

KEY FIGURES

45,846

Asylum seekers received since influx began in December 2013.

4

New SGBV cases reported during the week

1:14

The ratio of latrines to users in Kakuma 4

18.75

Litres of water provided per person per day in Kakuma.

7,172

Number of roofed durable shelters in Kakuma 4.

PRIORITIES

- Monitor trends of daily new arrivals and their unhindered access to asylum.
- Maintenance of water network to ensure improved supply
- Distribution of NFIs to households
- Close monitoring of malaria and watery diarrhea trends due to their outbreak potential.

KENYA

KAKUMA OPERATIONAL UPDATE

08 – 14 MAY 2015

HIGHLIGHTS

- As at 14 May 2015, Kakuma had received 45,846 asylum seekers from South Sudan.
- On 14 May 2015, Supply unit had a one day mission from Nairobi on Emergency supply team. The aim of the mission was to generally get an overview of the refugee operation and to exactly know what logistical activities are undertaken in the field.



Emergency supply team from various UNHCR organization/Agencies in UNHCR Sub-Office Kakuma. *UNHCR/Fortunata*

UPDATE ON ACHIEVEMENTS

Operational Context

- UNHCR continued to conduct border monitoring visits to Nadapal three days a week (Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday) to ensure that asylum seekers received at the border have unhindered access to asylum and are treated humanely.
- The trend of daily new arrivals has remained low; UNHCR has maintained a weekly convoy to the border to pick new arrivals, in the past week, 51 new arrivals were received. The trend continues to be monitored closely for any possible upsurge.
- Issues of visa charges at the border by Immigration officials continue to pose a challenge to unhindered access to asylum seekers from South Sudan, despite the prima-facie status conferred on them by the Kenya Government since 1st August 2014. On average, adults are charged KES 5,000 (about USD 50). Discussions have been ongoing between the Immigration Office in Nairobi, UNHCR, the Department of Refugee Affairs and the Refugee Consortium of Kenya (RCK) to address the matter.

Protection

SGBV

- 4 survivors of SGBV were assisted to access specialized services including psychosocial counseling, legal and medical assistance to address their immediate needs. Out of the reported cases, 1 was sexual violence, 2 were physical assault and 1 cases of psychological/emotional abuse.
- Counseling sessions were conducted at women centre 1, women centre 4 and IRC main offices to improve the psychosocial wellbeing of the survivors.
- A meeting was held at Safe Haven after recommendations of special sessions on management of cases at the shelter. Profiles of cases were reviewed and recommendations shared.
- The SGBV monthly coordination meeting was held on 6th May 2015. Analysis of the month, referral pathway finalized, updates from partners and sharing of planned activities for the month.

Persons with Special Needs

- 645 counselling sessions and 284 home visits were conducted, 15 new PLWD were identified and referred to appropriate support.
- 54 assistive devices that included tricycles, wheelchairs and prosthesis were distributed

