PROTECTION & SOLUTIONS MONITORING NETWORK (PSMN)

AWDAL, SOMALIA | JULY 2024

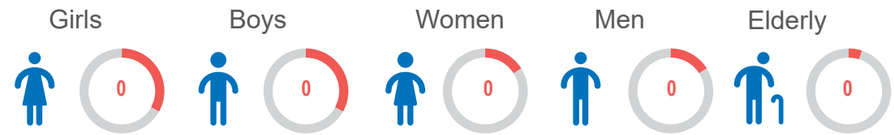
	JULY 2024	IN 2024
# OF INCIDENTS THAT CAUSED DISPLACEMENT	0	22
# OF NEWLY DISPLACED POPULATION	0	225
# OF PROTECTION VIOLATIONS RECORDED[1]	96	236

[1]Some protection violations were not recorded due to security risks in some regions.

TRIGGERS OF DISPLACEMENT (JULY 2024 IN %)

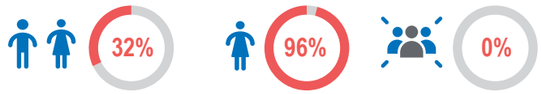
Drought	0%
Flood	0%
Other	0%
Conflict	0%

DEMOGRAPHICS (JULY 2024)[3]



[3]Disaggregated data for displaced persons are based on those displacement reports where data has been collected at household level.

PROTECTION VIOLATIONS CONCERNING CHILDREN, WOMEN AND MINORITIES (2024 IN %)

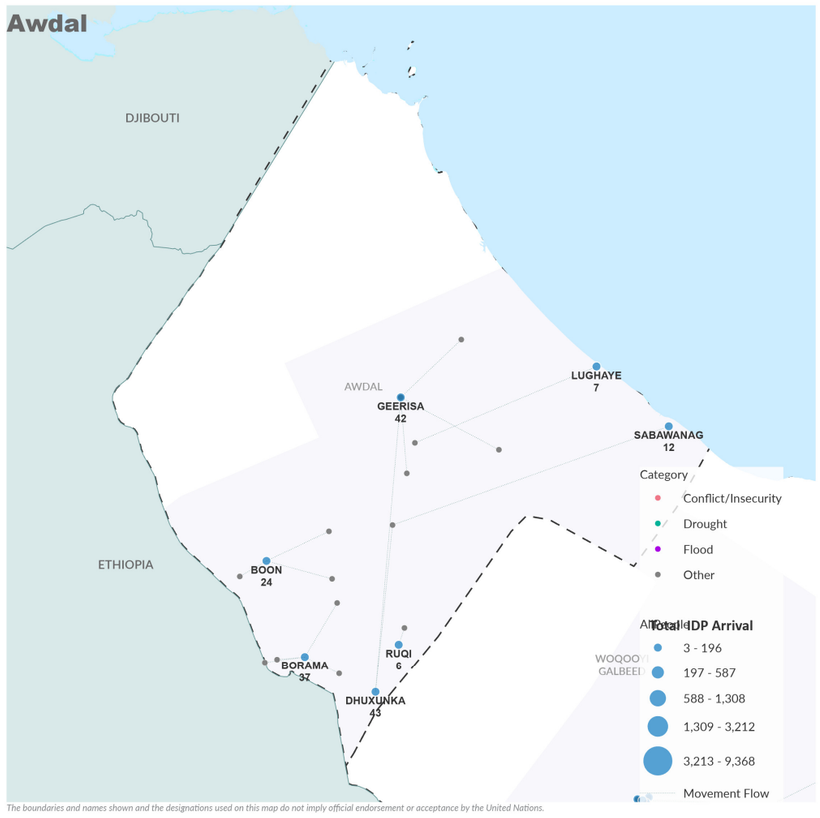


[2]Members of minority clans include the Benadiri, Bantu, AUGUSTIe, Barawans, Gardere, Yakabur and Rahanweyne.

SPECIFIC NEEDS OF THOSE WHO EXPERIENCED PROTECTION VIOLATIONS (IN 2024)[4]

[4]In JULY 2024, 96 specific needs were recorded of those individuals who experienced protection violations.
[5]Others who are at risk include the following categories family unit, specific legal and physical protection needs, unaccompanied or seperate child, pregnant or lactating, serious medical condition, single parent, SGBV and torture. Individuals can have multiple vulnerabilities

IDP FLOW MOVEMENT (JAN - JUL 2024)



The boundaries and names shown and the designations used on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by the United Nations.

The district in the Awdal region with the highest number of recorded displacement incidents was - (0).

0 individuals were displaced to the - settlement, making it the largest displacement incident due to -.

The district in the Awdal region with the second highest number of recorded displacement incidents was -(0).

0 individuals were displaced to the - settlement, making it the second largest displacement incident due to -.

The district in the Awdal region with the third highest numbered of recorded displacement incidents was -(0).

0 individuals were displaced to - settlement, making it the third largest displacement incident due to -.

In July 2024, 7% of protection violations across Somalia were recorded in Awdal region.

Borama district had the highest recorded percentage of protection violations across the Awdal region (98%).

The highest recorded protection violations in the region from January to July 2024 include the following:

- Domestic Violence (61%)
- Attempted rape (16%).

Borama district recorded with the highest number of protection violations in the region from January 2016 to July 2024 (1592).

Top 3 Protection Risks Identified

1. -
2. -
3. -

PRIORITY NEED ON ARRIVAL (JULY 2024 IN %)

Food	0%
Water	0%
Shelter	0%
Health	0%
Protection[4]	0%
Livelihood	0%
Transport	0%
Other	0%

[6]Protection figures are underreported due to the concerns related to the sensitivity of this topic in the context of Somalia.

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PROTECTION & SOLUTIONS MONITORING NETWORK (PSMN)

BAKOOL, SOMALIA | JULY 2024

	JULY 2024	IN 2024
# OF INCIDENTS THAT CAUSED DISPLACEMENT	189	953
# OF NEWLY DISPLACED POPULATION	4784	9985
# OF PROTECTION VIOLATIONS RECORDED[1]	80	640

[1]Some protection violations were not recorded due to security risks in some regions.

TRIGGERS OF DISPLACEMENT (JULY 2024 IN %)

Drought	0%
Flood	0%
Other	4%
Conflict	96%

DEMOGRAPHICS (JULY 2024)[3]

Girls	Boys	Women	Men	Elderly
1,578	1,585	746	637	237

[3]Disaggregated data for displaced persons are based on those displacement reports where data has been collected at household level.

PROTECTION VIOLATIONS CONCERNING CHILDREN, WOMEN AND MINORITIES (2024 IN %)

Children	Girls & Women	Minorities[2]
24%	91%	0%

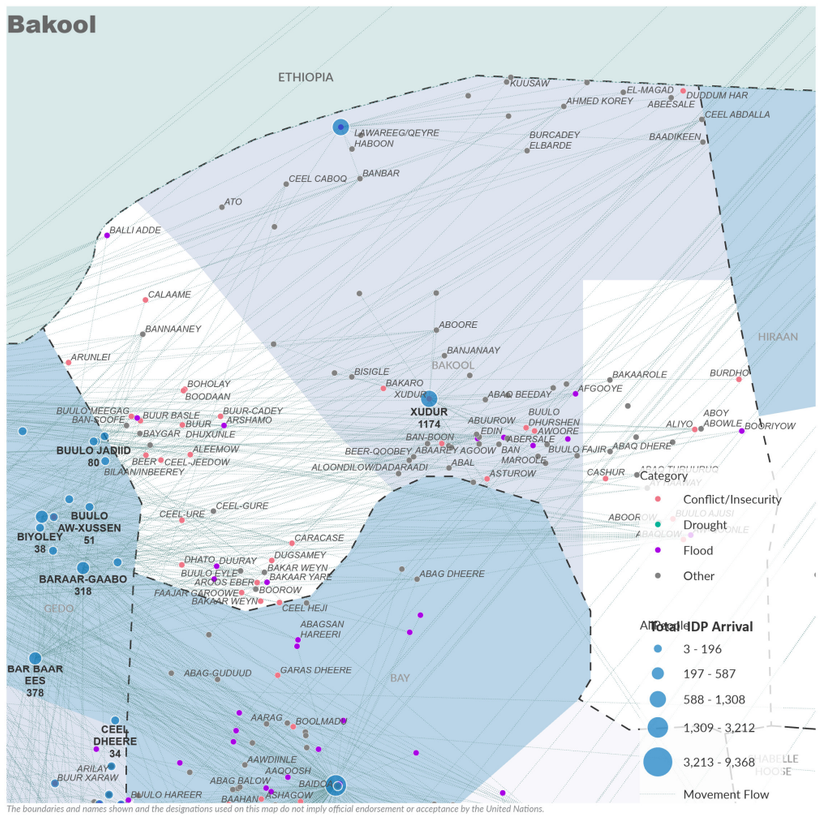
[2]Members of minority clans include the Benadiri, Bantu, AUGUSTIe, Barawans, Gardere, Yakabur and Rahanweyne.

SPECIFIC NEEDS OF THOSE WHO EXPERIENCED PROTECTION VIOLATIONS (IN 2024)[4]

Child at risk	Women at risk	Disabilities	Elderly at risk	Others[5]
59%	41%	0%	0%	0%

[4]In JULY 2024, 140 specific needs were recorded of those individuals who experienced protection violations.
[5]Others who are at risk include the following categories family unit, specific legal and physical protection needs, unaccompanied or seperate child, pregnant or lactating, serious medical condition, single parent, SGBV and torture. Individuals can have multiple vulnerabilities

IDP FLOW MOVEMENT (JAN - JUL 2024)



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The district in the Bakool region with the highest number of recorded displacement incidents was Waajid (3510).

3510 individuals were displaced to the Waajid settlement, making it the largest displacement incident due to Conflict/Insecurity.

The district in the Bakool region with the second highest number of recorded displacement incidents was Ceel Barde(736).

594 individuals were displaced to the Ceel Barde settlement, making it the second largest displacement incident due to Conflict/Insecurity.

The district in the Bakool region with the third highest numbered of recorded displacement incidents was Xudur(538).

468 individuals were displaced to Xudur settlement, making it the third largest displacement incident due to Conflict/Insecurity.

In July 2024, 6% of protection violations across Somalia were recorded in Bakool region.

Ceel Barde district had the highest recorded percentage of protection violations across the Bakool region (65%).

The highest recorded protection violations in the region from January to July 2024 include the following:

- Domestic Violence (73%)
- Female Genital Mutilation (FGM) (9%).

Ceel Barde district recorded with the highest number of protection violations in the region from January 2016 to July 2024 (1381).

Top 3 Protection Risks Identified

1. Disinformation and denial of access to information
2. Gender-based violence
3. Forced recruitment and association of children in armed forces and groups

PRIORITY NEED ON ARRIVAL (JULY 2024 IN %)

Food	100%
Water	0%
Shelter	0%
Health	0%
Protection[4]	0%
Livelihood	0%
Transport	0%
Other	0%

[6]Protection figures are underreported due to the concerns related to the sensitivity of this topic in the context of Somalia.

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PROTECTION & SOLUTIONS MONITORING NETWORK (PSMN)

BANADIR, SOMALIA | JULY 2024

	JULY 2024	IN 2024
# OF INCIDENTS THAT CAUSED DISPLACEMENT	210	1344
# OF NEWLY DISPLACED POPULATION	5367	22258
# OF PROTECTION VIOLATIONS RECORDED[1]	132	1072

[1]Some protection violations were not recorded due to security risks in some regions.

TRIGGERS OF DISPLACEMENT (JULY 2024 IN %)

Drought	0%
Flood	12%
Other	0%
Conflict	88%

DEMOGRAPHICS (JULY 2024)[3]

Girls	Boys	Women	Men	Elderly
1,770	1,778	837	715	266

[3]Disaggregated data for displaced persons are based on those displacement reports where data has been collected at household level.

