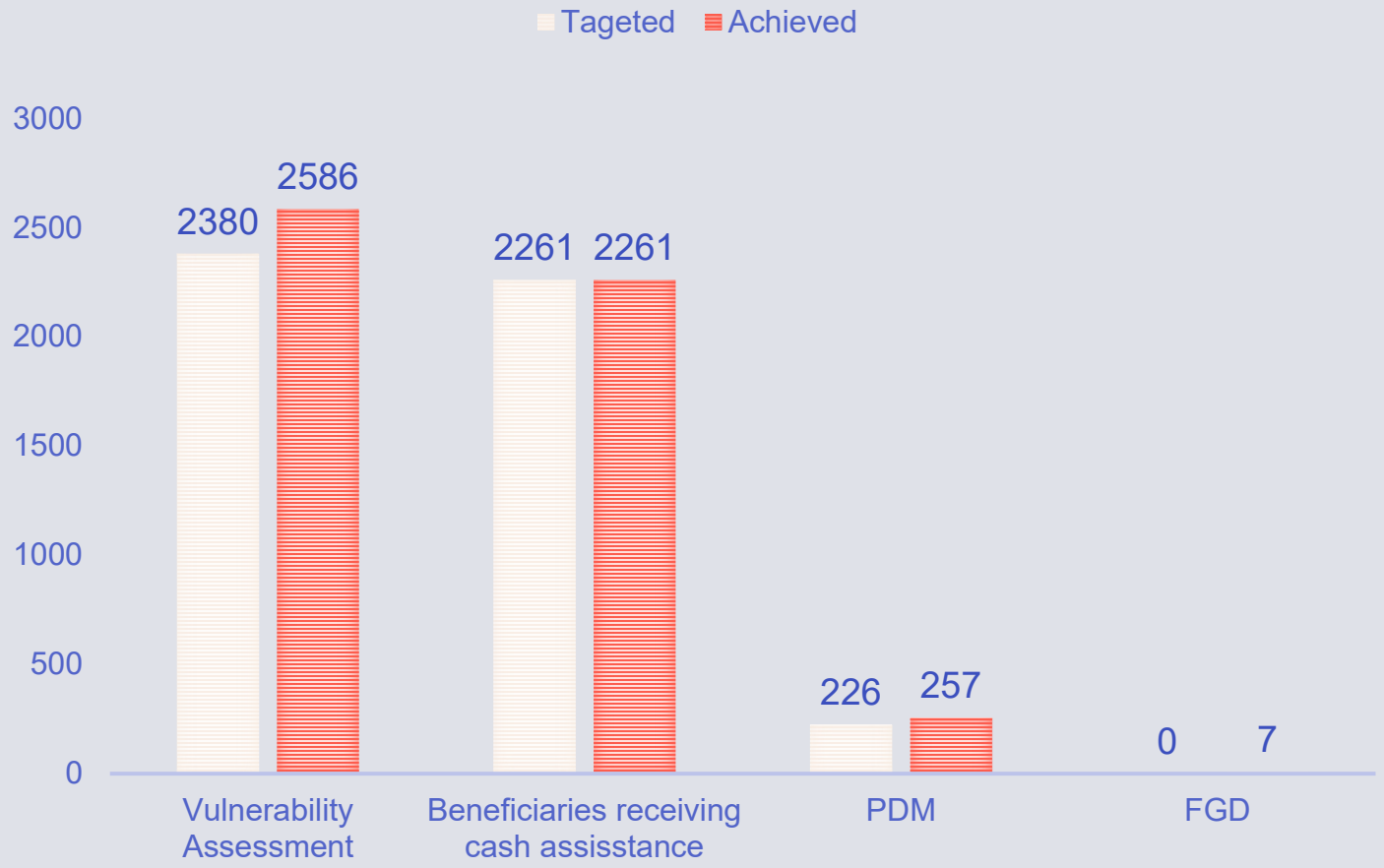
SGDD-ASAM

Presentation Agenda

- Project Background
- PDM & FGD Findings
- Q & A

Project Background

- November 2023-April 2024
- Targeted 2261 beneficiaries: 20% host community + 80% refugees
- Project region: Ankara, Hatay, Kahramanmaraş, Malatya
- Methodology: vulnerability assessment and prioritization
- 2598 beneficiaries verified
- 2261 beneficiaries received cash assisstance
- PDM with 257 beneficiaries
- 7 FGD with 61 beneficiaries



