



2016 RRRP: NIGERIA SITUATION

CAMEROON – PROTECTION SECTOR RESPONSE



RESPONSE STRATEGY

The main objective of the protection response in 2016 is to enhance refugees' access to asylum and rights through strengthened cooperation and advocacy with government authorities, including respect of the principle of *non-refoulement*, and improved border monitoring mechanisms. The civil registration and documentation of refugees will be improved and maintained through the registration and provision of identity documents to all refugees and new arrivals, including the issuance of birth, marriage and death certificates. Registration will also serve as a means to help mitigate the risk of statelessness.

A system for inter-sectorial referrals will be established. Child protection will be enhanced through improved systems for identification, registration and documentation, as well as through conducting Best Interest Determinations (BID) and capacity building for actors working with children. Greater emphasis will be placed on ensuring the effective participation of children in assessments and child protection activities. SGBV prevention and response will be strengthened through the provision of multi-sectoral assistance to SGBV survivors, optimized identification and reporting mechanisms, awareness raising activities and capacity building for all actors involved as well as the promotion of access to assistance and education on a non-discriminatory basis.

Target population (planning figure, Dec .2016)



Ref. out of camp
20,000

Refugees in Camp
80,000

Local Population
20,000

KEY PRIORITIES

The prioritized needs may be summarized as follows:

- Ensure access to asylum and respect for the rights of refugees,
- Strengthen civil registration and documentation of refugees and new arrivals at Minawao camp,
- Maintain and improve the identification and provision of assistance to persons with specific needs,
- Strengthen child protection mechanisms and response needs in 2016.

PARTICIPATING AGENCIES

IMC, INTERSOS, IOM, ONUFEMMES, PLAN INTERNATIONAL, UNICEF & UNHCR

FUNDING REQUIREMENTS

USD 9,774,784

SECTOR OBJECTIVES, TARGETS AND INDICATORS

OBJECTIVE 1: Quality of registration/profiling and issuance of legal documents is improved

INDICATOR: 100% of persons of concern (PoC) registered on an individual basis

OUTPUT	TARGET & INDICATORS
Registration data updated on a continuous basis	100 % of registration data are updated during the year
Birth registration and certificates are provided	100% of registered children are issued documentation under regular birth registration procedure
Issuance of ID and travel documents to persons of concern supported	100 % of persons of concern (aged 18 and above) are provided with individual protection documentation
Reception/Transit center infrastructure are established and maintained	1 reception center building/structure improved or maintained.

OBJECTIVE 3: Risk of SGBV is reduced and quality of response improved

INDICATOR: 100% of reported SGBV survivors receive appropriate support

OUTPUT	TARGET & INDICATORS
Participation of community in SGBV prevention and response enabled and sustained	Response is provided to 500 reported incidents of SGBV
Psychosocial counselling provided	960 persons receive psychological assistance
Safe and survivor centered SGBV procedures and coordination mechanisms functional	Inter-agency SOP for SGBV response agreed upon and functioning

OBJECTIVE 2: Child protection interventions for boys and girls at risk are strengthened and harmonized

INDICATOR: 100% of refugee children at risk benefit from specialized child protection services

OUTPUT	TARGET & INDICATORS
Targeted services for refugees children at risk of violence, abuse, exploitation and forced recruitment in Minawao camp and in host communities provided	100% of refugee children identified as being at risk are provided with targeted assistance, including psycho-social support, access to child friendly spaces, life-skills training etc.
Best Interest Assessment Determination process established & operational	80% of UASC for whom a best interest process has been initiated or completed

OBJECTIVE 4: Services for persons with specific needs strengthened

INDICATOR: 2000 PoC with disabilities receive support

OUTPUT	TARGET & INDICATORS
Specific services for persons of concern with disabilities provided.	2000 persons with disabilities who receive services for their specific needs
Specific services for persons of concern with psychological needs provided	1560 reported with specific needs receiving psychological support
Support to persons of concern with specific needs provided.	8750 POC with specific needs receiving support