PROTECTION VIOLATIONS CONCERNING CHILDREN, WOMEN AND MINORITIES (2024 IN %)

Children	Girls & Women	Minorities[2]
14%	48%	9%

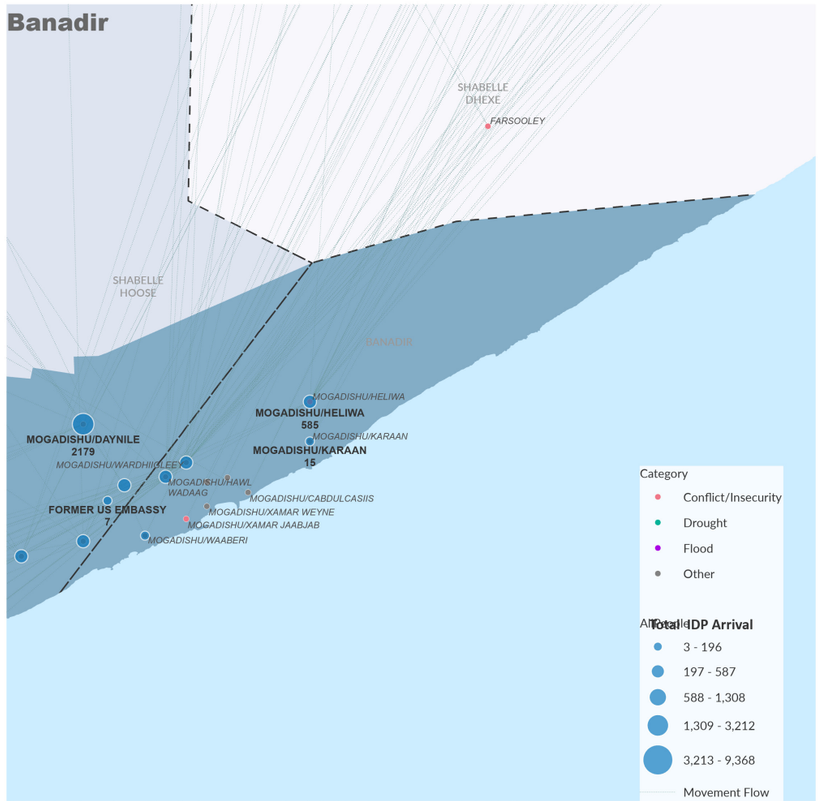
[2]Members of minority clans include the Benadiri, Bantu, AUGUSTIe, Barawans, Gardere, Yakabur and Rahanweyne.

SPECIFIC NEEDS OF THOSE WHO EXPERIENCED PROTECTION VIOLATIONS (IN 2024)[4]

Child at risk	Women at risk	Disabilities	Elderly at risk	Others[5]
4%	16%	0%	0%	80%

[4]In JULY 2024, 38 specific needs were recorded of those individuals who experienced protection violations.
[5]Others who are at risk include the following categories family unit, specific legal and physical protection needs, unaccompanied or seperate child, pregnant or lactating, serious medical condition, single parent, SGBV and torture. Individuals can have multiple vulnerabilities

IDP FLOW MOVEMENT (JAN - JUL 2024)



The boundaries and names shown and the designations used on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by the United Nations.

The district in the Banadir region with the highest number of recorded displacement incidents was Banadir (5367).

3657 individuals were displaced to the Mogadishu/ Daynile settlement, making it the largest displacement incident due to Conflict/Insecurity.

The district in the Banadir region with the second highest number of recorded displacement incidents was -(0).

644 individuals were displaced to the Mogadishu/ Daynile settlement, making it the second largest displacement incident due to Flood.

The district in the Banadir region with the third highest numbered of recorded displacement incidents was -(0).

268 individuals were displaced to Mogadishu/ Heliwa settlement, making it the third largest displacement incident due to Conflict/Insecurity.

In July 2024, 10% of protection violations across Somalia were recorded in Banadir region.

Banadir district had the highest recorded percentage of protection violations across the Banadir region (100%).

The highest recorded protection violations in the region from January to July 2024 include the following:

- Physical Assault/Attack Not Resulting In Death (43%)
- Killing/Manslaughter (17%).

Banadir district recorded with the highest number of protection violations in the region from January 2016 to July 2024 (10899).

Top 3 Protection Risks Identified

1. Gender-based violence
2. Attacks on civilians and other unlawful killings, and attacks on civilian objects
3. Child and forced family separation

PRIORITY NEED ON ARRIVAL (JULY 2024 IN %)

Food	7%
Water	3%
Shelter	16%
Health	0%
Protection[4]	0%
Livelihood	74%
Transport	0%
Other	0%

[6]Protection figures are underreported due to the concerns related to the sensitivety of this topic in the context of Somalia.

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PROTECTION & SOLUTIONS MONITORING NETWORK (PSMN)

BARI, SOMALIA | JULY 2024

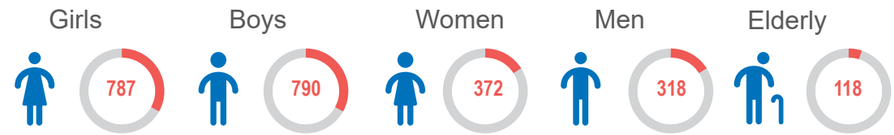
	JULY 2024	IN 2024
# OF INCIDENTS THAT CAUSED DISPLACEMENT	299	1923
# OF NEWLY DISPLACED POPULATION	2385	13103
# OF PROTECTION VIOLATIONS RECORDED[1]	60	402

[1]Some protection violations were not recorded due to security risks in some regions.

TRIGGERS OF DISPLACEMENT (JULY 2024 IN %)

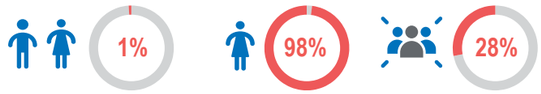
Drought	0%
Flood	1%
Other	97%
Conflict	2%

DEMOGRAPHICS (JULY 2024)[3]



[3]Disaggregated data for displaced persons are based on those displacement reports where data has been collected at household level.

PROTECTION VIOLATIONS CONCERNING CHILDREN, WOMEN AND MINORITIES (2024 IN %)

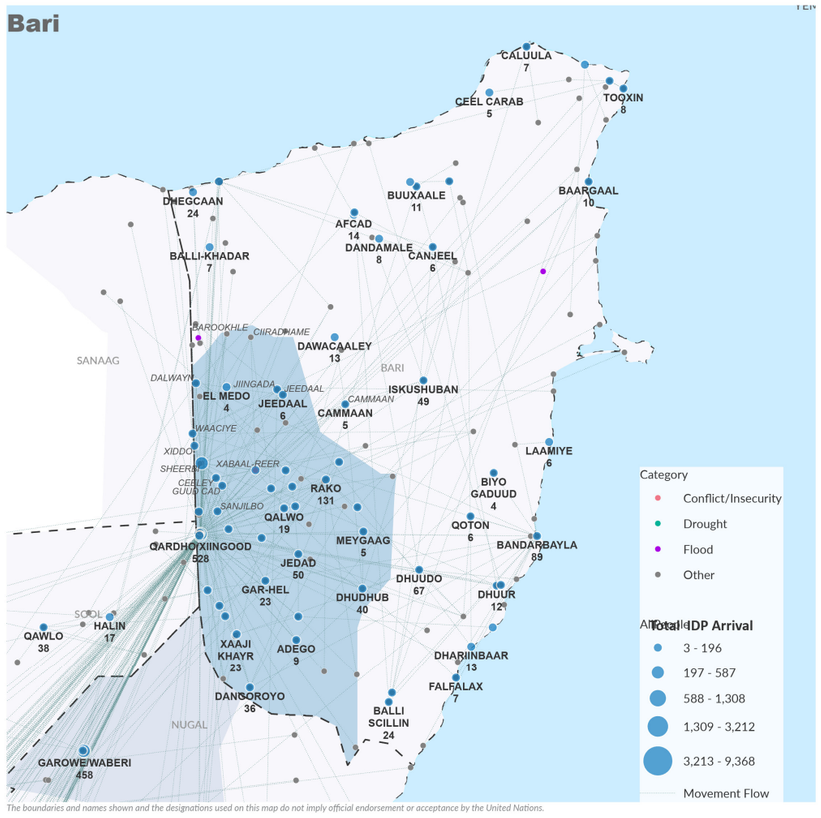


[2]Members of minority clans include the Benadiri, Bantu, AUGUSTIe, Barawans, Gardere, Yakabur and Rahanweyne.

SPECIFIC NEEDS OF THOSE WHO EXPERIENCED PROTECTION VIOLATIONS (IN 2024)[4]

[4]In JULY 2024, 52 specific needs were recorded of those individuals who experienced protection violations.
[5]Others who are at risk include the following categories family unit, specific legal and physical protection needs, unaccompanied or seperate child, pregnant or lactating, serious medical condition, single parent, SGBV and torture. Individuals can have multiple vulnerabilities

IDP FLOW MOVEMENT (JAN - JUL 2024)



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The district in the Bari region with the highest number of recorded displacement incidents was Qardho (2092).

258 individuals were displaced to the Qardho/Xiingood settlement, making it the largest displacement incident due to Other.

The district in the Bari region with the second highest number of recorded displacement incidents was Bossaso(134).

196 individuals were displaced to the Qardho settlement, making it the second largest displacement incident due to Other.

The district in the Bari region with the third highest numbered of recorded displacement incidents was Iskushuban(100).

177 individuals were displaced to Qardho/Qoryacad settlement, making it the third largest displacement incident due to Other.

In July 2024, 5% of protection violations across Somalia were recorded in Bari region.

Bossaso district had the highest recorded percentage of protection violations across the Bari region (97%).

The highest recorded protection violations in the region from January to July 2024 include the following:

- Domestic Violence (73%)
- Physical Assault/Attack Not Resulting In Death (15%).

Bossaso district recorded with the highest number of protection violations in the region from January 2016 to July 2024 (2460).

Top 3 Protection Risks Identified

1. Disinformation and denial of access to information
2. Gender-based violence
3. Child, early or forced marriage

PRIORITY NEED ON ARRIVAL (JULY 2024 IN %)

Food	8%
Water	0%
Shelter	6%
Health	1%
Protection[4]	0%
Livelihood	73%
Transport	0%
Other	10%

[6]Protection figures are underreported due to the concerns related to the sensitivity of this topic in the context of Somalia.

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PROTECTION & SOLUTIONS MONITORING NETWORK (PSMN)

BAY, SOMALIA | JULY 2024

	JULY 2024	IN 2024
# OF INCIDENTS THAT CAUSED DISPLACEMENT	473	2174
# OF NEWLY DISPLACED POPULATION	2779	24971
# OF PROTECTION VIOLATIONS RECORDED[1]	77	346

[1]Some protection violations were not recorded due to security risks in some regions.

TRIGGERS OF DISPLACEMENT (JULY 2024 IN %)

Drought	0%
Flood	0%
Other	100%
Conflict	0%

DEMOGRAPHICS (JULY 2024)[3]

Girls	Boys	Women	Men	Elderly
917	921	434	370	138

[3]Disaggregated data for displaced persons are based on those displacement reports where data has been collected at household level.

PROTECTION VIOLATIONS CONCERNING CHILDREN, WOMEN AND MINORITIES (2024 IN %)

Children	Girls & Women	Minorities[2]
0%	56%	0%

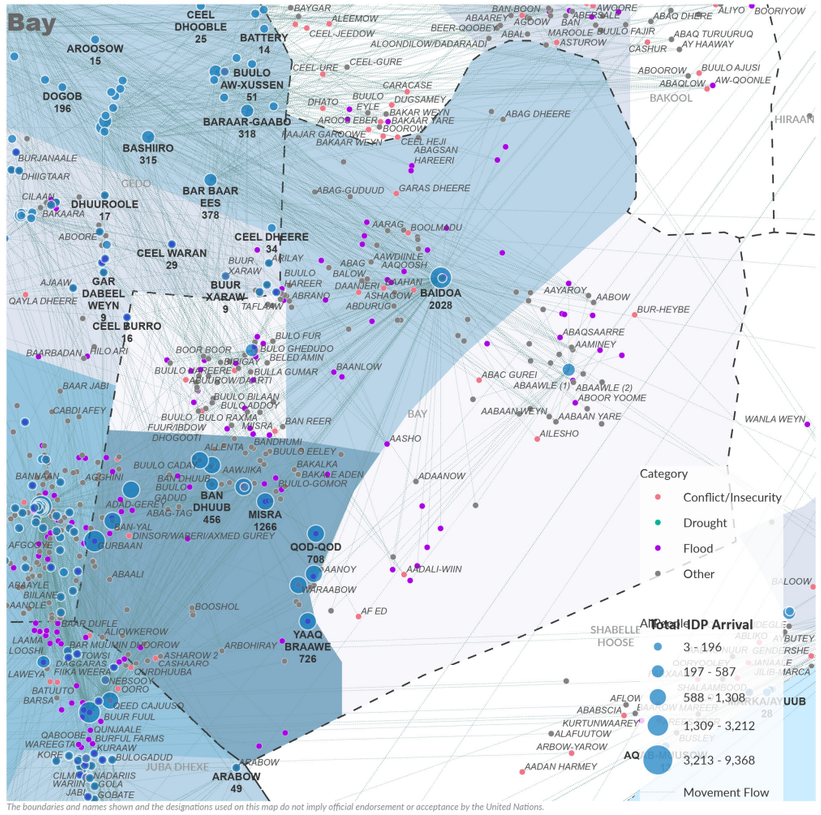
[2]Members of minority clans include the Benadiri, Bantu, AUGUSTIe, Barawans, Gardere, Yakabur and Rahanweyne.

