



Daily Report



Arrivals and Departures

Greek coast guards [rescued](#) 120 refugees and migrants in three separate incidents off the islands of Lesbos and Samos, authorities said on Wednesday morning.

The Greek [press reports](#) that Turkish observers who have arrived to oversee the implementation of the EU agreement between Turkey and Greece request Greek authorities to share with them a list of persons who are to be returned to Turkey one week prior to the readmission procedure. This is to allow adequate time for necessary checks.

Condition of People

On Wednesday, an increased presence of military forces and Special Police Forces of the former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia was noticed at the border crossing with Greece. A group of around 100 to 200 people attempted to remove the border fence on the Greek side of the border using blankets. Tear gas was fired by former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonian police with the aim of dispersing the crowd. This led also to increased presence of Greek Special Forces. No injuries were reported in the clashes.

Critical Developments

In Germany, the coalition government set out details for an envisaged integration law; leaders of the Social Democrats (SPD), Christian Democrats (CDU), and their Bavarian party, CSU, agreed on key issues to be included in a draft which will be decided upon during a government retreat on 24 May. The draft law sets out that asylum seekers' refusal of integration measures would lead to reduced social benefits. Consequences would also occur if people violate obligations regarding their residency. Moreover, 100,000 so-called 1-Euro jobs for asylum seekers shall facilitate access to the labour market and a "priority review" regulation that prioritized German nationals and nationals of other EU countries over asylum seekers in job applications shall be omitted.

Austrian Minister of Interior, Johanna Mikl-Leitner, announced that by the end of 2019, 50,000 asylum-seekers whose applications were rejected will be returned to their countries of origin. As voluntary returns of people in question is the preferred modality for return, the Federal Office for Immigration and Asylum will pilot a financial support project regarding return and reintegration for Afghan, Moroccan, and Nigerian nationals.

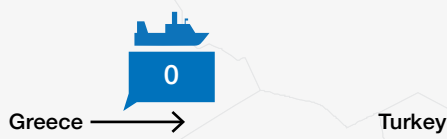


Key Figures

30
Arrivals to Greek Islands
Yesterday

10
Departures to Greece Mainland
Yesterday

0
Departures to Turkey
on 14 April 2016



Past and Upcoming Meetings and Events

4 April
'Target date' for the start of the returns of people with inadmissible claims from Greece to Turkey under the EU-Turkey agreement.

2 Syrian refugees land by plane in Hanover, Germany as part of EU-Turkey deal. [EU-Turkey deal begins as Syrian refugees arrive in Germany and Finland](#)

EU-Turkey deal: [Statement by Commissioner Avramopoulos following his visit to Ankara](#)

12 April
Informal meeting of Ministers and State Secretaries for European Affairs, Amsterdam

Today 14 April

18-19 April
Foreign Affairs Council, Luxembourg

20-21 April
Secretary General of NATO, Jens Stoltenberg to visit Greece and Turkey

21 April
Justice and Home Affairs Council, Luxembourg



The EU-Turkey agreement was a priority [debate](#) in of the European Parliament plenary meeting with participation from European Council President, [Donald Tusk](#), and Commission President, [Jean-Claude Juncker](#) on Wednesday, 13 April.

A broad majority of Members of the European Parliament (MEPs) voiced concern over the agreement and called on the Commission and Council to closely monitor the situation of human rights and freedom of speech in Turkey, as well as allegations that Syrian refugees are being pushed back to Syria by the Turkish authorities. They also questioned whether Turkey can be considered a “safe country” of return for refugees. Many questioned whether the deal would work, arguing that smugglers would find new paths. Some expressed concern over the lack of staff to deal with the situation in Greece. Others stressed that although the agreement may not be perfect, it is the most realistic tool available to tackle the current situation.

In addition, priorities were outlined for the upcoming reform of the Dublin regulation, with emphasis on the fact that EU Member States must take responsibility for implementing the relocation and resettlement programmes and reiterating the need to ensure safe and legal ways to Europe.

Earlier this week on 12 April, in a [non-binding resolution](#), MEPs acknowledged the failure of the EU asylum system to cope with ever-rising numbers of refugee/migrant arrivals and called for a radical overhaul of the so-called Dublin rules. They propose establishing a central system for collecting and allocating asylum applications. The scheme, which could include a quota for each EU member state, would work on the basis of “hotspots” from which refugees would be distributed.