SGDD-ASAM

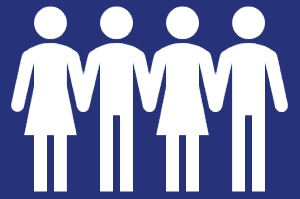
FGD

7 FGD studies with 61 beneficiaries

47 Refugees + 14 Host Community

44 Women + 17 Men

3 in Hatay, 3 in Kahramanmaraş, 1 in Malatya



PDM

257 beneficiaries

82% Refugees + 18 Host Community

61% Women + 39% Men

Ankara 7, Hatay 105, Kahramanmaraş 106, Malatya 39

SGDD-ASAM

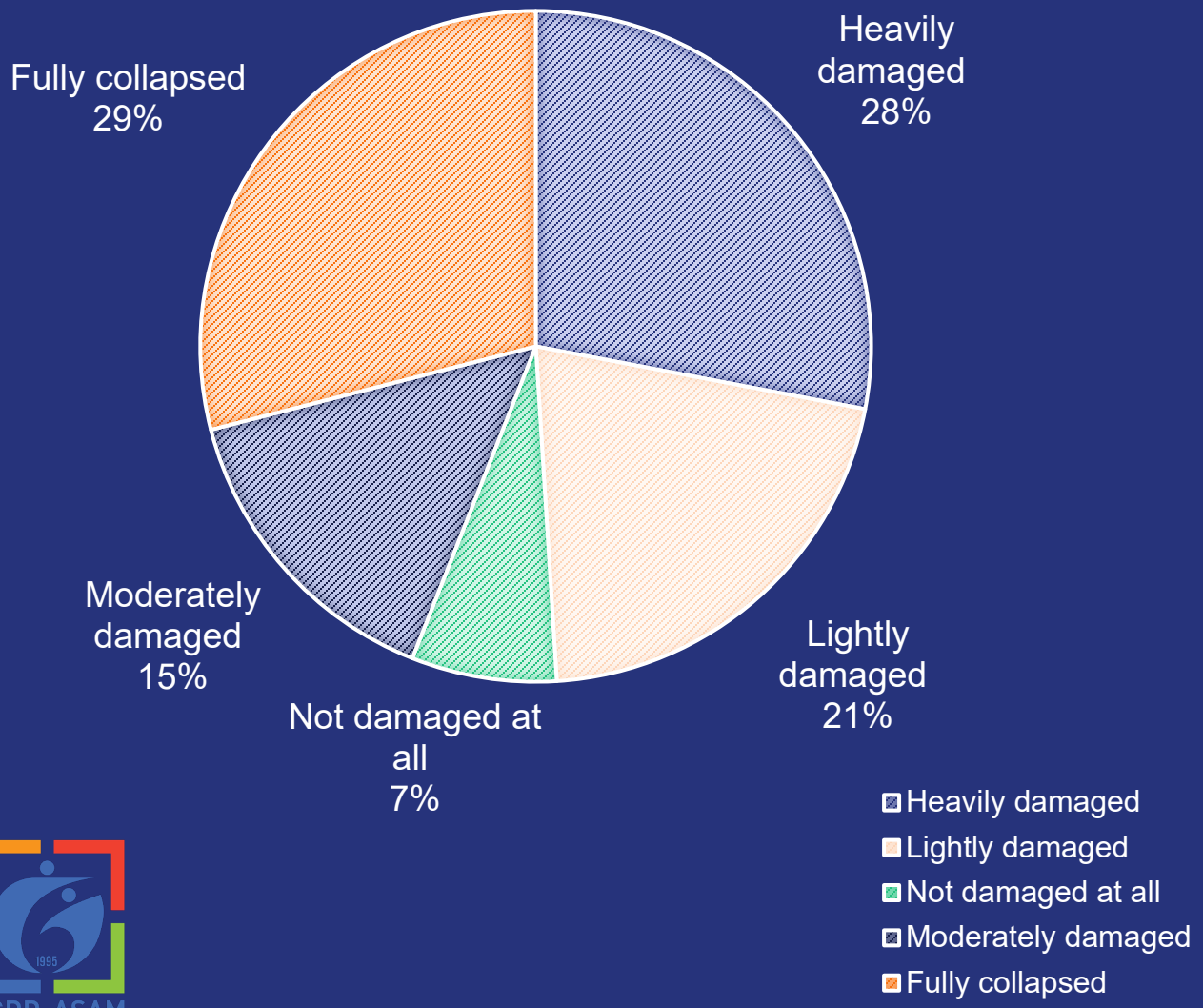
Focus points of PDM and FGD studies:

- Vulnerabilities
- Regarding cash assistance
- Dynamics of family and society
- Regarding the project process
- Accountability to affected populations (AAP)

SGDD-ASAM

Vulnerabilities

House damage status



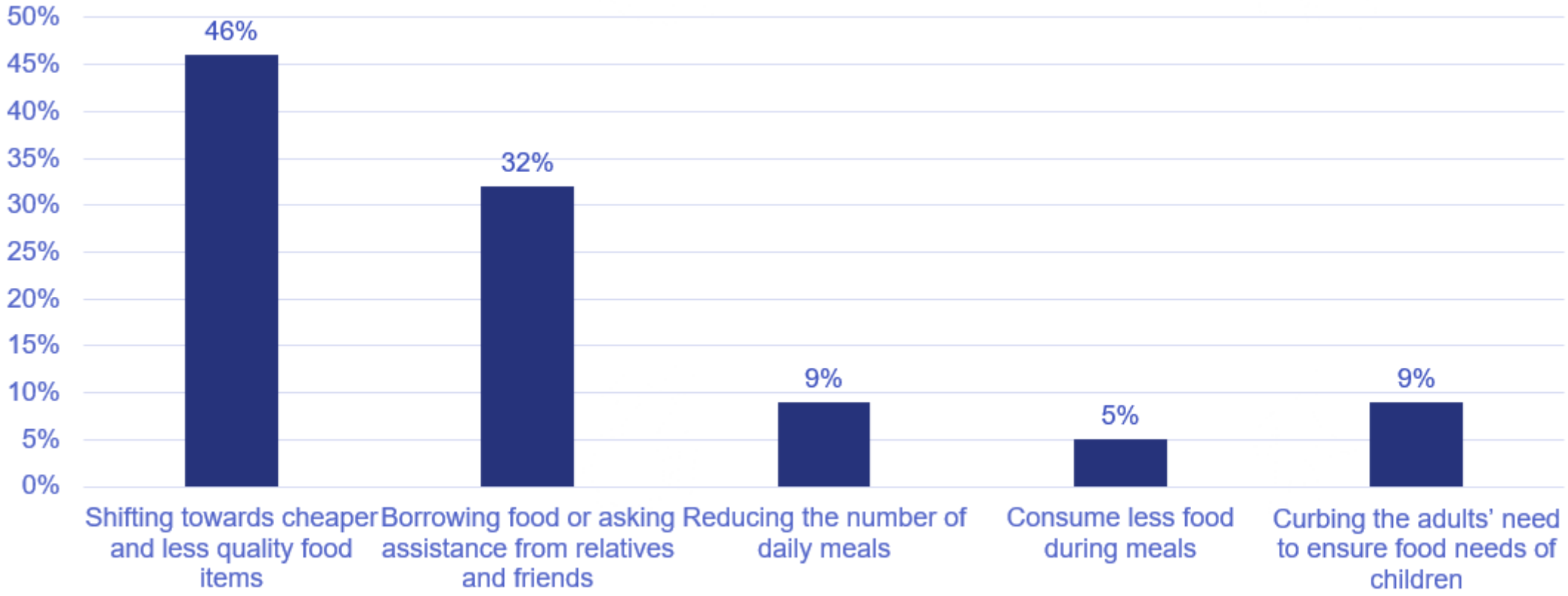
30% moved to another city
70% not moved

68% employed
32% not employed

26% disability

SGDD-ASAM

During the last 7 days, how many times, in days, did your household have to employ one of the following strategies to cope with a lack of food or money to buy it?