Child protection

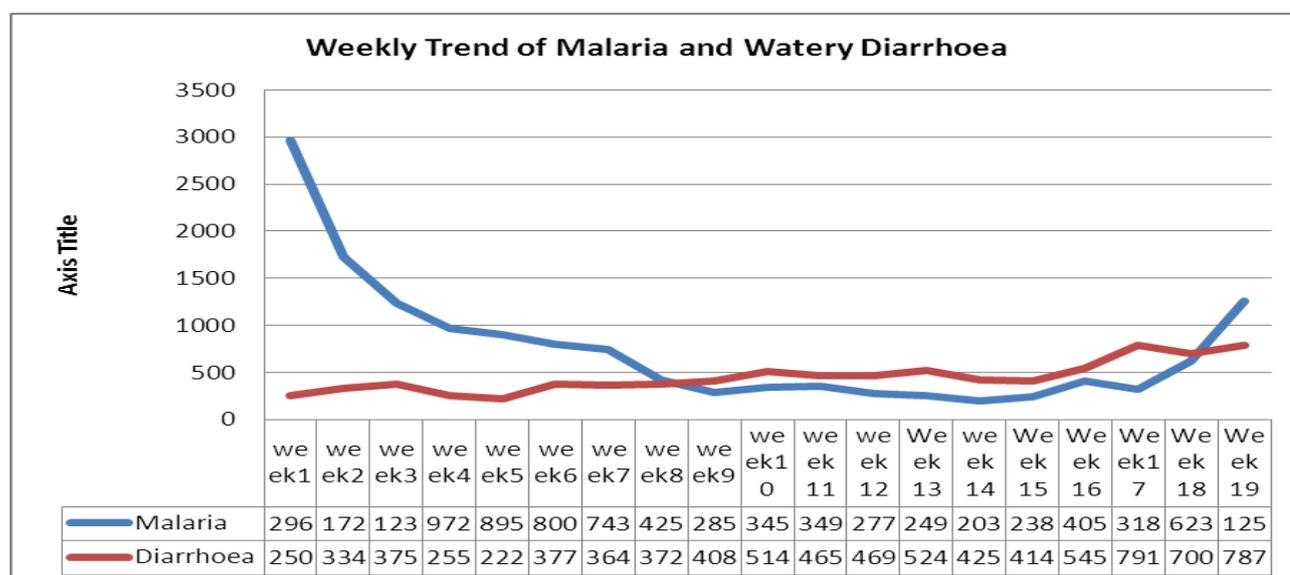
- As at 14 April 2015, 1,262 new UAMS and 7,095 separated children had arrived in Kakuma since December 2013. Since then to date, 1,213 UAMs including 856 South Sudanese UAMs and 5,440 separated children have been registered, bringing the cumulative number of registered UAMs in Kakuma to 2,790 and 12,456 separated children.
- A group "United Drama Kakuma" who won the global youth initiatives funds kicked started their project by having a training on Community Theater and Filming. The group is composed by different nationalities including host community. The training will help them to write their own play and film to promote peaceful co-existence in the community.

Education

- Schools opened on Monday 04th May 2015 for second term. School attendance during the week was low and is expected to pick up in second week of opening. Planning meeting was held with school administrators to discuss timelines for preparation of professional documents and curriculum implementation.
- Windle Trust Kenya with Support from UNHCR started School Meal Program in the form Maize & Beans blend (Githeri) for lunch, the meal is provided in the three day Schools namely Kakuma Refugee, Somali Bantu and Green Light, while sorghum & Maize blend (Porridge) for Morneau Shepell Secondary School. The provision of lunch was initiated following WFP decision to discontinue the program in secondary schools.
- Opening exams were administered to secondary students in Form 1, 2 and 3. Teaching in Form 4 classes continued in preparation for Mock Examinations to be done in July this year.

Health

- The general health status of refugees remained stable during the week with mortality indicators remaining within Sphere/UNHCR standards. UNHCR and IRC continue to closely monitor the trend of malaria and watery diarrhoea due to their outbreak potential.



- Due to the current ongoing rainy season, the watery diarrhoea and Malaria cases have considerably increased as seen in the above chart. IRC community health workers conducted an assessment to find out the most affected blocks with Acute Water Diarrhoea and Malaria cases. The community health promoters are disseminating health messages to the community on hygiene promotion and Malaria using a guided protocol with key messages that is cultural appropriate.

Food Security and Nutrition

- During the reporting week, 59 newly arrived children aged 6-59 months were screened for malnutrition at the reception center. Among these, 10 had sever acute malnutrition (17 %) while 1 (1.7 %) was found with moderate acute malnutrition. All identified cases of acute malnutrition were enrolled to respective rehabilitation programs.