OBJECTIVE 5: Potential for voluntary return realized

INDICATOR: 100% of persons, among the interviewed who expressed intention to return, have returned voluntarily

OUTPUT	TARGET AND INDICATORS
Evaluation and analysis of return intentions conducted	4 evaluations conducted targeting 20,000 PoC
Return assistance provided	10,000 camp-based refugees return voluntarily

OBJECTIVE 6: Community mobilization and peaceful coexistence with local communities strengthened and expanded
INDICATOR: 70% of persons of concern (PoCs) are represented in leadership management structures

OUTPUT	TARGET AND INDICATORS
Female participation in leadership and management structures strengthened	160 community members engaged in prevention of risk and incidents and response activities
Participatory approach implemented	25 participatory assessments conducted
Community self-management supported	24 community self-management structures supported
Community sensitization campaign implemented	4 community sensitization campaigns conducted

2015 ACHIEVEMENTS:

- Child protection coordination mechanisms were established and seven child-friendly safe spaces were constructed.
- A mass information campaign was organized on access to education (and 47 classrooms were constructed), leading to an increase in the number of enrolled students from 6,000 in 2014 to over 10,000 in 2015.
- Capacity building activities were organized on SGBV, child protection and refugee rights and protection.
- Humanitarian actors conducted protection monitoring in detention centers and provided legal assistance and follow up to 52 detained refugees.

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For more information on the 2016 Regional Refugee Response Plan and the Nigeria crisis go to: <http://data.unhcr.org/SahelSituation/region.php?id=73&country=502>



2016 RRRP: NIGERIA SITUATION

CAMEROON – EDUCATION SECTOR RESPONSE



RESPONSE STRATEGY:

For 2016, the Sector Working Group estimates that a total of 40,062 refugee children will be in need of formal education in Minawao camp. In host communities around the camp, the school-aged population is estimated to be around 6,353 children, including 3,313 girls and 3,040 boys, the planned response will support approximately 740 of the most needy students in host communities.

The main objective of the sector is to ensure that the camp-based refugee population has optimal access to formal education through early childhood related activities, primary and secondary education and adult literacy programs for refugees and children from the host communities. Access to education at all levels will be promoted to ensure child rights are respected.

The following activities will be prioritized: pre-school activities for young children and the delivery of literacy programmes including for adults. The humanitarian community will continue to advocate with governmental education institutions for the deployment of teachers in the camp for early childhood, primary and secondary education. Teachers will benefit from a variety of capacity building and training initiatives. Children signing-up for exams in primary and secondary schools will be supported with the payment of exam fees. Construction of school infrastructures will include 50 classes for pre-school, 35 permanent classrooms for primary school and 15 permanent classrooms for secondary school, 20 early Childhood Care and Development Centres and 15 “ETAPES” or Temporary Learning Spaces. Humanitarian actors will also provide school kits for refugee children, impacted communities and teachers. Furthermore, partners will ensure the monitoring and supervision of pedagogical activities with the technical support of respective ministries.

Target population (planning figure, Dec. 2016)



Ref. out of camp
1,200

Refugees in Camp

55,102

Local Population
900

KEY PRIORITIES:

Priority needs identified by the Education Sector Working Group are as follows:

- Construct additional classrooms equipped with benches, office desks, teaching materials and school supplies,
- Recruit and oversee capacity-building of teachers with the support of the government,
- Reinforce early childhood education,
- Make available learning and didactic materials as well as school uniforms.

FUNDING REQUIREMENTS:



USD 5,049,015

EDUCATION SECTOR OBJECTIVES, TARGETD & INDICATORS

OBJECTIVE 1: Population has optimal access to education

INDICATOR: 70% of school-aged children enrolled in schools

OUTPUT	TARGET AND INDICATORS
Early childhood education provided or supported	5,802 children (3-5 years) enrolled in early childhood education
Primary education provided or supported	15,300 children aged 6-13 enrolled in primary education
Secondary education provided or supported	3,100 students aged 14-17 enrolled in secondary education
Adult education provided	3,000 persons aged 18+ participating in Literacy study

