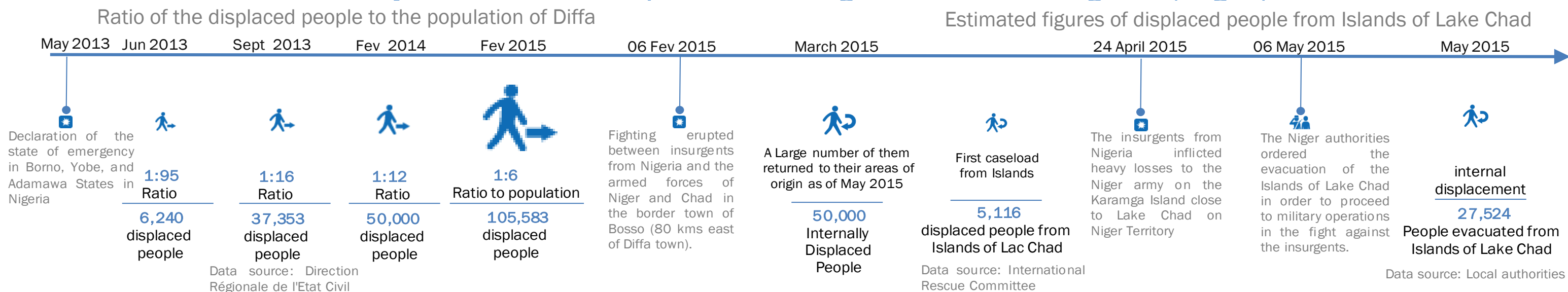


## Situation overview

Since May 2013, Southeastern Niger (Diffa region) has witnessed an influx of more than 100,000 (Government estimation ) displaced persons from Northern Nigeria following the declaration of the state of emergency in Borno, Yobe and Adamawa States in Nigeria on 14th of May 2013. The majority of displaced population is seeking shelter in the families and villages of Niger. Due to security incidents in Diffa, the Government of Niger ordered the evacuation of some 28,000 estimated people living in the Islands of Lake Chad in order to proceed to military operations.

## Timeline of key events and displacement figures in Diffa region (Niger)



## UNHCR Core projects in Diffa region

### Domestic energy

Having regard to the extreme vulnerability of the displaced from the Islands, the environmental crisis in the Diffa region, and the average monthly cost of wood for domestic use (15,000 FCFA/month), it is essential to ensure the access to domestic energy. The use of gaz will allow increasing the buying power and limit to resell of food rations to buy wood.

### Distance learning

The distance learning project benefits the displaced students from Nigeria who wish to continue their education in English in Niger.

### Cash Based Intervention

CBI allows to reinforce the dignity of people by ensuring that each households can buy adapted goods and reduce operational costs (transport, stockage...). This activity will also reinforce the socio-economical fabric in the sensitive context of the Diffa region.

### Urbanization project

In 2014 , UNHCR launched a program of " urbanization" in the Diffa region. This program aims at responding to the needs of the displaced in housing, and of the returnees whose status does not allow access to the camps.