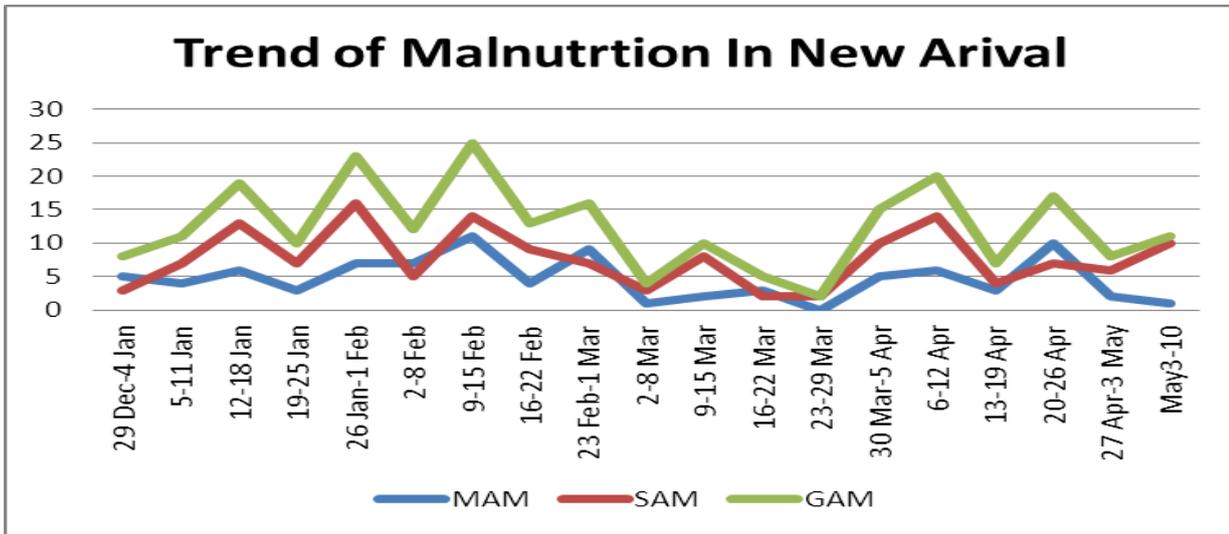
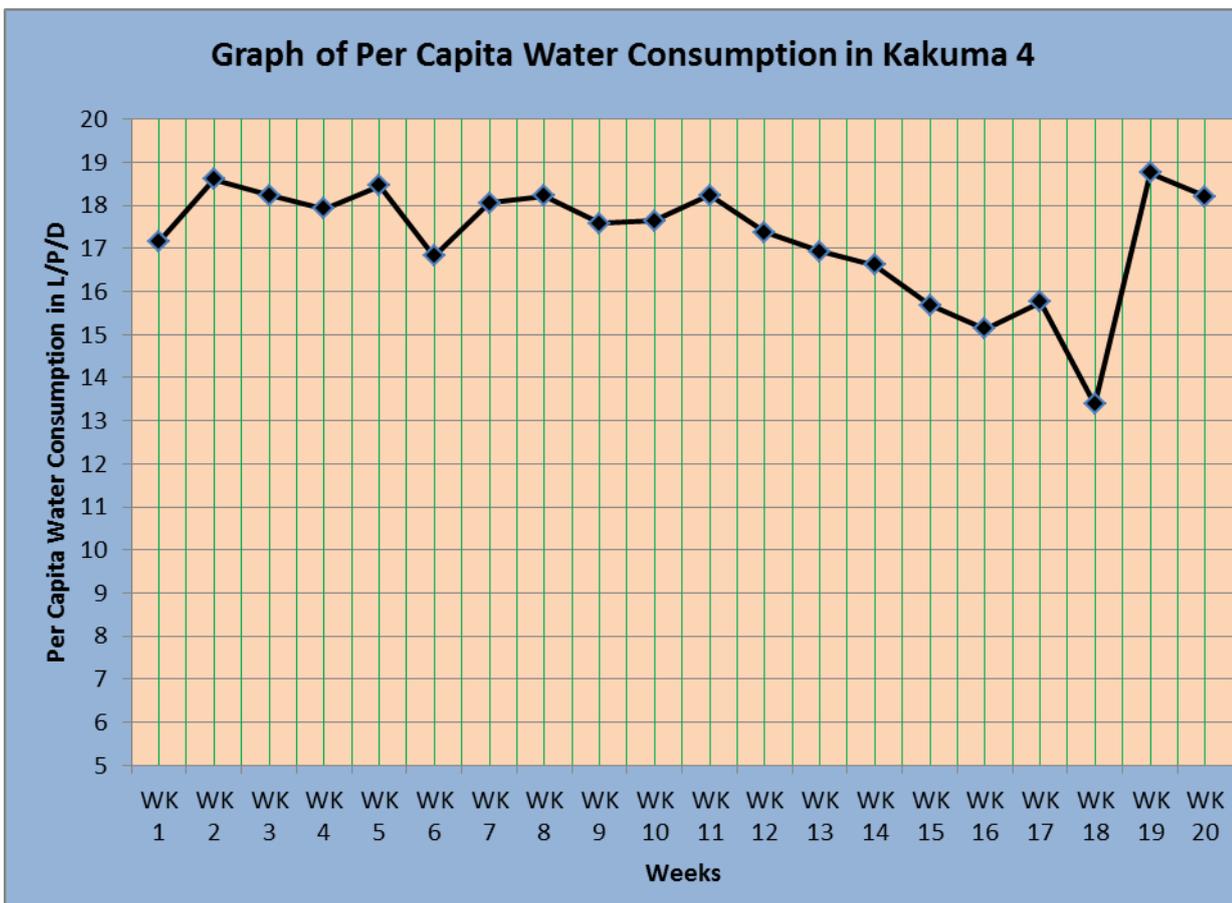


