



HIGHLIGHTS

13,889

Identified unaccompanied
Minors and Separated
Children

86

Households provided with cash
grants since 1st January 2015

1,288,598

NFIs distributed since
January 2015

1,671

Shelters distributed since
January 2016

Population of Concern

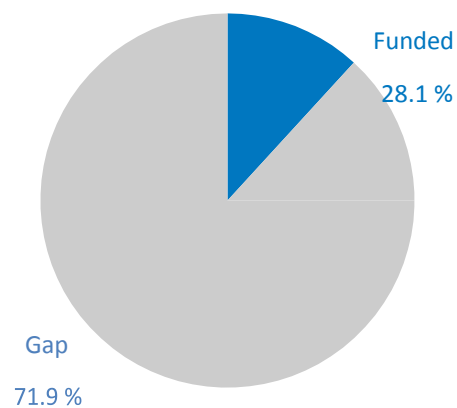
Total of people of concern **560,134**

Funding

USD 272,100,000 requested

By country of origin

Country	Total PoC
Somalia	393,277
Ethiopia	28,756
Sudan	9,650
DR Congo	27,457
Rwanda	1,556
Eritrea	1,557
Burundi	7,787
South Sudan	87,924
Uganda	1,873
Other	297
Total	560,134



UNHCR Presence

Staff:

353 national staff, 29 NUNVs
63 international staff, 11 IUNVS, 15 Consultants

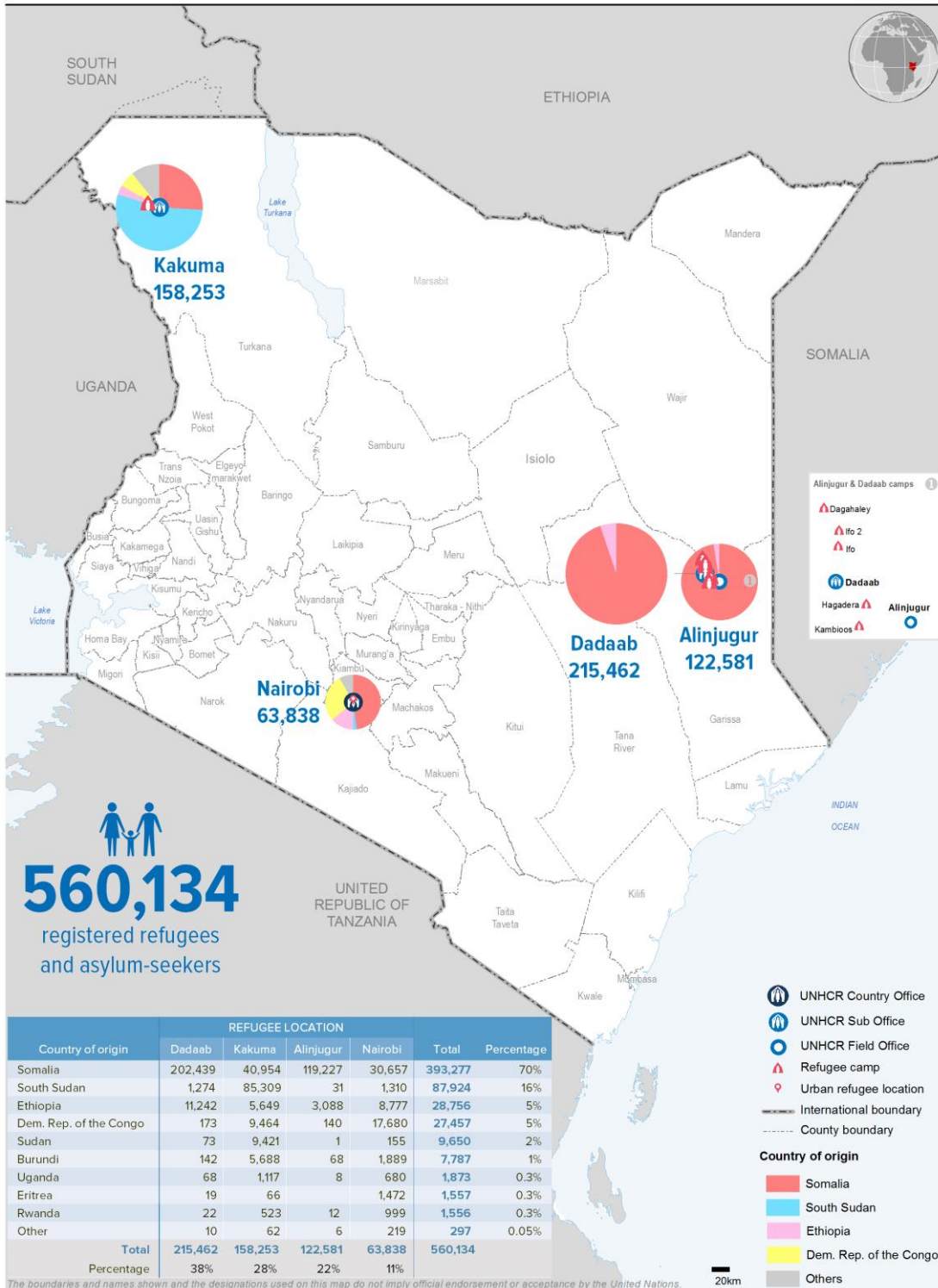
Offices:

4 offices located in:
Nairobi, Kakuma, Dadaab, Alinjogur

KENYA

Registered refugees and asylum-seekers

as of 31 July 2016



HIGHLIGHTS

- Since the break-out of violence in South Sudan on 7 July 2016, UNHCR Sub-Office Kakuma received and registered 409 refugees as of 31 July 2016, bringing the total number of registered new South Sudanese arrivals in July to 524. Kakuma has received 48,868 refugees from South Sudan since the start of the influx in December 2013.
- UNHCR and the Government of Kenya are carrying out a verification exercise in Dadaab refugee camps in order to have a clear picture of the refugees living in the camps and gather more information on their condition. It is anticipated that the on-going exercise which started on 4 July 2016 will help to ascertain the number of persons of concern living in each of the camps. As of 31 July 2016, a total number of 58,012 households comprising 270,517 individuals out of the targeted population of 78,998 households comprising 341,571 individuals have been confirmed to be living in the Dadaab camps.
- Petition 227 of 2016 challenging the closure of Dadaab and the disbandment of DRA was mentioned in court. The court directed that the matter goes to full hearing in October 2016.
- UNHCR is planning the relocation of 15,000 asylum seekers who are in the pipeline of Refugee Status Determination process and 16,000 non-Somalis from Dadaab to Kakuma. UNHCR has been engaging with IOM to undertake the relocation exercise.
- UNHCR continued to uphold the Refugee ID cards issued by the Government of Kenya as the primary identification document for refugees in Kenya. There were some transitions to enable the Refugee Affairs Secretariat (RAS) to fully take up all their roles.
- UNHCR and the Refugee Affairs Secretariat (RAS) held a meeting to discuss refugee protection and management in Kenya. A further meeting was held to map the way forward regarding the resumption of activities by the RAS.
- The Somali Ambassador to Kenya visited Kakuma. He met with Somali refugee leaders and visited Mogadishu Secondary School.
- Malala Yousafzai, the youngest Nobel Peace Prize Laureate and an advocate for girls' education visited Dadaab camps and celebrated her 19th birthday with refugees.
- The proposed Refugee Bill 2016 sponsored by a private member underwent the First reading in Parliament on 20th July 2016. Thereafter the Bill was referred to the Departmental Committee on Administration and National Security for scrutiny.

MAIN ACTIVITIES

Protection

Registration and Refugees Status Determination (RSD)

- After analysis, the UNHCR database revealed that 2,601 non – Somali asylum seekers had lodged their applications for processing, out of which 166 were vulnerable individuals. All of the applicants have been scheduled for counselling in view of the anticipated relocation of non-Somali individuals to Kakuma from Dadaab.
- 2,698 civil documents comprising 2,670 birth certificates and 28 death certificates were issued to refugees living in Dadaab. 8,804 birth and 101 death certificates have been issued since 1st January 2016, translating to 59% achievement towards this year's target.
- The RSD unit in Kakuma rolled out a new streamlined approach to scheduling RSD interviews aimed to further reduce the RSD backlog and allow for the timely processing of RSD cases.
- UNHCR Kakuma Sub-Office and the Government of Kenya, Refugee Affairs Secretariat (RAS) staff had recommended recognition for 1,030 cases of 2,981 individuals thus far in 2016.
- A total of 90 new arrivals were registered in Nairobi including 42 individuals registered exceptionally after the disbandment of DRA. This brings the total new arrival registered in Nairobi in 2016 to 6,387.
- Documentation of persons of concern remains a challenge since the disbandment of DRA.
- Currently, there is a 3 year waiting period for a standard non-prioritised RSD interview.