OBJECTIVE 2: Community is mobilized to ensure education for all

INDICATOR: 73,717 girls/ women with access to schools

OUTPUT	TARGET AND INDICATORS
Measures to promote girls' education	64 day-long mass awareness campaigns conducted
Community involvement promoted	30,000 persons reached by out of school outreach program

PARTICIPATING AGENCIES:

Plan International, Public Concern, UNICEF, UNHCR

2015 ACHIEVEMENTS:

- The construction of three primary schools (27 classrooms) with temporary materials, recognized by the Cameroonian Government. One secondary school (7 classrooms) was officially converted into a bilingual school by the Government. In addition, 47 classrooms intended to be permanent are under construction (8 pre-schools, 33 primary and 6 secondary).
- Some 13 refugee children successfully passed the national common entrance exams for class six during the school year 2014-2015.
- Teacher training was conducted with support of the Ministry of Education on various topics, including emergency education and pedagogy. About 90 teachers benefited from the training.
- An accelerated training program for drop-outs and children aged 5-years old was implemented during school holidays with support of the Ministry of Education to prepare them to join primary school.



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2016 RRRP: NIGERIA SITUATION CAMEROON – HEALTH & NUTRITION SECTOR



RESPONSE STRATEGY:

Partners will increase the reception capacity of sanitation structures in Minawao camp by upgrading and extending the current health center structures, using more durable construction materials. This will create a more favorable working environment, increase the capacity to provide all critical health services respecting key hygiene standards. In addition, new health centers will be built and equipped, including sections for the treatment of malnutrition to accommodate an expected 40,000 new refugee arrivals.

TARGET POPULATION (planning figure, Dec.2016)



Ref. out of camp

20,000

Refugees in Camp

80,000

Local Population

60,000

KEY PRIORITIES:

- Build two new health centers in order to decentralize health services and extend geographic accessibility, in particular for pregnant women, elderly persons, disabled persons and malnourished children.
- More medical staff (doctors, nurses, midwives) needed to strengthen the quality of health care provided. The hospitals in Mokolo and Maroua also lack equipment and qualified staff, in particular medical and paramedical staff.
- Capacity building of staff of health partners in terms of training on diagnosis and management of the most frequent diseases: malaria, respiratory tract infections, diarrheal diseases, malnutrition, measles, and hidden health issues like mental disorder and HIV. This is intended to improve quality of care, reduce the number of referrals and to make health care provision more efficient.
- Set up a response plan and stock to respond in case of massive influx of wounded patients in the health facilities in the camp, for instance following a blast in the camp.
- Promote strong involvement of local health authorities for early engagement and systematic of governmental health providers to refugee health care provision.

PARTICIPATING AGENCIES:

OMS, PAM, PLAN INTERNATIONAL, UNFPA, UNICEF, UNHCR

FUNDING REQUIREMENTS:



USD 6,748,754

HEALTH & NUTRITION SECTOR OBJECTIVES, TARGETS AND INDICATORS

OBJECTIVE 1: Health status of the population improved

INDICATOR: Crude mortality rate <1 (per 1,000 Pop/ month)

OUTPUT	TARGET AND INDICATORS
Access to primary health care services provided or supported	6 health facilities maintained equipped/constructed/ rehabilitated
Access to essential drugs provided	Sufficient stock of essential drugs permanently available
Capacity development supported	200 health workers trained in collaboration with MoH or other external partners
Preventative and community-based health care services provided	250 community health workers operational
Referral mechanisms established	100% of complicated cases of PoCs referred to secondary and tertiary medical care

OBJECTIVE 3: Strengthen the prevention & response to malnutrition

INDICATOR: Prevalence of global acute malnutrition (6-59 months) <5%

OUTPUT	TARGET AND INDICATORS
Appropriate infant and young child feeding practices promoted	100% of infants admitted to feeding programmes targeting babies/children from 0 to 24 months
Community management of acute malnutrition programs implemented and monitored	100 new admissions to community management of acute malnutrition programmes
Capacity development supported	100% of staff trained and supplied with appropriate management tools in health structures
Measures to control anemia and other micronutrient deficiencies undertaken	Reduction of anemia cases of children under five through routine medical consultations