SPECIFIC NEEDS OF THOSE WHO EXPERIENCED PROTECTION VIOLATIONS (IN 2024)[4]

Child at risk	Women at risk	Disabilities	Elderly at risk	Others[5]
0%	5%	0%	0%	95%

[4]In JULY 2024, 77 specific needs were recorded of those individuals who experienced protection violations.
[5]Others who are at risk include the following categories family unit, specific legal and physical protection needs, unaccompanied or seperate child, pregnant or lactating, serious medical condition, single parent, SGBV and torture. Individuals can have multiple vulnerabilities

IDP FLOW MOVEMENT (JAN - JUL 2024)



The district in the Bay region with the highest number of recorded displacement incidents was Baidoa (2146).

1805 individuals were displaced to the Baidoa settlement, making it the largest displacement incident due to Other.

The district in the Bay region with the second highest number of recorded displacement incidents was Qansax Dheere(270).

270 individuals were displaced to the Qansax Dheere settlement, making it the second largest displacement incident due to Other.

The district in the Bay region with the third highest numbered of recorded displacement incidents was Diinsoor(255).

255 individuals were displaced to Diinsoor settlement, making it the third largest displacement incident due to Other.

In July 2024, 6% of protection violations across Somalia were recorded in Bay region.

Baidoa district had the highest recorded percentage of protection violations across the Bay region (71%).

The highest recorded protection violations in the region from January to July 2024 include the following:

- Torture (36%)
- Rape (27%).

Baidoa district recorded with the highest number of protection violations in the region from January 2016 to July 2024 (3743).

Top 3 Protection Risks Identified

1. Unlawful impediments or restrictions to freedom of movement, siege and forced displacement.
2. Torture or cruel, inhuman, degrading treatment or punishment
3. -

PRIORITY NEED ON ARRIVAL (JULY 2024 IN %)

Food	99%
Water	0%
Shelter	0%
Health	0%
Protection[4]	0%
Livelihood	0%
Transport	0%
Other	0%

[6]Protection figures are underreported due to the concerns related to the sensitivity of this topic in the context of Somalia.

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PROTECTION & SOLUTIONS MONITORING NETWORK (PSMN)

GALGADUUD, SOMALIA | JULY 2024

	JULY 2024	IN 2024
# OF INCIDENTS THAT CAUSED DISPLACEMENT	8	19
# OF NEWLY DISPLACED POPULATION	368	12627
# OF PROTECTION VIOLATIONS RECORDED[1]	10	52

[1]Some protection violations were not recorded due to security risks in some regions.

TRIGGERS OF DISPLACEMENT (JULY 2024 IN %)

Drought	0%
Flood	0%
Other	100%
Conflict	0%

DEMOGRAPHICS (JULY 2024)[3]

Girls	Boys	Women	Men	Elderly
121	122	57	49	18

[3]Disaggregated data for displaced persons are based on those displacement reports where data has been collected at household level.

PROTECTION VIOLATIONS CONCERNING CHILDREN, WOMEN AND MINORITIES (2024 IN %)

Children	Girls & Women	Minorities[2]
52%	52%	0%

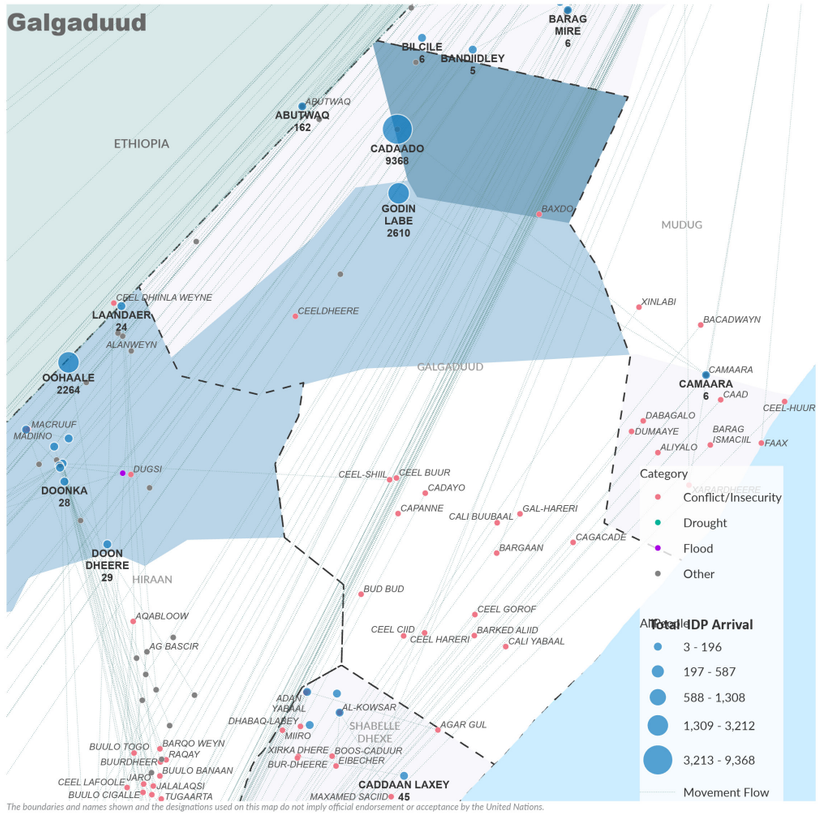
[2]Members of minority clans include the Benadiri, Bantu, AUGUSTIe, Barawans, Gardere, Yakabur and Rahanweyne.

SPECIFIC NEEDS OF THOSE WHO EXPERIENCED PROTECTION VIOLATIONS (IN 2024)[4]

Child at risk	Women at risk	Disabilities	Elderly at risk	Others[5]
36%	30%	0%	9%	25%

[4]In JULY 2024, 16 specific needs were recorded of those individuals who experienced protection violations.
[5]Others who are at risk include the following categories family unit, specific legal and physical protection needs, unaccompanied or seperate child, pregnant or lactating, serious medical condition, single parent, SGBV and torture. Individuals can have multiple vulnerabilities

IDP FLOW MOVEMENT (JAN - JUL 2024)



The boundaries and names shown and the designations used on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by the United Nations.

The district in the Galgaduud region with the highest number of recorded displacement incidents was Cabudwaaq (328).

328 individuals were displaced to the Abutwaq settlement, making it the largest displacement incident due to Other.

The district in the Galgaduud region with the second highest number of recorded displacement incidents was Dhuusamarreeb(40).

40 individuals were displaced to the Guri-Ceel settlement, making it the second largest displacement incident due to Other.

The district in the Galgaduud region with the third highest numbered of recorded displacement incidents was -(0).

0 individuals were displaced to - settlement, making it the third largest displacement incident due to -.

In July 2024, 1% of protection violations across Somalia were recorded in Galgaduud region.

Cabudwaaq district had the highest recorded percentage of protection violations across the Galgaduud region (80%).

The highest recorded protection violations in the region from January to July 2024 include the following:

- Rape (42%)
- Killing/Manslaughter (29%).

Dhuusamarreeb district recorded with the highest number of protection violations in the region from January 2016 to July 2024 (546).

Top 3 Protection Risks Identified

1. Attacks on civilians and other unlawful killings, and attacks on civilian objects
2. Gender-based violence
3. Child, early or forced marriage

PRIORITY NEED ON ARRIVAL (JULY 2024 IN %)

Food	79%
Water	0%
Shelter	21%
Health	0%
Protection[4]	0%
Livelihood	0%
Transport	0%
Other	0%

[6]Protection figures are underreported due to the concerns related to the sensitivety of this topic in the context of Somalia.

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PROTECTION & SOLUTIONS MONITORING NETWORK (PSMN)

GEDO, SOMALIA | JULY 2024

	JULY 2024	IN 2024
# OF INCIDENTS THAT CAUSED DISPLACEMENT	376	4049
# OF NEWLY DISPLACED POPULATION	47784	77713
# OF PROTECTION VIOLATIONS RECORDED[1]	24	36

[1]Some protection violations were not recorded due to security risks in some regions.

TRIGGERS OF DISPLACEMENT (JULY 2024 IN %)

Drought	0%
Flood	3%
Other	0%
Conflict	97%

DEMOGRAPHICS (JULY 2024)[3]

Girls	Boys	Women	Men	Elderly
15,762	15,834	7,455	6,365	2,368

[3]Disaggregated data for displaced persons are based on those displacement reports where data has been collected at household level.

PROTECTION VIOLATIONS CONCERNING CHILDREN, WOMEN AND MINORITIES (2024 IN %)

Children	Girls & Women	Minorities[2]
28%	44%	3%

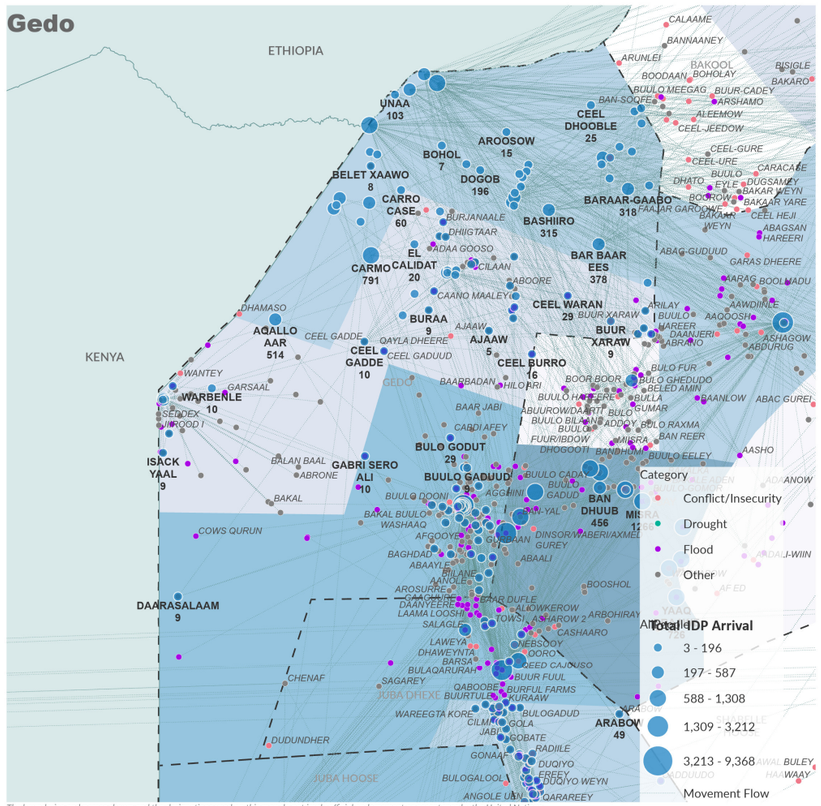
[2]Members of minority clans include the Benadiri, Bantu, AUGUSTIe, Barawans, Gardere, Yakabur and Rahanweyne.

SPECIFIC NEEDS OF THOSE WHO EXPERIENCED PROTECTION VIOLATIONS (IN 2024)[4]

Child at risk	Women at risk	Disabilities	Elderly at risk	Others[5]
0%	0%	18%	0%	82%

[4]In JULY 2024, 18 specific needs were recorded of those individuals who experienced protection violations.
[5]Others who are at risk include the following categories family unit, specific legal and physical protection needs, unaccompanied or seperate child, pregnant or lactating, serious medical condition, single parent, SGBV and torture. Individuals can have multiple vulnerabilities

IDP FLOW MOVEMENT (JAN - JUL 2024)



The boundaries and names shown and the designations used on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by the United Nations.

The district in the Gedo region with the highest number of recorded displacement incidents was Luuq (45326).

45000 individuals were displaced to the Dogob settlement, making it the largest displacement incident due to Conflict/Insecurity.

The district in the Gedo region with the second highest number of recorded displacement incidents was Baardheere(896).

435 individuals were displaced to the Bantaal settlement, making it the second largest displacement incident due to Conflict/Insecurity.

The district in the Gedo region with the third highest numbered of recorded displacement incidents was Doolow(886).

352 individuals were displaced to Barabaraay settlement, making it the third largest displacement incident due to Conflict/Insecurity.

In July 2024, 2% of protection violations across Somalia were recorded in Gedo region.

Baardheere district had the highest recorded percentage of protection violations across the Gedo region (42%).

The highest recorded protection violations in the region from January to July 2024 include the following:

- Physical Assault/Attack Not Resulting In Death (33%)
- Female Genital Mutilation (FGM) (19%).

Baardheere district recorded with the highest number of protection violations in the region from January 2016 to July 2024 (514).