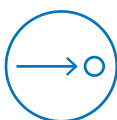
In view of the current influx of refugees and migrants into the Union, MEPs also [approved](#) €100 million for humanitarian aid, the first tranche from the new €700m Emergency Assistance instrument proposed by the European Commission on 2 March. The funds could be used, inter alia, for food assistance, emergency healthcare, shelter, water, sanitation and hygiene, protection, and education.



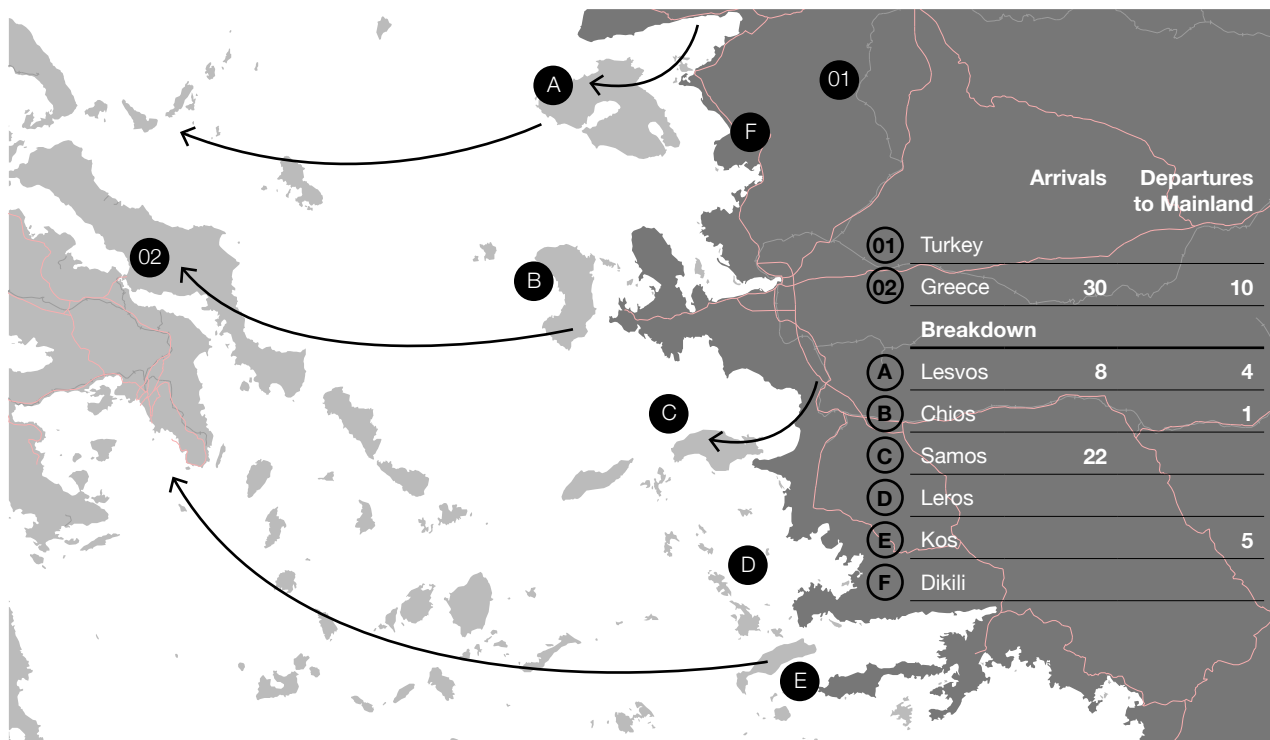
Estimated Arrivals and People Present* per Country Yesterday

	Arrivals	Present*
01 Turkey		
02 Greek Island	30	7,178
Greece Mainland	10	46,747
03 fYRoM**	0	1,136
04 Serbia	22	1,100
05 Croatia	0	0
06 Hungary	153	
07 Slovenia	0	36
08 Austria	232	

* Number of people present in Greece and estimated number of people currently present in countries along the previous route not applying for asylum
** The former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia (please note that the fYRoM abbreviation is used for design purposes)

