



Current Situation:

In the past two weeks, Kakuma Camp has received 905 South Sudanese arrivals from the Nadapal border point. As of 25th June 2014, the number of South Sudanese asylum seekers received was 39,180. This brings the total estimated camp population to 170,965. The trend of daily arrivals continued as shown below:

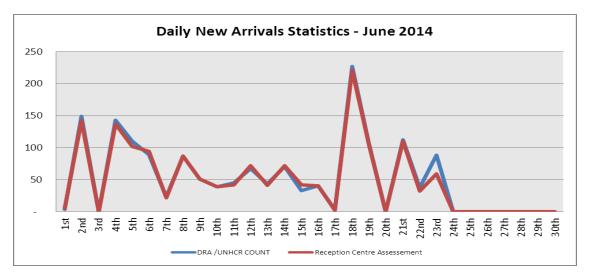


Illustration 1: Daily arrivals trend from 01/06/14 - 24/06/14

Developments:

- Pomp and color marked the commemoration of World Refugee Day in Kakuma with various participatory activities from both the refugee and host community. Activities started early in the week and included a chess tournament (14th 15th June), sports activities, a peace caravan, peace dialogues, a beauty pageant (19th June), a peace race and cultural showcase (20th June). Guests from various UN agencies, the diplomatic corps, Turkana County government and the National Government attended the event on 20th June.
- A team from ECHO was on a day mission in Kakuma on 23rd June. The team visited several sites in the camp and discussed implementation, results and gaps in sectors such as WASH, shelter and health with various implementing partners. The team also interacted with refugees at the reception centre and in Kakuma 4.

Operational Highlights

Operations continued in the four key fronts of the emergency response - at the border, transportation to the camp, at the reception centre and in Kakuma 4.

1. Health

• The health status of South Sudanese new arrivals in the past two weeks remained stable. The morbidity and mortality rates were within the acceptable threshold of a stable population. For example, only 18 cases of malaria and 24 cases of diarrhoea were seen at Clinic 7 in Kakuma 4, translating to a weekly incidence rate of 0.5/1000 and 0.6/1000 population respectively. One death of an under 5 year old was reported translating into an Under 5 mortality rate of 0.14/10,000 per day compared to the UNHCR Standard of <2/10,000 per day.

2. Nutrition

• Malnutrition rates have been on an increasing trend among South Sudanese new arrivals screened on arrival at the reception centre. Between 14th – 20th June, 33.3% of children aged 6-59 months screened by Weight for Height were found with GAM and 12.6% were found with SAM. These proportions are above the acceptable thresholds of < 15% for GAM and <3% for SAM. It is worth noting that the number of newly arrived children screened during this period is relatively small compared to the rest of the under-five population in the camp. All the screened children were enrolled into appropriate feeding programs for rehabilitation during the mentioned time period.</p>

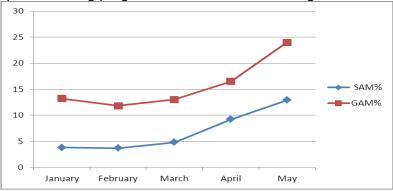


Illustration 2: Monthly trend of SAM and GAM of children <5 years screened at reception centre between Jan – May 2014

3. Protection

About 402 refugees and asylums seekers relocated from Nairobi and other urban centres were
received by the Department of Refugee Affairs (DRA) in the past two weeks. This brings the
total number of relocated persons received as at 25th June to 3,066.

4. SGBV Prevention and Response

- No new SGBV case was reported during the past one week. Monitoring and follow-up of old cases is on-going.
- Group therapy sessions were held for 2 SGBV survivors and their families to ensure family support for the reintegration of survivors into the community. The sessions were facilitated by UNHCR and LWF.
- Distribution of sanitary materials has been on-going for about 3 months to all female new arrivals of reproductive age So far, 15,872 women in the community have benefitted from the distribution which will be completed by the end of the month.

5. Child Protection

 43 UAMs (25 male & 18 female) were relocated from the reception centre to the community in child-headed households. They were provided temporary shelter, NFI assistance and oriented on the support systems available for their integration. Child protection staff from UNHCR, UNICEF and LWF continued to monitor their situation.

 Out of about 900 UAMs received this year, 700 have been relocated from the reception center to the community. Out of the relocated children, about 400 have been reunited with relatives, 200 have been placed under foster care and 100 are in child-headed households. As of 23rd June, 188 UAMS were staying at the reception center awaiting registration.

6. Shelter and Infrastructure

- 8,481 temporary shelters have been put up at Kakuma 4, accommodating 36,906 individuals (8,934 families). Space for putting up more shelters is currently unavailable and the need to get more land to set up a new camp is urgent.
- Roofing of durable shelters continued and so far 1,105 roofs have been completed a further 3,000 shelters require roofing.
- 86 shelters for unaccompanied minors (UAMs) were completed in the past week.
- Grading of 12 kilometres of access roads in Kakuma 4 has been completed and culvert installation works are on-going.



7. Education

NCCK has completed construction of 10 semipermanent classrooms in Kakuma 4.

Another 10 classrooms supported by UNICEF are under construction and are expected to be completed by the start of July.

The classrooms will replace the tented emergency schools in the site.

8. Water and Sanitation

- 1,160 family shared latrines have been constructed so far in Kakuma 4 bringing the user ratio to 1:33. The current population in the site requires about 7,000 latrines.
- Hygiene promotion among new arrivals continued with 100 incentive hygiene workers sensitizing the residents on hygiene and proper cleaning of the latrines.
- Latrine cleaning kits (soap, buckets and hard brooms) were distributed.
- Water trucking continued to Kakuma 4, bringing per capita distribution to 12 litres per day.

UNHCR Sub Office Kakuma 25th June 2014

For more information on South Sudan situation, please refer to the information portal: http://data.unhcr.org/SouthSudan/regional.php

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