OBJECTIVE 2: Population has optimal access to reproductive health and HIV services

INDICATOR: Persons of concern (PoCs) have access to comprehensive reproductive health services

OUTPUT	TARGET AND INDICATORS
Clinical management of rape provided	100% of rape survivors provided with appropriate and timely PEP care
Comprehensive safe motherhood services provided	8 qualified midwives/MCH staff
Preventive reproductive health and HIV services provided	100% PoCs have access to male and female condoms
Capacity development supported	75 persons trained on RH and HIV

2015 ACHIEVEMENTS:

- In 2015, a second health center was constructed in Minawao camp. Primary health care, reproductive health care, mental health care, care for HIV patients, preventive care against communicable diseases; and the referral of more severe cases to hospitals in Mokolo, Maroua and Yaounde were made available to camp residents.
- From January to November 2015 partners provided a total of 71,098 consultations, assisted 898 deliveries, followed up 294 patients for mental disorders and referred 1,095 patients for specialized care every disease included. Care for HIV patients is integrated into the national system. As of November 2015 a total of 77 refugees diagnosed with HIV are on free antiretroviral treatment.
- An average 25 refugees are referred every week for treatments at referral hospitals.
- Disease surveillance and epidemic response were strengthened through vaccination campaigns against measles, meningitis, poliomyelitis, cholera and tetanus, with a coverage rate of at least 90% for each campaign.
- A sector coordination system has been established, led by the Health Delegation, bringing together on a weekly basis all health actors intervening on behalf of refugees and/or the local population.



2016 RRRP: NIGERIA SITUATION CAMEROON – HEALTH & NUTRITION SECTOR



RESPONSE STRATEGY:

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TARGET POPULATION (planning figure, Dec.2016)



Ref. out of camp

20,000

Refugees in Camp

80,000

Local Population

60,000

KEY PRIORITIES:

- Build two new health centers in order to decentralize health services and extend geographic accessibility, in particular for pregnant women, elderly persons, disabled persons and malnourished children.
- More medical staff (doctors, nurses, midwives) needed to strengthen the quality of health care provided. The hospitals in Mokolo and Maroua also lack equipment and qualified staff, in particular medical and paramedical staff.
- Capacity building of staff of health partners in terms of training on diagnosis and management of the most frequent diseases: malaria, respiratory tract infections, diarrheal diseases, malnutrition, measles, and hidden health issues like mental disorder and HIV. This is intended to improve quality of care, reduce the number of referrals and to make health care provision more efficient.
- Set up a response plan and stock to respond in case of massive influx of wounded patients in the health facilities in the camp, for instance following a blast in the camp.
- Promote strong involvement of local health authorities for early engagement and systematic of governmental health providers to refugee health care provision.

PARTICIPATING AGENCIES:

OMS, PAM, PLAN INTERNATIONAL, UNFPA, UNICEF, UNHCR

FUNDING REQUIREMENTS:



USD 6,748,754

HEALTH & NUTRITION SECTOR OBJECTIVES, TARGETS AND INDICATORS

OBJECTIVE 1: Health status of the population improved

INDICATOR: Crude mortality rate <1 (per 1,000 Pop/ month)

OUTPUT	TARGET AND INDICATORS
Access to primary health care services provided or supported	6 health facilities maintained equipped/constructed/ rehabilitated
Access to essential drugs provided	Sufficient stock of essential drugs permanently available
Capacity development supported	200 health workers trained in collaboration with MoH or other external partners
Preventative and community-based health care services provided	250 community health workers operational
Referral mechanisms established	100% of complicated cases of PoCs referred to secondary and tertiary medical care

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2015 ACHIEVEMENTS:

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- An average 25 refugees are referred every week for treatments at referral hospitals.
- Disease surveillance and epidemic response were strengthened through vaccination campaigns against measles, meningitis, poliomyelitis, cholera and tetanus, with a coverage rate of at least 90% for each campaign.
- A sector coordination system has been established, led by the Health Delegation, bringing together on a weekly basis all health actors intervening on behalf of refugees and/or the local population.