Top 3 Protection Risks Identified

1. Attacks on civilians and other unlawful killings, and attacks on civilian objects
2. Theft, extortion, forced eviction or destruction of personal property
3. Gender-based violence

PRIORITY NEED ON ARRIVAL (JULY 2024 IN %)

Food	100%
Water	0%
Shelter	0%
Health	0%
Protection[4]	0%
Livelihood	0%
Transport	0%
Other	0%

[6]Protection figures are underreported due to the concerns related to the sensitivity of this topic in the context of Somalia.

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PROTECTION & SOLUTIONS MONITORING NETWORK (PSMN)

HIRAAN, SOMALIA | JULY 2024

	JULY 2024	IN 2024
# OF INCIDENTS THAT CAUSED DISPLACEMENT	9	86
# OF NEWLY DISPLACED POPULATION	294	54223
# OF PROTECTION VIOLATIONS RECORDED[1]	12	18

[1]Some protection violations were not recorded due to security risks in some regions.

TRIGGERS OF DISPLACEMENT (JULY 2024 IN %)

Drought	0%
Flood	0%
Other	20%
Conflict	80%

DEMOGRAPHICS (JULY 2024)[3]

Girls	Boys	Women	Men	Elderly
97	97	46	39	15

[3]Disaggregated data for displaced persons are based on those displacement reports where data has been collected at household level.

PROTECTION VIOLATIONS CONCERNING CHILDREN, WOMEN AND MINORITIES (2024 IN %)

Children	Girls & Women	Minorities[2]
11%	44%	0%

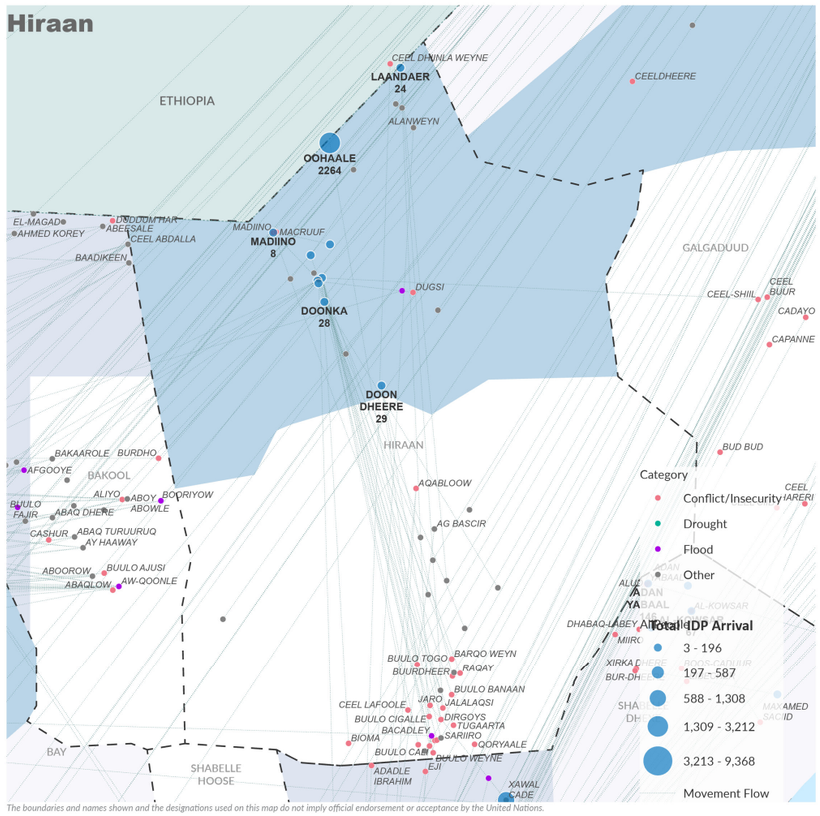
[2]Members of minority clans include the Benadiri, Bantu, AUGUSTIe, Barawans, Gardere, Yakabur and Rahanweyne.

SPECIFIC NEEDS OF THOSE WHO EXPERIENCED PROTECTION VIOLATIONS (IN 2024)[4]

Child at risk	Women at risk	Disabilities	Elderly at risk	Others[5]
0%	100%	0%	0%	0%

[4]In JULY 2024, 4 specific needs were recorded of those individuals who experienced protection violations.
[5]Others who are at risk include the following categories family unit, specific legal and physical protection needs, unaccompanied or seperate child, pregnant or lactating, serious medical condition, single parent, SGBV and torture. Individuals can have multiple vulnerabilities

IDP FLOW MOVEMENT (JAN - JUL 2024)



The district in the Hiraan region with the highest number of recorded displacement incidents was Belet Weyne (288).

230 individuals were displaced to the Jento Kundishe(115Km) settlement, making it the largest displacement incident due to Conflict/Insecurity.

The district in the Hiraan region with the second highest number of recorded displacement incidents was Bulo Burto(6).

41 individuals were displaced to the Heegan settlement, making it the second largest displacement incident due to Other.

The district in the Hiraan region with the third highest numbered of recorded displacement incidents was -(0).

10 individuals were displaced to Doonka settlement, making it the third largest displacement incident due to Other.

In July 2024, 1% of protection violations across Somalia were recorded in Hiraan region.

Belet Weyne district had the highest recorded percentage of protection violations across the Hiraan region (100%).

The highest recorded protection violations in the region from January to July 2024 include the following:

- Killing/Manslaughter (72%)
- Physical Assault/Attack Not Resulting In Death (28%).

Belet Weyne district recorded with the highest number of protection violations in the region from January 2016 to July 2024 (426).

Top 3 Protection Risks Identified

1. Child and forced family separation
2. Gender-based violence
3. Attacks on civilians and other unlawful killings, and attacks on civilian objects

PRIORITY NEED ON ARRIVAL (JULY 2024 IN %)

Food	41%
Water	2%
Shelter	57%
Health	0%
Protection[4]	0%
Livelihood	0%
Transport	0%
Other	0%

[6]Protection figures are underreported due to the concerns related to the sensitivity of this topic in the context of Somalia.

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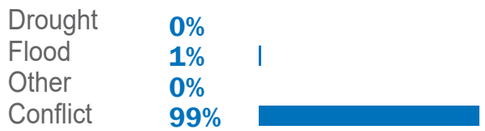
PROTECTION & SOLUTIONS MONITORING NETWORK (PSMN)

LOWER JUBA, SOMALIA | JULY 2024

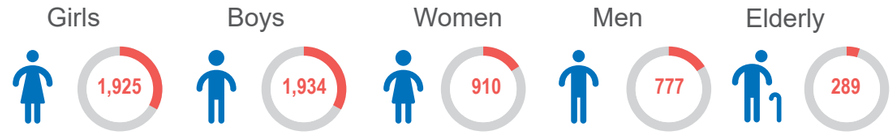
	JULY 2024	IN 2024
# OF INCIDENTS THAT CAUSED DISPLACEMENT	221	2625
# OF NEWLY DISPLACED POPULATION	5835	52248
# OF PROTECTION VIOLATIONS RECORDED[1]	40	364

[1]Some protection violations were not recorded due to security risks in some regions.

TRIGGERS OF DISPLACEMENT (JULY 2024 IN %)

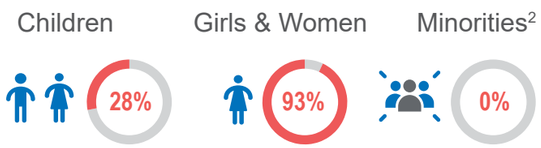


DEMOGRAPHICS (JULY 2024)[3]



[3]Disaggregated data for displaced persons are based on those displacement reports where data has been collected at household level.

PROTECTION VIOLATIONS CONCERNING CHILDREN, WOMEN AND MINORITIES (2024 IN %)

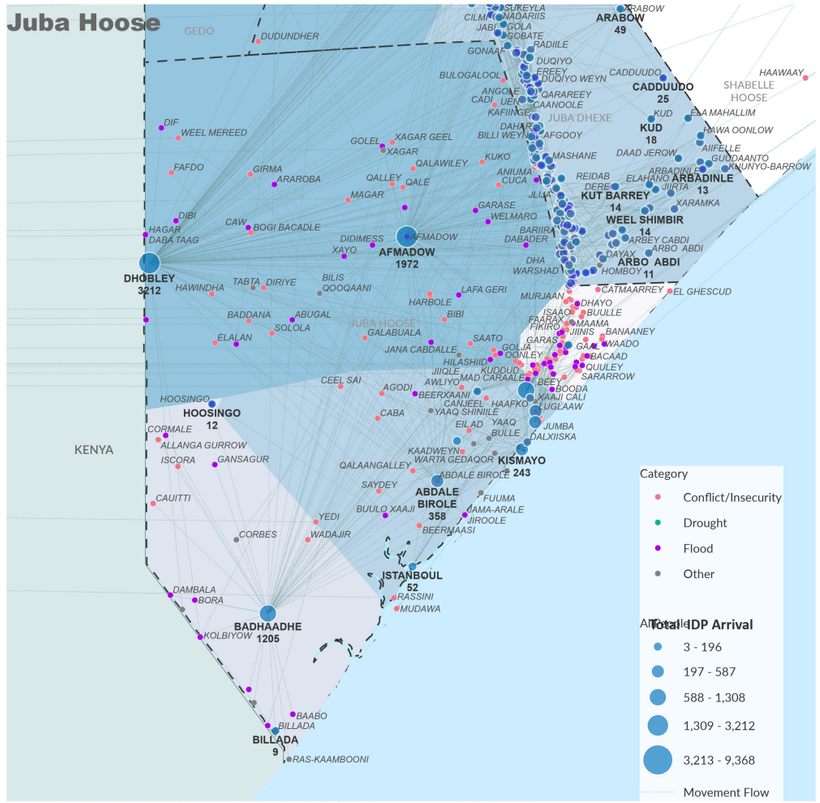


[2]Members of minority clans include the Benadiri, Bantu, AUGUSTle, Barawans, Gardere, Yakabur and Rahanweyne.

SPECIFIC NEEDS OF THOSE WHO EXPERIENCED PROTECTION VIOLATIONS (IN 2024)[4]

[4]In JULY 2024, 40 specific needs were recorded of those individuals who experienced protection violations.
[5]Others who are at risk include the following categories family unit, specific legal and physical protection needs, unaccompanied or seperate child, pregnant or lactating, serious medical condition, single parent, SGBV and torture. Individuals can have multiple vulnerabilities

IDP FLOW MOVEMENT (JAN - JUL 2024)



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The district in the Lower Juba region with the highest number of recorded displacement incidents was Afmadow (3074).

2350 individuals were displaced to the Afmadow settlement, making it the largest displacement incident due to Conflict/Insecurity.

The district in the Lower Juba region with the second highest number of recorded displacement incidents was Kismayo(2568).

1392 individuals were displaced to the Kaadweyn settlement, making it the second largest displacement incident due to Conflict/Insecurity.

The district in the Lower Juba region with the third highest numbered of recorded displacement incidents was Badhaadhe(181).

668 individuals were displaced to Dhobley settlement, making it the third largest displacement incident due to Conflict/Insecurity.

In July 2024, 3% of protection violations across Somalia were recorded in Lower Juba region.

Afmadow district had the highest recorded percentage of protection violations across the Lower Juba region (83%).

The highest recorded protection violations in the region from January to July 2024 include the following:

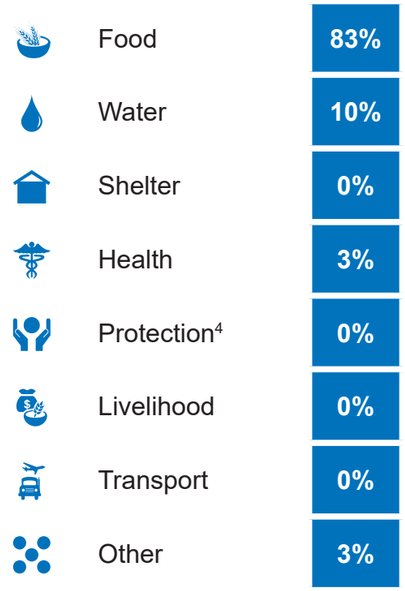
- Physical Assault/Attack Not Resulting In Death (49%)
- Domestic Violence (13%).

Afmadow district recorded with the highest number of protection violations in the region from January 2016 to July 2024 (972).

Top 3 Protection Risks Identified

1. Discrimination and stigmatization, denial of resources, opportunities, services and/or humanitarian access
2. Disinformation and denial of access to information
3. Child and forced family separation

PRIORITY NEED ON ARRIVAL (JULY 2024 IN %)



[6]Protection figures are underreported due to the concerns related to the sensitivety of this topic in the context of Somalia.

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PROTECTION & SOLUTIONS MONITORING NETWORK (PSMN)

LOWER SHABELLE, SOMALIA | JULY 2024

	JULY 2024	IN 2024
# OF INCIDENTS THAT CAUSED DISPLACEMENT	23	141
# OF NEWLY DISPLACED POPULATION	2735	5766
# OF PROTECTION VIOLATIONS RECORDED[1]	228	1885

[1]Some protection violations were not recorded due to security risks in some regions.