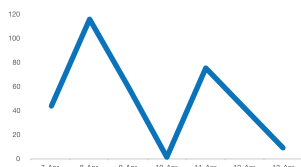


Greece Islands and Turkey: Estimated Arrivals and Transfers

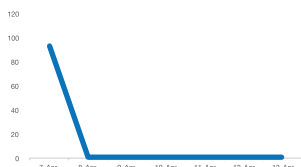


Arrivals to Greek Islands 7 April - 13 April

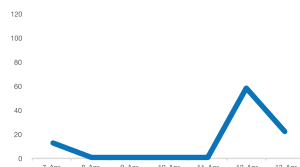
Lesvos arrivals



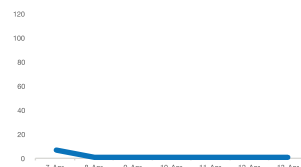
Chios arrivals



Samos arrivals

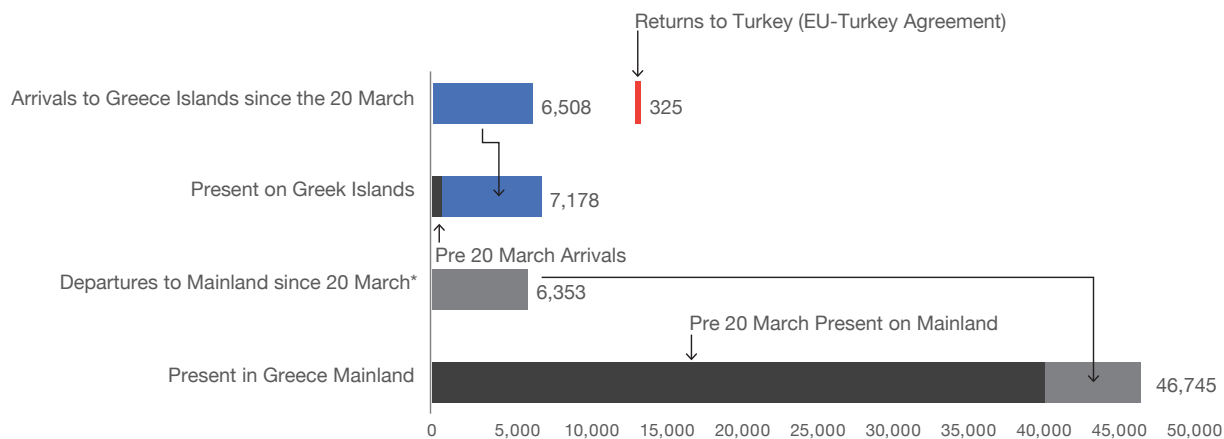


Kos arrivals



Population Overview

Arrived, present and transferred to Greece Mainland and returned to Turkey since 20 March



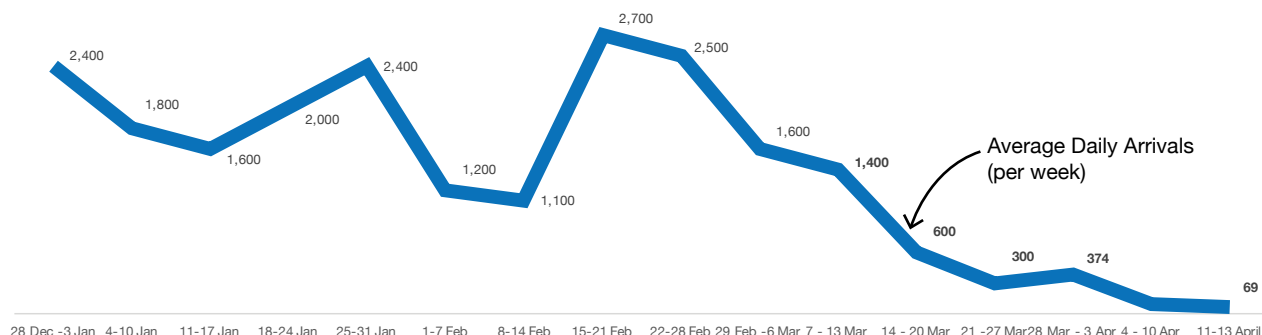
*People able to depart are those only who arrived before 20 March

Reporting period 20 March - 13 April

Total in Greece: **53,925**



Average Daily Arrivals and Arrival Trends Greece



69
Average Daily Arrivals
11-13 April
-27% from previous week

147
Average Daily Arrivals
As of 13 April
-83% from previous month



Social Media

Digital news and lifestyle magazine TakePart reported that Riace, Italy, located 'near the toe of the boot of the Italian peninsula', has been hailed as a welcoming place of refuge for those who have fled war and conflict. The arrival of refugees and migrants from 'more than 20 countries' to the small town has aided in its growth from a 'ghost town' to a thriving hamlet. Read the full article [here](#).

Twitter Activity

The topic of #SyriaTalks trended on Twitter in the morning as Special Envoy for Syria, Staffan de Mistura, addressed the humanitarian situation with regards to the cessation of violence, among other topics, in Syria.

In the same vein, as the hosting ground for the #SyriaTalks, the topic of Geneva also trended for almost an hour on Twitter and garnered over 6,600 individual tweets.

