



**27% increase in the registered non-camp population since beginning of 2014.**

### MARCH HIGHLIGHTS:

Registration and re-registration of both camp and non-camp Syrian refugees, under the supervision of the Ministry of Interior, continued to take place during March. Mobile coordination units were observed active and as undertaking registration in Hatay, Kilis, Osmaniye, Adana, Gaziantep and Sanliurfa. UNHCR field teams continued to support protection activities, carrying out over 100 visits to camps and urban areas during March. They continued to provide technical advice to camp management and assessed the situation in urban areas. UNHCR monitored the voluntary return procedure for a total of 112 cases/306 persons in the camps.

Two one-day workshops on international protection for staff of NGOs and Implementing Partners were conducted. About 75 staff members of DRC, IBC, IMC and STL were trained on identifying and working with refugees with special needs and vulnerabilities, including code of conduct considerations as well as do-no-harm principles. Sessions were additionally devoted to protection from SGBV and child protection, including an overview of the national referral mechanisms for such.

First stage trauma support training (5 days) in Arabic was provided by UNFPA to 16 psychosocial service providers from NGOs (IRC, STL, IMC, IMPR). Psychosocial services to Syrians continued in Nizip-1 tent camp. Trainings and discussion groups were provided to volunteer teachers and men, in addition to supporting the women's committee.

The on-going capacity development of the TRCS youth workers in camps continued with the fourth training taking place between 24-28 March 2014. The program focused primarily on inclusion and identifying the most vulnerable and marginalized children in the camps, and ensuring their inclusion into regular activities in Child-Friendly Spaces. The youth workers will conduct mapping in the camp to identify marginalized groups and will create an action plan to mobilise, provide outreach and encourage increased participation.

IOM provided transportation assistance to 2,593 Syrian refugees in Adiyaman camp to access health facilities and markets outside of the camp. Transport assistance was also provided to 994 persons who were living outside of the camp in Viransehir and Adiyaman to Nusaybin camp, bringing the total to 10,282 refugees assisted in the 3 camps since the beginning of 2014.

Monthly increase in registered Syrian refugees living outside camps



Queuing at mobile registration centres/UNHCR 2014



The Government of Turkey takes the lead role for determining and implementing assistance provided to Syrian refugees, through the Prime Ministry Disaster and Emergency Management Presidency (AFAD). AFAD reports spending 2.5 billion USD on the Syrian Refugee Response in Turkey.

### NEEDS ANALYSIS:

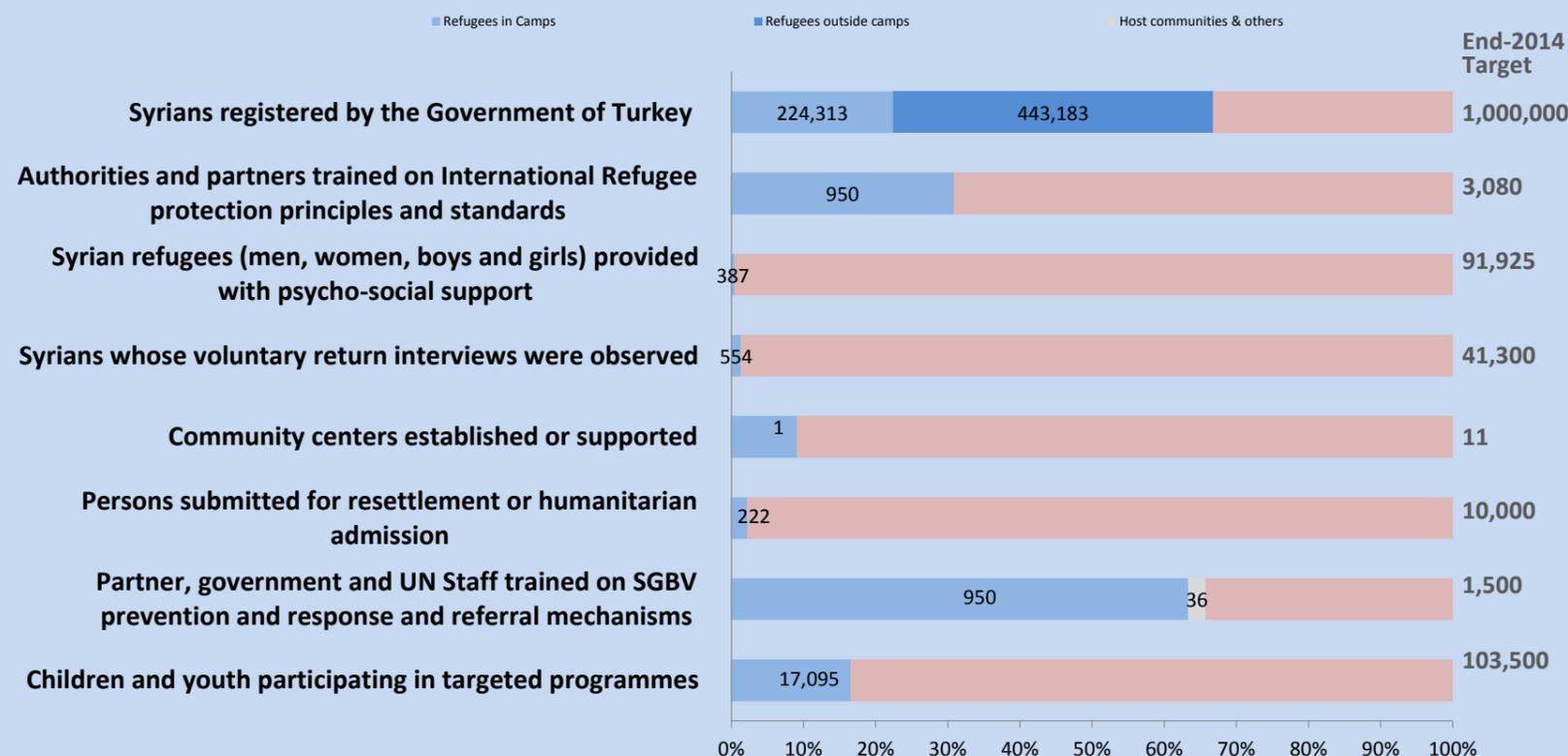
Syrian refugees continue to benefit from temporary protection in Turkey, with the Government being the provider of first response. Although the GoT has a robust legal systems and national legislation to ensure protection to persons of concern, the large number of Syrian refugees has overwhelmed national structures and affected their capacity to cope with the needs of the population.

For example, as reported by the Government, at least 50% of the refugee population are in need of psychological support, and half of the refugee population are children, with an estimated 4.5% of them married. Child protection and SGBV activities remain key priorities and areas of engagement with the Government and NGOs.

Key protection priorities include:

- Addressing the psychosocial needs of refugees in both camps and urban areas.
- Addressing child protection issues, including violence against children, early marriages, and low school enrolment for the non-camp population.
- Advocacy and capacity building with the relevant authorities and on the prevention and responses for protection risks faced by children and adults.
- Promotion and support for refugee committees, including women, youth and elderly committees, inside camps and outreach to non-camp refugees.
- Training and provision of technical support for social workers and other service providers on psychosocial support and on SGBV prevention and response.
- Provision of technical support on counter-trafficking and migration management.
- Pursuing resettlement as a durable solution for refugees identified as having the most urgent protection needs.

### PROGRESS AGAINST TARGETS:



Targets based on expected population of 1,000,000 Syrian refugees in Turkey by end-2014. There are currently 667,496 registered refugees in Turkey.



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