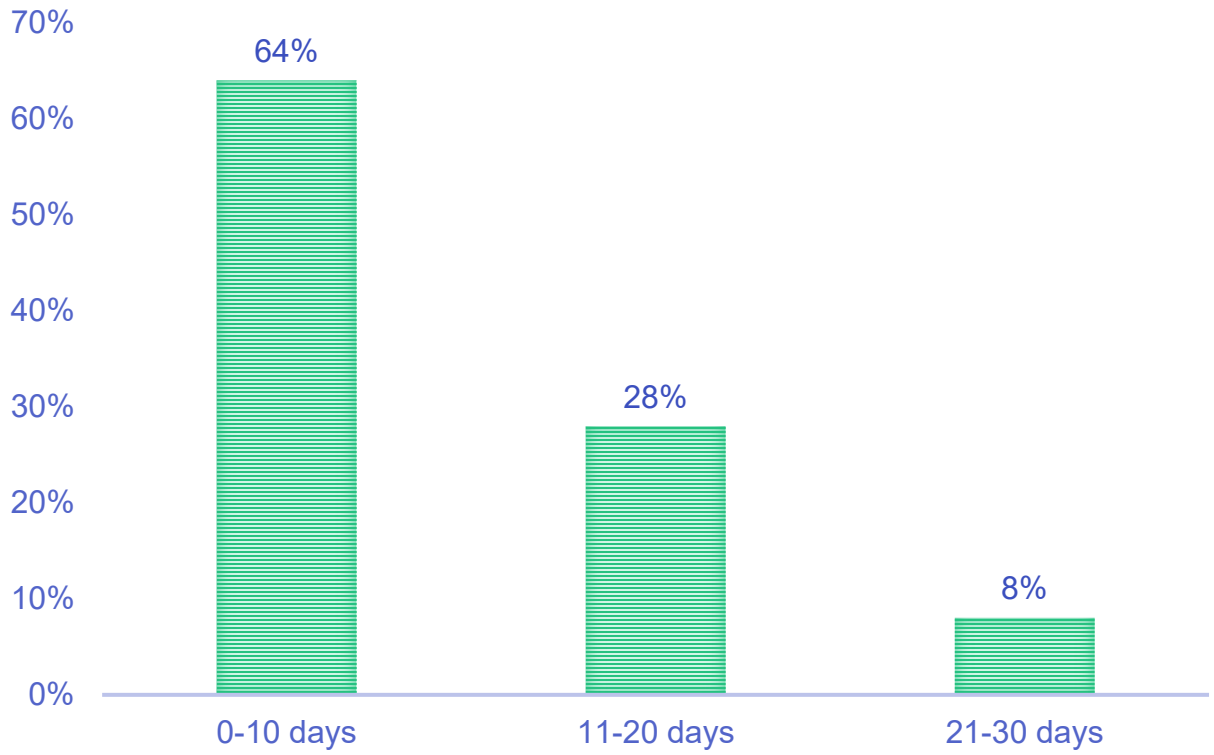
SGDD-ASAM

Regarding Cash Assistance

preferred type of assistance:
96% cash assisstance
3% voucher
1% In kind assisstance

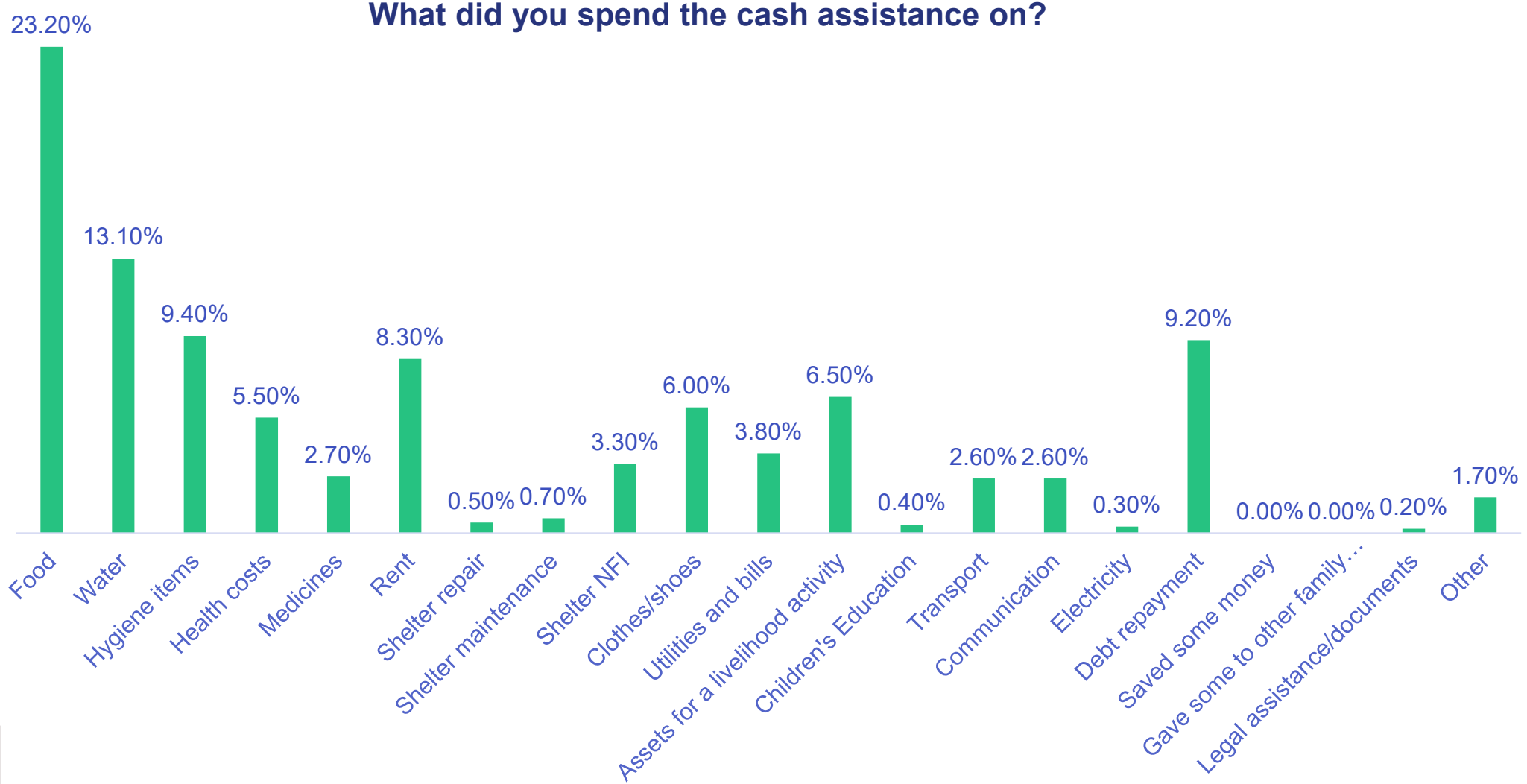
What extent needs were met the assisstance?
88% met a large part of the needs
12% met some of the needs

How long did the cash last before it was all spent?