[Amnesty International](#) posted: "Pope's visit to Lesbos must shed light on abuses under #EUTurkeyDeal" Read the full article on Amnesty International's website [here](#).

In relation to the Pope's visit to Lesbos, [Piers Scholfield](#) posted: "Authorities have whitewashed graffiti off walls of Moria refugee detention centre on Lesbos ahead of Pope visit".

Current Statistics for #lesvos

- 4 tweets, 25 retweets per hour
- Over 18,840 impressions per hour
- 74.19% of posts using #lesvos originated from Greece.
- Related hashtags: #idomeni, #greece, #refugees

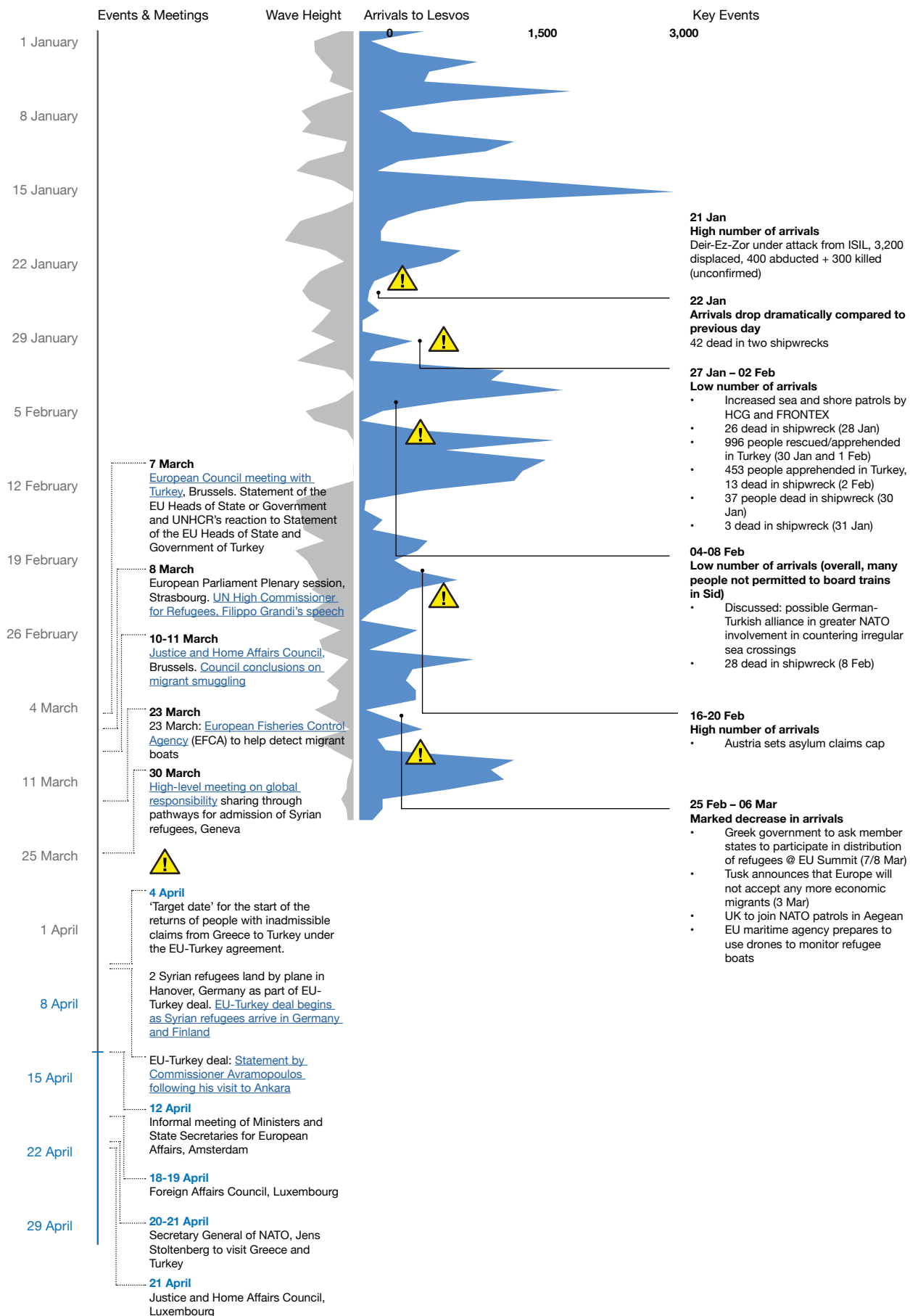
Yesterday, 13 April, #lesvos was retweeted 1,700 times; a marked increase since its last observed peak on 4 April (2,700), the day the EU-Turkey agreement began being implemented.

