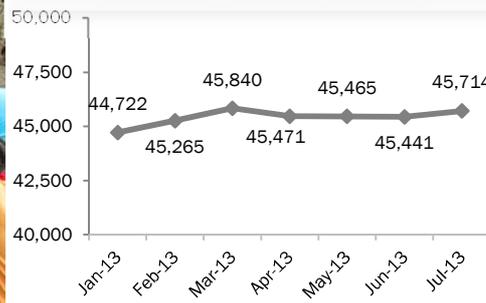




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Population Snapshot

Cumulative Population by Month



Nbr of Household	12,122
Avg Household size	3.8
% of Children (<18)	61%
% of Women & Children	82%
Refugee Registration:	
Level II registration completed	
Biometric verification planned for April 2013	

Geographic Snapshot

Doro Camp is located in Guffa Payam, Maban County, Upper Nile State

GPS Coordinates
Long 9.976653
Lat 33.825531

Distance from Border 23 km

Size of Camp Area 985 hectares

m²/Person 153

Age & Gender of Registered Refugees

Age (Years)	Male (49%)	Female (51%)
<5	5,375	5,044
5-11	5,941	5,769
12-17	3,016	2,792
18-59	7,681	9,113
60+	485	518

Contextual Background

Area of Origin Sudan, Blue Nile State (mainly Kurmuk area)
Ethnicity Mainly Urduk followed by Ingassana, Jumjum, Baldago, Balila, Birga, Dwala, Fur, Jundi, Magaya, Mayak, Nuba
Main Occupation Predominant is agriculture (around 70%), nomadic pastoralist and, for Ingassana, artisanal gold mining

Meetings Calendar

MON	10:00 Community Watch Group @ Doro waystation
TUE	11:00 Education @UNHCR (biweekly) 14:30 Doro WASH/Outbreak @Oxfam 16:00 Logistic @UNHCR
WED	11:00 Nutrition Coord. @UNHCR (biweekly) 14:30 WASH Maban Coord. @Solidarite (Gendrassa)
THU	10:00 Doro Camp Coord @ Doro waystation (biweekly) 14:00 Security + 14:30 Maban Coordination @UNHCR (biweekly)
FRY	10:30 Health and Outbreak Coord. @UNHCR (Biweekly) 15:00 Case management @ UNHCR (biweekly 1st & 3rd Friday) 16:00 Protection @UNHCR

Administrative Structure

Upper Nile State Authorities	
Governor: M. Simon Kun	Deputy Governor: M. John Ivo
RRC Director Malakal: M. Peter Pal	
Local Authorities	
County Commissioner: M. Hafez Bagar Lanka	
RRC Coordinator Maban: M. Alex Balla	RRC Refugee Coordinator: M. Yohannes Luul
Operational Refugees Committees:	
Leaders Committee	Food Distribution Committee
Women Groups	Community Watch
Youth Committee	

Highlights

Protection finalized an exercise in mapping potential conflict causing issues amongst Doro camp's 27 communities. These will serve as basis for future interventions and conflict sensitive programme management.
 The Protection Network, a new forum which will not only address challenges between host and refugee communities but will aim to strengthen positive relationships between the two was launched this month.
 Refugees identified as persons with special needs (PSNs) exposed to various protection risks during general food (GFD) and NFI distribution, have been issued tokens the use of UNHCR supported donkey-cart transportation of their monthly rations.

UNHCR gratefully acknowledges the support of the following partners in Doro Camp



Doro Monthly Updates

Protection

Protection carried out the first day of the PSN identification/registration exercise which will allow PSN to benefit from special assistance during distributions. Identified PSN will now regularly benefit from donkey-cart transportation when carrying their food rations back to their communities or have a registered 'caretaker' accessing goods to be distributed on behalf of the PSN. The PSN identification/registration exercise will continue in Doro in August. The conflict mapping exercise has been finalized and its results have been presented to partners in the RPWG. Areas that were identified as hotspots of conflict between the refugees and host communities were targeted for the community-based Protection Network, a forum comprising of hosts and refugees from neighbouring communities. Two meetings with local leaders and Bunj government authorities were held to discuss the set-up of the Protection Network. The leaders appreciate the initiative and are hopeful that low level conflicts can be resolved through the Protection Network and relations between hosts and refugees been improved.