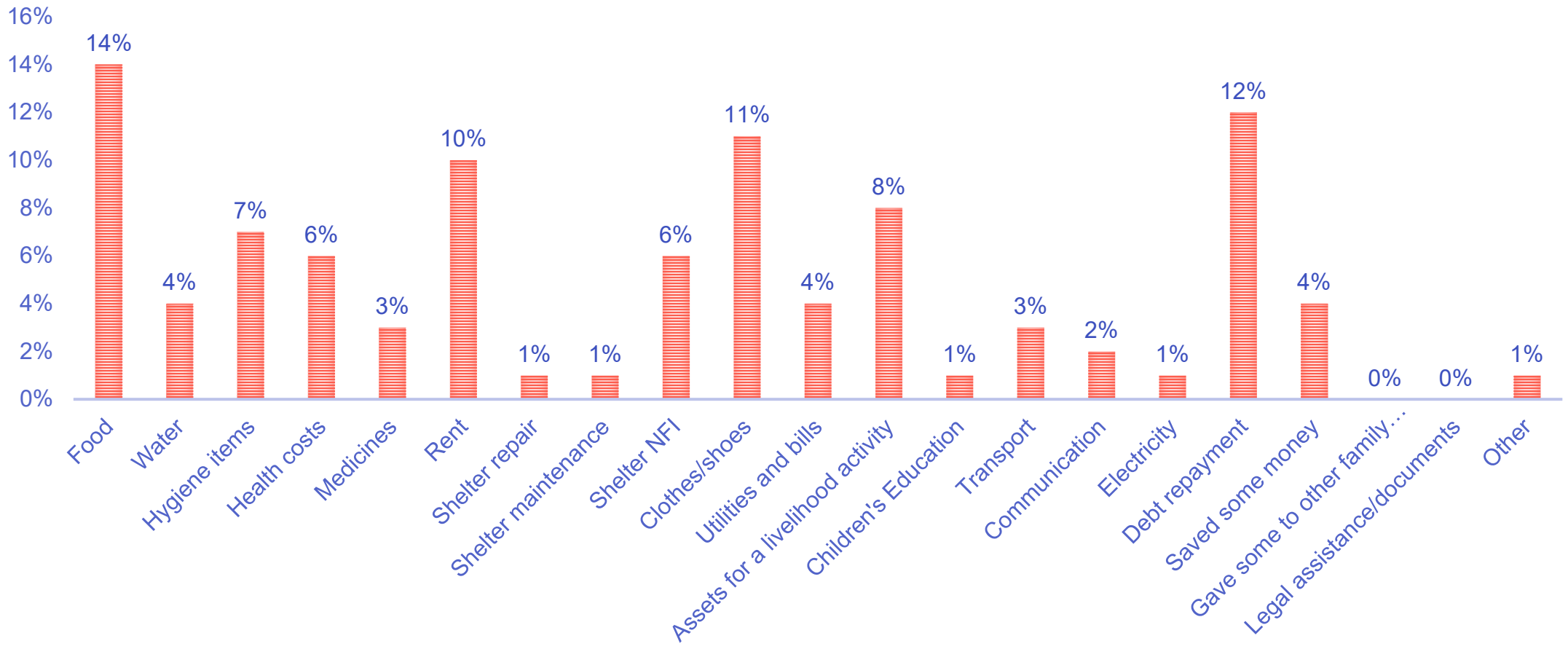
SGDD-ASAM

What did you spend the cash assistance on?



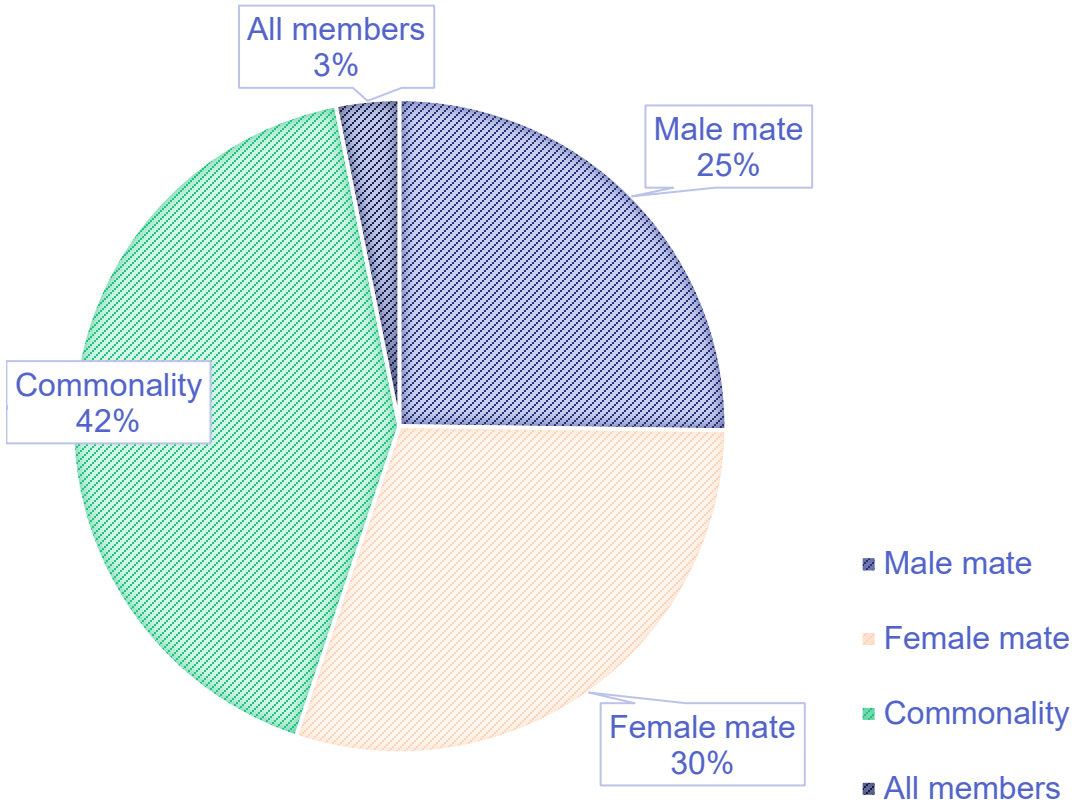
SGDD-ASAM

In which categories did you have needs but no funds to cover them?



Family Dynamics

Who in the household decides how to spend the cash received?



Regarding the project process

11,5%
transportation problems

SGDD-ASAM

Q&A

Thank you!

selin.ayaes@sgdd-asam.org
serhat.bağlar@sgdd-asam.org

SGDD-ASAM

UNHCR
Cash for Protection 2023
PDM Findings

May 2024

UNHCR
The UN Refugee Agency

UNHCR Türkiye
Monthly Cash Programmes

Programmes

- Cash for Adolescencscts Released from State Institutions
- Cash for GBV survivors and who are at risk of GBV
- Cash for Transgender and Intersex Refugees and Asylum Seekers
- Cash for Specific Needs

Implementation

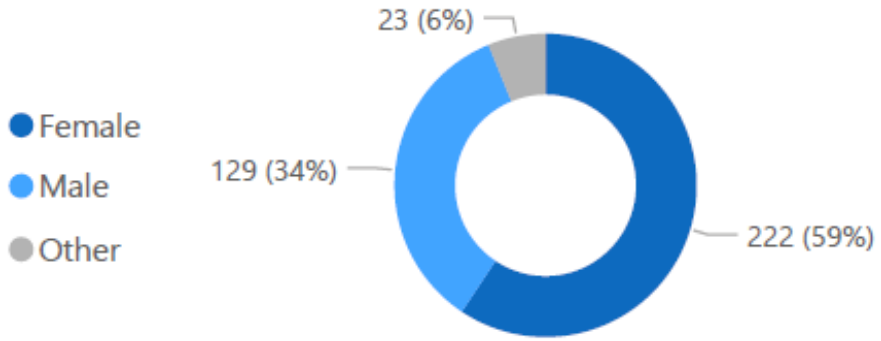
- PTT, prepaid cards
- Monthly assistance
- Assistance amounts: CPA, CPS, CPL: 3,572 TRY per individual
  CSN: 300 TRY per individual within hh
- Total amount delivered: TRY 84,349,412 (USD 3,413,738)