04-13 April - Summary of activity for #EUTurkeyDeal (figures less than 100 are not counted)

- Total no. of tweets: 2,000 (7,10,12,13 April figures not counted)
- Total no. of retweets: 6,300 (11 April figure not counted)
- Total no. of impressions: 202,000 (7, 10, 12, 13 April figures not counted)



Timeline Overview





Annex 1 Key Figures from the Portal

Increasing numbers of refugees and migrants take their chances aboard unseaworthy boats and dinghies in a desperate bid to reach Europe. The vast majority of those attempting this dangerous crossing are in need of international protection, fleeing war, violence and persecution in their country of origin. Every year these movements continue to exact a devastating toll on human life.

Top-10 nationalities of Mediterranean sea arrivals

Top-10 nationalities represent 100% of the sea arrivals based on arrivals since 1 Jan 2016



Comparison of monthly Mediterranean sea arrivals



153,156 arrivals by sea in 2016

856,723 arrivals by sea in 2015

90% of arrivals come from the world's top 10 refugee-producing countries

© Last updated 10 Apr 2016

Sea arrivals in 2016
Main routes through the Mediterranean

Demographics based on arrivals since 1 Jan 2016



*Serbia (AND KOSOVO: SRES124411099)
The boundaries and names shown and the designations used on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by the United Nations

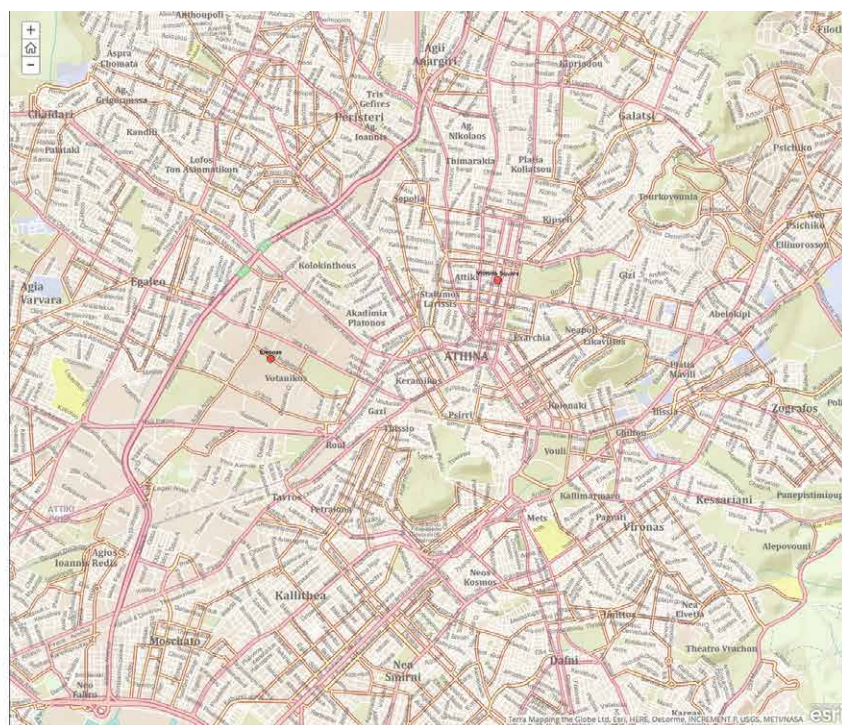
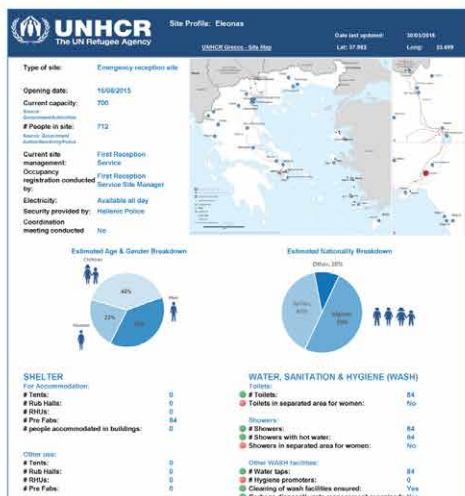
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Site profiles - Greece

- Eleonas
- Glinitsky I
- Elivoko II
- Elivoko III
- Schisto
- Victoria Square

Eleonas



Source: <http://unhcr.gr/sites/profile>