Fig2: Trend of malnutrition among new arrivals (Under 5 years) screened at reception centre

Water and Sanitation

A total of 6,418,000 Liters of water was supplied to refugees residing in Kakuma 4. This translates to a per capita consumption of 18.21 L/p/d. Water supply has been considerably stable with continuous monitoring of pipelines and borehole operations. The consumption trend is depicted below.

Graph: Per capita water consumption



- A repair on Sections of main water supply pipeline (250meters) from borehole 4B to Kakuma 4 was completed and this has improved water to Kakuma 4.
- Borehole 12 has been continuously monitored for operation to ensure smooth operations.
- Routine maintenance of the water system and water quality monitoring was carried out during the reporting period as per schedules and UNHCR standards.
- Team and Team international have started with excavation of 2 foundations for elevated steel tanks of 100,000 liters at Kakuma 4. This is aimed at improving storage in Kakuma 4.

Sanitation

- Digging of communal latrines for new arrivals is on-going in the new area.
- Verification of list of beneficiaries for household latrine construction is on-going. Construction of household latrines will commence in week 21.
 - Latrine user ratio stands at 1:14 for both communal and household latrines.
 - Latrine coverage is 34.65% for both communal and household latrine.
 - Latrine coverage at household level is 15.3 %.
- Hygiene promotion was carried out at household level in the camp. The main focus was on malaria and diarrhea.

Shelter and NFIs

- Verifications of 700 roofed shelters allocated for Kakuma 2, Zones 1, and 2, commenced on 13th May 2015 and scheduled to end on 16th May 2015. Subsequently a meeting with refugee leaders on the feedback of the verifications is scheduled same day.
- Four verification teams (ABCD) were established and the composition includes, NCCCK/UNHCR/Block chairlady/Block chairman/ Block shelter committee and UNHCR/DRA/NCCCK/Zonal leaders will co-ordinate the process.
- Assessment & roofing of blown off shelters was conducted on Kakuma 1 & 2 thus 32 & 22 unit respectively so far was roofed and the process still ongoing.
- 57 T-shelters were constructed under week review and total of 415 new arrivals were settled within the T-shelters.

NFIs

- The semi-general distribution of NFIs that commenced on 26th Jan 2015 was completed 11th May 2015. The 4th and last phase of the distribution was from 8th – 10th May 2015 and Category of cases included, missing No's, No shows and those that had missed one or more NFIs during the previous distributions i.e. Mosquito nets, blanket, /mat, Kitchen set/Jerricans.

Community Empowerment and Self-Reliance

- The Draft report on assessment for optimal irrigation system was submitted to AAHI and is being reviewed internally. The final report will be shared with UNHCR to guide future planning for agriculture activities in Kakuma and appropriate irrigation systems.
- Maintenance of the shallow wells is ongoing. Three of the wells are working optimally and need no repairs. 2 of these are those earmarked for upgrading to solar pump irrigation system for the demo/model farms.
- A BOQ for repair of the broken down shallow wells was provided and is being analyzed. Farmers growing crops along the affected shallow wells are using rain water and manual methods to draw water from the wells for irrigation.
- During the reporting week, socio-economic profiling of 40 (21 male and 19 female) new PoCs was done with notable skills such as agriculture, restaurant business operations, vehicle mechanics, boutique management, amongst others

- A one day training peer mentorship training was conducted for Kakuma 4. The 10 peer business mentors were trained roles of mentors and mentees, stages of mentoring. The participants also underwent refresher training on business management, marketing, customer care and financial management.
- Mobilization of Don Bosco graduates and briefing by AAHI staff on the procedure for applying for business startup capital after forming common business interest groups was done. Applications for loans will be submitted by Friday 15th May for review.
- One financial literacy and life skills training was conducted for 17 PoC (10M 7F).

Working in partnership

- UNHCR continues to work closely with the Central and County Governments, DRA and other partners to ensure protection and wellbeing of refugees and asylum seekers. Bi-monthly Inter-Agency meetings continue to be held as well as meetings with refugee leaders in the camp.