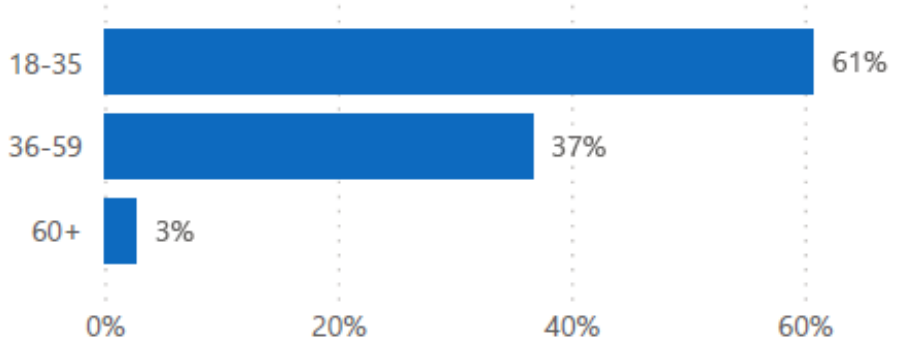
UNHCR
The UN Refugee Agency

1. PDM Exercise

- 374* households
- Simple random sampling
- Phone interviews - Kobo Toolbox
- 10 enumarators (7 women and 3 men)

Respondent Profile



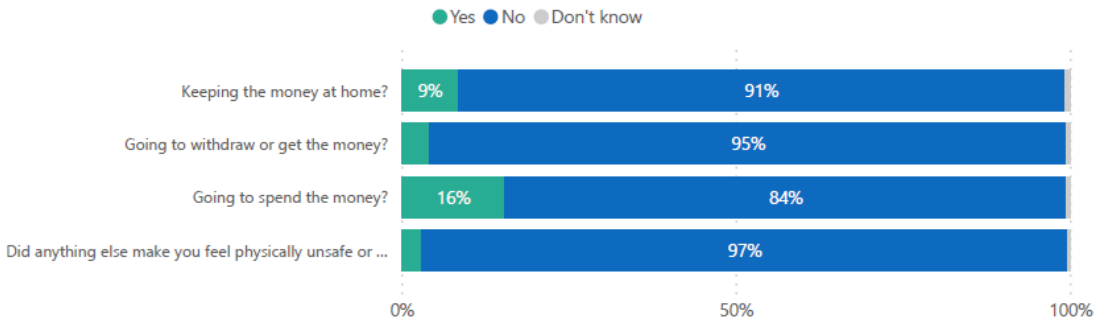


Nationality	PDM respondents (%)	Programme – Beneficiary caseload (%)
Syrian	33%	32%
Afghan	28%	25%
Iranian	21%	22%
Iraqi	14%	14%
Other	5%	6%
Total	100%	100%