Protection Delivery and Monitoring

- Following the break-out of violence on 07 July 2016, UNHCR has increased its Nadapal border monitoring missions to twice weekly to ensure that asylum seekers have unhindered access to asylum and are transported to Kakuma Reception Center in a timely manner.
- 8 border monitoring visits were undertaken to Nadapal. The new arrivals are mainly women and children.

- 383 individual counselling sessions were conducted in Kakuma. Persons of Concern (POCs) raised concerns relating to their security, child protection, assistance for persons with specific needs and survivors of sexual and gender-based violence (SGBV), referrals to RSD and resettlement, as well as for material assistance among other protection concerns.

Child Protection

- There were 1,025 (817 male and 208 female) South Sudanese Unaccompanied Minors (UAMs) who have been registered since December 2013, bringing the cumulative number of registered UAMs in Kakuma to 2,266. During the reporting period, 172 new Unaccompanied and Separated Children (UASCs) (35 UAMs and 137 SC) from South Sudan were received at the reception Center.
- There were 6,326 (4,036 male and 2,290 female) South Sudanese SC who have been registered since December 2013 bringing the cumulative number of registered SCs in Kakuma to 11,623.
- 19 cases (13 male, 6 female) were assessed by the Best Interest Determinations (BIDs) team. In addition, 242 (144 male and 98 female) Best Interest Assessments (BIAs) were conducted for UASCs in Kakuma.
- 670 home visits were made to 6,261 children (3,477 male 2,784 female) in Kakuma.
- 586 Child-to-child activities were also conducted to 19,257 children (10,967 male, 8,290 female). The activities took place in various child friendly spaces in Kakuma camp. Child therapy sessions were conducted for 1,960 children (842 male and 1,018 female)
- 43 Best Interest Determination (BID) reports of children in need of consideration for durable solutions and interventions for children facing diverse protection risks were discussed (27 resettlement-related, 13 repatriation related, 1 Refugee Status Determination (RSD) and 2 identifying temporary care arrangements) in Dadaab.
- 428 birth certificates were distributed through the field post system to refugee children in Kakuma camp.

Access to Justice

- 17 individuals comprising 14 male and 3 female refugees in detention were provided with legal aid support. 8 female refugees also received psychosocial support which were offered by Refugee Consortium of Kenya (RCK). During the period, 141 persons of concern comprising 101 individuals having been convicted and 40 individuals whose cases were pending in court were in detention. While ten were female, about five were diagnosed with tuberculosis and one individual was a person with disability. In addition, six individuals completed their jail terms and were facilitated to re-integrate in the camps.
- UNHCR supported RCK to represent seven individual who were arrested and charged in Garissa Law courts.
- 17 cases of arrest of persons of concern were reported in Nairobi. The authorities released the PoCs after verification of their documents, while others were released after court intervention by UNHCR legal partners' Kituo Cha Sheria and Refugee Consortium of Kenya.

SGBV and Persons with Specific Needs

- 40 SGBV cases were reported in Kakuma; 8 were related to sexual violence, 19 were cases of psychological violence, nine were physical assault cases, and there was one case of a forced marriage.
- International Rescue Committee (IRC) conducted awareness campaigns on gender-based violence around Kakuma camp and reached 3,898 individuals (2,297 females, 1,138 males, and 463 children).
- Sexual and Gender Based Violence interventions are ongoing in all five Dadaab camps. In Ifo 2, ten adolescent girls benefited from mentorship sessions. 33 individuals comprising 15 women and 18 men participated in a community dialogue session in one of the community centres.
- UNHCR in collaboration with protection partners held discussions towards a robust plan for conducting assessments for persons with specific needs both for Voluntary Repatriation and relocation to Kakuma. Partners renewed their commitment in conducting the assessments in a timely manner. Another meeting was held with Handicap International to streamline the process of vulnerability assessing vulnerable individuals.
- A total of SGBV 15 cases were attended to at the desk in Nairobi. The cases were assessed and referred to partners for assistance. 5 of the cases were referred for durable solutions.