SGBV	SGBV Referral System		Referral pathway finalised: health, psychosocial and material (based on individual needs) support activated. Partners and UNHCR are meeting biweekly to ensure individual case management and follow up of identified cases.			
	# Reported cases	0	# Cases receiving support	0		
	# Refugees Trained in SGBV	0				
Child protection	# of Child Friendly Spaces	13	Monthly Average Attendance	4,493		
	% Girls	49%				
	UM-SC Mechanism	Family Tracing and Reunification Mechanism established				
	# UM-SC identified & documented	76	# Positive FTR	96		
	# Foster care arrang.	692				



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Education

Minimum Sectoral Data	Value	Standard	% F	Minimum Sectoral Data	Value	Standard
% of Refugees Enrolled in Primary School*	56.2%	100%	57.7%	Number of Students per Teacher	61	40
% Average Monthly Attendance	57.5%	n/a	48.5%	% of Female Teachers	30.4%	50%



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The semi permanent school construction is ongoing with 4 classrooms waiting to be roofed and 2 at foundation levels. The ALP session has 3044 pupils enrolled. The ECCD component has not been activated in Doro since the beginning of the year. Distribution of sanitary kits in Doro led to increase in enrollement of about 1,320 pupils especially girls. (* Crude Enrollement Rate taking into account also students older then 13 years)

Water and sanitation

Minimum Sectoral Data	Value	Standard	Minimum Sectoral Data	Value	Standard
Avg water available (litres/person/day)	30.6	>=20	Crude Toilet Coverage	14.5	<=20
Nbr of persons per usable water taps	92	<80	% of families with family shared latrines*	76%	100%
Water collected at HH level (litres/person/day)	n/a	>=20	% of PoC receiving >=450g soap/person/month	101%	100%

Wash indicators respect UNHCR standards. A potential relocation site for 5500 persons (as a first phase) has been identified. Discussions with IOM on their capacity to deliver wash services in that area are taking place. HEP action plan is on going. IOM has made progress to fill latrine coverage gaps as well as provide new water points. The HP team has concentrated efforts in Maiak and Ingassana.

* Family latrines are shared among 4 families, based on a average household size of 5 members, to respect the standard of 20 persons per drop-hole

Health/Nutrition

Minimum Sectoral Data	Value	Standard	Minimum Sectoral Data	Value	Standard	Minimum Sectoral Data	Value	Standard
CMR/10,000/day	0.17	<1	# Persons/Health Facility	11,390	<10,000	% of U5 GAM	6.07%	<10%
U5 MR/10,000/day	0.27	<2	Health Facility Utilisation	2.9	1-4	% of U5 SAM	1.07%	<2%

The crude and under five mortality kept within the emergency threshold. UNHCR in partnership with MSF-B and SIM provided primary health services to refugees and improved access through health posts. The most common cause of OPD consultations are LRTI, URTI, AWD and malaria. The trend of HepE outbreak and malaria were increased in month of July. Blanket mosquito nets distribution with health promotion and demonstration on use has done in doro camp. The strengthen of routine immunization program has done and over 2,000 children reach for immunization with significant improvement in coverage.

TSFP for children under five years, pregnant and lactating women continued in July. Outpatient therapeutic care also provided to SAM cases through MSF-B. Community MUAC screening was performed in Doro. 22 more Mother Support Groups formed making a total of 62 groups in Doro camp. However, Some delays in IYCF flip chart are being experienced. Decrease of SAM cases in Doro. World Brestfeeding Week activities were completed



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General Food Distribution

Date of last distribution	3-5 July	Length of ration	30 Days	Next planned distribution	5-7 August
Avg Kcal/person/day provided	2,109	Planned beneficiaries	45,447	Served beneficiaries	44,809

For more information, please consult <http://data.unhcr.org/Southsudan>