TRIGGERS OF DISPLACEMENT (JULY 2024 IN %)

Drought	0%
Flood	0%
Other	10%
Conflict	90%

DEMOGRAPHICS (JULY 2024)[3]

Girls	Boys	Women	Men	Elderly
902	906	427	364	136

[3]Disaggregated data for displaced persons are based on those displacement reports where data has been collected at household level.

PROTECTION VIOLATIONS CONCERNING CHILDREN, WOMEN AND MINORITIES (2024 IN %)

Children	Girls & Women	Minorities[2]
72%	80%	7%

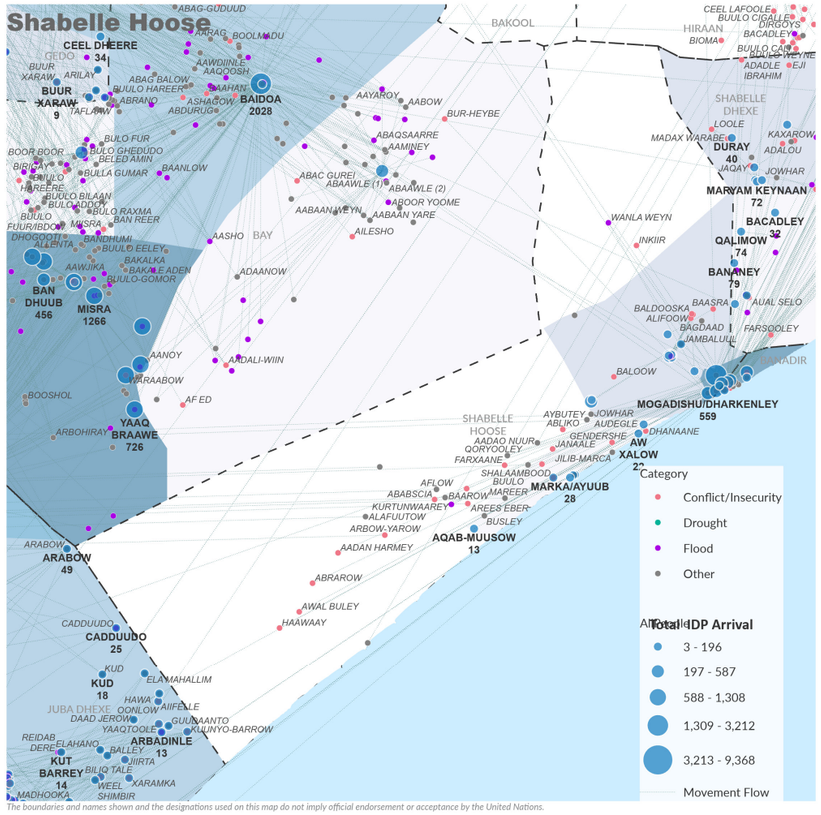
[2]Members of minority clans include the Benadiri, Bantu, AUGUSTle, Barawans, Gardere, Yakabur and Rahanweyne.

SPECIFIC NEEDS OF THOSE WHO EXPERIENCED PROTECTION VIOLATIONS (IN 2024)[4]

Child at risk	Women at risk	Disabilities	Elderly at risk	Others[5]
21%	78%	0%	0%	1%

[4]In JULY 2024, 196 specific needs were recorded of those individuals who experienced protection violations.
[5]Others who are at risk include the following categories family unit, specific legal and physical protection needs, unaccompanied or seperate child, pregnant or lactating, serious medical condition, single parent, SGBV and torture. Individuals can have multiple vulnerabilities

IDP FLOW MOVEMENT (JAN - JUL 2024)



The district in the Lower Shabelle region with the highest number of recorded displacement incidents was Qoryooley (1288).

1022 individuals were displaced to the Qoryooley settlement, making it the largest displacement incident due to Conflict/Insecurity.

The district in the Lower Shabelle region with the second highest number of recorded displacement incidents was Kurtunwaarey(1050).

1021 individuals were displaced to the Buulo Mareer settlement, making it the second largest displacement incident due to Conflict/Insecurity.

The district in the Lower Shabelle region with the third highest numbered of recorded displacement incidents was Marka(351).

324 individuals were displaced to Shalaambood settlement, making it the third largest displacement incident due to Conflict/Insecurity.

In July 2024, 17% of protection violations across Somalia were recorded in Lower Shabelle region.

Afgooye district had the highest recorded percentage of protection violations across the Lower Shabelle region (30%).

The highest recorded protection violations in the region from January to July 2024 include the following:

- Female Genital Mutilation (FGM) (42%)
- Domestic Violence (17%).

Marka district recorded with the highest number of protection violations in the region from January 2016 to July 2024 (3109).

Top 3 Protection Risks Identified

1. Attacks on civilians and other unlawful killings, and attacks on civilian objects
2. Unlawful impediments or restrictions to freedom of movement, siege and forced displacement.
3. Gender-based violence

PRIORITY NEED ON ARRIVAL (JULY 2024 IN %)

Food	1%
Water	0%
Shelter	0%
Health	0%
Protection[4]	31%
Livelihood	20%
Transport	0%
Other	48%

[6]Protection figures are underreported due to the concerns related to the sensitivity of this topic in the context of Somalia.

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PROTECTION & SOLUTIONS MONITORING NETWORK (PSMN)

MIDDLE JUBA, SOMALIA | JULY 2024

	JULY 2024	IN 2024
# OF INCIDENTS THAT CAUSED DISPLACEMENT	581	3378
# OF NEWLY DISPLACED POPULATION	3480	19303
# OF PROTECTION VIOLATIONS RECORDED[1]	28	68

[1]Some protection violations were not recorded due to security risks in some regions.

TRIGGERS OF DISPLACEMENT (JULY 2024 IN %)

Drought	0%
Flood	0%
Other	61%
Conflict	39%

DEMOGRAPHICS (JULY 2024)[3]

Girls	Boys	Women	Men	Elderly
1,148	1,153	543	464	172

[3]Disaggregated data for displaced persons are based on those displacement reports where data has been collected at household level.

PROTECTION VIOLATIONS CONCERNING CHILDREN, WOMEN AND MINORITIES (2024 IN %)

Children	Girls & Women	Minorities[2]
0%	24%	0%

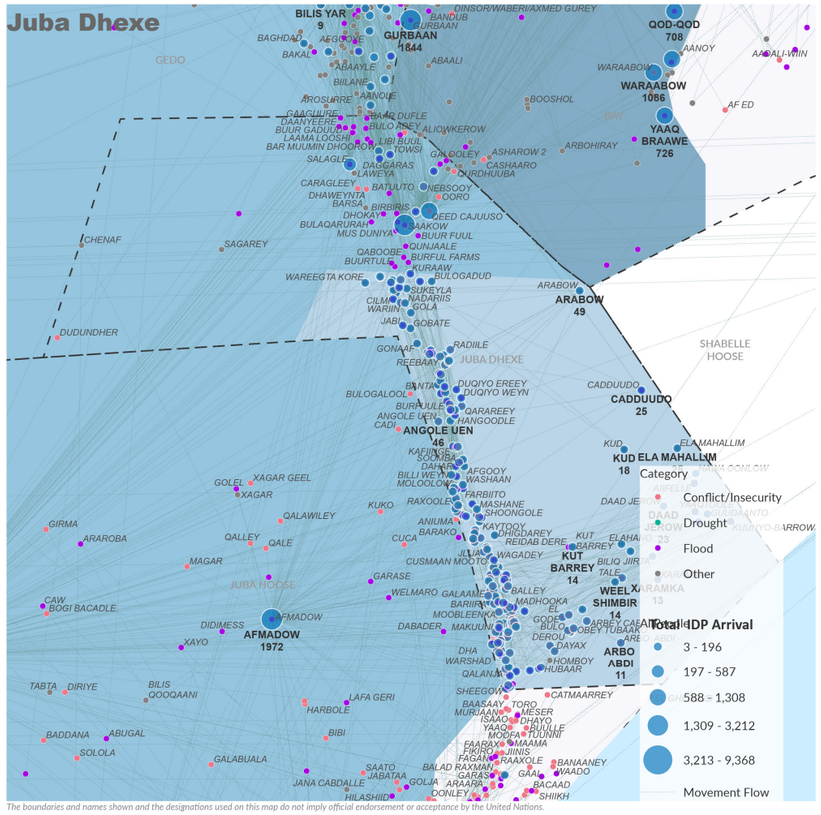
[2]Members of minority clans include the Benadiri, Bantu, AUGUSTle, Barawans, Gardere, Yakabur and Rahanweyne.

SPECIFIC NEEDS OF THOSE WHO EXPERIENCED PROTECTION VIOLATIONS (IN 2024)[4]

Child at risk	Women at risk	Disabilities	Elderly at risk	Others[5]
0%	6%	0%	0%	94%

[4]In JULY 2024, 28 specific needs were recorded of those individuals who experienced protection violations.
[5]Others who are at risk include the following categories family unit, specific legal and physical protection needs, unaccompanied or seperate child, pregnant or lactating, serious medical condition, single parent, SGBV and torture. Individuals can have multiple vulnerabilities

IDP FLOW MOVEMENT (JAN - JUL 2024)



The district in the Middle Juba region with the highest number of recorded displacement incidents was Saakow (2108).

1278 individuals were displaced to the Saakow settlement, making it the largest displacement incident due to Other.

The district in the Middle Juba region with the second highest number of recorded displacement incidents was Bu'aale(695).

426 individuals were displaced to the Salagle settlement, making it the second largest displacement incident due to Other.

The district in the Middle Juba region with the third highest numbered of recorded displacement incidents was Jilib(677).

311 individuals were displaced to Qeed Cajuuso settlement, making it the third largest displacement incident due to Other.

In July 2024, 2% of protection violations across Somalia were recorded in Middle Juba region.

Saakow district had the highest recorded percentage of protection violations across the Middle Juba region (100%).

The highest recorded protection violations in the region from January to July 2024 include the following:

- Harassment (31%)
- Torture (29%).

Bu'aale district recorded with the highest number of protection violations in the region from January 2016 to July 2024 (741).

Top 3 Protection Risks Identified

1. Unlawful impediments or restrictions to freedom of movement, siege and forced displacement.
2. Child, early or forced marriage
3. Discrimination and stigmatization, denial of resources, opportunities, services and/or humanitarian access

PRIORITY NEED ON ARRIVAL (JULY 2024 IN %)

Food	89%
Water	7%
Shelter	0%
Health	0%
Protection[4]	0%
Livelihood	0%
Transport	0%
Other	4%

[6]Protection figures are underreported due to the concerns related to the sensitivity of this topic in the context of Somalia.

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PROTECTION & SOLUTIONS MONITORING NETWORK (PSMN)

MIDDLE SHABELLE, SOMALIA | JULY 2024

	JULY 2024	IN 2024
# OF INCIDENTS THAT CAUSED DISPLACEMENT	44	354
# OF NEWLY DISPLACED POPULATION	346	5907
# OF PROTECTION VIOLATIONS RECORDED[1]	76	336

[1]Some protection violations were not recorded due to security risks in some regions.

TRIGGERS OF DISPLACEMENT (JULY 2024 IN %)

Drought	0%
Flood	63%
Other	0%
Conflict	37%

DEMOGRAPHICS (JULY 2024)[3]

Girls	Boys	Women	Men	Elderly
114	115	54	46	17

[3]Disaggregated data for displaced persons are based on those displacement reports where data has been collected at household level.

