



Summary

UNICEF, in partnership with REACH, conducted a comprehensive child focused assessment in Azraq camp, designed to address existing information gaps in UNICEF-supported programming areas including WASH, education, health, disability, youth and child protection. All households in the camp were assessed between the 17th and 31st March 2015. The report can be found [here](#).

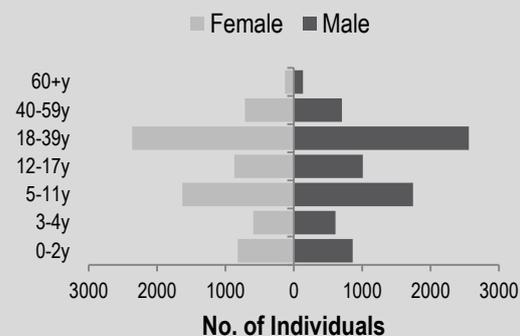
In Azraq camp, children and youth have access to both formal and informal education, as well as child and adolescent friendly spaces and multi-activity centres. At the time of the assessment, 57% of school-aged children (6-17y) were reported to be attending formal education.

Camp Demographics

14,742 individuals

2,956 households

8,136 children 0-17y

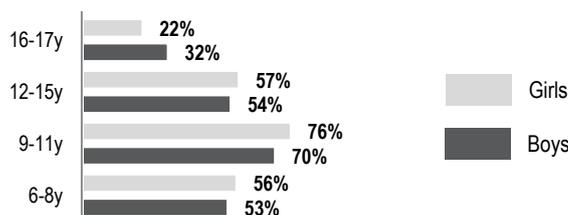


Note: Some households declined to participate in the survey, whilst others were unavailable during the data collection period.

Formal education

Overall, 56% of boys and 58% of girls are reported as attending school. Children 9-11y had the highest attendance with 76% of girls and 70% of boys attending, while 16-17 year olds had the lowest attendance with only 22% of girls and 32% of boys attending.

% children reported as attending formal education, by age and sex

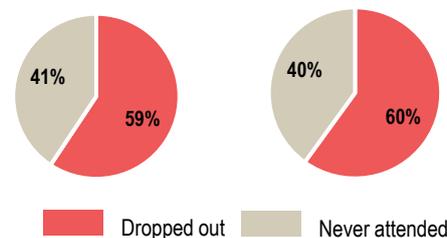


43% of children are out-of-school, of these the majority (59.5%) had previously attended but dropped out. As demonstrated below, this is similar for boys and girls.

% out-of-school children who have either never attended or have dropped out of school

Girls 6-17y

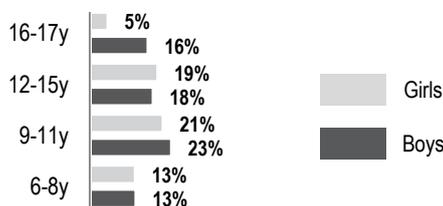
Boys 6-17y



Informal Education

Children 9-11y are the most likely age group to attend informal education with 21% of girls and 23% of boys attending, while the lowest demographic group to attend informal education was girls aged 16-17y with only 5% reported to attend.

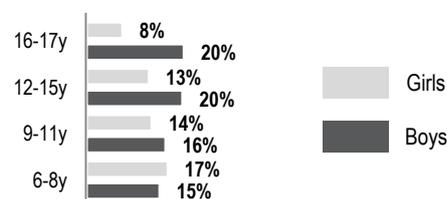
% children reported as attending informal education, by age and sex



Child Friendly Spaces/Adolescent Friendly Spaces/Multi-Activity Centres

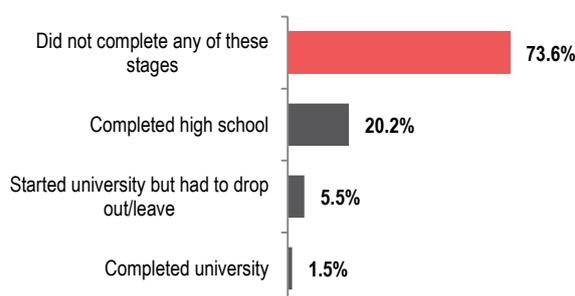
15.8% of children 6-17y are reported to be accessing CFS, AFS and MAC facilities. Overall, a higher percentage of boys (17.5%) than girls (13.9%) were using these facilities, with the largest disparity between boys and girls aged 16-17y. 20% of boys 16-17y were attending, while only 7.6% of girls 16-17y were accessing these facilities.

% children using CFS/AFS/MAC by age and sex



Youth

% youth aged 19-24y that have completed secondary/tertiary education



% youth aged 16-24y in paid employment/training/unpaid volunteering/none of the above by age and sex

Demographic	None of the above	Paid employment	Training	Unpaid volunteering
Females 16-18y	92.8%	0.3%	6.9%	0%
Males 16-18y	87.6%	5.4%	7.0%	0%
Females 19-24y	88.9%	5.5%	5.1%	0.4%
Males 19-24y	80.6%	15.6%	3.5%	0.3%

86.7% of youth (16-24) are not in any form of paid employment, training or unpaid volunteering.