2016 RRRP: NIGERIA SITUATION

CAMEROON – FOOD SECURITY SECTOR



RESPONSE STRATEGY:

To respond to the food security needs of 100,000 refugees and 15,000 members of impacted communities, humanitarian partners will continue to provide food assistance in order to meet the basic needs of those concerned.

During participatory consultations, refugees requested that food assistance be continued to be given as in kind and where feasible, appropriate and requested, cash-based transfers may be considered in the course of 2016.



Target population (planning figure, Dec.2016)



Refugees in Camp

80,000

Ref. out of camp

20,000

Local Population

15,000

KEY PRIORITIES:

- North-eastern Cameroon is recurrently facing food insecurity due to conflict, environmental degradation and other factors. The main need therefore is to fight food insecurity and to ensure that all Nigerian refugees are assisted with food rations.
- Most Nigerian refugees, who are living in Minawao camp, lack the means to meet their basic food needs. Therefore, a self-reliance programme and a strategy to improve food security remains to be developed.

SECTOR OBJECTIVES, TARGETS AND INDICATORS

OBJECTIVE 1: Ensure food needs of crisis affected populations or persons of concern (PoC)

INDICATOR: 115,000 people receiving food assistance on a monthly basis

OUTPUT	TARGET AND INDICATORS
Adequate quantity and quality of food assistance provided	115,000 persons receiving food

2015 ACHIEVEMENTS:

- All refugees living at Minawao camp received food assistance on a monthly basis. Presently, WFP provides a general household ration with an enhanced nutrition micronutrient component.
- Over the last year, nutrition prevention activities have been scaled up to address growing concerns. A blanket supplementary feeding programme targets all children under 5 and pregnant or breastfeeding mothers.

PARTICIPATING AGENCIES:

UNHCR & WFP

FUNDING REQUIREMENTS:

 **USD 13,303,403**





2016 RRRP: NIGERIA SITUATION CAMEROON – LIVELIHOOD SECTOR



RESPONSE STRATEGY:

The main objective of the sector response in 2016 is to improve the self-reliance and livelihoods of Nigerian refugees living in northern Cameroon, and to ensure sufficient access to energy. In 2016, it is planned to support an estimated 80,000 refugees in Minawao camp and 20,000 refugees living outside the camp. The main planned lines of action can be summarized as follows: The humanitarian community will advocate for the allocation of plots of land to refugees. If refugees are not granted free access to land, then they will be encouraged to contract land loans with the local communities. Agricultural kits and inputs will be distributed. RRRP partners will construct and equip vocational training centres and provide training for trainers on carpentry, masonry, sewing and agricultural processing as well as on the promotion of income generating activities. Vocational skills training activities will target around 15% of refugees and members of impacted communities. Training on various methods of conflict mediation will be held. Partners will also conduct socio-economic assessments to enable refugees to identify business opportunities and promote refugees' access to micro-finance loans. Meanwhile, refugees and impacted communities will benefit from awareness-raising sessions on reforestation and training on how to produce energy-efficient stoves.

Target population (planning figure, Dec 2016)



Refugees in Camp
7,250

Local Population
1,750

KEY PRIORITIES:

- Strengthen the diversification of agricultural activities and the identification of viable value chains (processing of agricultural products for example).
- Enable refugees to do commerce and get access to markets and financial services.
- A livelihoods strategy to improve food security and self-reliance which includes agriculture, livestock and vocational training needs to be developed.
- Partners need to invest in vocational training for youth to create opportunities for employment and reduce protection risks.