PROTECTION VIOLATIONS CONCERNING CHILDREN, WOMEN AND MINORITIES (2024 IN %)

Children	Girls & Women	Minorities[2]
49%	74%	15%

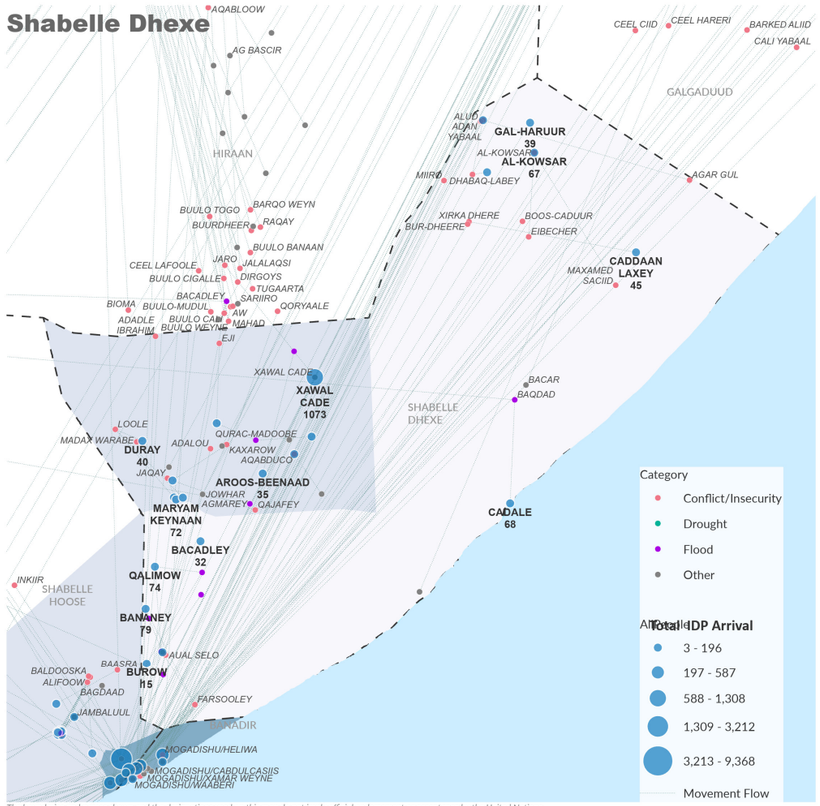
[2]Members of minority clans include the Benadiri, Bantu, AUGUSTIe, Barawans, Gardere, Yakabur and Rahanweyne.

SPECIFIC NEEDS OF THOSE WHO EXPERIENCED PROTECTION VIOLATIONS (IN 2024)[4]

Child at risk	Women at risk	Disabilities	Elderly at risk	Others[5]
9%	62%	2%	4%	23%

[4]In JULY 2024, 74 specific needs were recorded of those individuals who experienced protection violations.
[5]Others who are at risk include the following categories family unit, specific legal and physical protection needs, unaccompanied or seperate child, pregnant or lactating, serious medical condition, single parent, SGBV and torture. Individuals can have multiple vulnerabilities

IDP FLOW MOVEMENT (JAN - JUL 2024)



The boundaries and names shown and the designations used on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by the United Nations.

The district in the Middle Shabelle region with the highest number of recorded displacement incidents was Jowhar (312).

79 individuals were displaced to the Mahadaay settlement, making it the largest displacement incident due to Conflict/Insecurity.

The district in the Middle Shabelle region with the second highest number of recorded displacement incidents was Balcad(34).

61 individuals were displaced to the Biyo-Cado settlement, making it the second largest displacement incident due to Flood.

The district in the Middle Shabelle region with the third highest numbered of recorded displacement incidents was -(0).

45 individuals were displaced to Mahadaay settlement, making it the third largest displacement incident due to Flood.

In July 2024, 6% of protection violations across Somalia were recorded in Middle Shabelle region.

Jowhar district had the highest recorded percentage of protection violations across the Middle Shabelle region (53%).

The highest recorded protection violations in the region from January to July 2024 include the following:

- Female Genital Mutilation (FGM) (50%)
- Killing/Manslaughter (21%).

Jowhar district recorded with the highest number of protection violations in the region from January 2016 to July 2024 (1086).

Top 3 Protection Risks Identified

1. Psychological/emotional abuse or inflicted distress
2. Attacks on civilians and other unlawful killings, and attacks on civilian objects
3. -

PRIORITY NEED ON ARRIVAL (JULY 2024 IN %)

Food	7%
Water	0%
Shelter	42%
Health	0%
Protection[4]	49%
Livelihood	2%
Transport	0%
Other	0%

[6]Protection figures are underreported due to the concerns related to the sensitivity of this topic in the context of Somalia.

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PROTECTION & SOLUTIONS MONITORING NETWORK (PSMN)

MUDUG, SOMALIA | JULY 2024

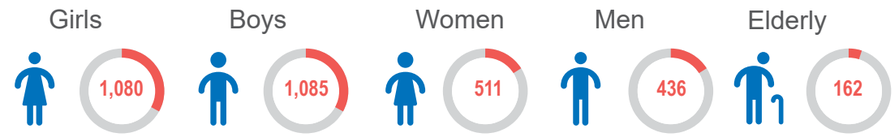
	JULY 2024	IN 2024
# OF INCIDENTS THAT CAUSED DISPLACEMENT	91	578
# OF NEWLY DISPLACED POPULATION	3274	8128
# OF PROTECTION VIOLATIONS RECORDED[1]	57	443

[1]Some protection violations were not recorded due to security risks in some regions.

TRIGGERS OF DISPLACEMENT (JULY 2024 IN %)

Drought	0%
Flood	0%
Other	14%
Conflict	86%

DEMOGRAPHICS (JULY 2024)[3]



[3]Disaggregated data for displaced persons are based on those displacement reports where data has been collected at household level.

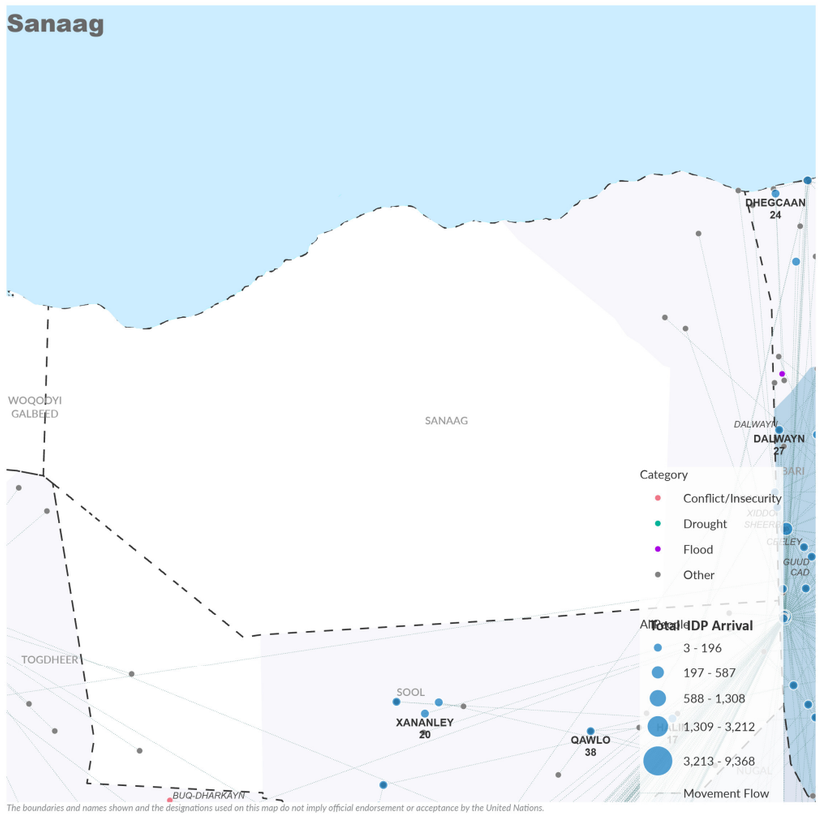
PROTECTION VIOLATIONS CONCERNING CHILDREN, WOMEN AND MINORITIES (2024 IN %)

[2]Members of minority clans include the Benadiri, Bantu, AUGUSTIe, Barawans, Gardere, Yakabur and Rahanweyne.

SPECIFIC NEEDS OF THOSE WHO EXPERIENCED PROTECTION VIOLATIONS (IN 2024)[4]

[4]In JULY 2024, 65 specific needs were recorded of those individuals who experienced protection violations.
[5]Others who are at risk include the following categories family unit, specific legal and physical protection needs, unaccompanied or seperate child, pregnant or lactating, serious medical condition, single parent, SGBV and torture. Individuals can have multiple vulnerabilities

IDP FLOW MOVEMENT (JAN - JUL 2024)



The boundaries and names shown and the designations used on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by the United Nations.

The district in the Mudug region with the highest number of recorded displacement incidents was Galdogob (1731).

1500 individuals were displaced to the Galdogob settlement, making it the largest displacement incident due to Conflict/Insecurity.

The district in the Mudug region with the second highest number of recorded displacement incidents was Jariiban(1365).

1313 individuals were displaced to the Jariiban settlement, making it the second largest displacement incident due to Conflict/Insecurity.

The district in the Mudug region with the third highest numbered of recorded displacement incidents was Gaalkacyo(178).

61 individuals were displaced to Galdogob settlement, making it the third largest displacement incident due to Other.

In July 2024, 4% of protection violations across Somalia were recorded in Mudug region.

Gaalkacyo district had the highest recorded percentage of protection violations across the Mudug region (63%).

The highest recorded protection violations in the region from January to July 2024 include the following:

- Domestic Violence (99%)
- Physical Assault/Attack Not Resulting In Death (1%).

Gaalkacyo district recorded with the highest number of protection violations in the region from January 2016 to July 2024 (4330).

Top 3 Protection Risks Identified

1. Disinformation and denial of access to information
2. Gender-based violence
3. Attacks on civilians and other unlawful killings, and attacks on civilian objects

PRIORITY NEED ON ARRIVAL (JULY 2024 IN %)

Food	52%
Water	0%
Shelter	37%
Health	4%
Protection[4]	0%
Livelihood	0%
Transport	0%
Other	6%

[6]Protection figures are underreported due to the concerns related to the sensitivity of this topic in the context of Somalia.

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PROTECTION & SOLUTIONS MONITORING NETWORK (PSMN)

NUGAAL, SOMALIA | JULY 2024

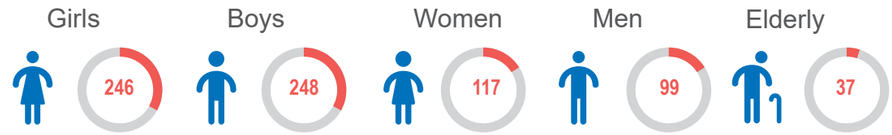
	JULY 2024	IN 2024
# OF INCIDENTS THAT CAUSED DISPLACEMENT	46	338
# OF NEWLY DISPLACED POPULATION	747	7818
# OF PROTECTION VIOLATIONS RECORDED[1]	12	154

[1]Some protection violations were not recorded due to security risks in some regions.

TRIGGERS OF DISPLACEMENT (JULY 2024 IN %)

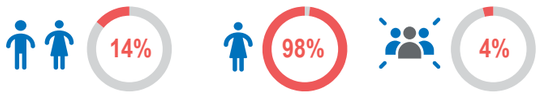
Drought	0%
Flood	0%
Other	100%
Conflict	0%

DEMOGRAPHICS (JULY 2024)[3]



[3]Disaggregated data for displaced persons are based on those displacement reports where data has been collected at household level.

PROTECTION VIOLATIONS CONCERNING CHILDREN, WOMEN AND MINORITIES (2024 IN %)

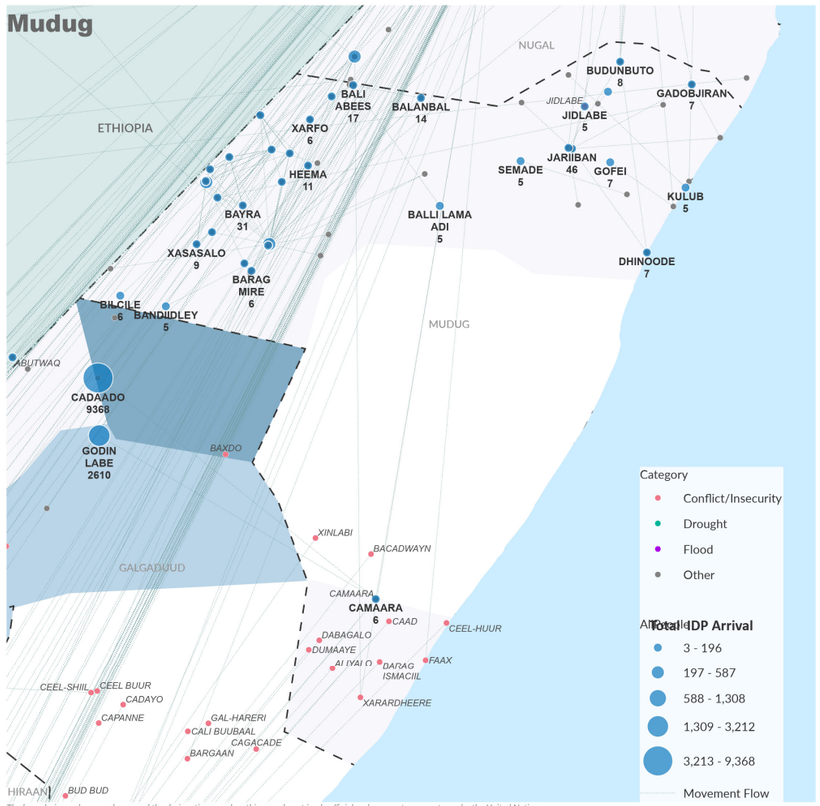


[2]Members of minority clans include the Benadiri, Bantu, AUGUSTIe, Barawans, Gardere, Yakabur and Rahanweyne.