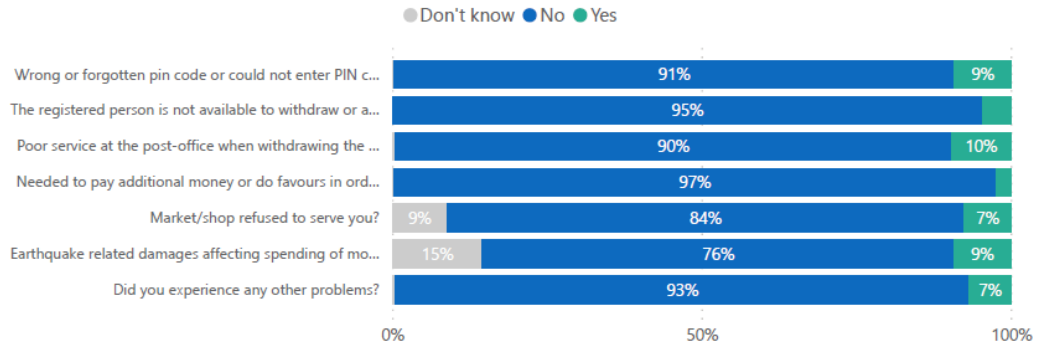
UNHCR
The UN Refugee Agency

Risks and Problems

Feeling unsafe or at risk while receiving or spending the cash

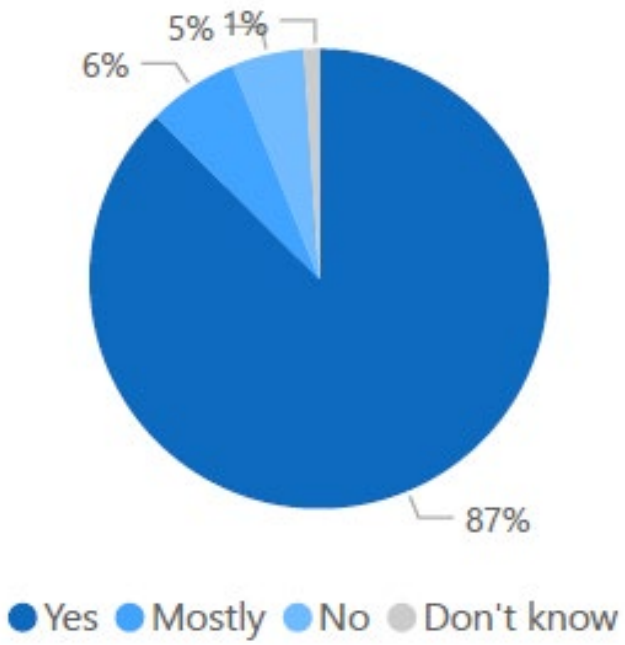


Problems experienced while receiving or spending the cash

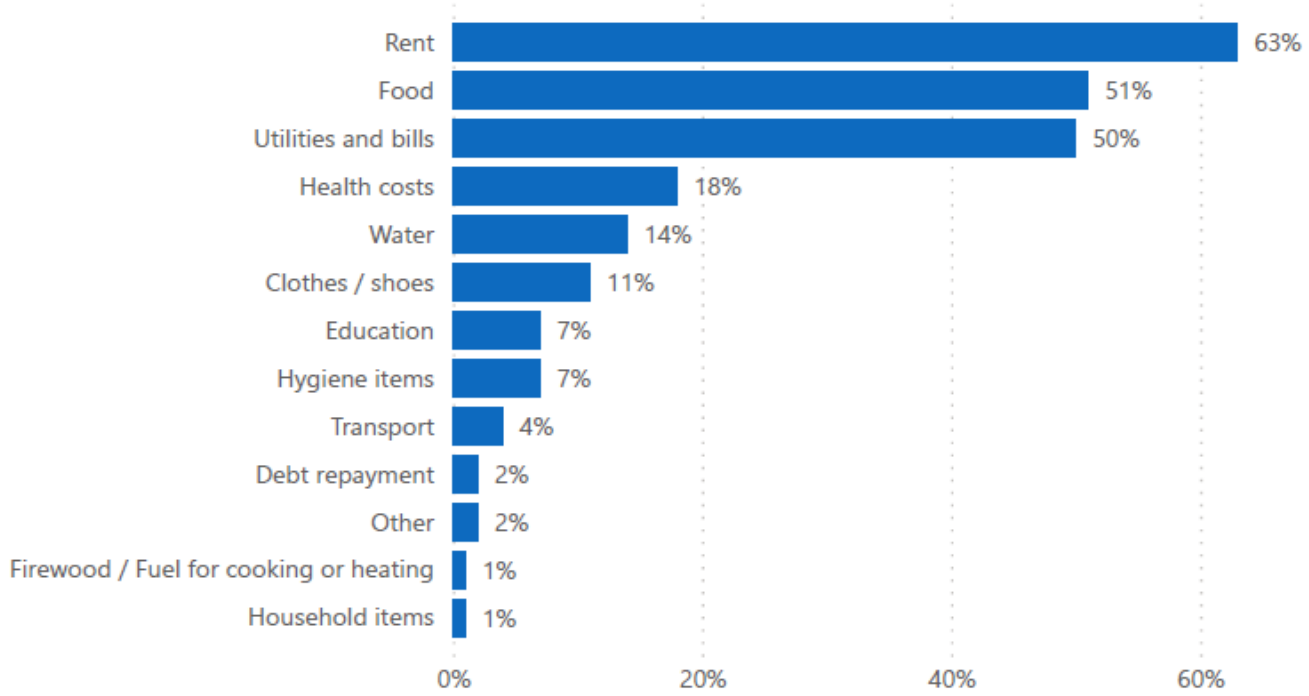


Market and Expenditure

Availability of the items



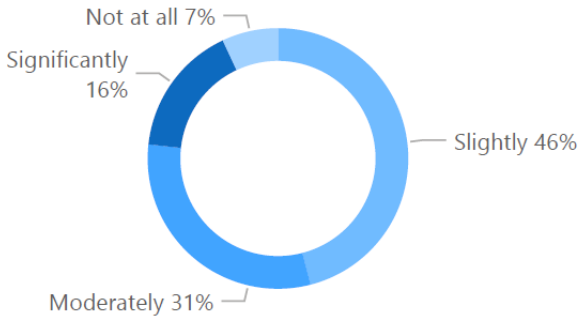
Expenditure items



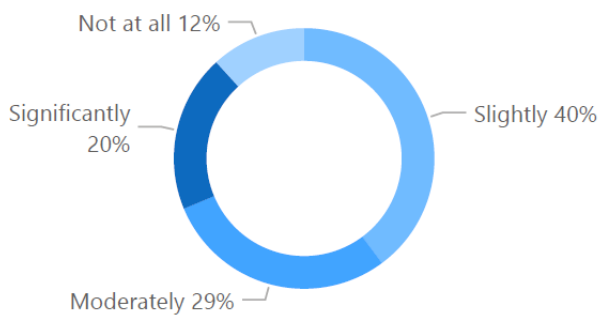
UNHCR
The UN Refugee Agency

Outcomes

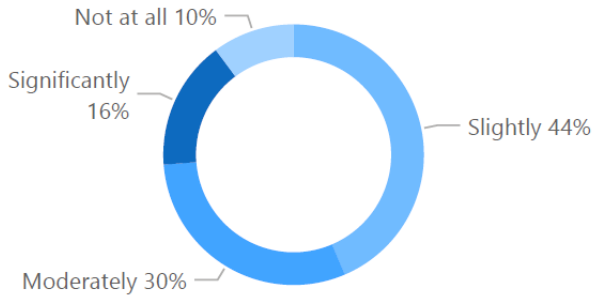
a) Whether the assistance improved living conditions



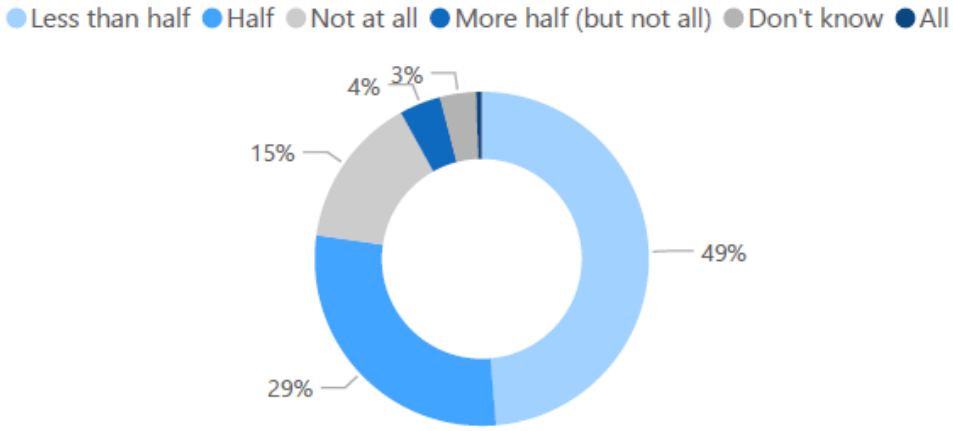
b) Whether the assistance reduced feeling of stress