PARTICIPATING AGENCIES:

PLAN INTERNATIONAL & UNHCR

FUNDING REQUIREMENTS:



USD 6,803,053

SECTOR OBJECTIVES, TARGETS AND INDICATORS

OBJECTIVE 1: Self-reliance and livelihoods improved

INDICATOR: 70% of beneficiaries are self-reliant

OUTPUT	TARGET AND INDICATORS
Access to agriculture /livestock/fisheries facilitated	2,500 persons receiving production kits or inputs
Vocational training/ technical skills provided	3,000 persons trained
Financing of income generating activities (IGA)	3,500 IGA financed

OBJECTIVE 2: Population has sufficient access to energy

INDICATOR: 100% of persons of concern (PoCs) have access to energy

OUTPUT	TARGET AND INDICATORS
Training and distribution of fuel efficient stoves to the refugees / host communities	3,000 persons receiving improved stoves provided
Organization of campaign to plant one tree for each refugee family	10,000 trees planted by refugee and host community families following campaigns



2015 ACHIEVEMENTS:

- A total of 150 persons in Minawao camp were supported in developing income-generating activities in 2015; however, the need to strengthen economic activities exceeds by far the current capacity, with only one humanitarian partner working on self-reliance.
- Some 160 young students were enrolled in vocational skills training, primarily carpentry, masonry and sewing, but this number is far from meeting the need for vocational training for refugees and members of impacted communities identified in 2015.



2016 RRRP: NIGERIA SITUATION CAMEROON – SHELTER & NFIs SECTOR



RESPONSE STRATEGY:

In 2016, the sector will target 80,000 Nigerian refugees living in Minawao camp. The main goal of the shelter and NFI response is to build, improve and maintain shelter and other infrastructures, including an access road to the camp, and to ensure the refugee population has sufficient basic and domestic items through the distribution. The main planned lines of action and activities can be summarized as follows: Some 11,250 emergency shelters and 3,000 transitional shelters for vulnerable households will be constructed. Some 6,000 transitional shelter kits and 1,000 shelter construction tool kits will be distributed using a community-based approach. About 35 kilometres of access roads to Minawao camp will be rehabilitated. A total of 22,500 NFI kits will be distributed.



PARTICIPATING AGENCIES:

PLAN INTERNATIONAL & UNHCR

Target population (planning figure, Dec.2016)



Refugees in Camp

80,000

Ref. out of camp

20,000

Local Population

20,000

KEY PRIORITIES:

According to assessments conducted in 2015, priority needs for the Shelter and NFIs sector in 2016 are:

- The rehabilitation of 35 kilometers of access roads to Minawao camp and the building of internal roads and watercourse crossings.
- An estimated 40,000 arrivals will be assisted with emergency shelter.

FUNDING REQUIREMENTS:



USD 9,338,531

SECTOR OBJECTIVES, TARGETS AND INDICATORS

OBJECTIVE 1: Shelter and infrastructure established, improved and maintained

INDICATOR: 100% of persons of concern (PoCs) with adequate shelter

OUTPUT	TARGET AND INDICATORS
Emergency shelters provided	11,250 emergency shelters provided
Transitional shelters provided	3,000 transitional shelters provided
Shelter materials and maintenance tool kits provided	6,000 shelter materials and 1,000 tool kits provided
Access road constructed, repaired and maintained	35 km of access road rehabilitated

OBJECTIVE 2: Population has sufficient basic and domestic items

INDICATOR: 80% of households whose needs for basic and domestic items are met

OUTPUT	TARGET AND INDICATORS
NFI kits provided	22,500 households receive NFI kit



2015 ACHIEVEMENTS:

Since the camp of Minawao first opened in 2013, the population has grown from 7,000 in December 2013 to 21,169 refugees in December 2014 and 45,959 refugees (12,308 households) in September 2015. Approximately 63 per cent of camp residents are under 18 years and 53 per cent are women. Humanitarian actors have mobilized efforts to provide shelter and NFI assistance, but the camp capacity is overstretched, and additional sites need to be added. During 2015, the Cameroon government has made 319 hectares available to UNHCR for the reception of refugees. In 2015, 3,500 family shelters were constructed in Minawao camp, 1,648 family tents were installed, and 31 community shelters were constructed. In addition, humanitarian actors conducted one general distribution of NFIs in 2015.

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