SPECIFIC NEEDS OF THOSE WHO EXPERIENCED PROTECTION VIOLATIONS (IN 2024)[4]

[4]In JULY 2024, 38 specific needs were recorded of those individuals who experienced protection violations.
[5]Others who are at risk include the following categories family unit, specific legal and physical protection needs, unaccompanied or seperate child, pregnant or lactating, serious medical condition, single parent, SGBV and torture. Individuals can have multiple vulnerabilities

IDP FLOW MOVEMENT (JAN - JUL 2024)



The boundaries and names shown and the designations used on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by the United Nations.

The district in the Nugaal region with the highest number of recorded displacement incidents was Garoowe (311).

136 individuals were displaced to the Kalabayr settlement, making it the largest displacement incident due to Other.

The district in the Nugaal region with the second highest number of recorded displacement incidents was Eyl(308).

117 individuals were displaced to the dhiganle settlement, making it the second largest displacement incident due to Other.

The district in the Nugaal region with the third highest numbered of recorded displacement incidents was Burtinle(116).

110 individuals were displaced to Caleeli settlement, making it the third largest displacement incident due to Other.

In July 2024, 1% of protection violations across Somalia were recorded in Nugaal region.

Garoowe district had the highest recorded percentage of protection violations across the Nugaal region (100%).

The highest recorded protection violations in the region from January to July 2024 include the following:

- Domestic Violence (35%)
- Health (30%).

Garoowe district recorded with the highest number of protection violations in the region from January 2016 to July 2024 (1137).

Top 3 Protection Risks Identified

1. Psychological/emotional abuse or inflicted distress
2. Discrimination and stigmatization, denial of resources, opportunities, services and/or humanitarian access
3. Child and forced family separation

PRIORITY NEED ON ARRIVAL (JULY 2024 IN %)

Food	18%
Water	2%
Shelter	38%
Health	4%
Protection[4]	0%
Livelihood	38%
Transport	0%
Other	0%

[6]Protection figures are underreported due to the concerns related to the sensitivity of this topic in the context of Somalia.

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PROTECTION & SOLUTIONS MONITORING NETWORK (PSMN)

SANAAG, SOMALIA | JULY 2024

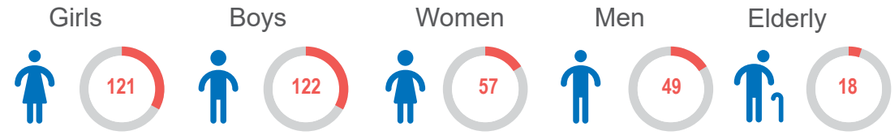
	JULY 2024	IN 2024
# OF INCIDENTS THAT CAUSED DISPLACEMENT	3	5
# OF NEWLY DISPLACED POPULATION	368	858
# OF PROTECTION VIOLATIONS RECORDED[1]	4	12

[1]Some protection violations were not recorded due to security risks in some regions.

TRIGGERS OF DISPLACEMENT (JULY 2024 IN %)

Drought	0%
Flood	0%
Other	100%
Conflict	0%

DEMOGRAPHICS (JULY 2024)[3]



[3]Disaggregated data for displaced persons are based on those displacement reports where data has been collected at household level.

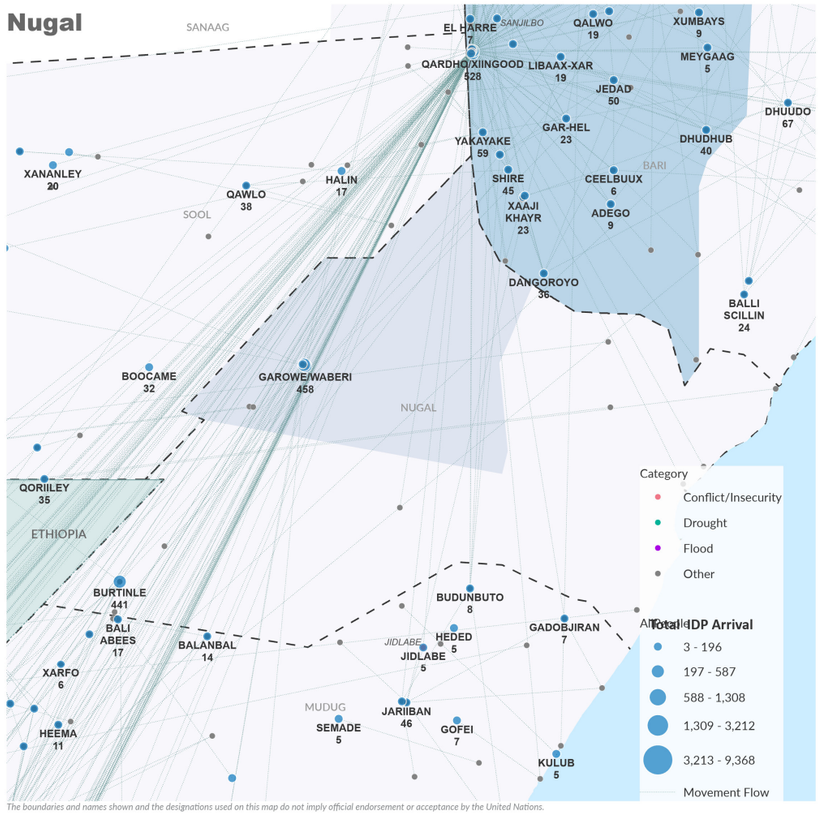
PROTECTION VIOLATIONS CONCERNING CHILDREN, WOMEN AND MINORITIES (2024 IN %)

[2]Members of minority clans include the Benadiri, Bantu, AUGUSTle, Barawans, Gardere, Yakabur and Rahanweyne.

SPECIFIC NEEDS OF THOSE WHO EXPERIENCED PROTECTION VIOLATIONS (IN 2024)[4]

[4]In JULY 2024, 4 specific needs were recorded of those individuals who experienced protection violations.
[5]Others who are at risk include the following categories family unit, specific legal and physical protection needs, unaccompanied or seperate child, pregnant or lactating, serious medical condition, single parent, SGBV and torture. Individuals can have multiple vulnerabilities

IDP FLOW MOVEMENT (JAN - JUL 2024)



The boundaries and names shown and the designations used on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by the United Nations.

The district in the Sanaag region with the highest number of recorded displacement incidents was Dhahar (261).

151 individuals were displaced to the Baraagaha-qol settlement, making it the largest displacement incident due to Other.

The district in the Sanaag region with the second highest number of recorded displacement incidents was Badhan(107).

110 individuals were displaced to the Dharkayn settlement, making it the second largest displacement incident due to Other.

The district in the Sanaag region with the third highest numbered of recorded displacement incidents was -(0).

107 individuals were displaced to Haylaan settlement, making it the third largest displacement incident due to Other.

In July 2024, 0% of protection violations across Somalia were recorded in Sanaag region.

Badhan district had the highest recorded percentage of protection violations across the Sanaag region (100%).

The highest recorded protection violations in the region from January to July 2024 include the following:

- Exclusion from or lack of access to medical care/ health facilities (17%)
- Threat To Life/Physical Integrity (17%).

Ceel Afweyn district recorded with the highest number of protection violations in the region from January 2016 to July 2024 (460).

Top 3 Protection Risks Identified

1. Child and forced family separation
2. Psychological/emotional abuse or inflicted distress
3. Psychological/emotional abuse or inflicted distress

PRIORITY NEED ON ARRIVAL (JULY 2024 IN %)

Food	30%
Water	0%
Shelter	41%
Health	0%
Protection[4]	0%
Livelihood	29%
Transport	0%
Other	0%

[6]Protection figures are underreported due to the concerns related to the sensitivety of this topic in the context of Somalia.

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PROTECTION & SOLUTIONS MONITORING NETWORK (PSMN)

SOOL, SOMALIA | JULY 2024

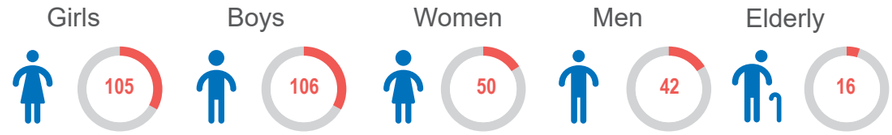
	JULY 2024	IN 2024
# OF INCIDENTS THAT CAUSED DISPLACEMENT	16	143
# OF NEWLY DISPLACED POPULATION	319	2828
# OF PROTECTION VIOLATIONS RECORDED[1]	66	398

[1]Some protection violations were not recorded due to security risks in some regions.

TRIGGERS OF DISPLACEMENT (JULY 2024 IN %)

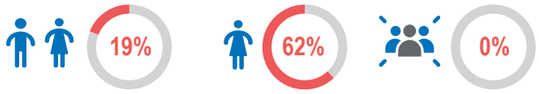
Drought	0%
Flood	0%
Other	100%
Conflict	0%

DEMOGRAPHICS (JULY 2024)[3]



[3]Disaggregated data for displaced persons are based on those displacement reports where data has been collected at household level.

PROTECTION VIOLATIONS CONCERNING CHILDREN, WOMEN AND MINORITIES (2024 IN %)

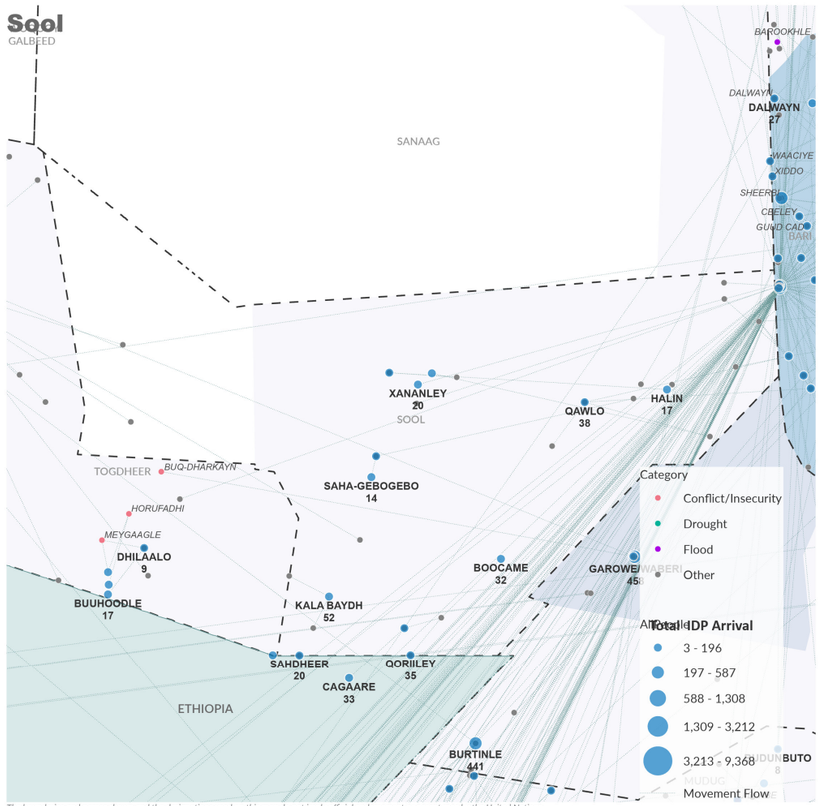


[2]Members of minority clans include the Benadiri, Bantu, AUGUSTIe, Barawans, Gardere, Yakabur and Rahanweyne.

SPECIFIC NEEDS OF THOSE WHO EXPERIENCED PROTECTION VIOLATIONS (IN 2024)[4]

[4]In JULY 2024, 76 specific needs were recorded of those individuals who experienced protection violations.
[5]Others who are at risk include the following categories family unit, specific legal and physical protection needs, unaccompanied or seperate child, pregnant or lactating, serious medical condition, single parent, SGBV and torture. Individuals can have multiple vulnerabilities

IDP FLOW MOVEMENT (JAN - JUL 2024)



The boundaries and names shown and the designations used on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by the United Nations.

The district in the Sool region with the highest number of recorded displacement incidents was Laas Caanood (278).

128 individuals were displaced to the Laas Caanood settlement, making it the largest displacement incident due to Other.

The district in the Sool region with the second highest number of recorded displacement incidents was Xudun(30).

46 individuals were displaced to the Kala Baydh settlement, making it the second largest displacement incident due to Other.

The district in the Sool region with the third highest numbered of recorded displacement incidents was Taleex(11).

30 individuals were displaced to Xudun settlement, making it the third largest displacement incident due to Other.

In July 2024, 5% of protection violations across Somalia were recorded in Sool region.

