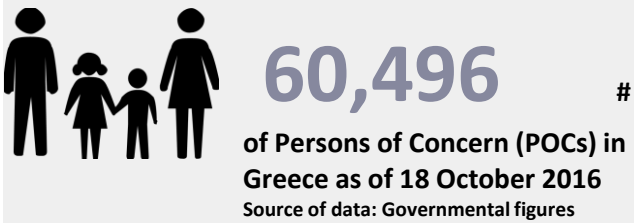




SECTOR KEY FIGURES



Leading Agencies: UNHCR: Phoebe Goodwin ; Email: GOODWIN@unhcr.org
Agencies who reported in activity info for this update:



JULY-SEPTEMBER HIGHLIGHTS

Shelter
Improvement of living conditions in sites to mitigate the summer heat was achieved in 5 mainland locations and 3 islands with shade structures over tents and between accommodation containers or A/C units within containers. This activity benefited approx. 14350 refugees and migrants.
Approx. 16000 people in 19 sites on the mainland received shelter upgrades through tent replacement and/or shelter repairs, while inter-agency advocacy for alternatives to detention continued on the islands.
A total of 5784 new accommodation places, inclusive of integrated cash and service provision, for relocation candidates and vulnerable asylum seekers were created by UNHCR and its implementing partners.

NFIs
All sites in Northern Greece and Epirus received mosquito nets, while sites in Attica and Central Greece were targetted on a needs request basis.
No site in Greece went unassisted with NFI support; all sites and urban outreach centres distributed specifically required NFI packages, comprising predominantly hygiene consumables and sleeping mats.
Following heavy rains in September, UNHCR provided almost 8,000 NFIs to affected sites, including blankets, raincoats, plastic sheets, mats, family tents, plastic tarpaulins and wooden pallets. These distributions were executed by UNHCR, IRC and DRC with assistance from refugee volunteers.

The WG created, validated and now uses 5 x technical guidance references for any shelter and/or NFI interventions in Greece; minimum NFI + Hygiene kit compositions, shelter + site standards, communal kitchens, shade structures and electric stove standards.

NEEDS ANALYSIS

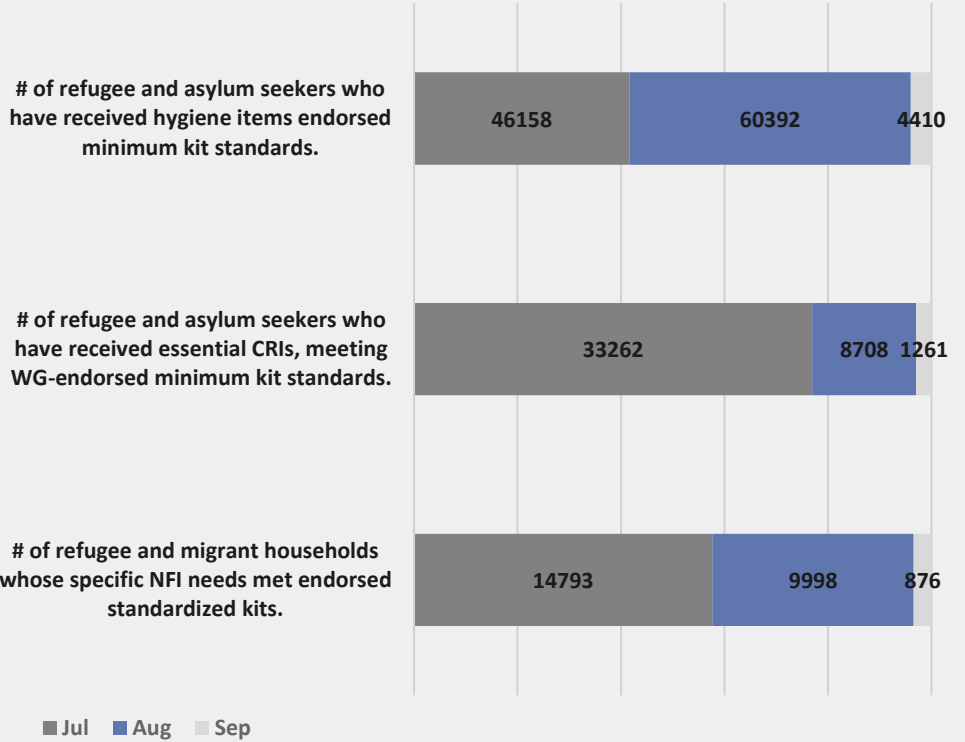
Shelter
There were 8447 new arrivals to the 5 x Aegean islands where maximum shelter capacity (8000 persons) had already been well surpassed by June. The overcrowding in RICs and informal settlements is an ongoing concern with the need to establish new decongestion sites, as well as ensure the safe transfer of groups to adequate shelter on the mainland. UNHCR's accommodation scheme for relocation candidates and vulnerable asylum seekers must find almost 8500 new places before the end of 2016 in order to reach the target of 20 000 places.
Communal kitchens have been identified as the most appropriate solution for short-term cooking facilities for households in sites who will not have access to individual kitchenettes (e.g. warehouses). Unsafe cooking inside tents continues with major health and safety concerns.

NFIs
Regular rapid needs assessments are carried out at site level by NFI actors and government site management. There is an ongoing high demand for consumable hygiene items such as baby diapers and sanitary napkins.

Based on Victoria Site Coordination Group's mapping, there are over 2000 people of concern living in substandard informal collective shelters in urban Athens, without reliable, regular NFI assistance. Numbers are increasing, also into other urban areas (e.g. Thessaloniki), as more people arrive from the islands. An inter-agency multisectorial urban strategy is underway to provide the national framework for a harmonised response to address these needs.

SECTOR ACHIEVMENTS

- NFI Indicators



- Shelter Indicators