Statelessness

- UNHCR and partners convened a workshop with 11 Members of Parliament majority of whom are part of the Kenya Parliamentarians for Human Rights Association caucus to engage them on the legislative agenda for statelessness.



Community Empowerment and Self-Reliance

- Through the support of UNHCR, IRC has trained a total of 411 women on skills building and economic empowerment activities such as tailoring, bead making, embroidery, and farming, weaving and bread baking. The first graduation ceremony for the women is scheduled for August 2016.
- Refugee artisans have started to receive sales from the Pamoja Collectives social media site. During the reporting month, products worth Kshs. 46,700 were purchased from the site including those made by refugees in the camps. A dedicated online site for refugee made products will later on be developed.
- 14 refugee artists have been enrolled in the Artists for Refugees programme in Dadaab camps. It is anticipated that the participation of refugees in the various arts will improve their skills and eventually enhance their livelihoods opportunities as a foundation for meaningful participation in the community.
- UNHCR Kakuma and 26 implementing and developing partners with support from Nairobi Branch Office developed the Kakuma Livelihoods Strategy for the next three years.
- Through the support of UNHCR, Action Africa Help International (AHHI) supported 12 individual refugee entrepreneurs and 7 group refugee entrepreneurs (comprised of 35 individuals) to access revolving loans to finance their business plans.
- 338 groups have been empowered through community-based savings and loans and they are actively engaged in savings and loans activities.
- Norwegian Refugee Council (NRC) received funds to enroll an additional 500 students in the Youth Education Pack (YEP) centres.
- 12 persons of concern in the urban areas received business start-up and safety net grants. In addition, 43 persons of concern were mentored on various areas of business management.
- UNHCR has partnered with International Trade Centre which committed to include refugee made products from Kenya in the German G20 e-Commerce Caravan - an event aimed to promote and sell authentic products produced by SMEs virtually as well as through physical shops in targeted events. In addition, ITC through the Ethical Fashion Initiative will also start sourcing beadwork from a selected refugee artisan groups.



Education

- 20 students have been selected by UNHCR in collaboration with World University Services of Canada (WUSC) Scholarship to study in various Canadian Universities. 132 students studying outside the camps were issued with movement passes through the Refugee Assistance Secretariat (RAS).
- 46 Refugee learners were awarded Albert Einstein DAFI Scholarships. The learners will be joining Kenyan Universities and middle level colleges to study graduate and Diploma courses.
- UNHCR has provided support to Save the Children International (SCI) to run the Alternative Basic Education (ABE) schools whose running had been discontinued due to funding constraints.
- UNHCR in collaboration with partners held an annual day in Dadaab with the aim of rewarding the best academic performance among students.
- 837 pupils (314 female) are enrolled at Kalobeyei settlement which has 14 temporary classrooms. 524 are enrolled in primary school while 313 are enrolled in pre-schools.
- During the reporting period, Instant Network Schools (INS) kit usage was utilized by a total of 3,141 students (275 females) two INS Hubs in Kakuma.
- 18 student from the urban areas were awarded the DAFI Scholarships.



Health

- UNHCR continued to support operations at the Nadapal Transit Center, ensuring the availability and provisions of vaccine antigens (yellow fever, measles, and polio) to the new arrivals from South Sudan in-line with the directive of the Ministry of Health issued in March 2016.
- The leading causes of morbidity in Kakuma during the month was malaria with 3,861 cases, respiratory tract infection with 20,198 cases, and 403 cases of water diarrhoea. Current consultations per clinician stands at 99 consultations per clinician.
- UNHCR in collaboration with Africa Inland Church (AIC) ministries and IRC facilitated an ophthalmology, dental and orthopaedic camp from 25th to 29th July in Kakuma. 15 orthopaedic surgeries, 94 dental reviews and 55 ophthalmic surgeries were carried out.