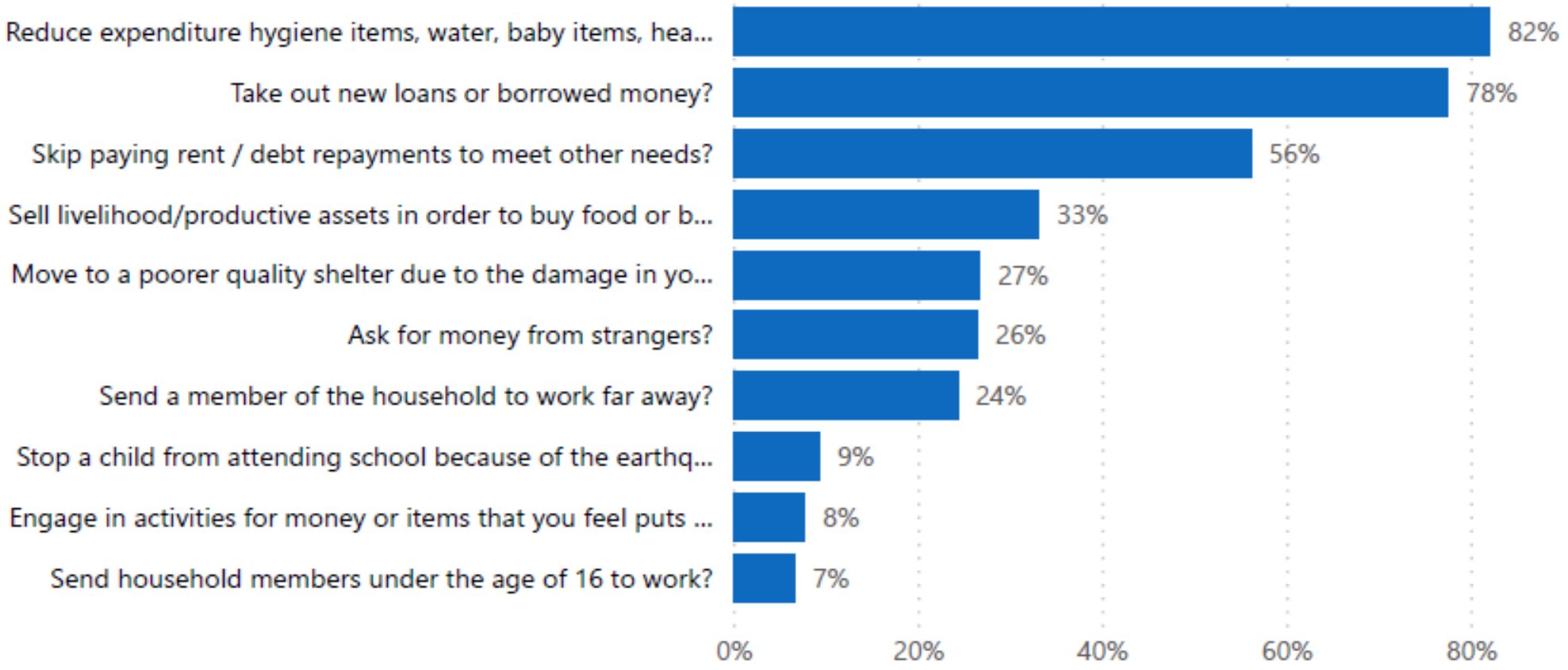
c) Whether the assistance reduced the financial burden



