



Food Security Sector Working Group

LCRP preparation

14/09/2016

Venue: WFP

AGENDA



- Recommendations of Workshop 1 and action points identified
- LCRP: Strategic objectives and Defining Stabilization
- How would your scope change in a four year strategy 2017-2020 compared to the two year strategy of the LCRP 2015-2016?

Issues and Recommendations



Governance

Issues:

- GoL leadership of sectors and of the LCRP as a whole
- Communication from the inter-sectoral level to the steering committee and vice versa to be strengthened
- Regular dialogue between GoL and donors
- Multiple strategic frameworks are being developed

Suggested actions:

- Finalize and endorse the JTF's ToR and convene regular meetings
- Ensure that all Sector Steering Committees are functional and led by senior ministry officials
- Create a GoL – donor dialogue
- Develop a mapping of the strategic frameworks highlighting the inter-linkages between them



M&E framework for the LCRP

Issues:

- Impact of the LCRP to be better measured and reported on regularly
- Create a common understanding of each level of the results framework (objectives, outputs and activities)

Suggested actions:

- Sectors to ensure that all working group members have the same understanding of the indicators and the requirements to report against each
- Sectors to ensure that there is a balance of good out/performance indicators as well as impact indicators
- To build good impact indicators look at service delivery and capacity indicators;
- Ensure that all sector objectives relate to the strategic objectives of the LCRP
- Ensure that activities reflect how humanitarian needs can be addressed through stabilization activities in a transition phase

Financial tracking



Issues:

- Two levels of information were suggested in the workshop:
 - 1) Lebanon needs to be able to speak credibly to what has been implemented in their country using the funding that has been made available
 - 2) Is it possible to track expenditures within sectors?

Suggested Actions:

- Organizations working in Lebanon are obligated to report finances to the government as per their bilateral agreements with GoL.
- Set up a small committee of GoL/UN to discuss what level of tracking is being requested and how this additional information could be added into existing tracking mechanisms.
- Develop a statement of commitment for all organizations wishing to use the LCRP as a fund-raising platform

LCRP Proposed Strategic Objectives :



- Ensure protection of vulnerable populations
- Provide immediate assistance to vulnerable populations
- Support service provision through national systems
- Reinforce Lebanon's economic, social and environmental stability

1. Ensure Protection of vulnerable populations:



Objective aims to strengthen protection services and interventions for displaced and vulnerable groups

2. Provide immediate assistance to vulnerable populations:



Objective: addresses the immediate needs of the affected populations (displaced Syrians, vulnerable Lebanese and PRS/PRL), prioritizing the most vulnerable, through temporary, short-term solutions, while limiting as much as possible the rapid deterioration of social and economic conditions.

- Provide direct, temporary and targeted assistance to the most vulnerable Lebanese and persons displaced from Syria to meet their survival needs, ensuring complementarity across sectors;
- Reduce exposure to homelessness, hunger, health complications and disease outbreaks, violence, abuse and exploitation as well as the worst effects of poverty;
- Continue emergency, temporary service delivery in informal settlements, collective shelters, sub-standard dwellings and gatherings; and
- Continue to respond to emergency humanitarian needs as they arise.

3. Support service provision through national systems:



Objective: strengthen national and local capacities to meet the increasingly overwhelming service-related needs and seek to reinforce confidence in the equitable access to and quality of public services for vulnerable populations.

It will aim to establish or upgrade basic, public service infrastructure strengthening service delivery in the most vulnerable communities affected by the crisis.

- Ensure vulnerable children including children displaced from Syria can access and learn in a quality learning environment
- Ensure that the most vulnerable Lebanese and displaced Syrians can access affordable healthcare
- Protect the most vulnerable, especially children and women, older persons and persons with disability, and other minority groups at risk of violence (including abuse, exploitation and neglect)

3. Support service provision through national systems:



- Expand safe water, sanitation, hygiene and energy for the most vulnerable Lebanese and displaced Syrians through reinforcing existing services;
- Scale up delivery mechanisms that are cost-efficient, yet responsive to needs and offer clear benefits to all vulnerable communities; and
- Strengthen government ownership of investments made by supporting national planning and implementing, monitoring and management processes.

4. Reinforce Lebanon's economic, social and environmental stability:



Objective: strengthen productive sectors to expand economic and livelihood opportunities, benefiting local development and the most vulnerable communities.

invest in mitigating the environmental impact of the Syrian crisis,
invest in national and local capacities to promote dialogue that mitigates tensions and conflicts at municipal and local levels with a particular focus on youth and adolescents.

- Promote job creation and support businesses to generate income for local economies in poor areas benefiting all vulnerable communities, in accordance with relevant Lebanese laws and regulations;
- Enhance the productive capacities of micro and small to medium enterprises (MSME) through improving local economic infrastructure and supporting their capability to respond to market demands;

4. Reinforce Lebanon's economic, social and environmental stability:



- Reduce the impact of the crisis on Lebanon's environment with a particular focus on solid waste, land use and ecosystems;
- Support government institutions and government partners to implement necessary economic, labour, social welfare, disaster risk management and environmental protection reforms already initiated;
- Address risks faced by Lebanese, displaced Syrians and Palestinian adolescents and youth with a particular focus on empowering young women and girls;
- Prevent social tensions within stressed communities by strengthening government, municipal, community and individuals' capacities to address critical needs and promote intra- and inter-community dialogue



Define STABILIZATION within the FSS:

- ✓ at sector level (FS stabilization)
- ✓ at National level on how LCRP contributes to the overall aim of supporting social stability within Lebanon.

Based on the food security recognized definition, the FS sector considers the stabilization concept by the meeting dietary needs over time:

- “To be food secure, a population, household or individual must have access to adequate food ***at all times***. They should not risk losing access to food as a consequence of sudden shocks (e.g. an economic or climatic crisis) or cyclical events (e.g. seasonal food insecurity). The concept of stability can therefore refer to both the availability and access dimensions of food security. “



Define STABILIZATION within the FSS:

-
- Agree on a definition



-
- How would your scope change in a four year strategy 2017-2020 compared to the two year strategy of the LCRP 2015-2016?