Laas Caanood district had the highest recorded percentage of protection violations across the Sool region (100%).

The highest recorded protection violations in the region from January to July 2024 include the following:

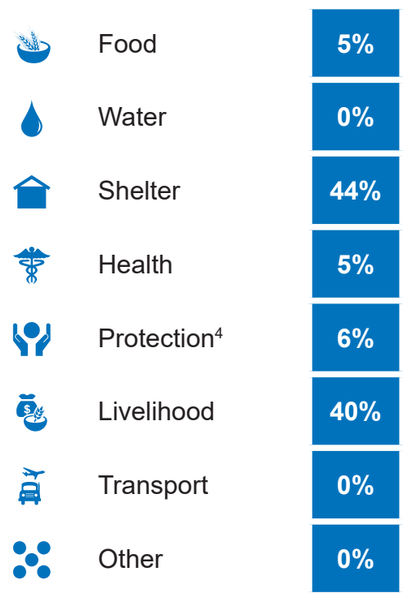
- Physical Assault/Attack Not Resulting In Death (41%)
- Domestic Violence (36%).

Laas Caanood district recorded with the highest number of protection violations in the region from January 2016 to July 2024 (2719).

Top 3 Protection Risks Identified

1. Presence of Mine and other explosive ordnance
2. Gender-based violence
3. -

PRIORITY NEED ON ARRIVAL (JULY 2024 IN %)



[6]Protection figures are underreported due to the concerns related to the sensitivity of this topic in the context of Somalia.

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PROTECTION & SOLUTIONS MONITORING NETWORK (PSMN)

TOGDHEER, SOMALIA | JULY 2024

	JULY 2024	IN 2024
# OF INCIDENTS THAT CAUSED DISPLACEMENT	10	117
# OF NEWLY DISPLACED POPULATION	94	1207
# OF PROTECTION VIOLATIONS RECORDED[1]	80	398

[1]Some protection violations were not recorded due to security risks in some regions.

TRIGGERS OF DISPLACEMENT (JULY 2024 IN %)

Drought	0%
Flood	0%
Other	100%
Conflict	0%

DEMOGRAPHICS (JULY 2024)[3]

Girls	Boys	Women	Men	Elderly
31	31	15	13	5

[3]Disaggregated data for displaced persons are based on those displacement reports where data has been collected at household level.

PROTECTION VIOLATIONS CONCERNING CHILDREN, WOMEN AND MINORITIES (2024 IN %)

Children	Girls & Women	Minorities[2]
6%	82%	0%

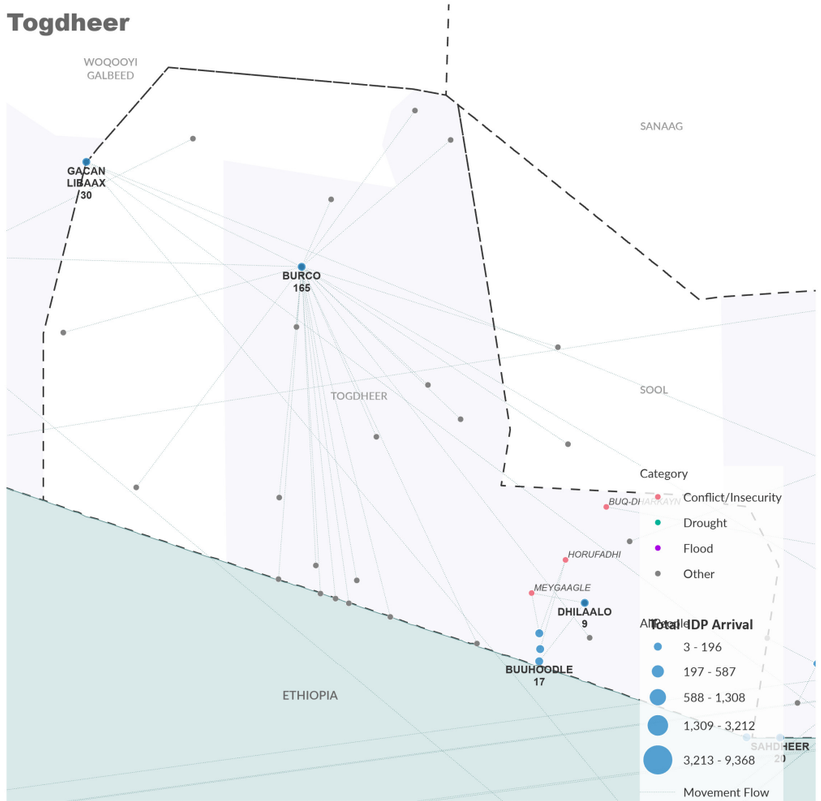
[2]Members of minority clans include the Benadiri, Bantu, AUGUSTIe, Barawans, Gardere, Yakabur and Rahanweyne.

SPECIFIC NEEDS OF THOSE WHO EXPERIENCED PROTECTION VIOLATIONS (IN 2024)[4]

Child at risk	Women at risk	Disabilities	Elderly at risk	Others[5]
6%	83%	0%	0%	11%

[4]In JULY 2024, 98 specific needs were recorded of those individuals who experienced protection violations.
[5]Others who are at risk include the following categories family unit, specific legal and physical protection needs, unaccompanied or seperate child, pregnant or lactating, serious medical condition, single parent, SGBV and torture. Individuals can have multiple vulnerabilities

IDP FLOW MOVEMENT (JAN - JUL 2024)



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The district in the Togdheer region with the highest number of recorded displacement incidents was Burco (49).

49 individuals were displaced to the Burco settlement, making it the largest displacement incident due to Other.

The district in the Togdheer region with the second highest number of recorded displacement incidents was Buuhoodle(45).

18 individuals were displaced to the Bali-Hadhac settlement, making it the second largest displacement incident due to Other.

The district in the Togdheer region with the third highest numbered of recorded displacement incidents was -(0).

17 individuals were displaced to Bali Cad settlement, making it the third largest displacement incident due to Other.

In July 2024, 6% of protection violations across Somalia were recorded in Togdheer region.

Burco district had the highest recorded percentage of protection violations across the Togdheer region (58%).

The highest recorded protection violations in the region from January to July 2024 include the following:

- Domestic Violence (76%)
- Physical Assault/Attack Not Resulting In Death (14%).

Burco district recorded with the highest number of protection violations in the region from January 2016 to July 2024 (1190).

Top 3 Protection Risks Identified

1. Child, early or forced marriage
2. Gender-based violence
3. Presence of Mine and other explosive ordnance

PRIORITY NEED ON ARRIVAL (JULY 2024 IN %)

Food	5%
Water	0%
Shelter	36%
Health	0%
Protection[4]	19%
Livelihood	39%
Transport	0%
Other	0%

[6]Protection figures are underreported due to the concerns related to the sensitivity of this topic in the context of Somalia.

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PROTECTION & SOLUTIONS MONITORING NETWORK (PSMN)

WOQOOYI GALBEED, SOMALIA | JULY 2024

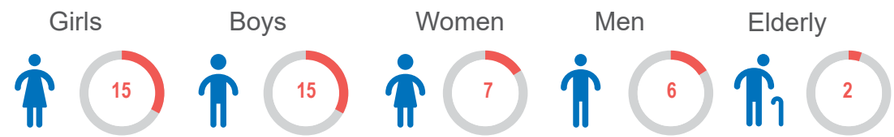
	JULY 2024	IN 2024
# OF INCIDENTS THAT CAUSED DISPLACEMENT	8	53
# OF NEWLY DISPLACED POPULATION	46	310
# OF PROTECTION VIOLATIONS RECORDED[1]	222	1192

[1]Some protection violations were not recorded due to security risks in some regions.

TRIGGERS OF DISPLACEMENT (JULY 2024 IN %)

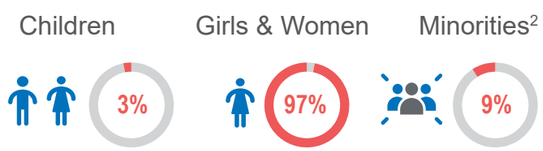
Drought	0%
Flood	0%
Other	100%
Conflict	0%

DEMOGRAPHICS (JULY 2024)[3]



[3]Disaggregated data for displaced persons are based on those displacement reports where data has been collected at household level.

PROTECTION VIOLATIONS CONCERNING CHILDREN, WOMEN AND MINORITIES (2024 IN %)

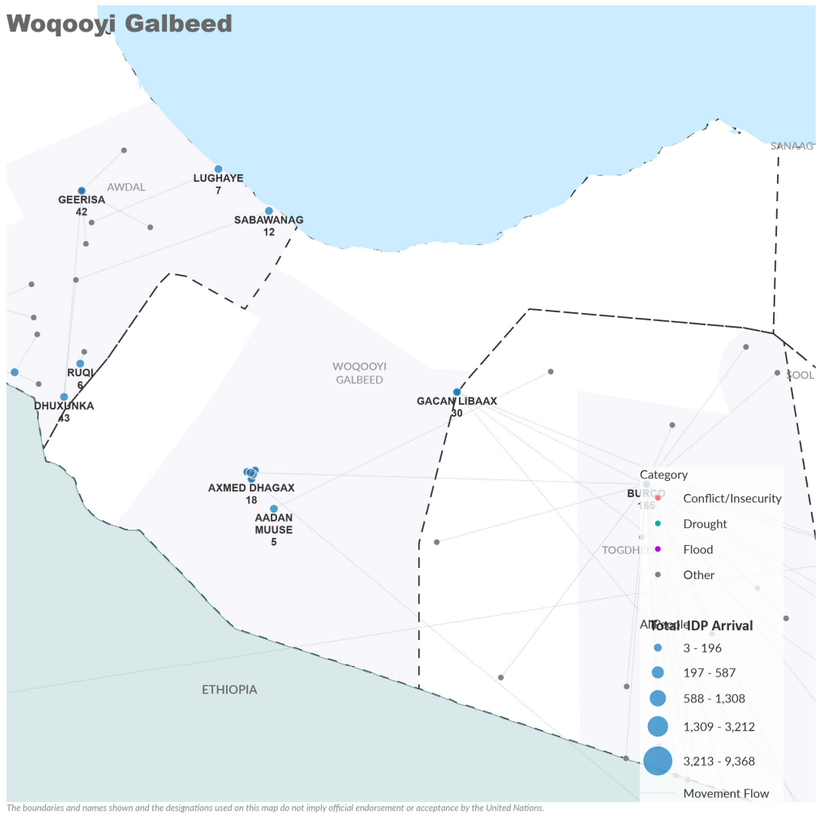


[2]Members of minority clans include the Benadiri, Bantu, AUGUSTIe, Barawans, Gardere, Yakabur and Rahanweyne.

SPECIFIC NEEDS OF THOSE WHO EXPERIENCED PROTECTION VIOLATIONS (IN 2024)[4]

[4]In JULY 2024, 146 specific needs were recorded of those individuals who experienced protection violations.
[5]Others who are at risk include the following categories family unit, specific legal and physical protection needs, unaccompanied or seperate child, pregnant or lactating, serious medical condition, single parent, SGBV and torture. Individuals can have multiple vulnerabilities

IDP FLOW MOVEMENT (JAN - JUL 2024)



The boundaries and names shown and the designations used on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by the United Nations.

The district in the Woqooyi Galbeed region with the highest number of recorded displacement incidents was Hargeysa (46).

25 individuals were displaced to the 26-Jun settlement, making it the largest displacement incident due to Other.

The district in the Woqooyi Galbeed region with the second highest number of recorded displacement incidents was -(0).

15 individuals were displaced to the Axmed Dhagax settlement, making it the second largest displacement incident due to Other.

The district in the Woqooyi Galbeed region with the third highest numbered of recorded displacement incidents was -(0).

6 individuals were displaced to Gacan Libaax/ Sheekh Madar settlement, making it the third largest displacement incident due to Other.

In July 2024, 17% of protection violations across Somalia were recorded in Woqooyi Galbeed region.

Hargeysa district had the highest recorded percentage of protection violations across the Woqooyi Galbeed region (100%).

The highest recorded protection violations in the region from January to July 2024 include the following:

- Domestic Violence (58%)
- Physical Assault/Attack Not Resulting In Death (21%).

Hargeysa district recorded with the highest number of protection violations in the region from January 2016 to July 2024 (11270).

Top 3 Protection Risks Identified

1. Unlawful impediments or restrictions to freedom of movement, siege and forced displacement.
2. Disinformation and denial of access to information
3. Gender-based violence

PRIORITY NEED ON ARRIVAL (JULY 2024 IN %)

Food	54%
Water	0%
Shelter	28%
Health	0%
Protection[4]	0%
Livelihood	17%
Transport	0%
Other	0%

[6]Protection figures are underreported due to the concerns related to the sensitivity of this topic in the context of Somalia.

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