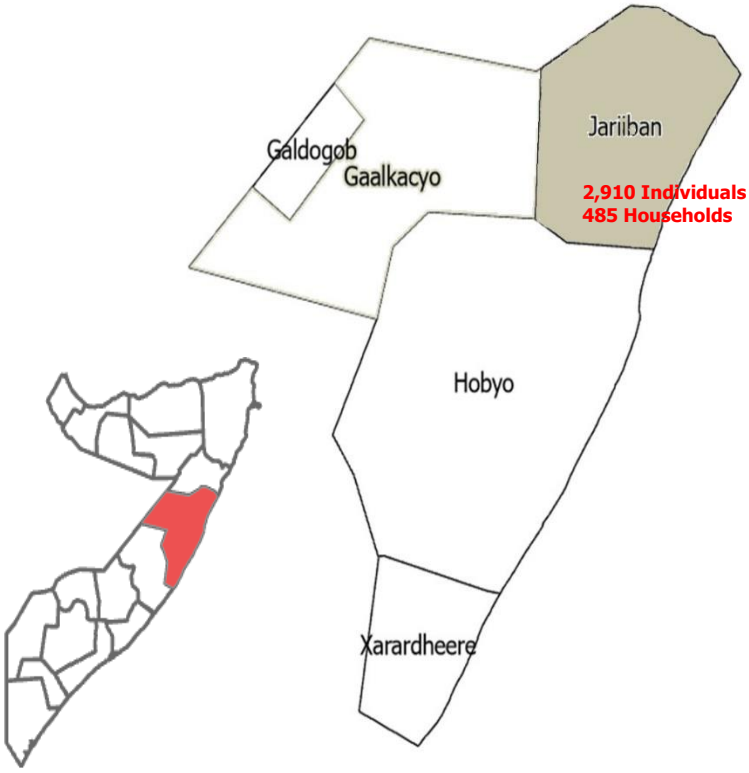
Inter-Clan Conflict Displaces Over 2,910 Individuals in Jariiban District, Mudug Region

Displaced Families	485
Displaced Individuals	2,910
Deaths	0
Injuries	15
Coordinates	6.787273, 47.439236.
Incident Date	30 June – 2 July, 2024
Inter-sectoral Severity	Extreme[1]
Access	Level 3 (Moderate restrictions)



Situational Overviews

Between 30 June and 2 July, a fight occurred, driven by resource competition between two clans, Sheekhaal and Dir, in Buq-qalooc, near Tawfiq in the Jariiban district of the Mugud region, bordering the Puntland and Galmudug States. The conflict lasted three days, resulting in the displacement of residents from the affected areas. There have been deaths among the fighting militias. While there have been no reports of civilian deaths, 15 civilians have been reportedly injured.

Previous Location	Current Location	#Households
Buq-qalooc	Ceeldhanane	35
Tawfiq	Laaso-dhirindhir	27
Buq-qalooc	Afbarwaqo	85
Tawfiq	Qoryowyen	88
Baraago	Lihlow-dheere	100
Shimbiraale	Tuuroboore	150
485 HHs with approximately 2,910 individuals		

The villages between the Puntland and Galmudug administrations of Buq-qalooc and Tawfiq were the most impacted, with 485 households displaced due to the clan conflict. Displaced individuals are in open areas without proper shelter, facing protection vulnerabilities and risks. They sought refuge in nearby areas such as Tuuroboore, Lihlow-dheere, Afbarwaqo, and Qoryowyen in Jariiban District. The cessation of all small

[1] Somalia 2024 Humanitarian Needs and Response Plan

businesses and transportation in and out of these villages has severely affected their livelihoods. The fighting has also disrupted health centers and Quranic schools. Vulnerable groups, including children, women, and the elderly, are particularly at high risk.

Protection Risks

Forced Displacement: The risk of further displacement in West Mudug due to inter-clan violence remains. The conflict forced the displacement of some 2,910 individuals, who are now in open spaces, not having access to proper shelter conditions nor to health services and education facilities, increasing their vulnerability to protection risks. There is a need for humanitarian actors to scale up their response, which should be efficiently coordinated.

PSMN recommends the National Inter-Cluster Coordination Group (ICCG) activate the Inter-sectoral Response Framework (IRF) in the affected areas.

Priority Needs

Food | Emergency Shelter | Protection | Non-Food Item | Safe Drinking Water

The PSMN (Protection & Solutions Monitoring Network) is a UNHCR-led project in partnership with NRC which identifies and reports on displacements as well as protection risks and incidents underlying such population movements. On behalf of UNHCR and the Norwegian Refugee Council (NRC), 26 local partners in the field in Somalia (South Central regions, Puntland and Somaliland) undertake data gathering (primarily through interviews with affected communities and key informants) and monitoring at strategic locations.

For detail statistical on displacement and protection trends, please refer to PRMN interactive dashboard **https://prmn-somalia.unhcr.org**

To request further information on displacement and protection, please contact **SOMMOPMN@UNHCR.ORG**