- UNHCR has supported IRC with extra medical staffing to ensure proper response to the current influx of asylum seekers in Kakuma
- There is active surveillance in Kakuma for any potential outbreak of communicable diseases due to the current rains and increase in the camp population.
- UNHCR in collaboration with Kenya Red Cross engaged the Dadaab community in dialogue through awareness sessions to highlight the benefits of Safe Motherhood and encouraging women to embrace hospital delivery to avoid maternal mortality.
- Integrated Disease Surveillance and Response (IDSR) training targeting 33 Community Health Workers (CHW) across the camp was facilitated by Islamic Relief Kenya.
- IRC conducted Clinical Care for Sexual Assault Survivor training targeting health care workers across the camps, 20 staffs benefited.

Food Security and Nutrition

- 184 children aged 6-59 months were screened at the reception center on arrival in Kakuma, out of which, 11 children were found with severe acute malnutrition and 26 had moderate acute malnutrition. All identified cases of acute malnutrition were enrolled to respective rehabilitation programs.
- The general food distribution for the month of was completed successfully across all the five Dadaab camps by 16th July with no major incident reported.
- Medical San Frontiers (MSF) conducted a quality review of all health and nutrition programmes in Dagahaley camp.

Water and Sanitation

- 5 boreholes have been solarized and are running on a hybrid system (Diesel & Solar) in Kakuma.
- 4 boreholes were drilled in Kalobeyei by Team & Team International in close collaboration with UNHCR.
- Average per capita is 21 litres per person per day in Kakuma. The increase in per capita from 18.5 is attributed to minimizing distribution and transmission losses accruing from repairs on the water pipeline.

Shelter & NFIs

- 3,191 refugees were relocated to Kalobeyei settlement to decongest Kakuma camp.
- A total of 302 shelters were constructed at Kalobeyei settlement by National Council of Churches of Kenya (NCCCK) for new arrivals thus increasing the number of shelters constructed at Kalobeyei since June to 632.

Durable Solutions

Voluntary Return

- As of 31 July 2016, 19,625 returnees had been supported to return to Somalia since the voluntary return of Somali refugees started on 8 December 2014. 15,524 have returned this year.
- A total of 1,272 returnees were assisted to voluntarily return to Somalia from Dadaab. 1,061 returnees were transported by road convoy, while 211 individuals returned to Mogadishu by flight. In total 19,523 Somali refugees from Dadaab have voluntarily returned home, 13,422 of whom have returned this year.
- 64 Somalis returned to Somalia from Kakuma. The first flight was on 19 July which facilitated the return of 30 individuals to Mogadishu, and the second was on 21 July with 34 individuals returning to Baidoa. Thus far, 92 refugees have returned to Somalia by air through the voluntary repatriation programme from Kakuma. To date, some 300 Somalis have expressed interest in returning this year.
- UNHCR Somalia and Kenya convened an Inter-Agency cross border meeting and discussions focused on enhanced return package, increased road convoys and flight schedules, increased capacity of way stations, improved medical screening and feedback on returnee protection and population tracking and movement. Road convoys will be conducted four days in a week, from Monday to Thursday with an approximate capacity of 600 individuals per convoy. Flight schedules to Mogadishu will be organised for every Monday and Wednesday with a maximum of three rotations per day.
- The 3 newly added areas of return in Somalia are Afmadow, Belet-Hawa and Diinsoor town bringing the total number of return areas to twelve.

Resettlement

- A total of 84 cases (249 individuals) were referred from Dadaab, Kakuma and Nairobi and submitted to the U.S.A. and Canada for resettlement consideration.
- A total of 193 individuals from Dadaab departed Nairobi for onward resettlement to United States of America, Sweden and Australia. Since 1st January 2016, 921 individuals from Dadaab have been resettled.

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USA | United Kingdom | Japan | European Union (ECHO +EC) | Canada | Switzerland | Sweden | Private Donors in the Republic of Korea | Private Donors in Spain | Private Donors in Canada | Finland | UNAIDS

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UNHCR Kenya Operation Website <http://www.unhcr.org/ke/>

Web portal on Somali Displacement: <http://data.unhcr.org/horn-of-africa/regional.php>

Web portal on South Sudan Displacement: <http://data.unhcr.org/SouthSudan/regional.php>

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