Meeting basic needs



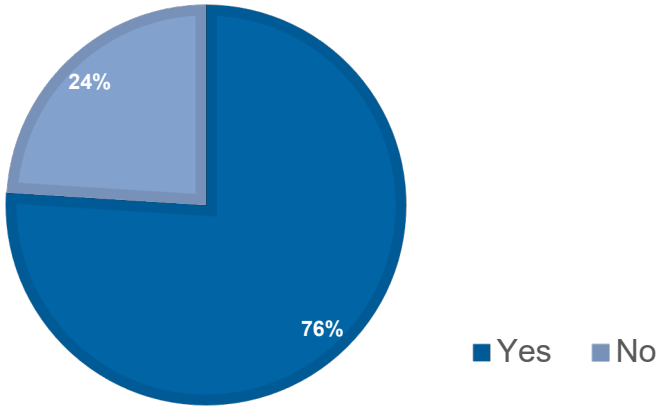
Negative Coping Strategies



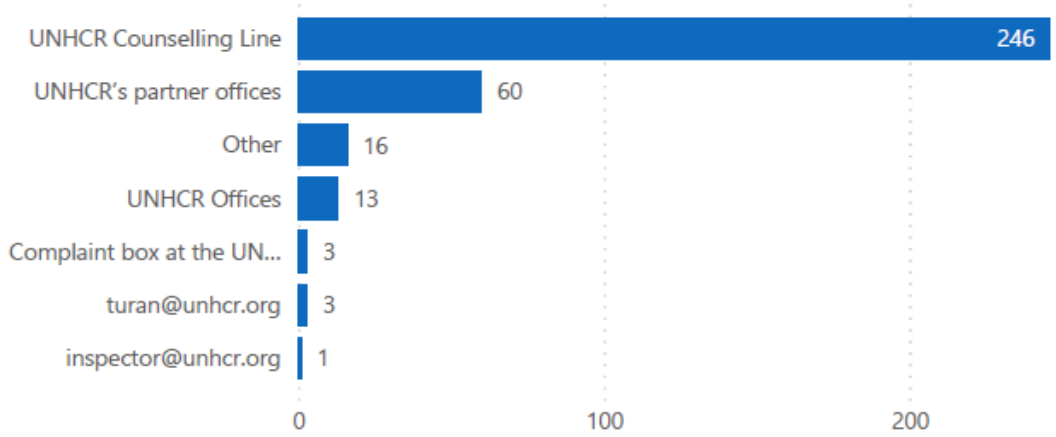
UNHCR
The UN Refugee Agency

Accountability to Affected Population

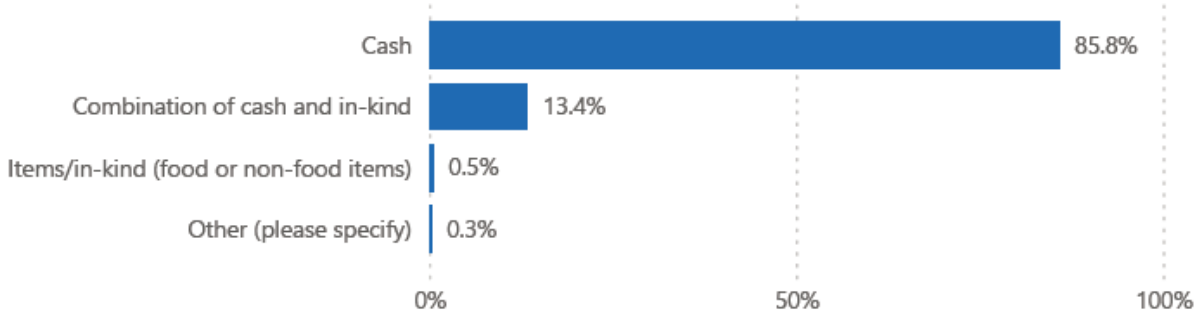
CFM Awareness



Preferred complaint and feedback mechanism



Preferred assistance modality



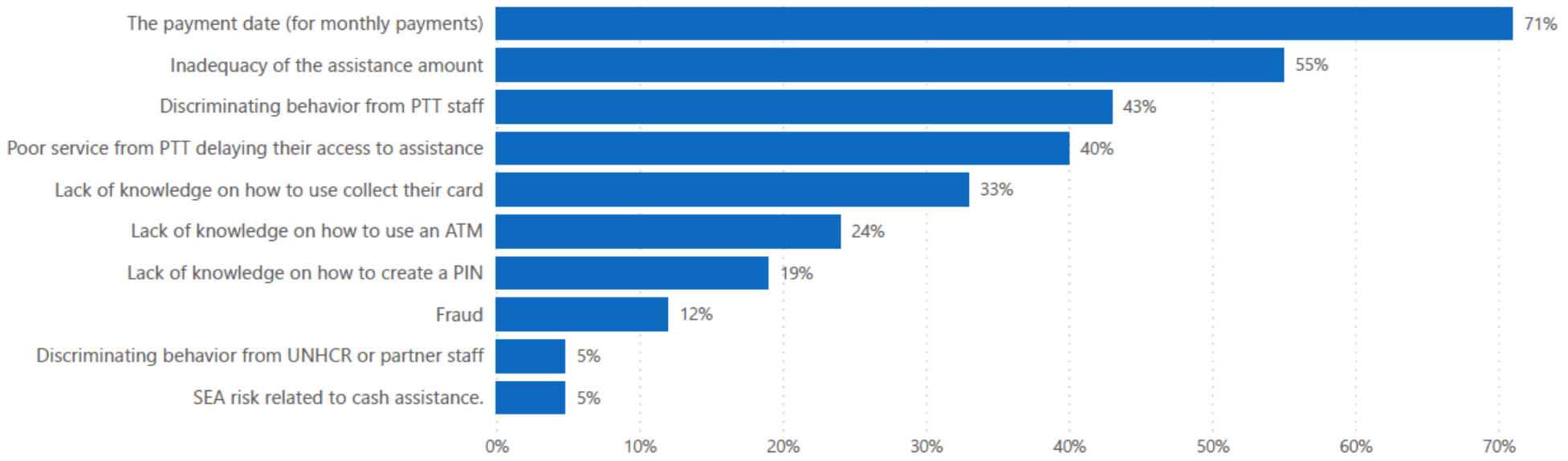
UNHCR
The UN Refugee Agency

2. Focus Group Discussions

- 13 FGDs, 84 participants
- Ankara, İzmir, İstanbul, Gaziantep
  - CPS: meeting basic needs and empowering towards financial independence.
  - CPL: overcoming employment hurdles and ensuring access to essentail services like housing and healthcare
  - CPA: education and housing
  - Overall concerns: economic instability -inflation, delayed payments

3. UNHCR Counselling Line Staff Key Informant Interview

Counselling line staff feedback on specific challenges of beneficiaries

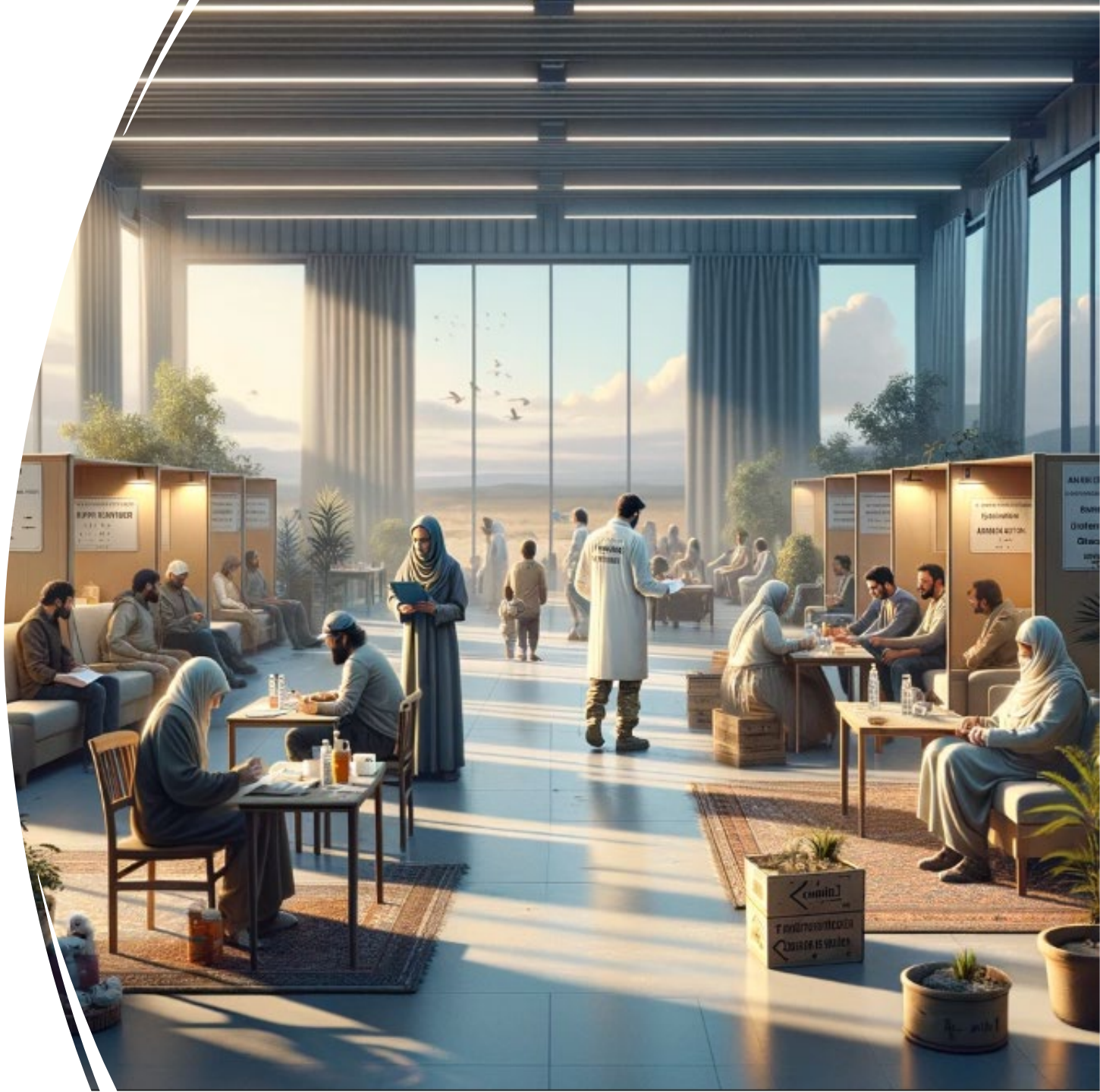


UNHCR
The UN Refugee Agency

Conclusion

- The majority of the beneficiaries felt safe accessing the cash and did not face technical challenges. Along with this, cash remained as the preferred modality for a significant portion of the beneficiaries, **prepaid cards are a suitable mechanism for delivering assistance.**
- About 94% of the stated that the cash contributed slightly to significantly improving their living conditions and well-being. FGDs also supported the positive impact related findings. However, it is crucial to examine these findings alongside the utilization of **negative coping mechanisms and economic circumstances**. Therefore it is imperative to **regularly review and adjust the assistance amounts.**
- Compared to the 2022 PDM, there is a 16% **increase in the awareness of the Counselling Line and other reporting mechanisms.** UNHCR must sustain and intensify awareness-raising initiatives for complaints and feedback mechanisms.
- In light of the high negative coping strategy ratio, it is strongly recommended that the **intensively monitoring** these cases. This vigilant oversight is crucial to identify and mitigate potential protection risks effectively.

AoB

- Suggestions for coming meeting
- Other issues

- **THANK YOU !**